

Arnold Arboretum Library

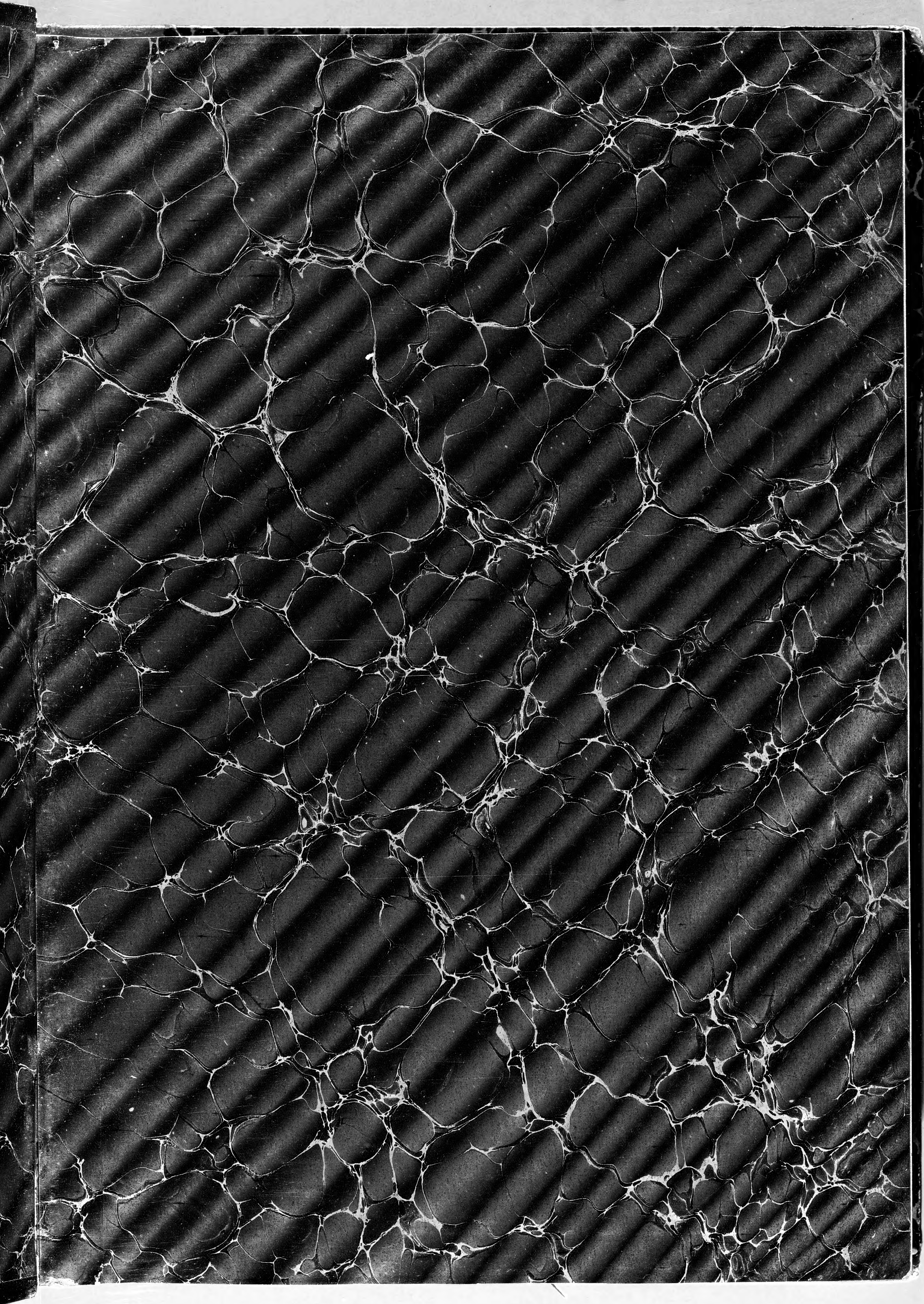


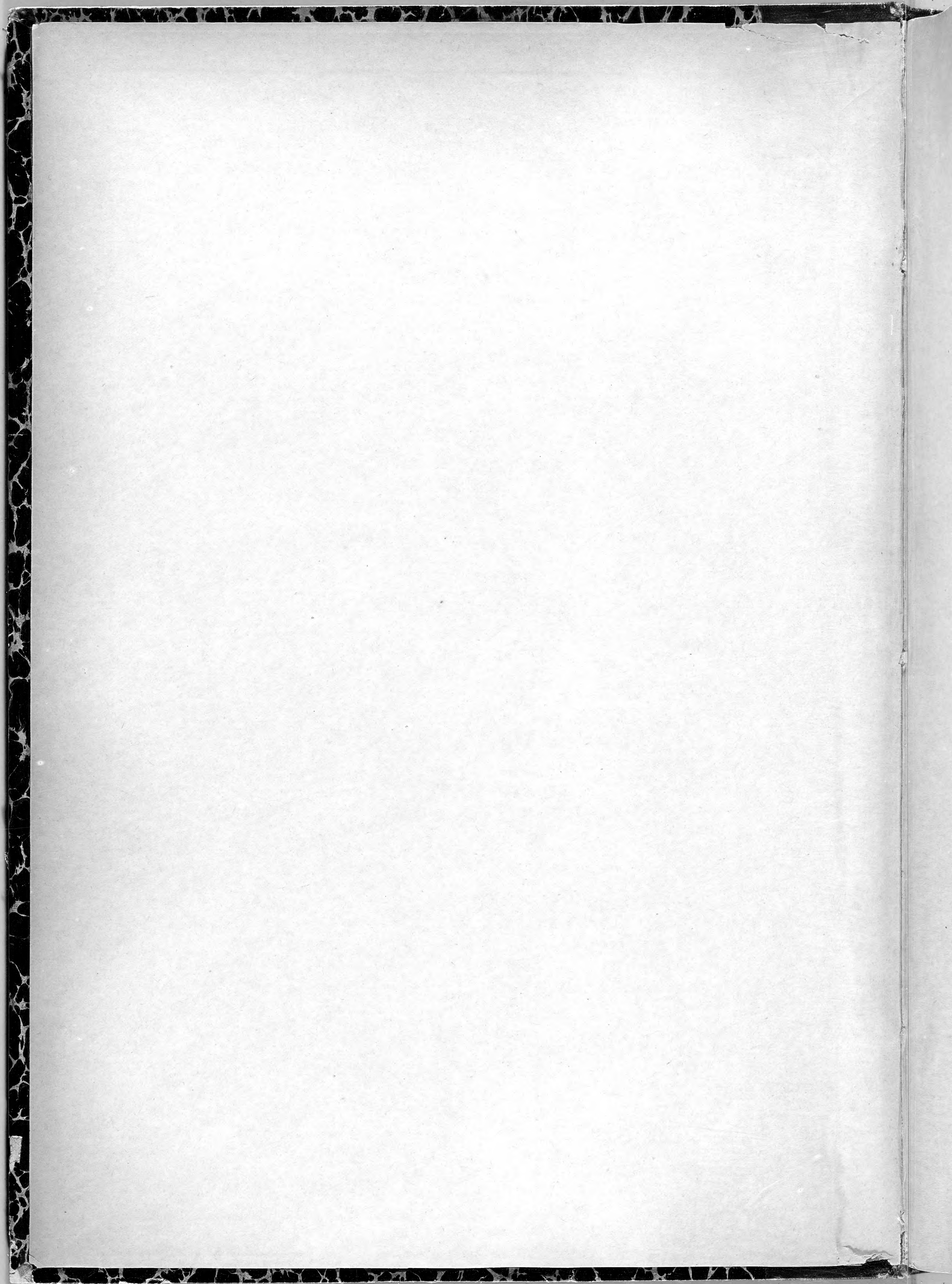
THE GIFT OF
FRANCIS SKINNER
OF DEDHAM

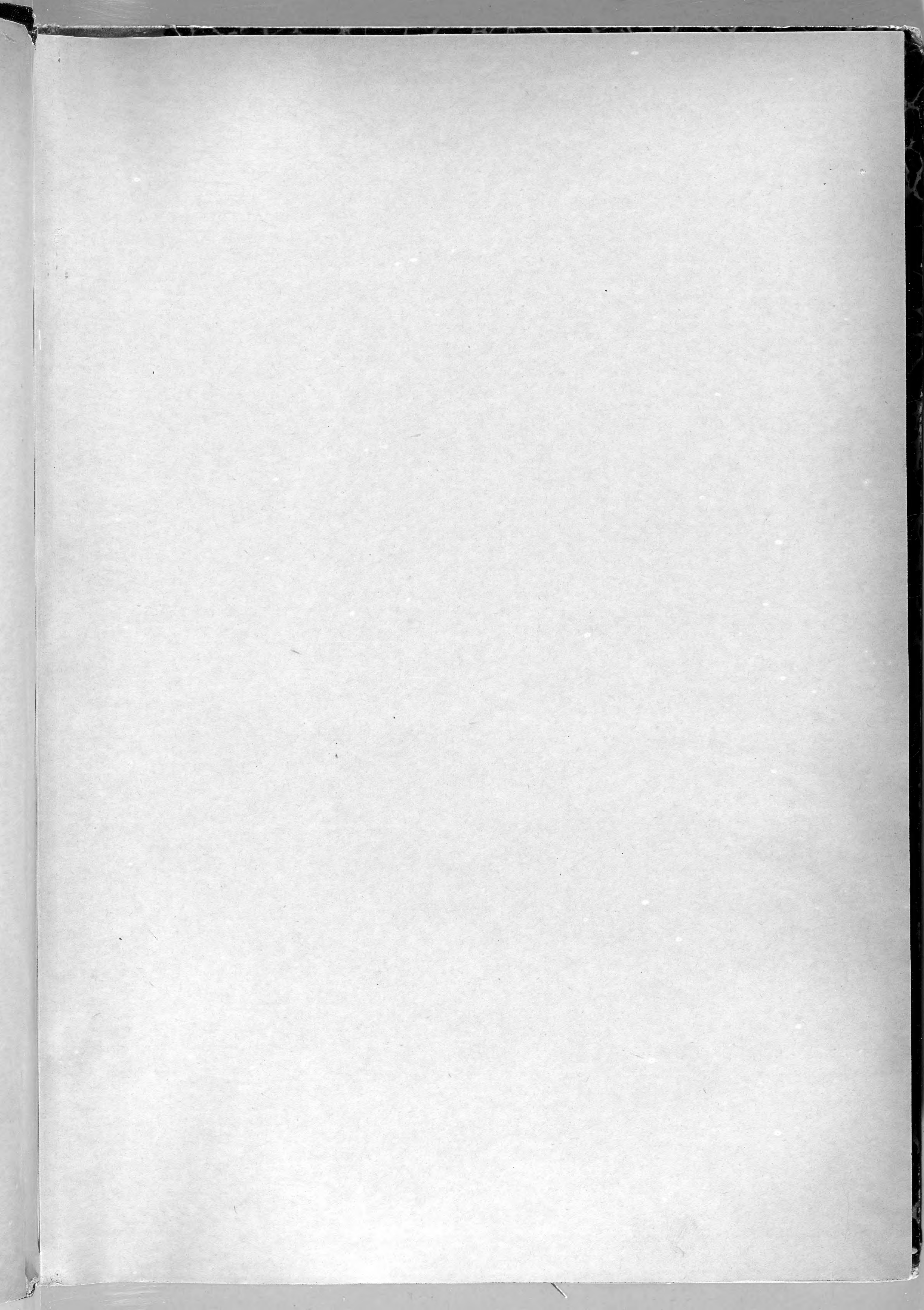
IN MEMORY OF
FRANCIS SKINNER

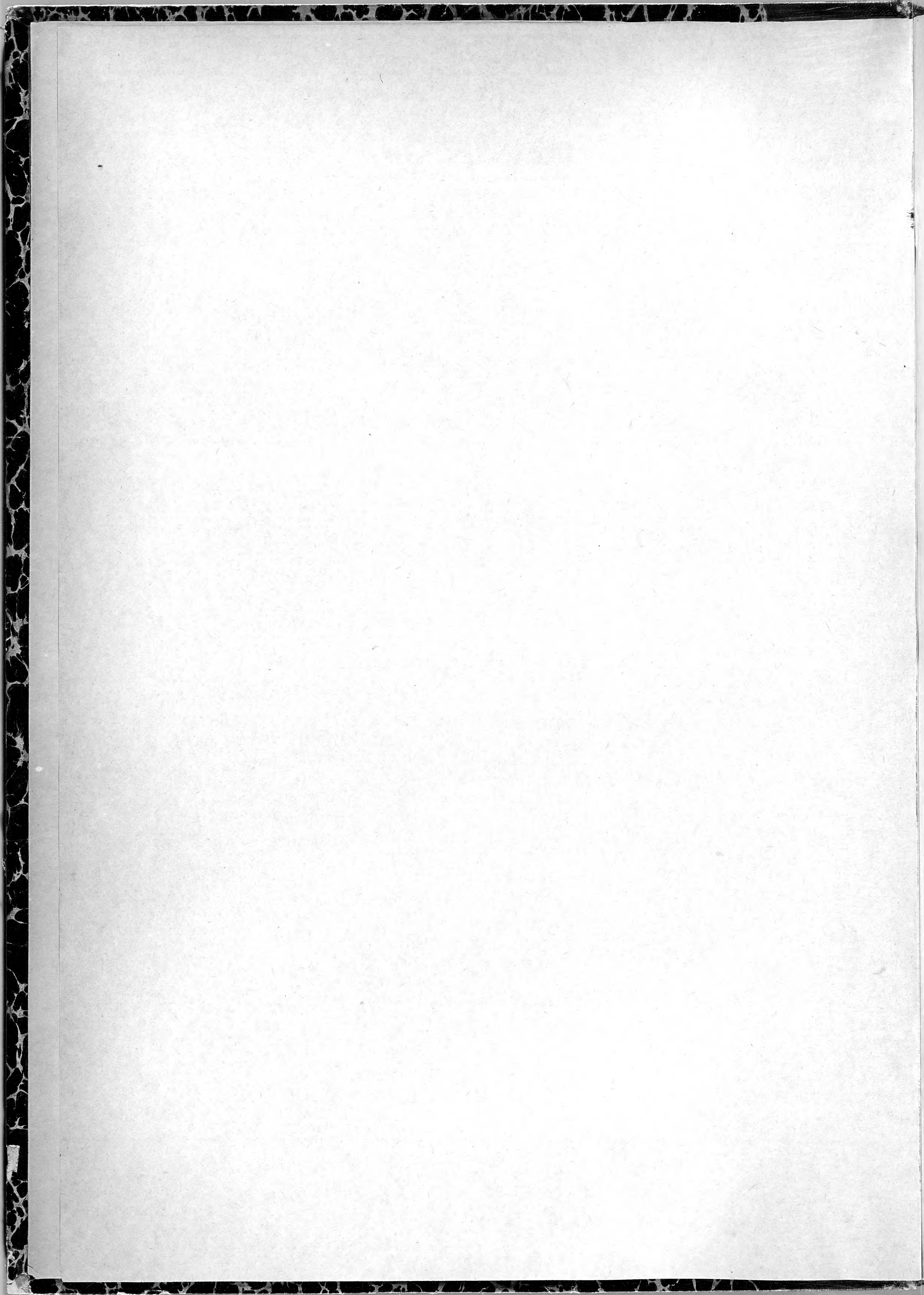
(H. C. 1862)

Received Jan. 1910.









PRO

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19
PROCÉDÉ DE REPRODUCTION DIT PHYTOXYGRAPHIQUE.

HERBIER
DE LA
FLORE FRANÇAISE

PAR
M. L. CUSIN

AIDE-NATURALISTE AU JARDIN BOTANIQUE DE LYON.

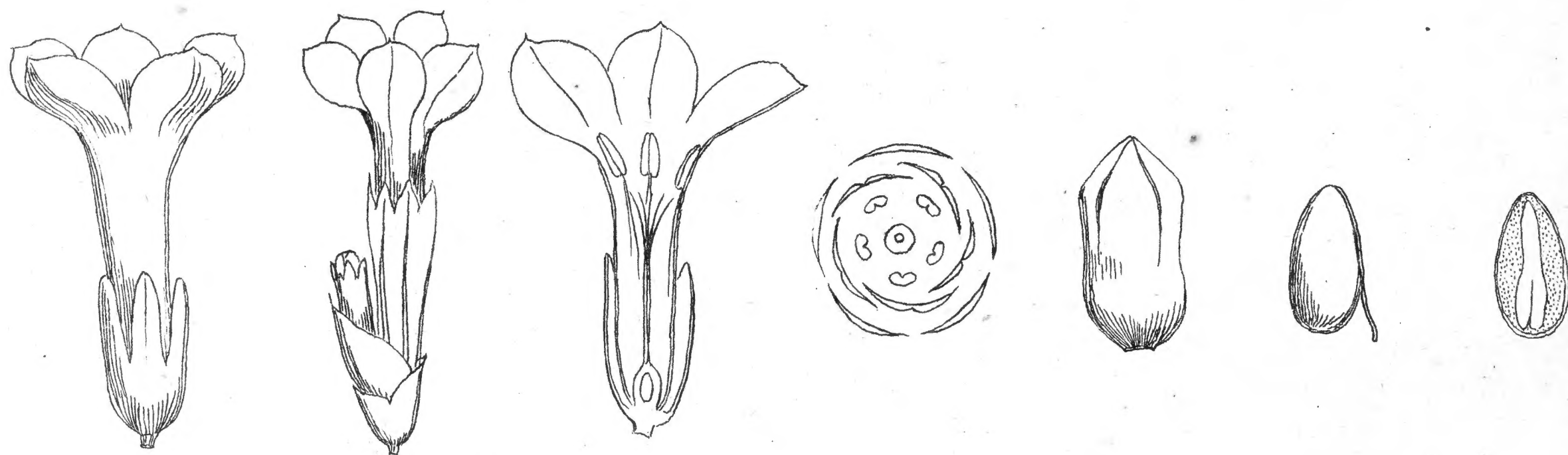
Publié sous le patronage du Service du Parc et des Jardins de la ville de Lyon.

LYON

1876

95° Famille. — PLOMBAGINÉES.

Fleurs hermaphrodites, régulières. Calice gamosépale, tubuleux, persistant, inséré obliquement, tronqué-érodé en 5-10 lobes. Corolle hypogyne; à 5 pétales unis, tantôt en tube étroit, tantôt en limbe 5-partite. Etamines 5, opposées, hypogynes ou adhérentes à la base de la corolle. Carpelles 6, en utricule uniloculaire, pentagonale, surmontée de 5 styles. Graine renversée, à embryon orthotrope au centre d'un albumen farineux.



1^{er} GENRE — *Armeria*. Willd.

<i>A. maritima</i> . Willd.....	pl. 1.	<i>A. plantaginea</i> . Willd.....	pl. 7.	<i>A. leucocephala</i> . Koch.....	pl. 12.
<i>A. pubescens</i> . Link.....	2.	<i>A. sabulosa</i> . Jord.....	8.	<i>A. Soleirollii</i> Dub.....	13.
<i>A. multiceps</i> . Waltr.....	4.	<i>A. bupleuroides</i> G.G.....	9.	<i>A. fasciculata</i> Willd.....	14.
<i>A. juncea</i> . Gir.....	5.	<i>A. alpina</i> . Willd.....	10.		
<i>A. majellensis</i> . Boiss.....	6.	<i>A. pubinervis</i> . Boiss.....	11.		

2^e GENRE. — *Statice*. Willd.

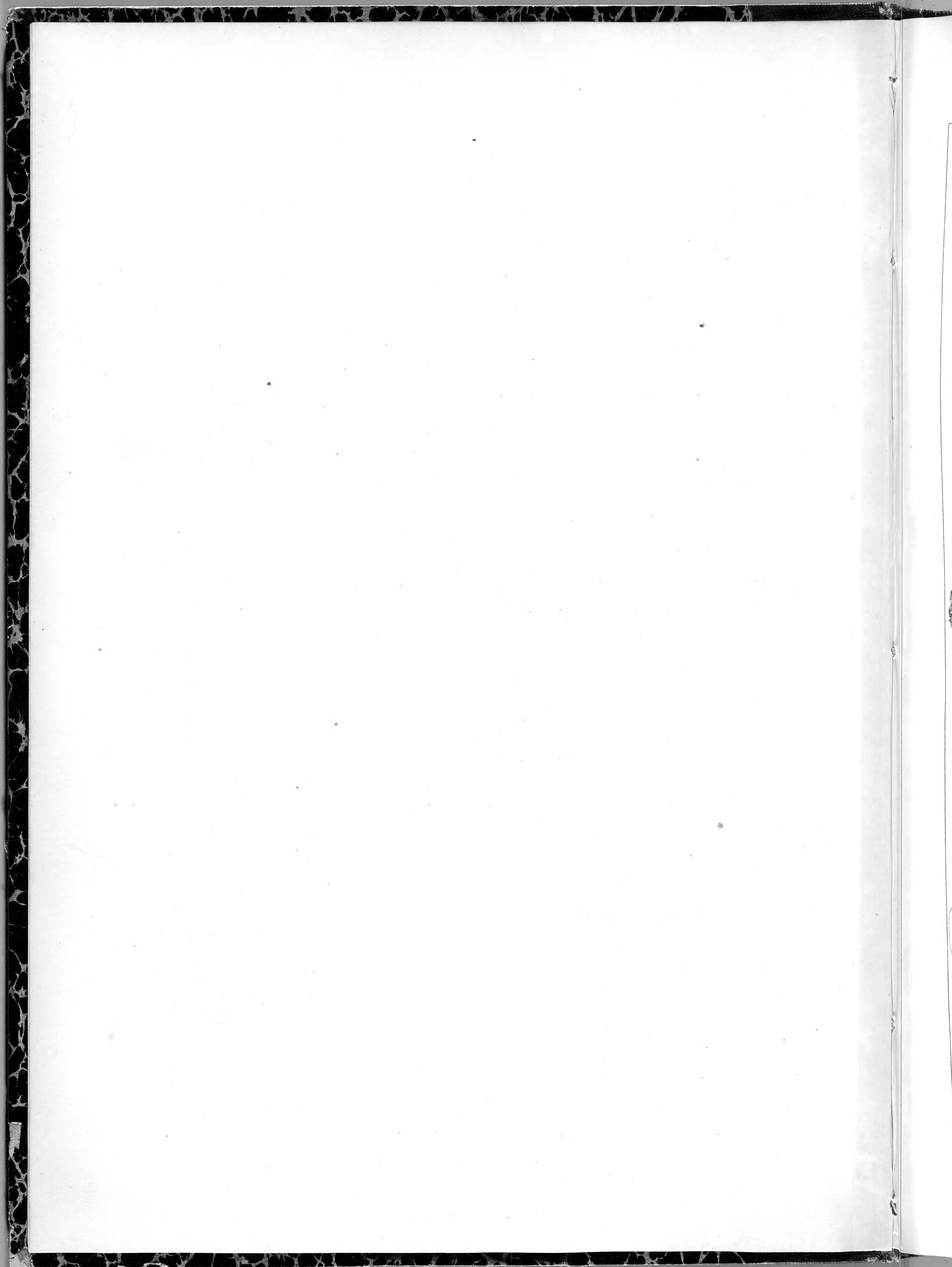
<i>S. sinuata</i> . L.....	pl. 15.	<i>S. globulariaefolia</i> . Desf.....	pl. 24.	<i>S. pubescens</i> . D. C.....	pl. 33.
<i>S. Limonium</i> . L.....	16.	<i>S. Girardiana</i> . Guss.....	26.	<i>S. articulata</i> . Lois.....	34.
<i>S. serotina</i> . Rehb.....	17.	<i>S. duriuscula</i> . Gir.....	27.	<i>S. bellidifolia</i> . Go u.....	35.
<i>S. ovalifolia</i> . Poir.....	19.	<i>S. minuta</i> L.....	28.	<i>S. Dubiei</i> . G.G.....	36.
<i>S. lychnidifolia</i> . Gir.....	20.	<i>S. rupicola</i> Bad.....	29.	<i>S. echinoides</i> . L.....	37.
<i>S. Dodartii</i> . Gir.....	21.	<i>S. virgata</i> Willd.....	30.	<i>S. ferulacea</i> . L.....	38.
<i>S. occidentalis</i> . Lloyd.....	22.	<i>S. cordata</i> . Guss.....	31.	<i>S. diffusa</i> . Pourr.....	39.
<i>S. confusa</i> . G.G.....	23.	<i>S. dyctyoclada</i> . Boiss.....	32.		

3^e GENRE. — *Limoniastrum*. Mœnch.

<i>L. monopetalum</i> . Boiss.....	pl. 40.
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4^e GENRE. — *Plumbago*. Tourn.

<i>P. europæa</i> . L.....	pl. 41.
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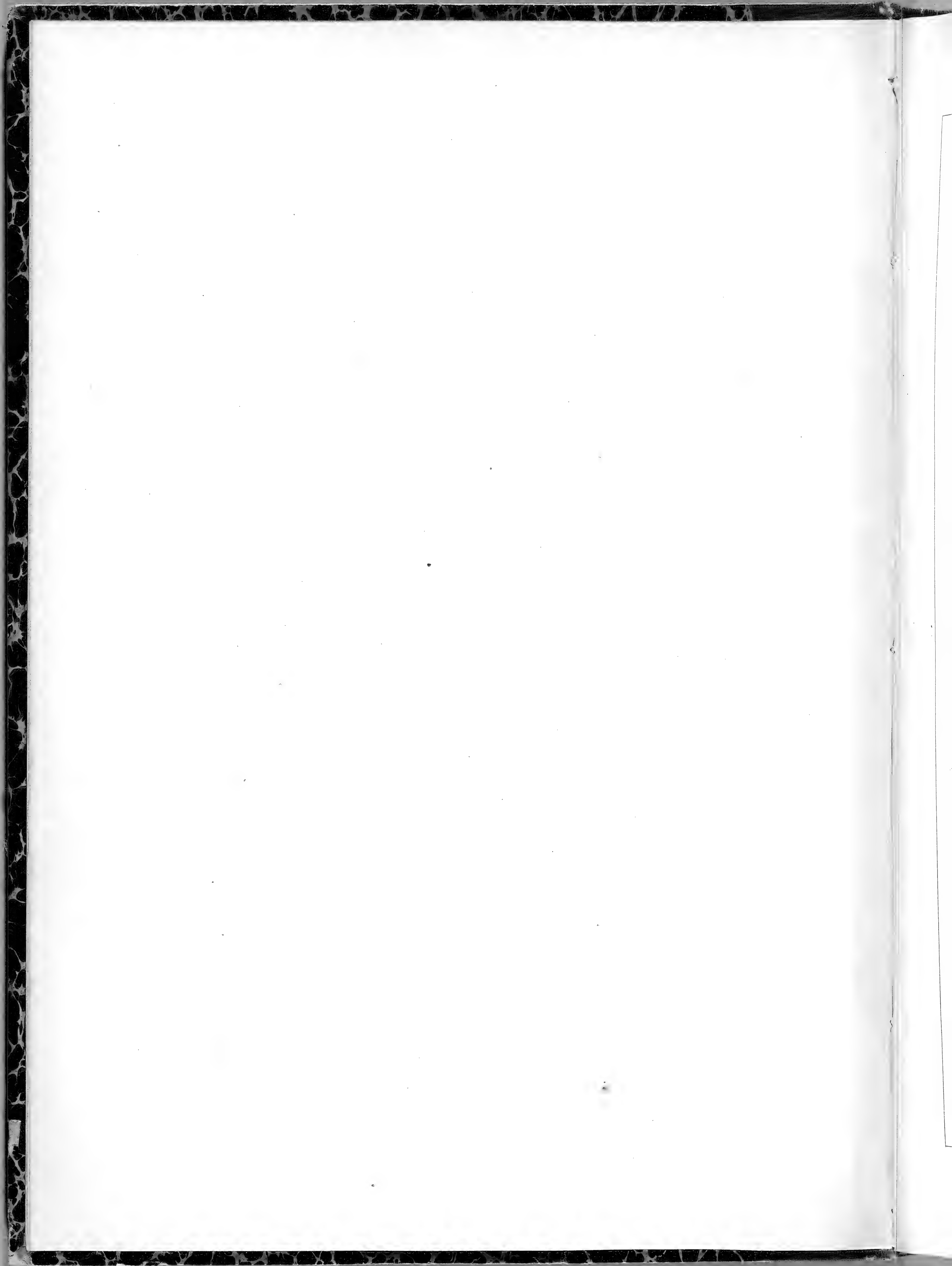




ARMERIA MARITIMA. WILLD. 2

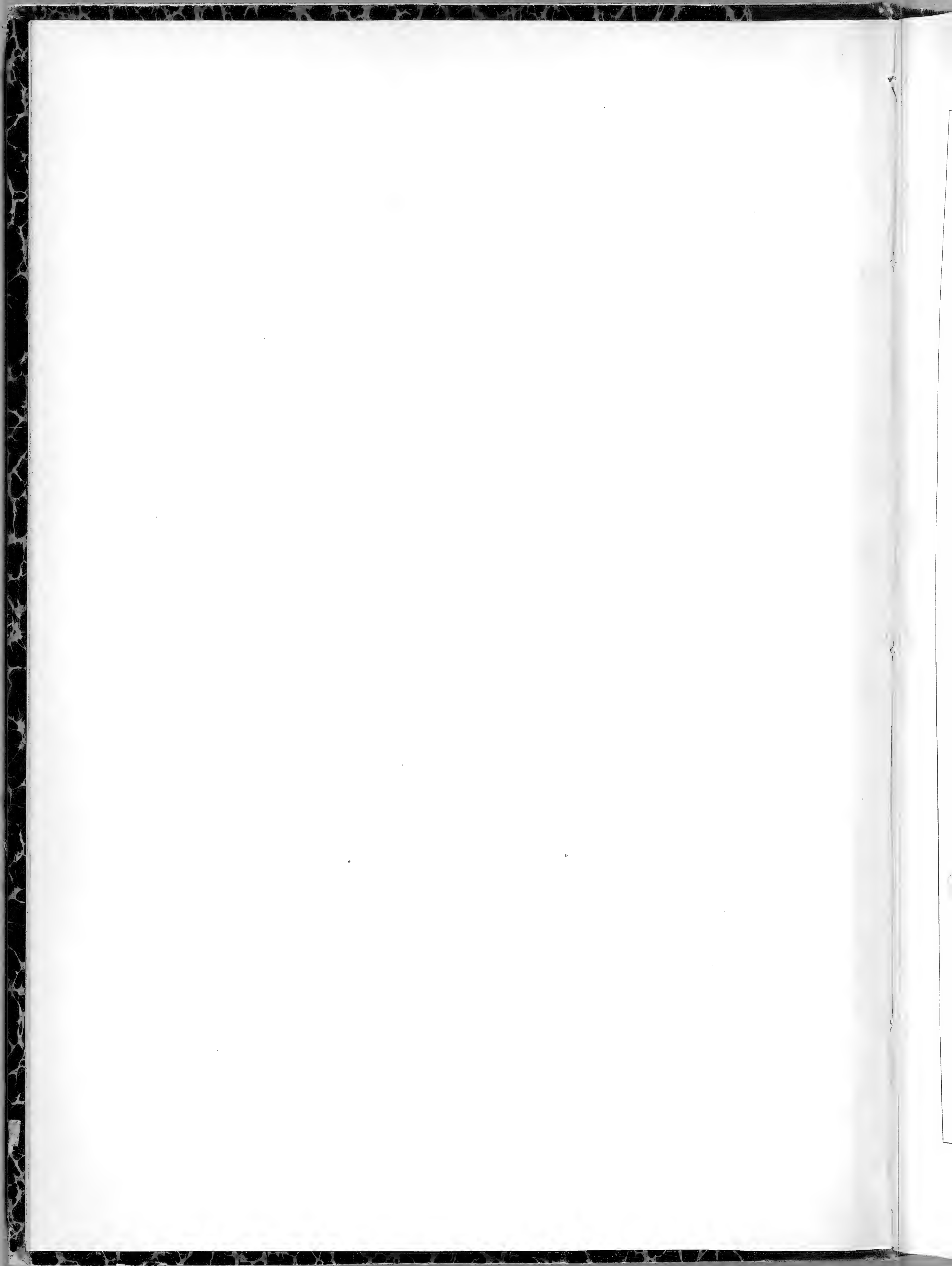
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY





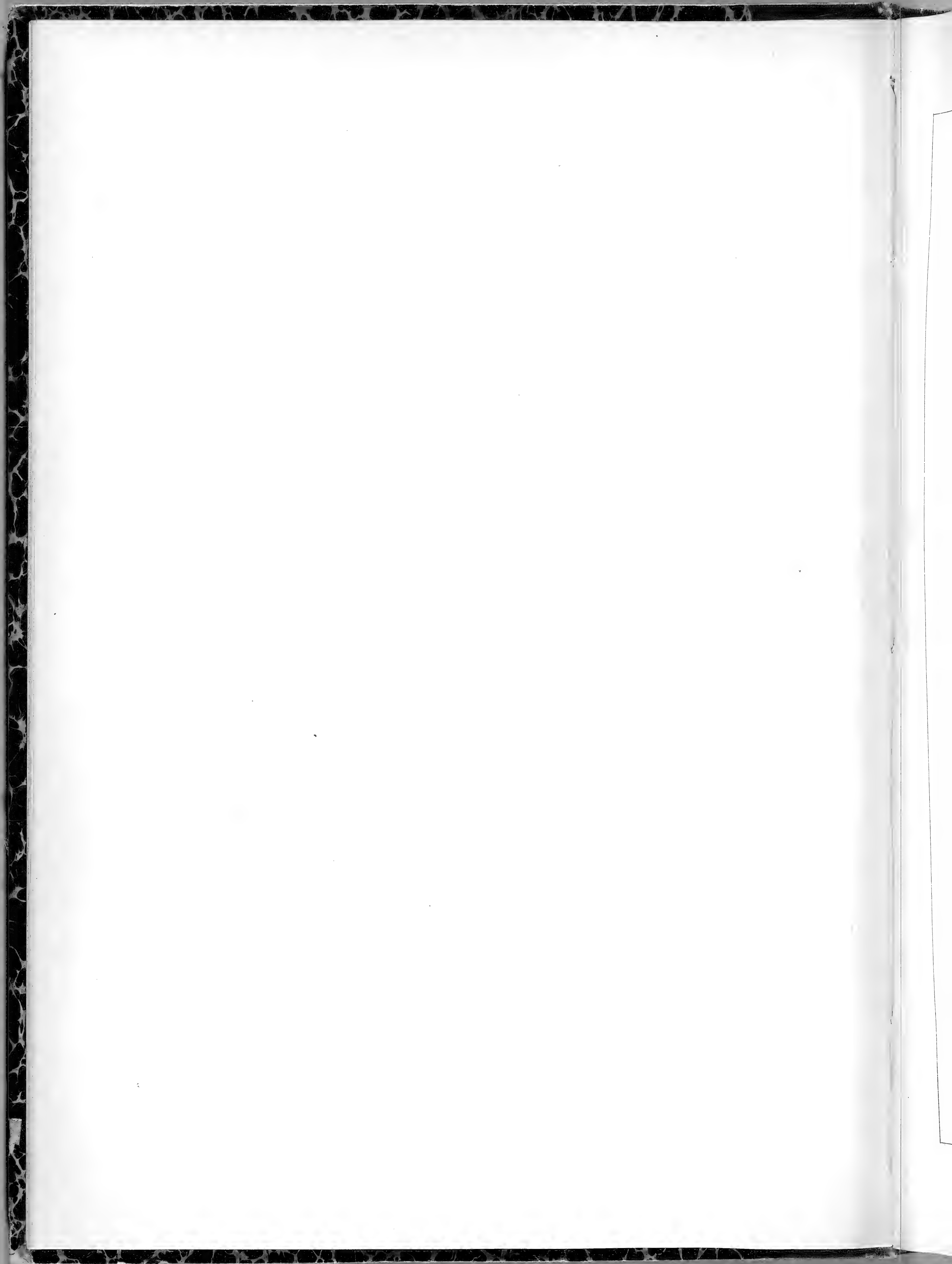


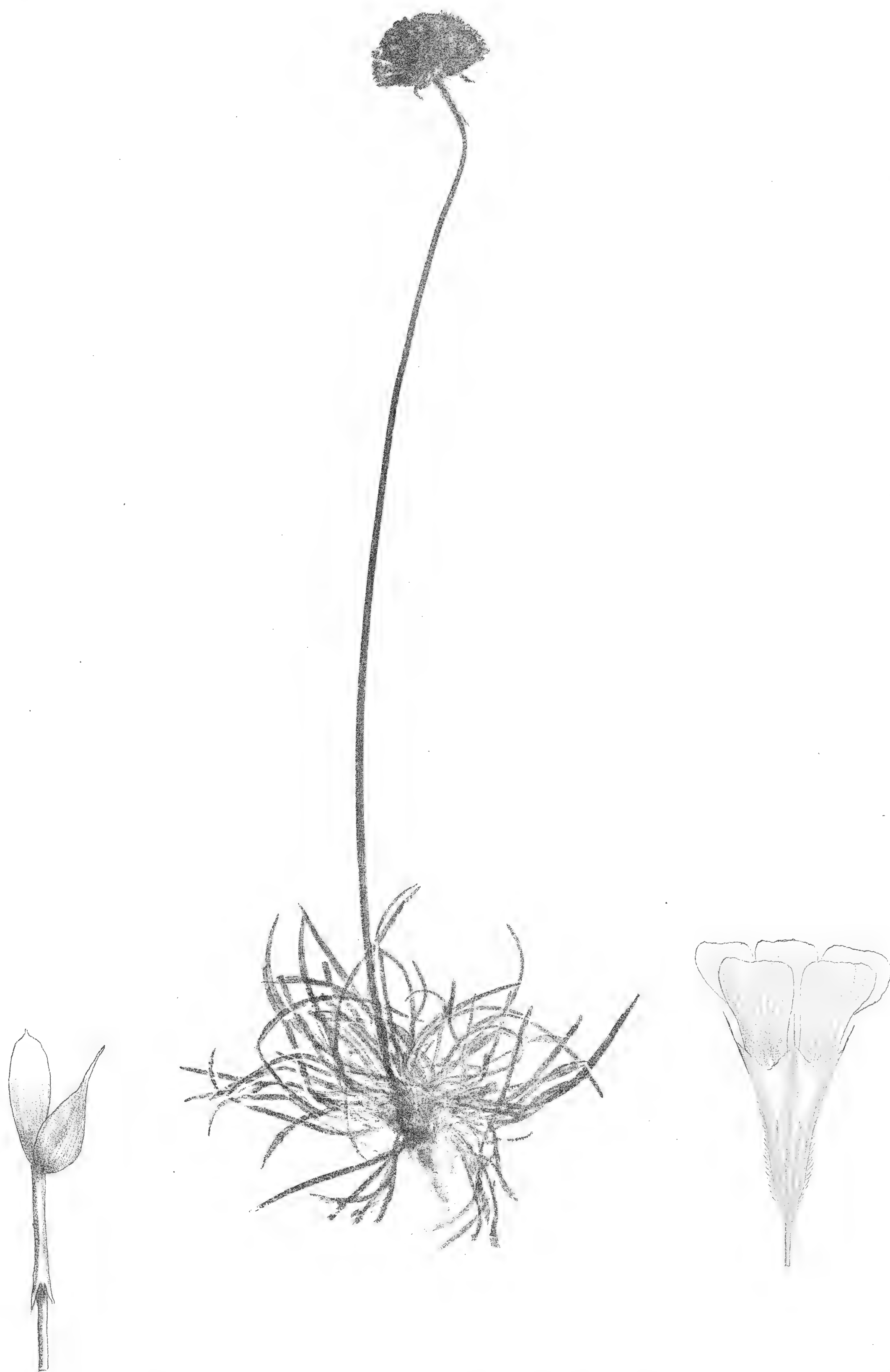
A. MULTICEPS. WALLR. 7



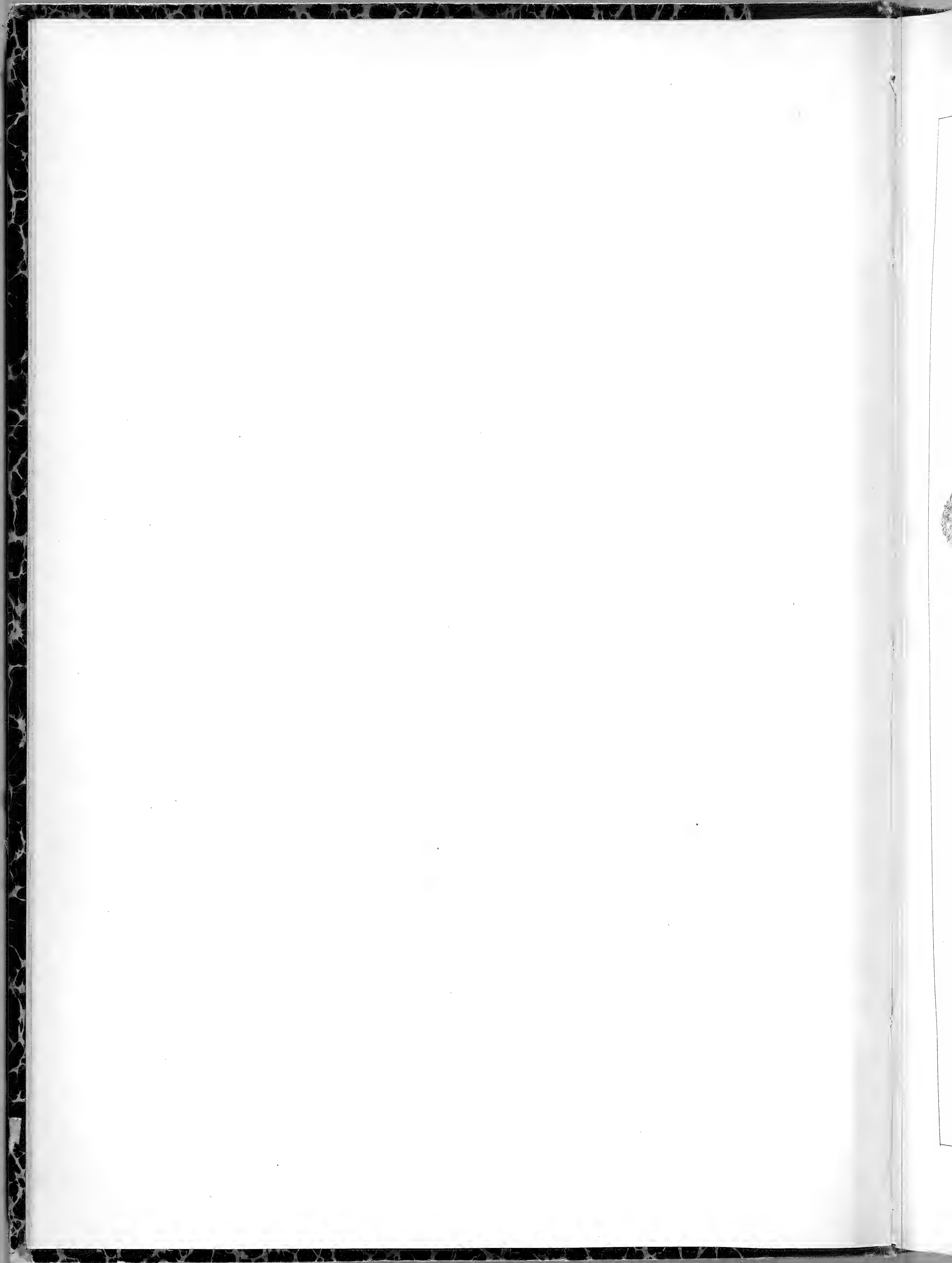


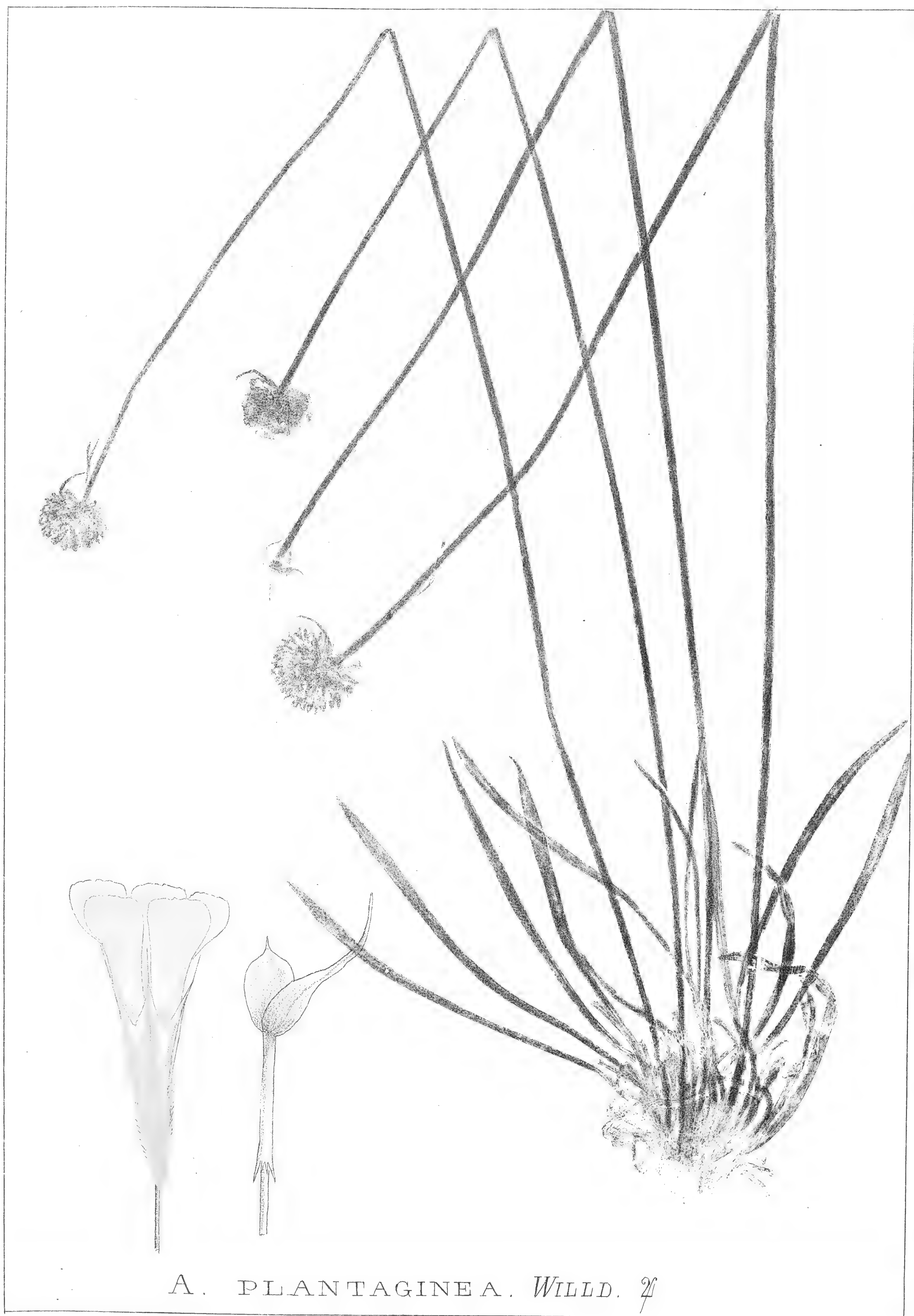
A. JUNCEA. GIR. 2

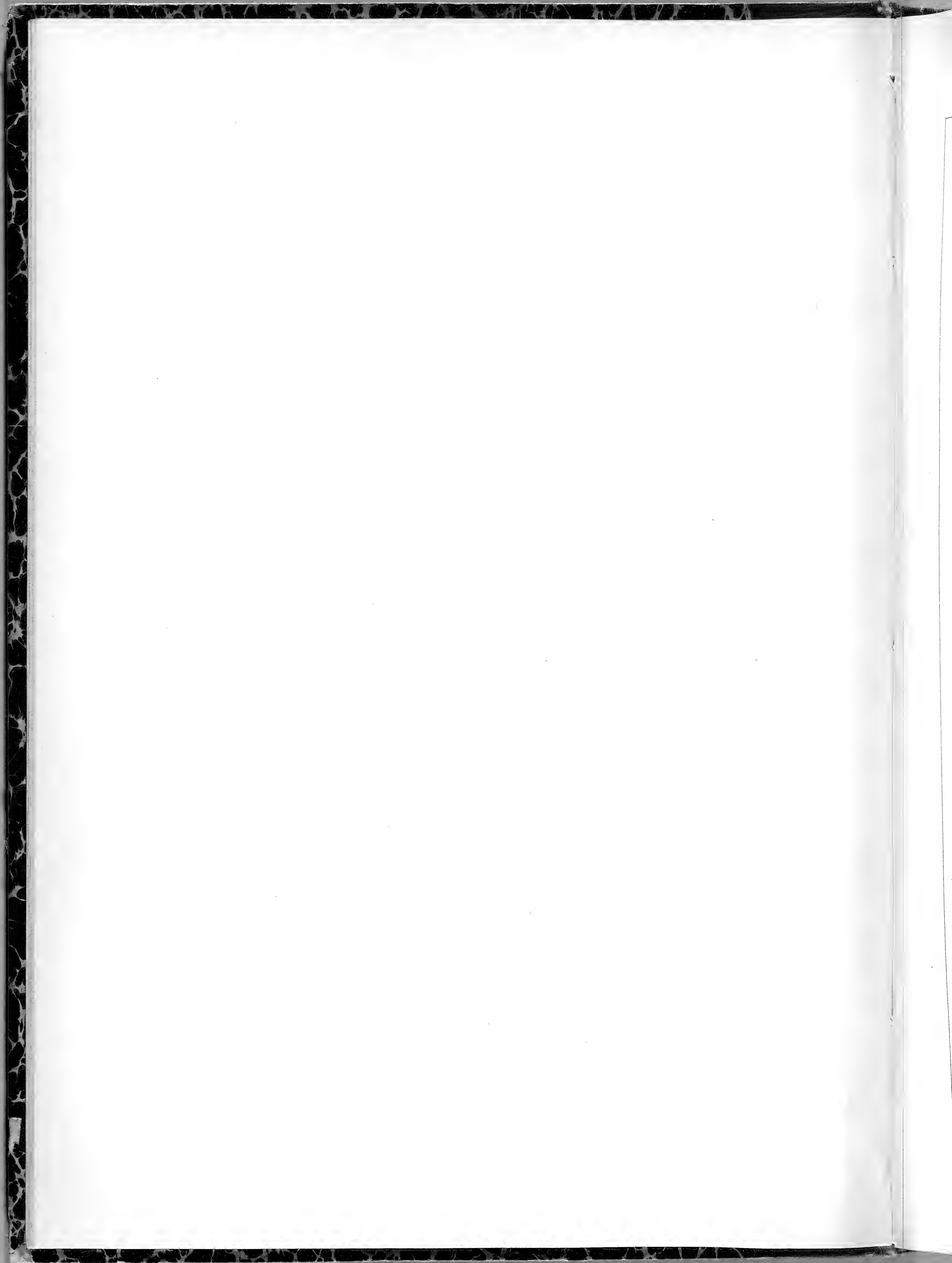




A. MAJELLENSIS. BOISS. \mathcal{V}

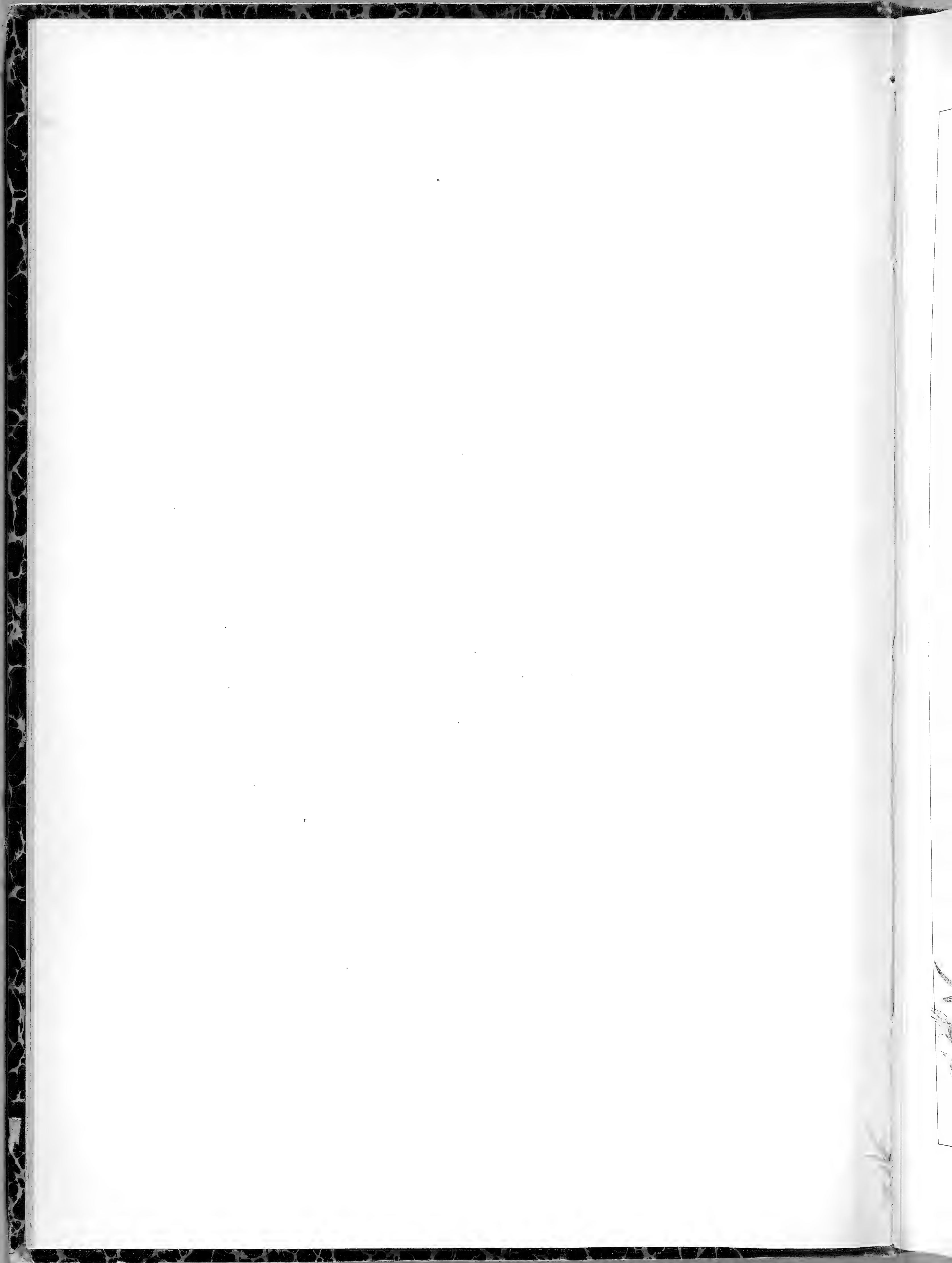






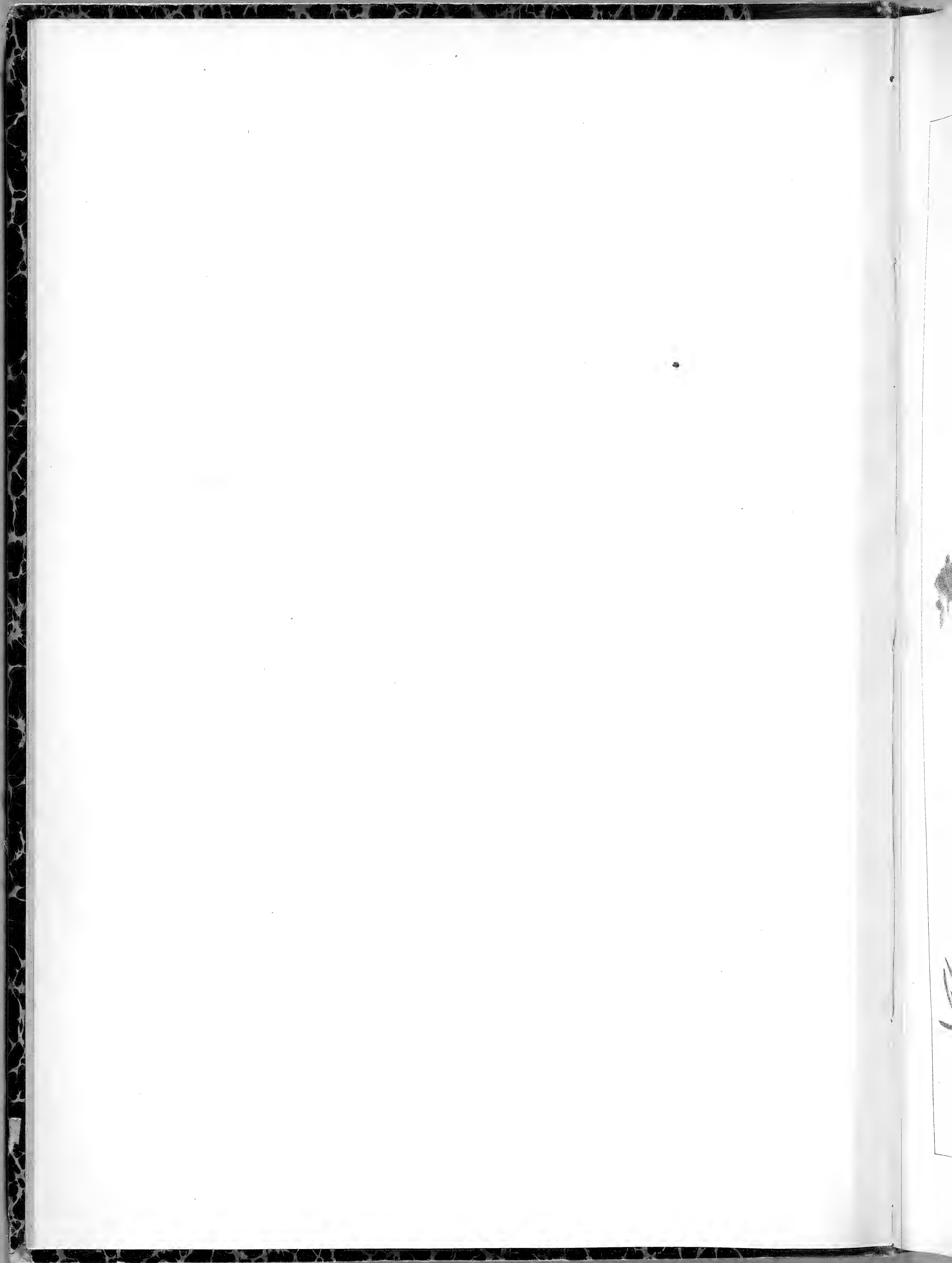


A. SUBULOSA. JORD. 7

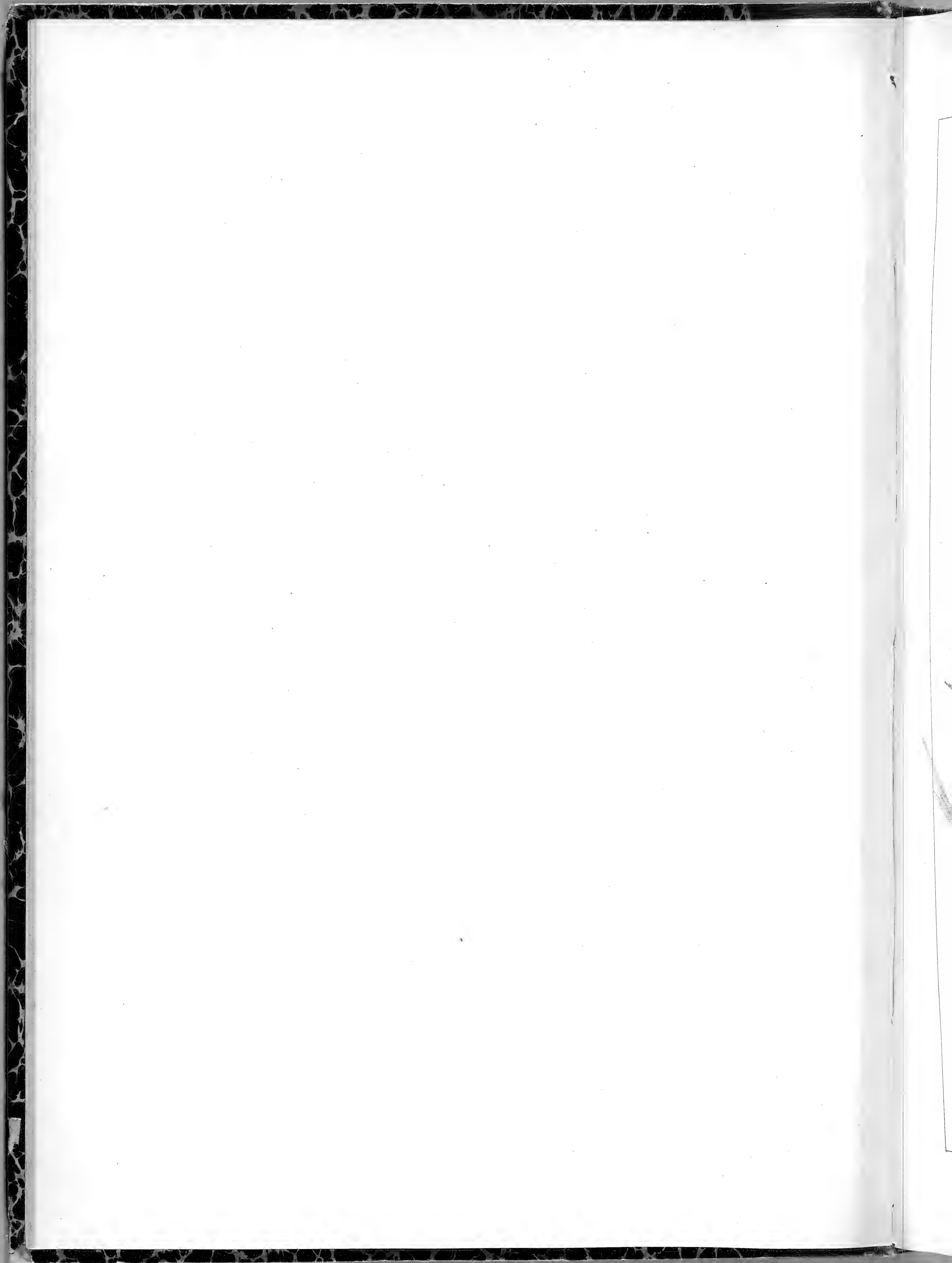




A. BUPLEUROIDES. G. G. 7

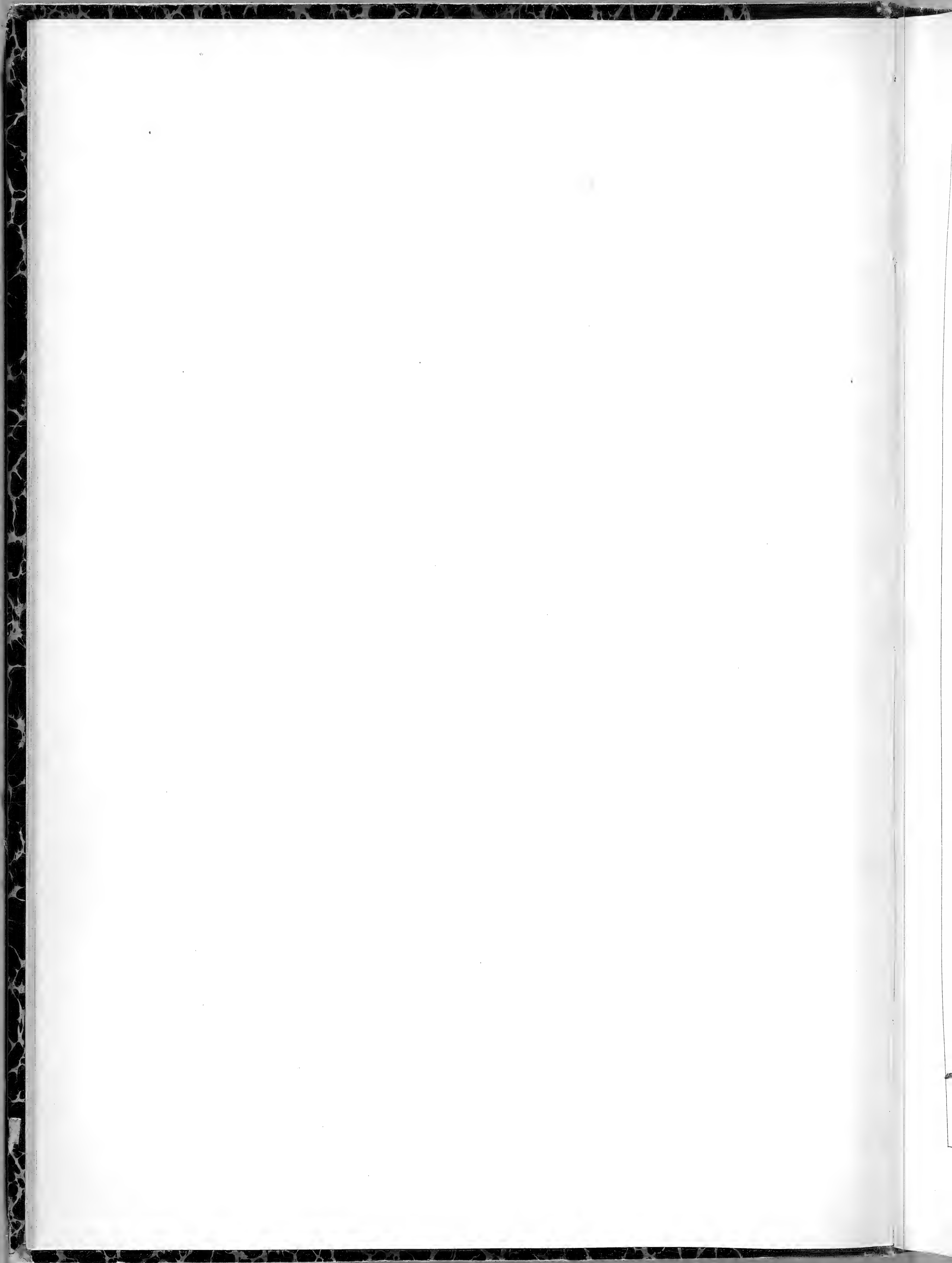






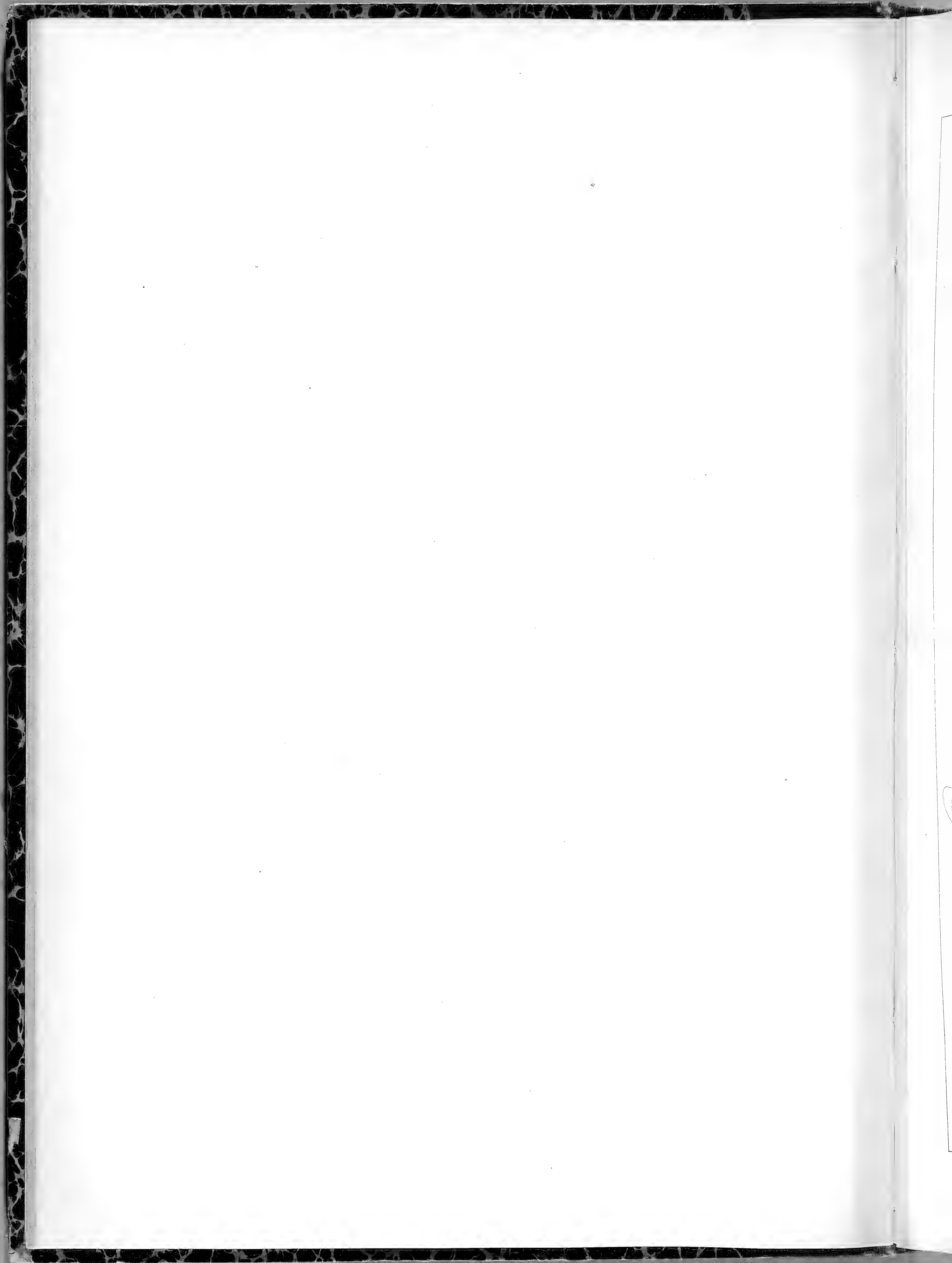


A. PUBINERVIS. BOISS. ♀

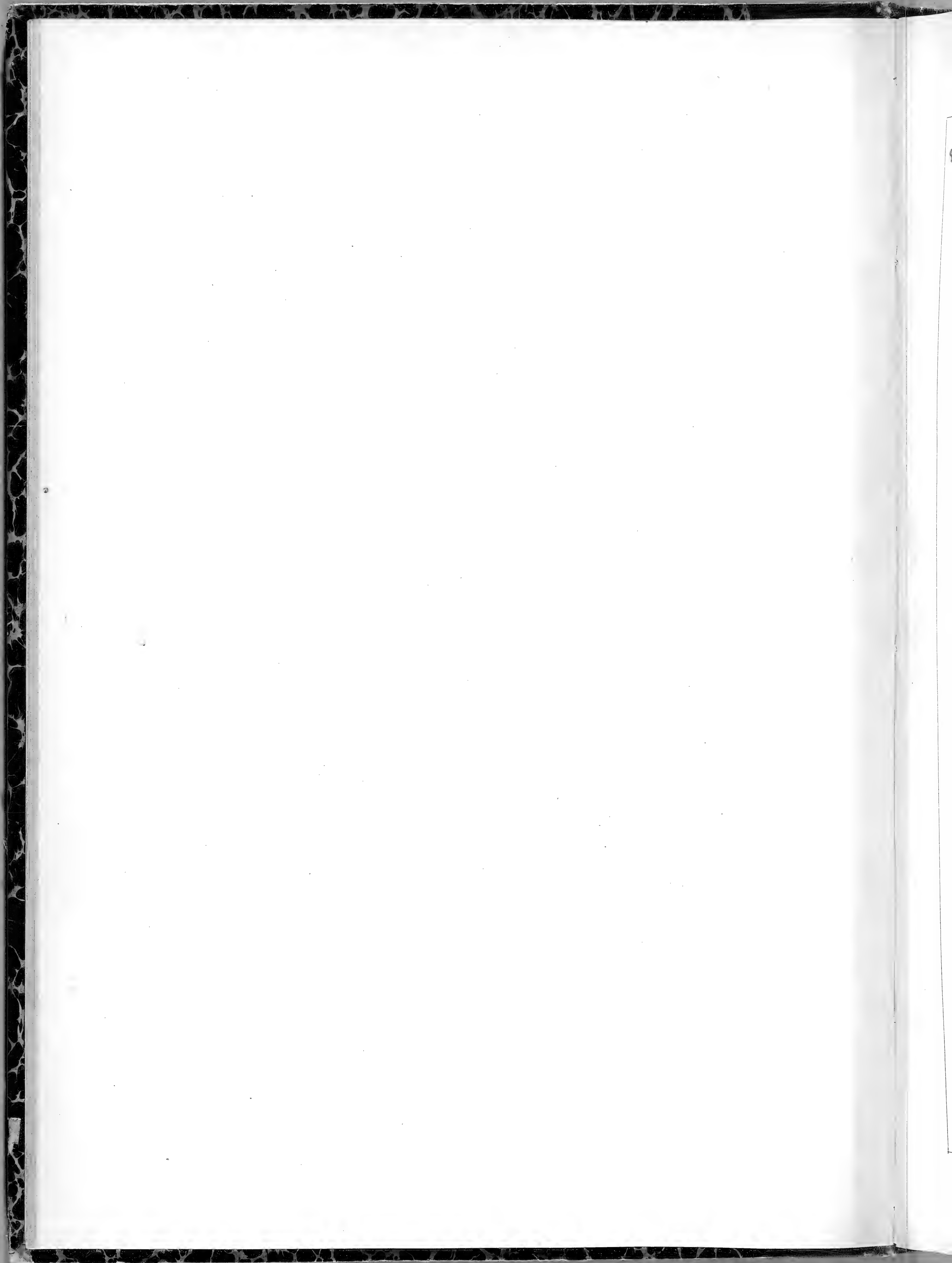


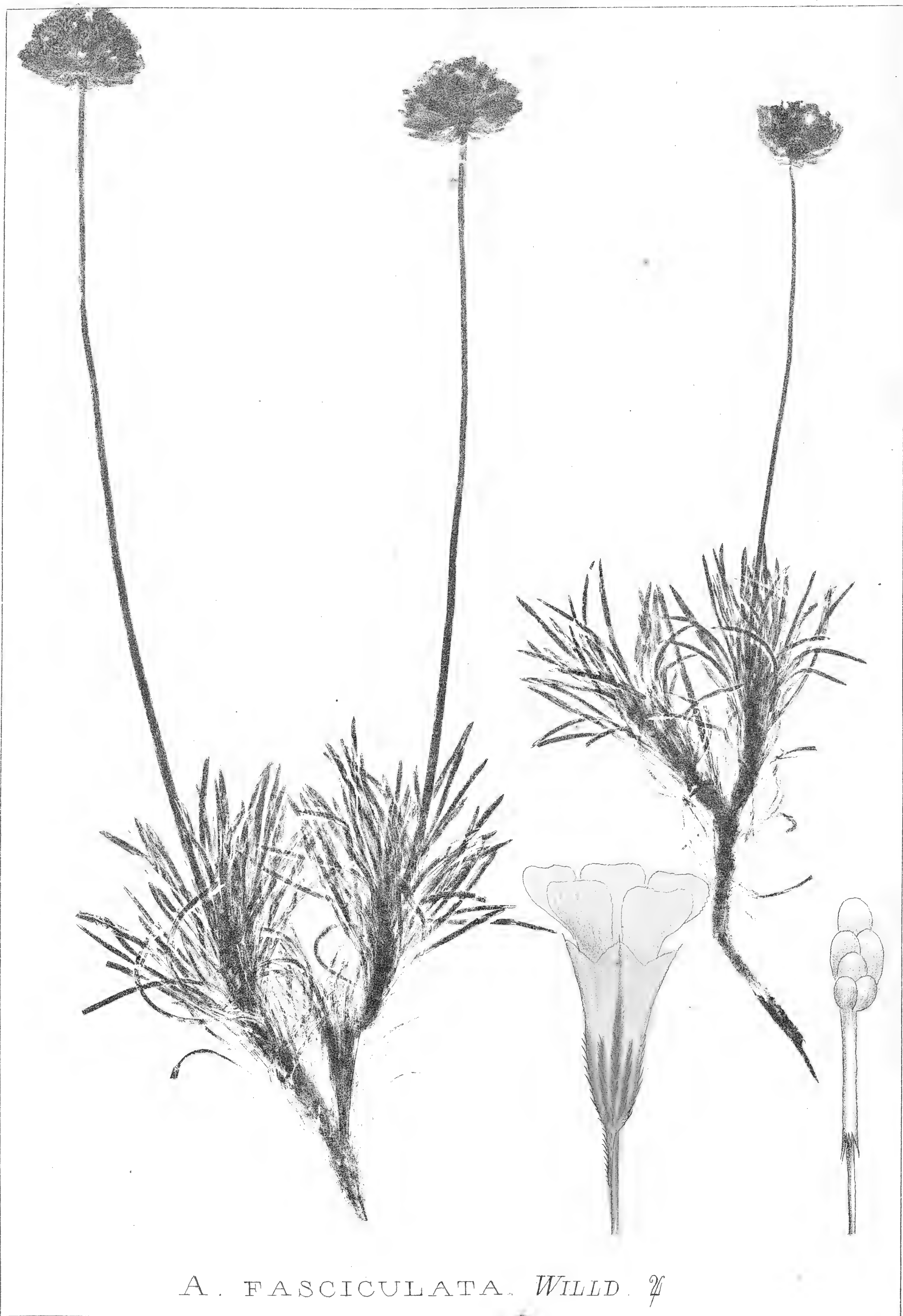


A. LEUCOCEPHALA. KOCH. 2

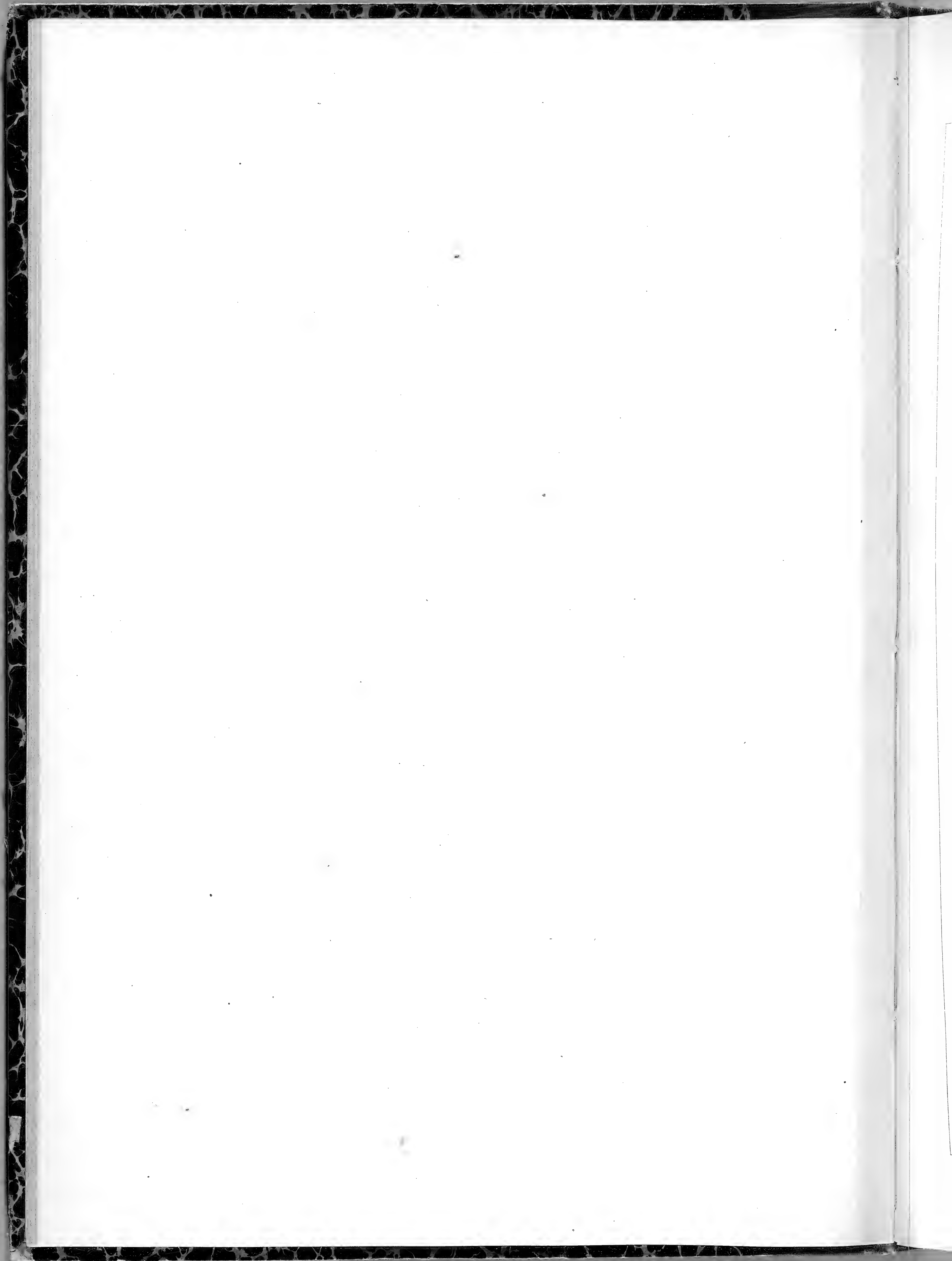






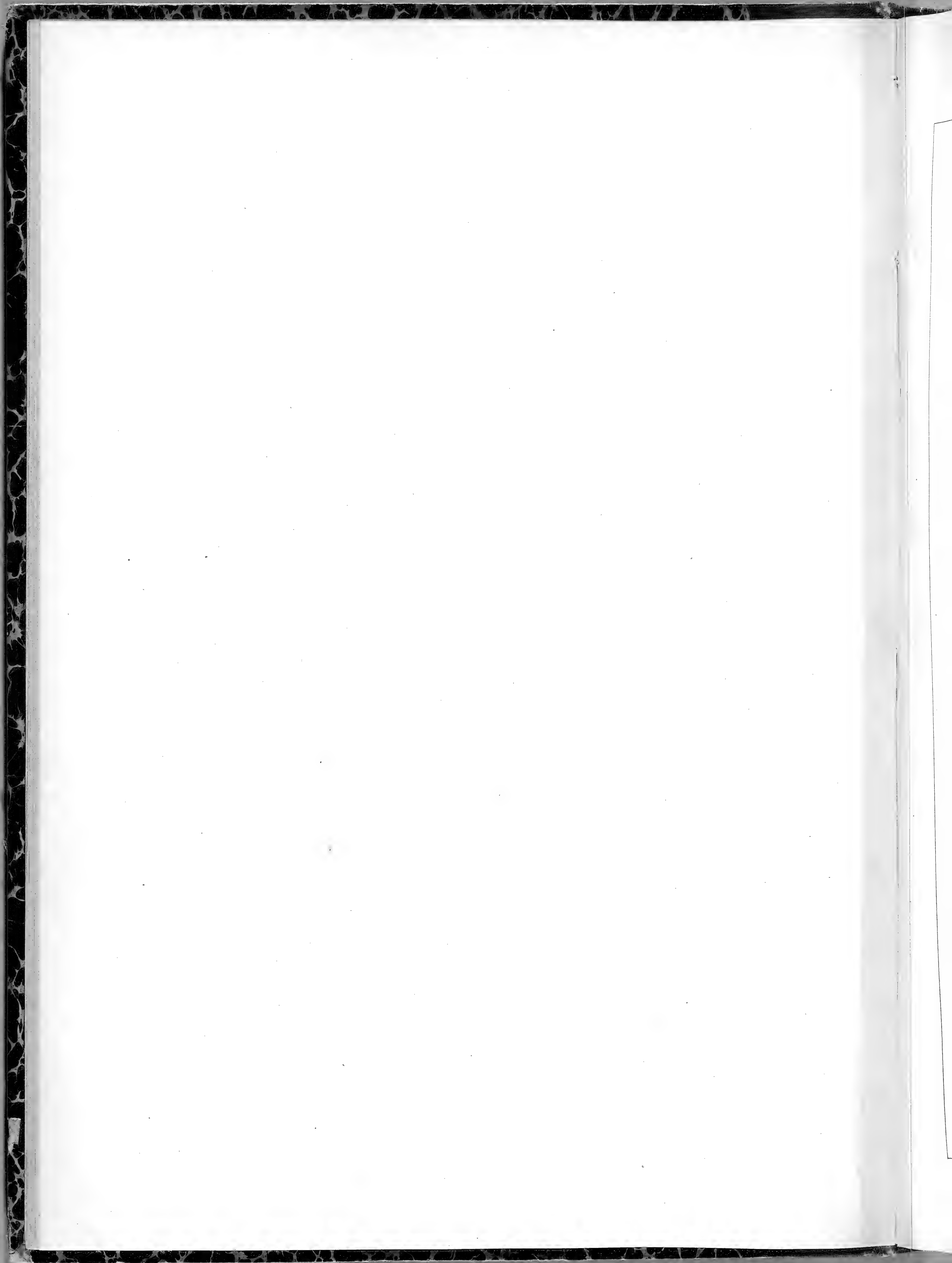


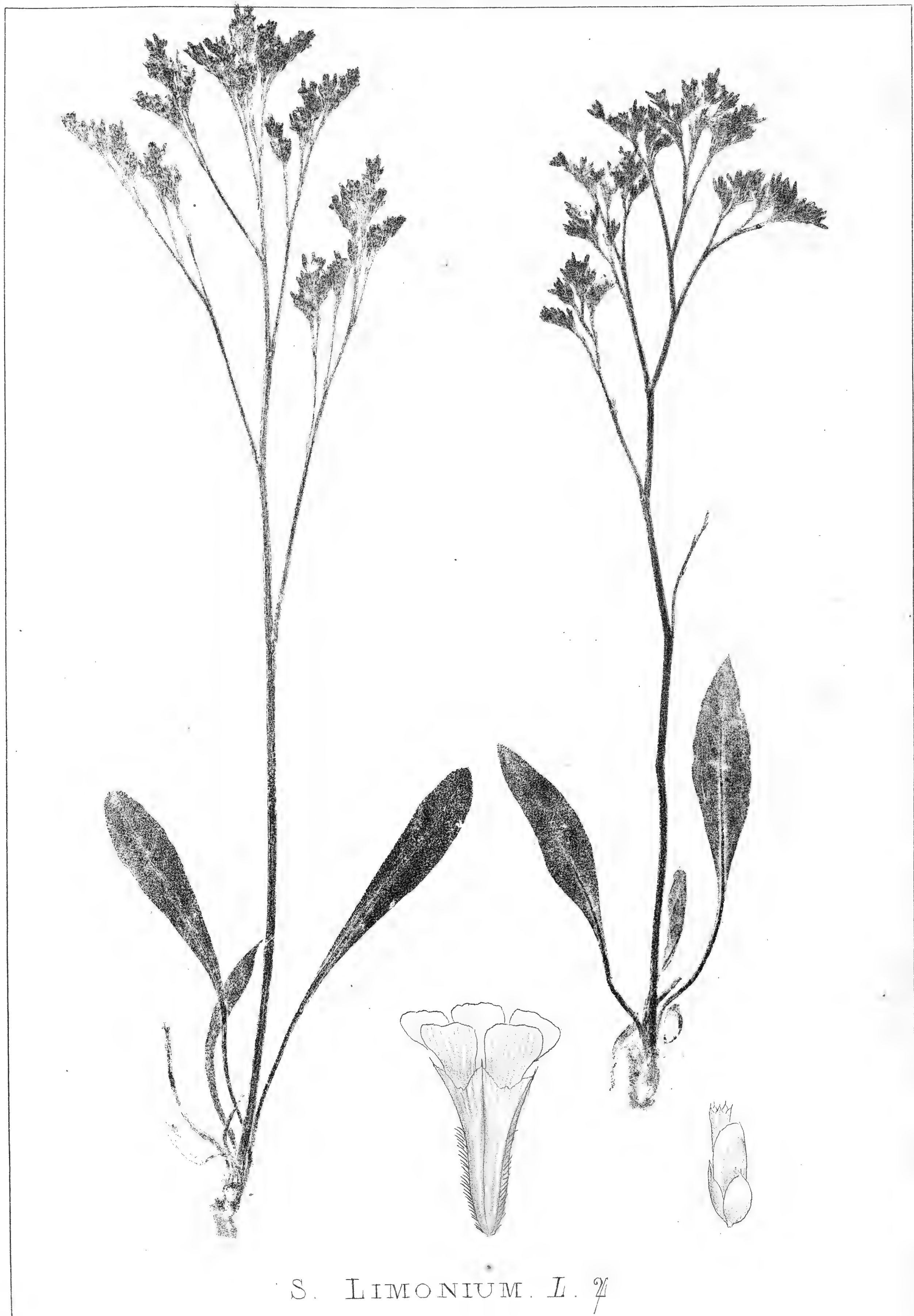
A. FASCICULATA. WILLD. W



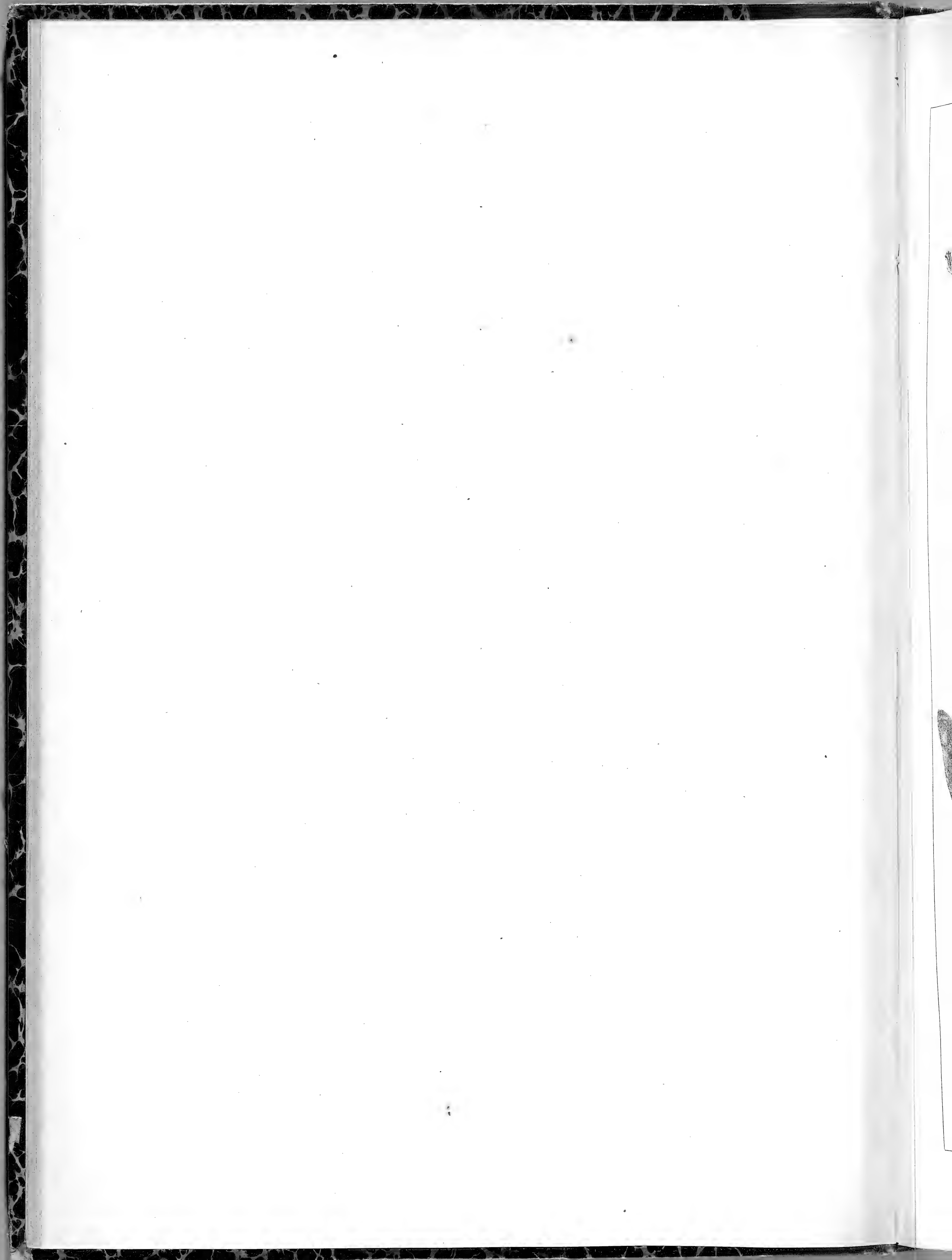


STATICE SINUATA. L. 2



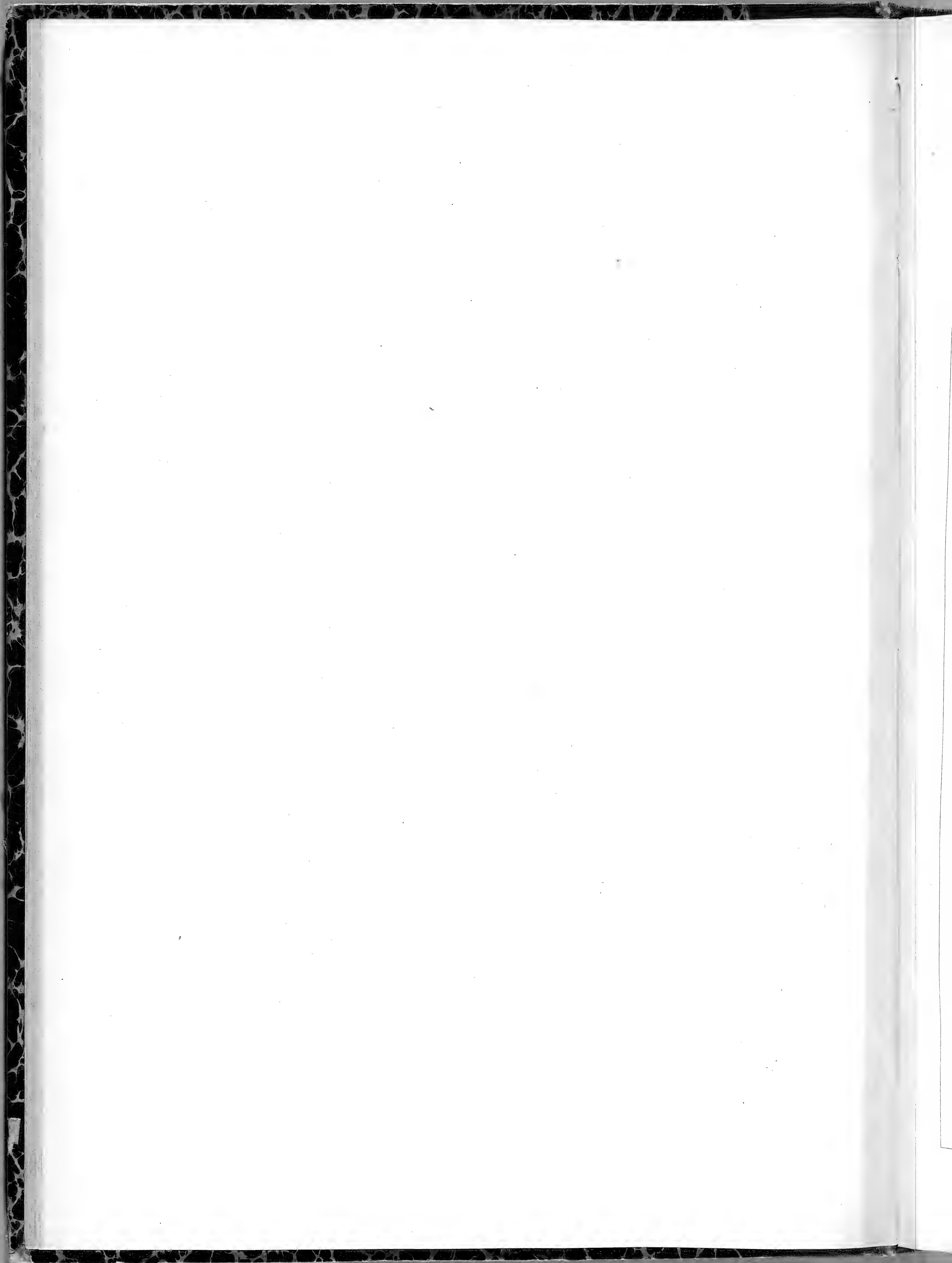


S. LIMONIUM. L. 2



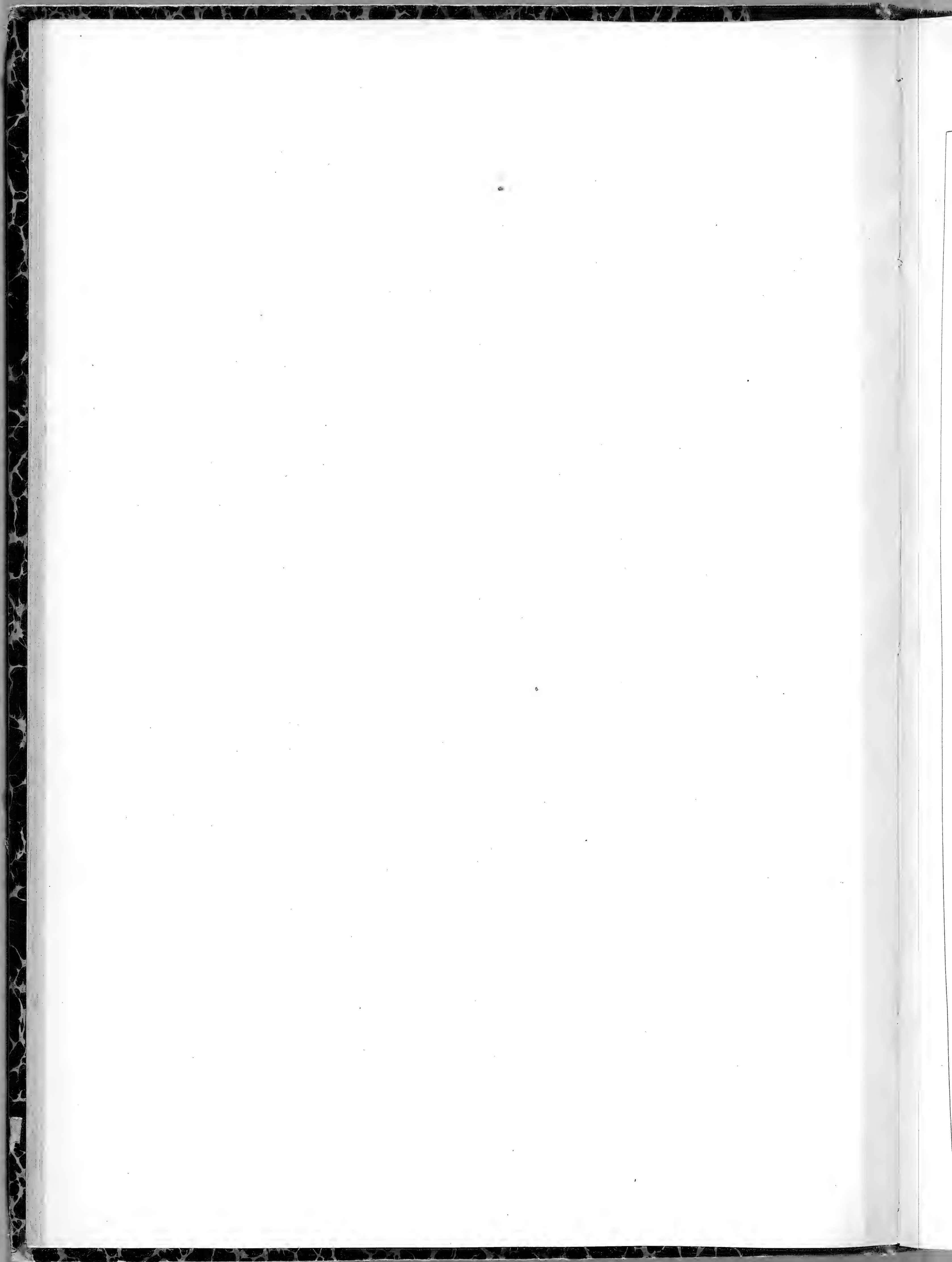


S. SEROTINA. RCHB. 7



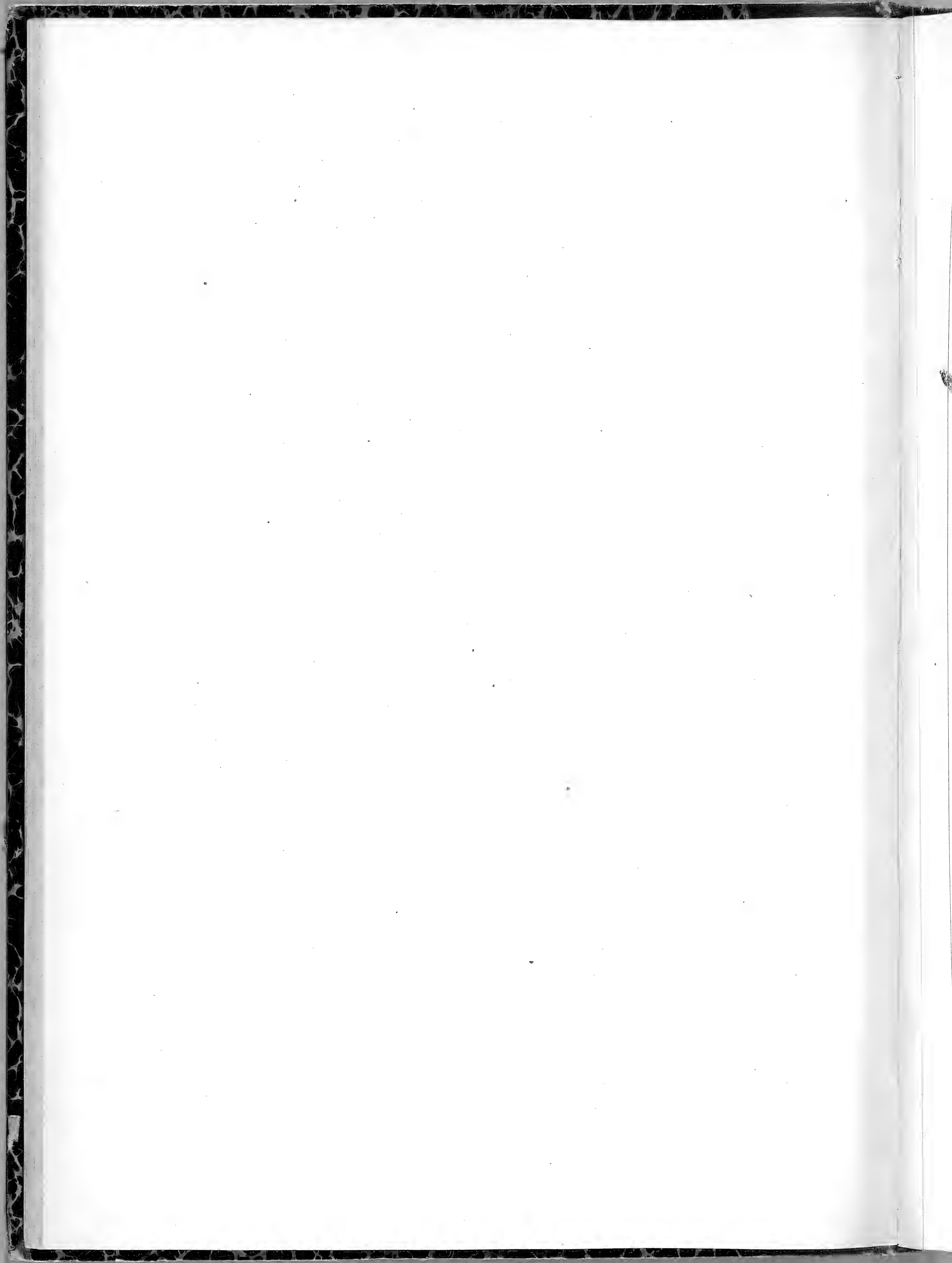


S. OVALIFOLIA. POIR. 7





S. LYCHNIDIFOLIA. GIR. 74

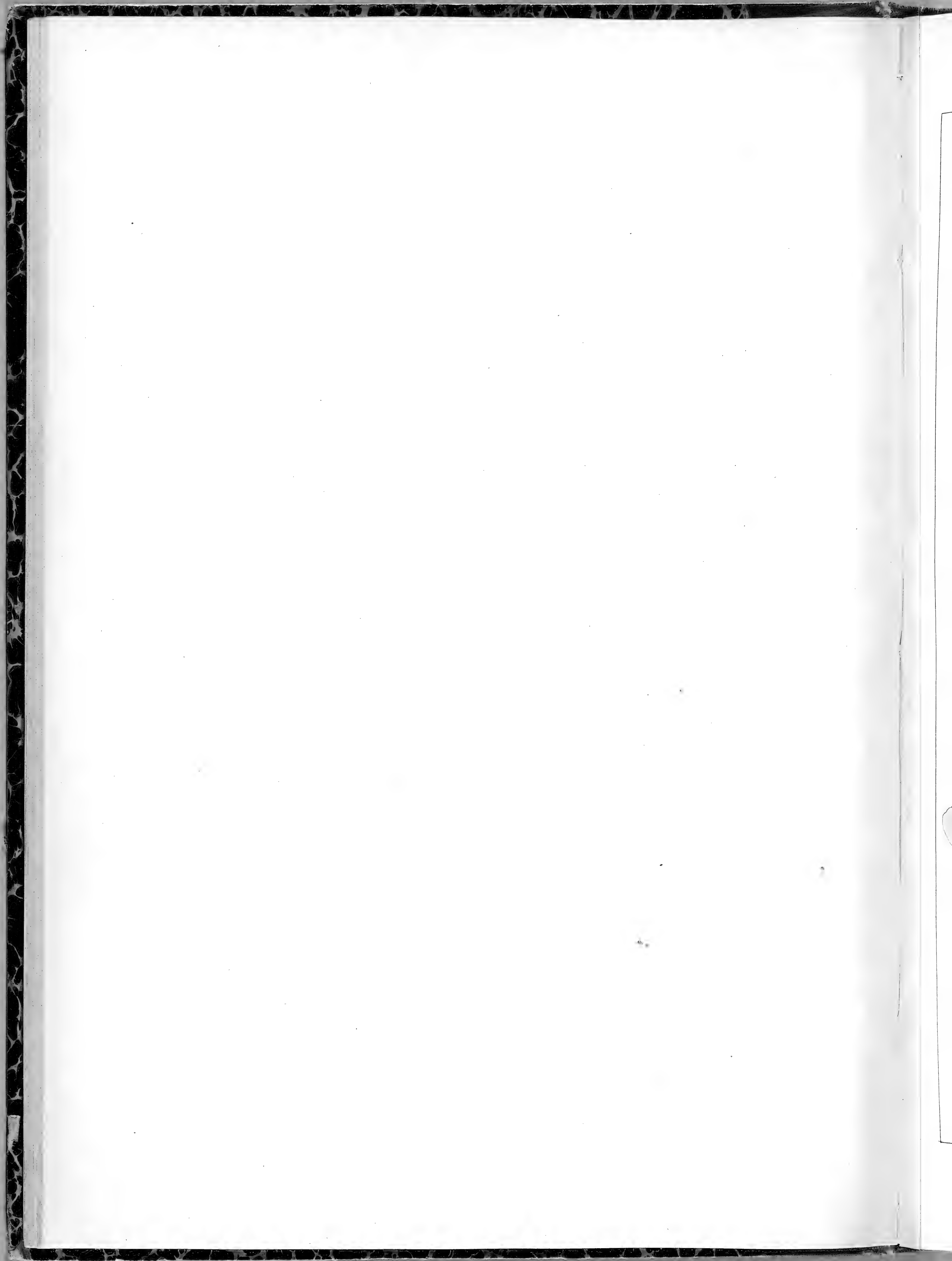




S. DODARTII. GIR. 2

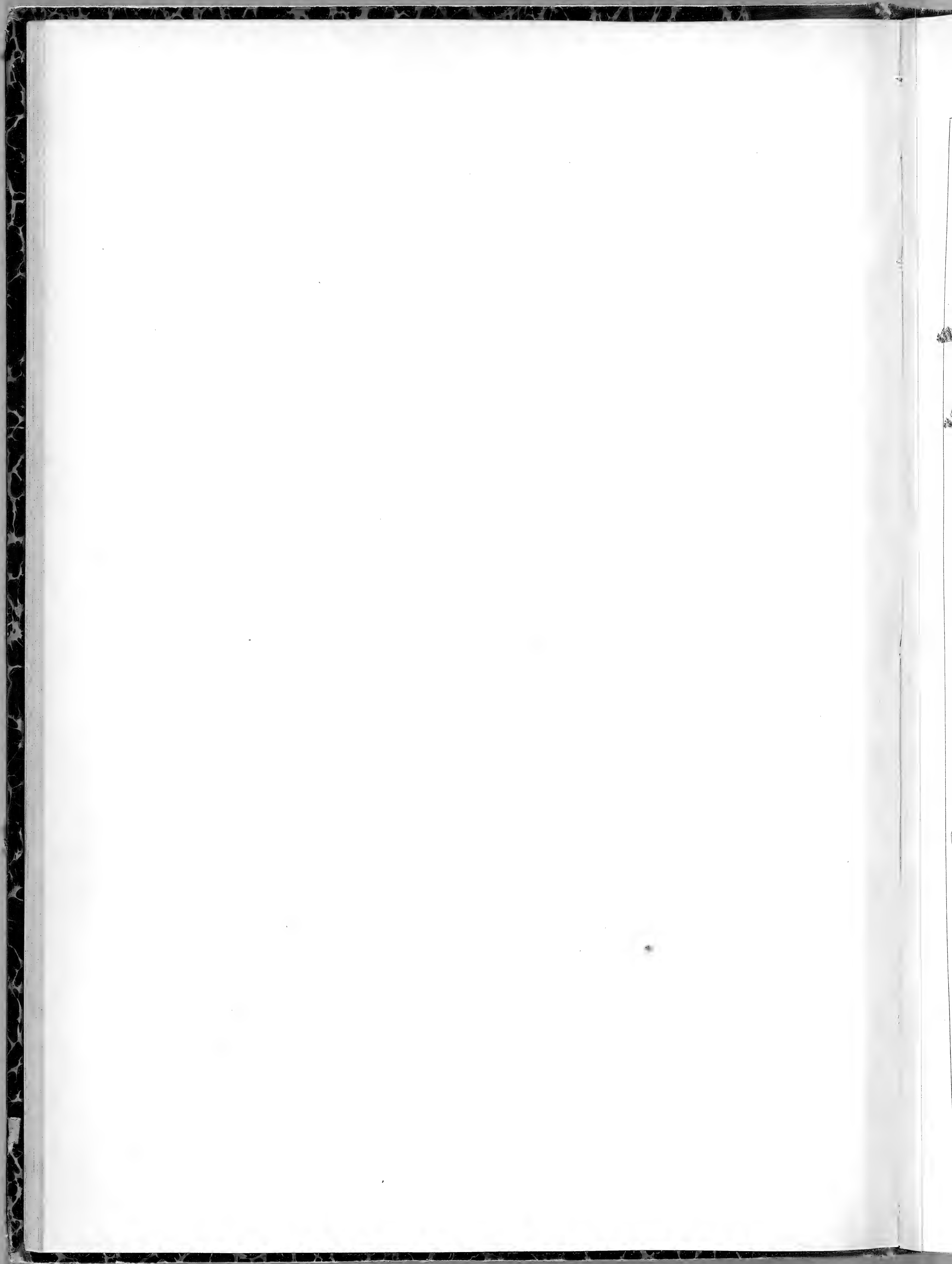


S. OCCIDENTALIS. LLOYD. 24



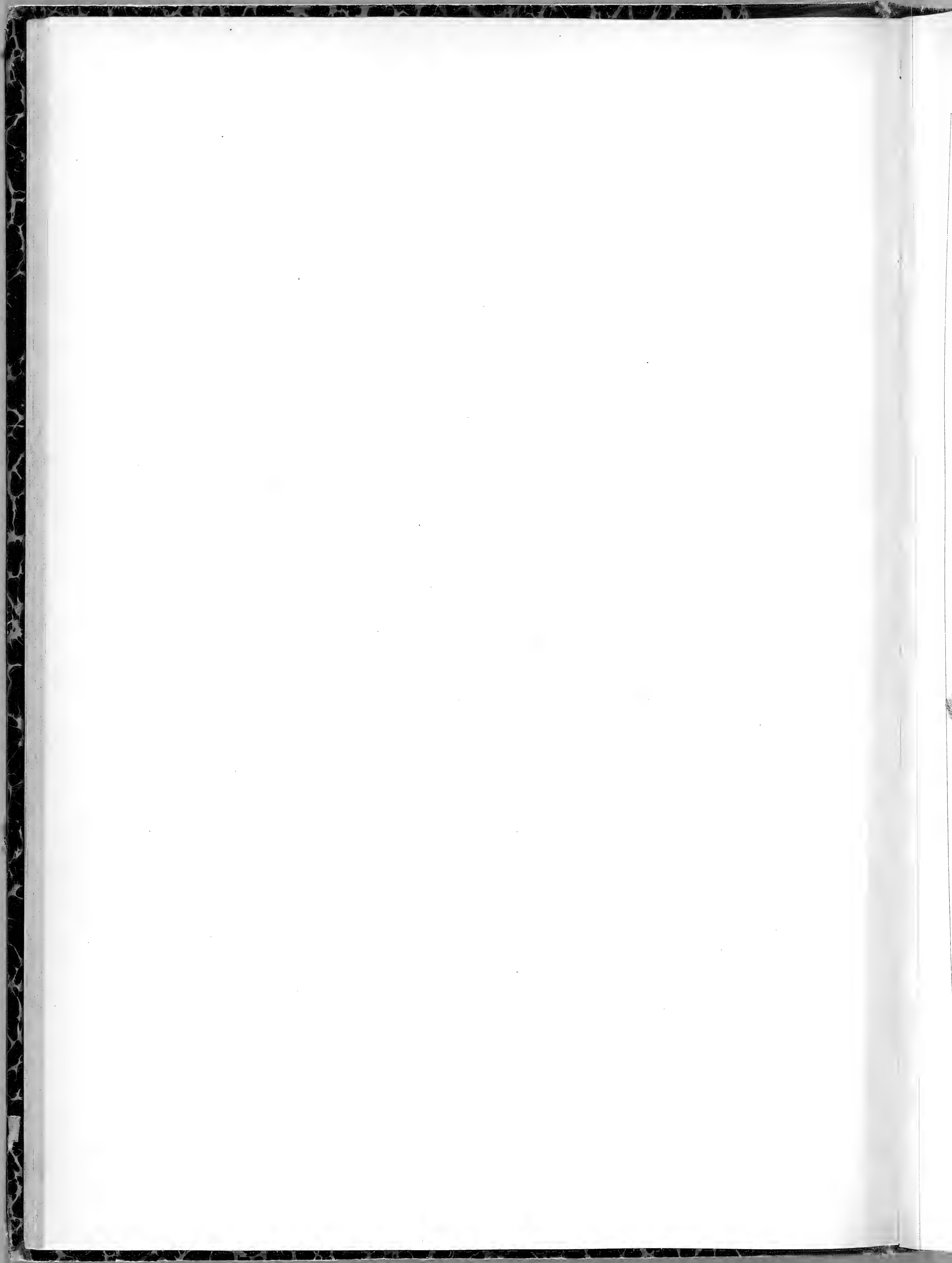


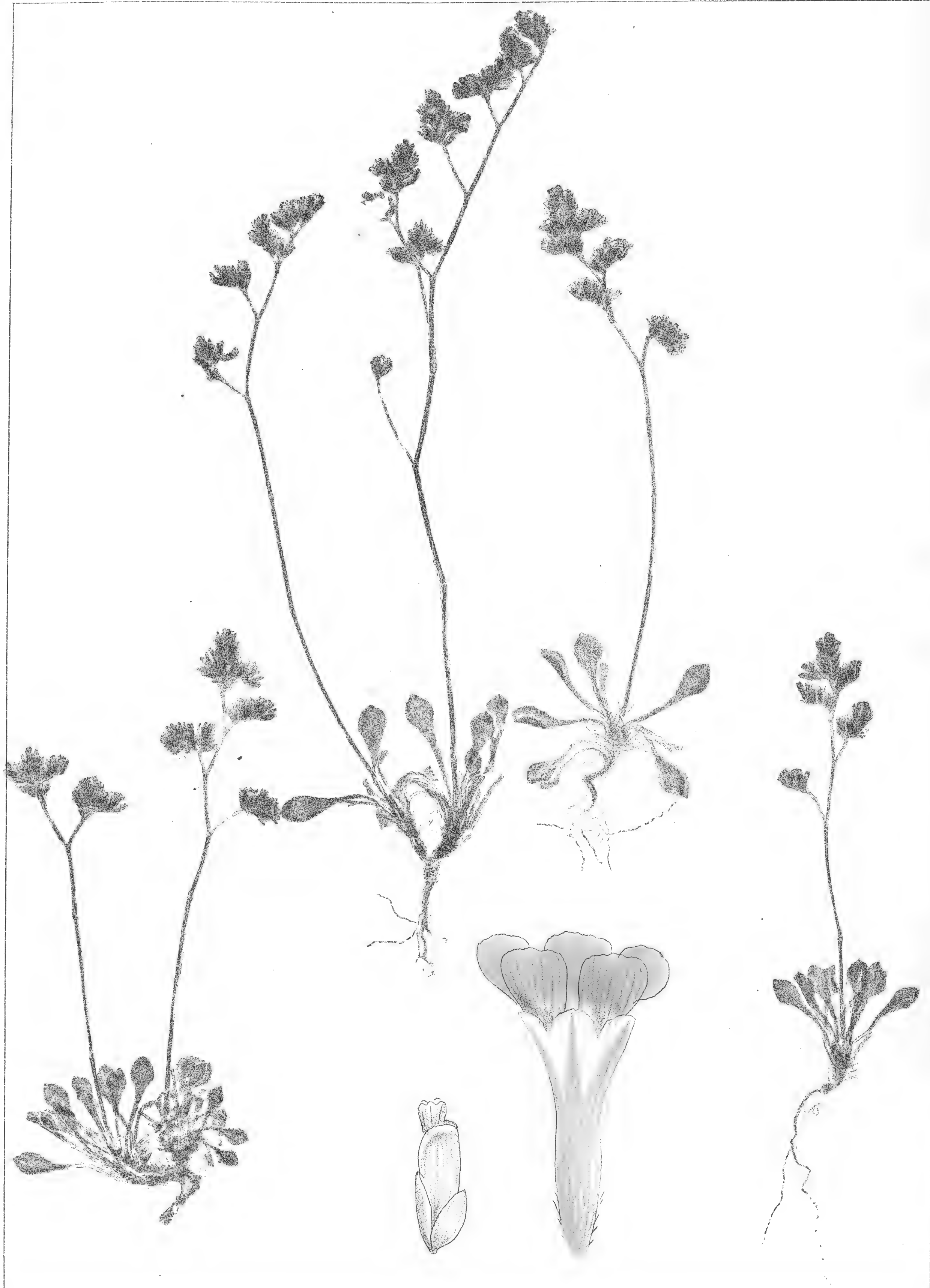
S. CONFUSA. G. G. 2



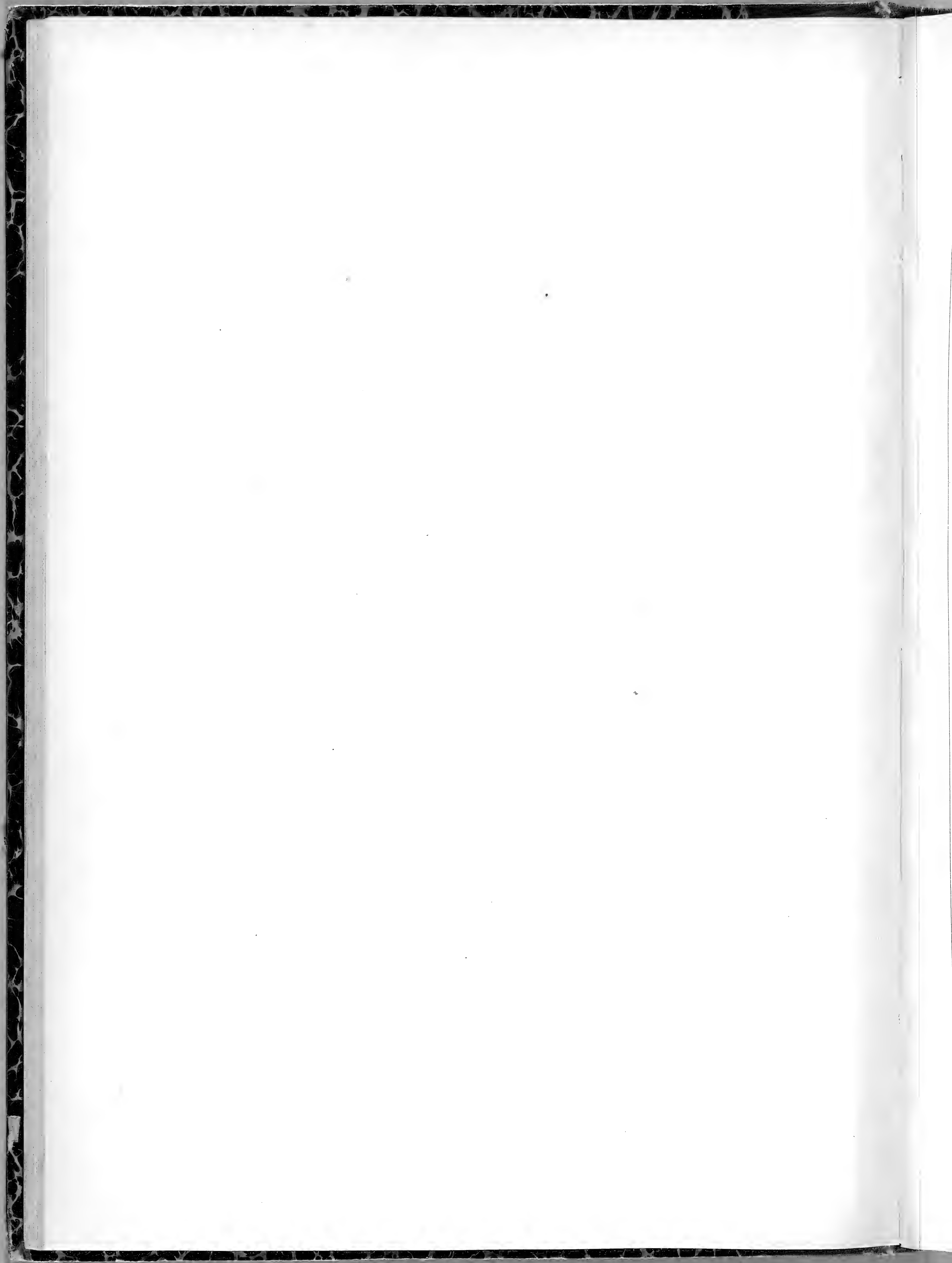


S. GLOBULARIÆFOLIA. DESF. 7



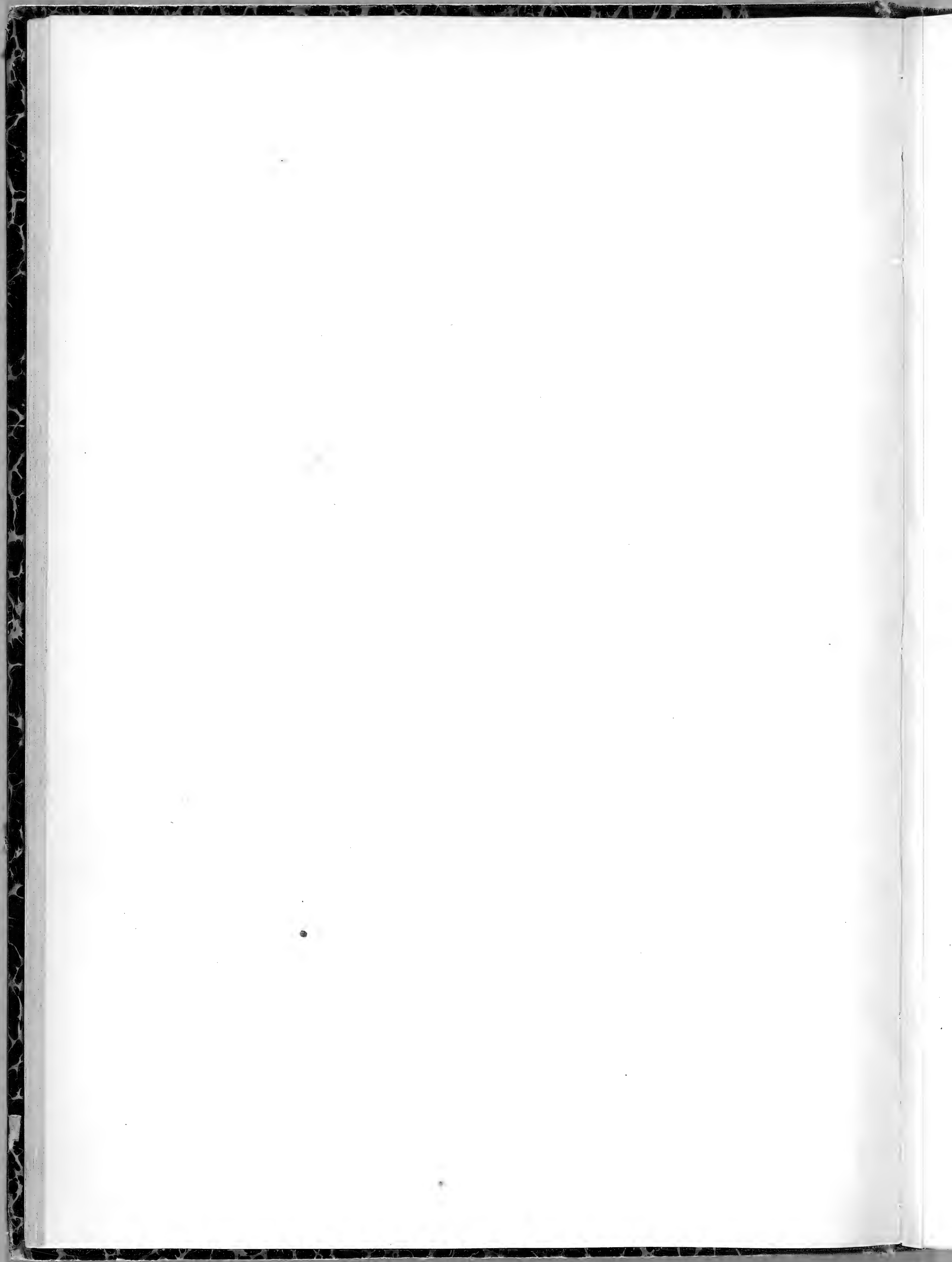


S. GIRARDIANA. GUSS. 24



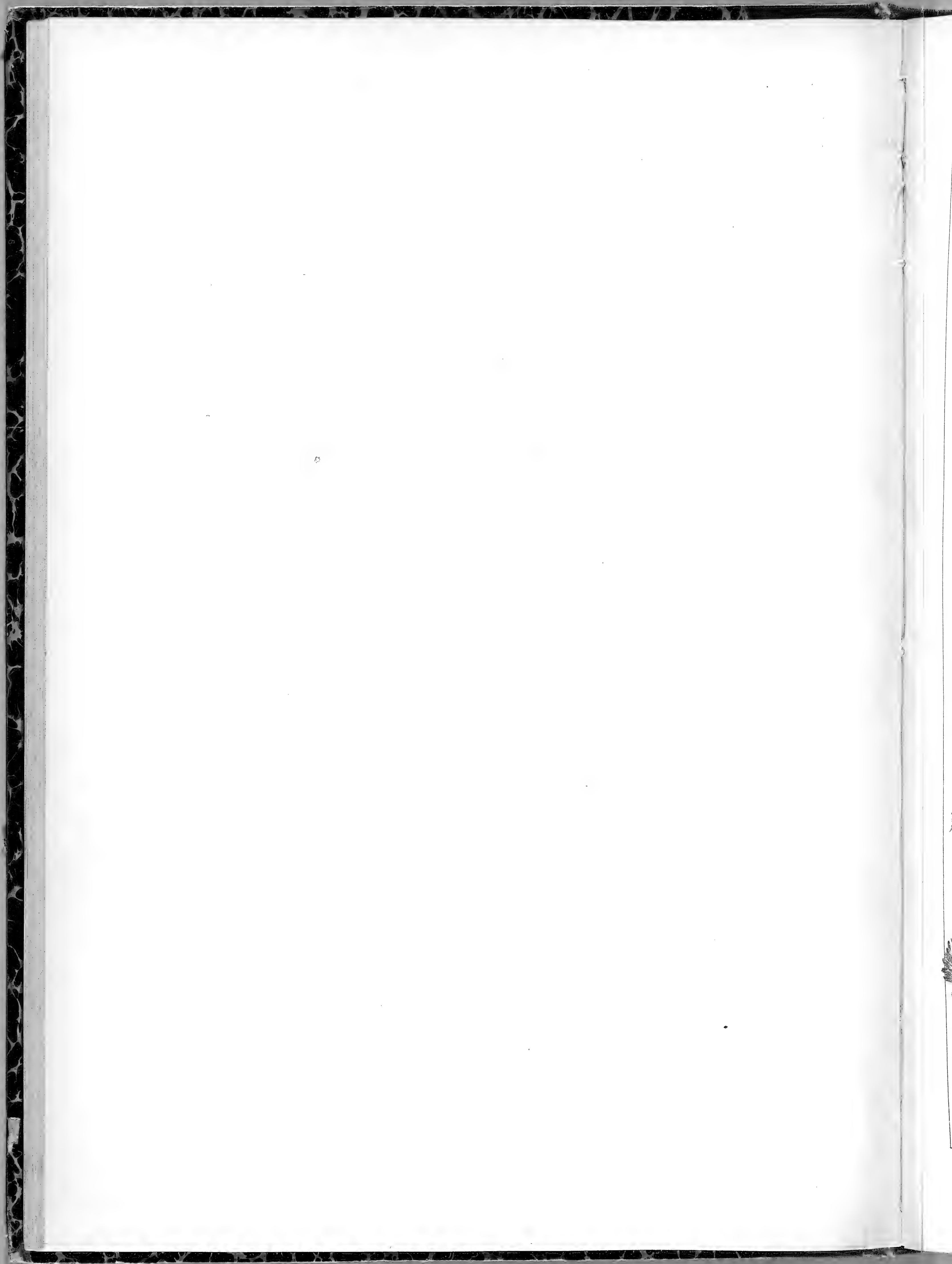


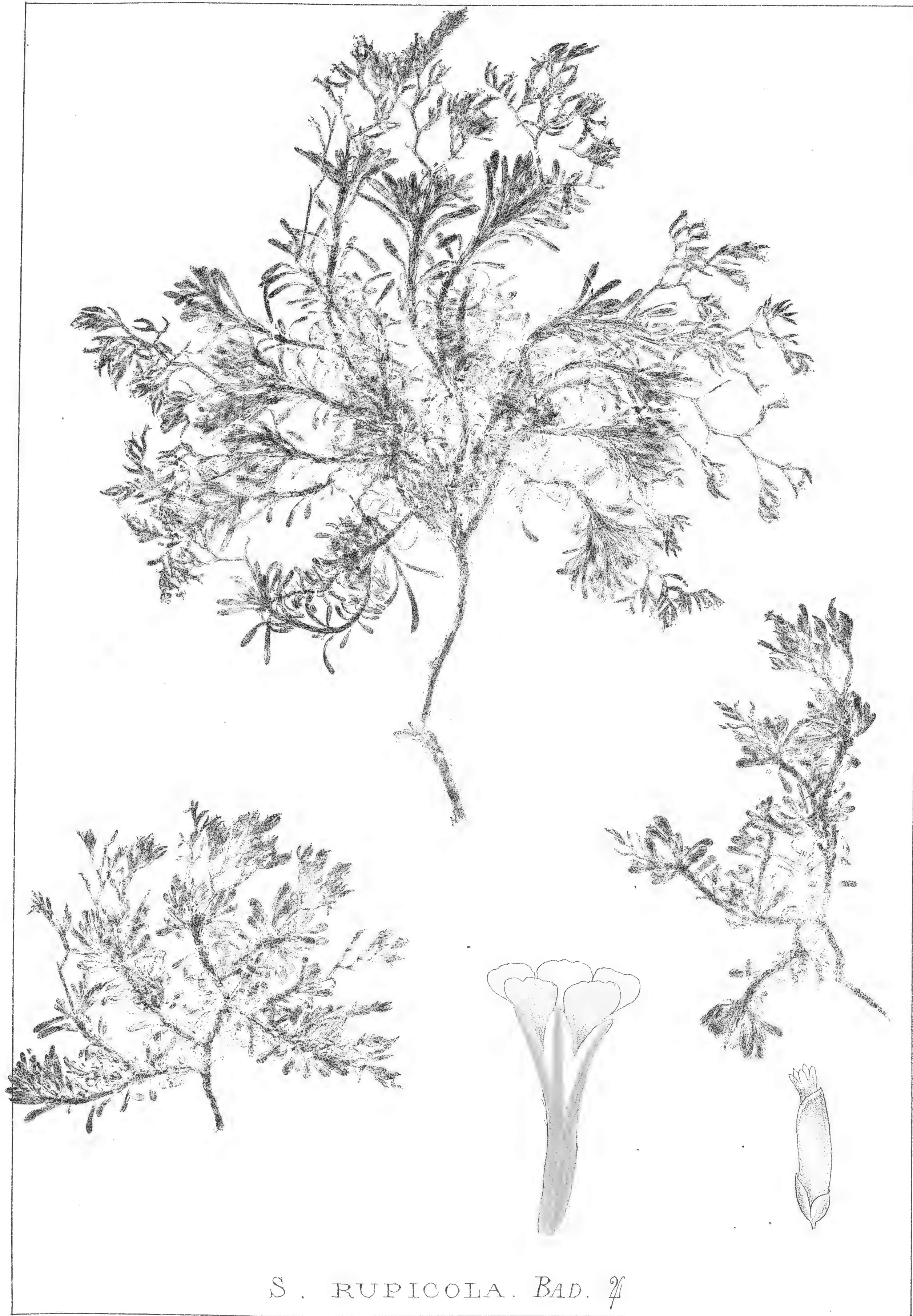
S. DURIUSCULA. GIR. 2/



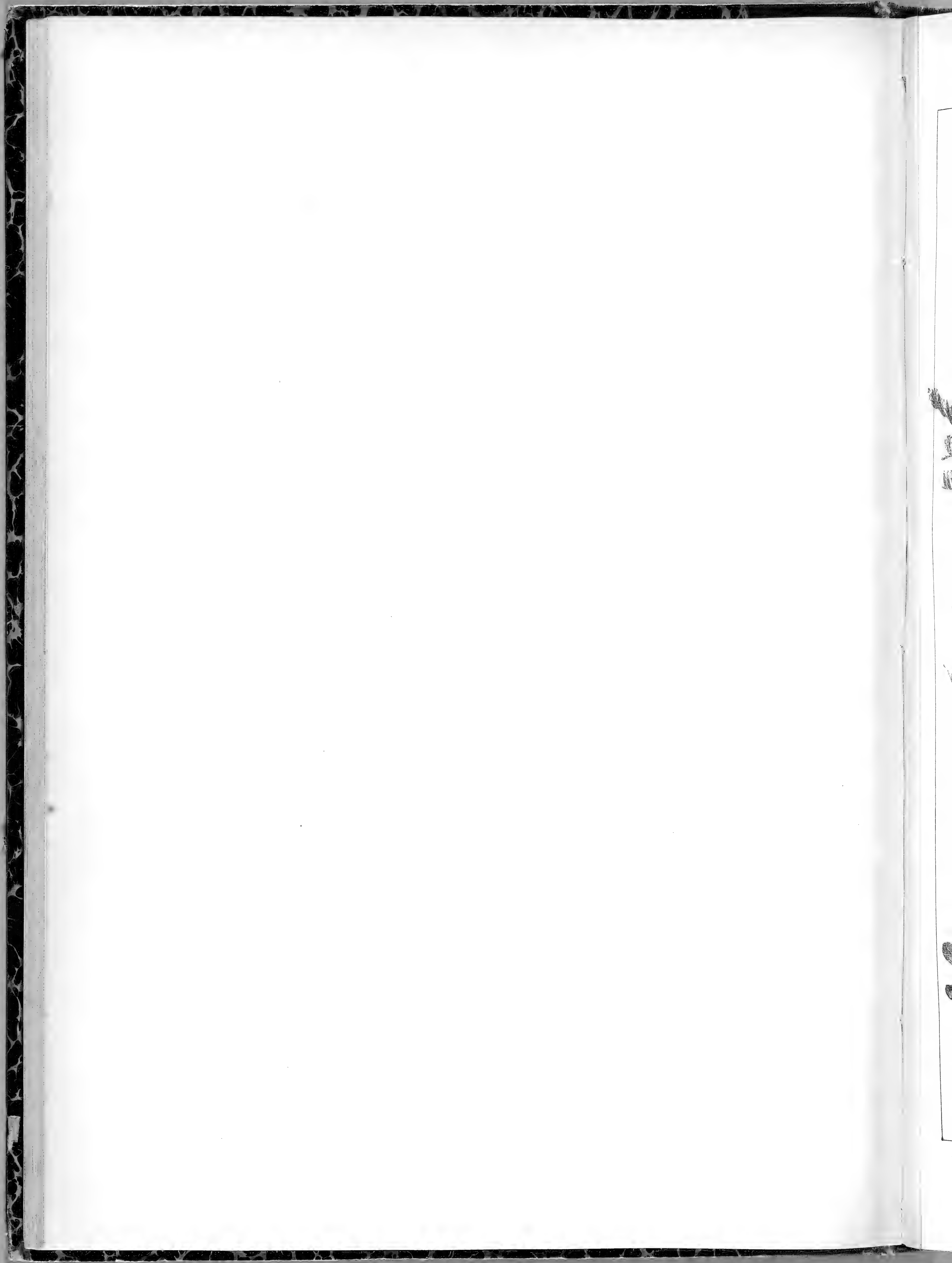


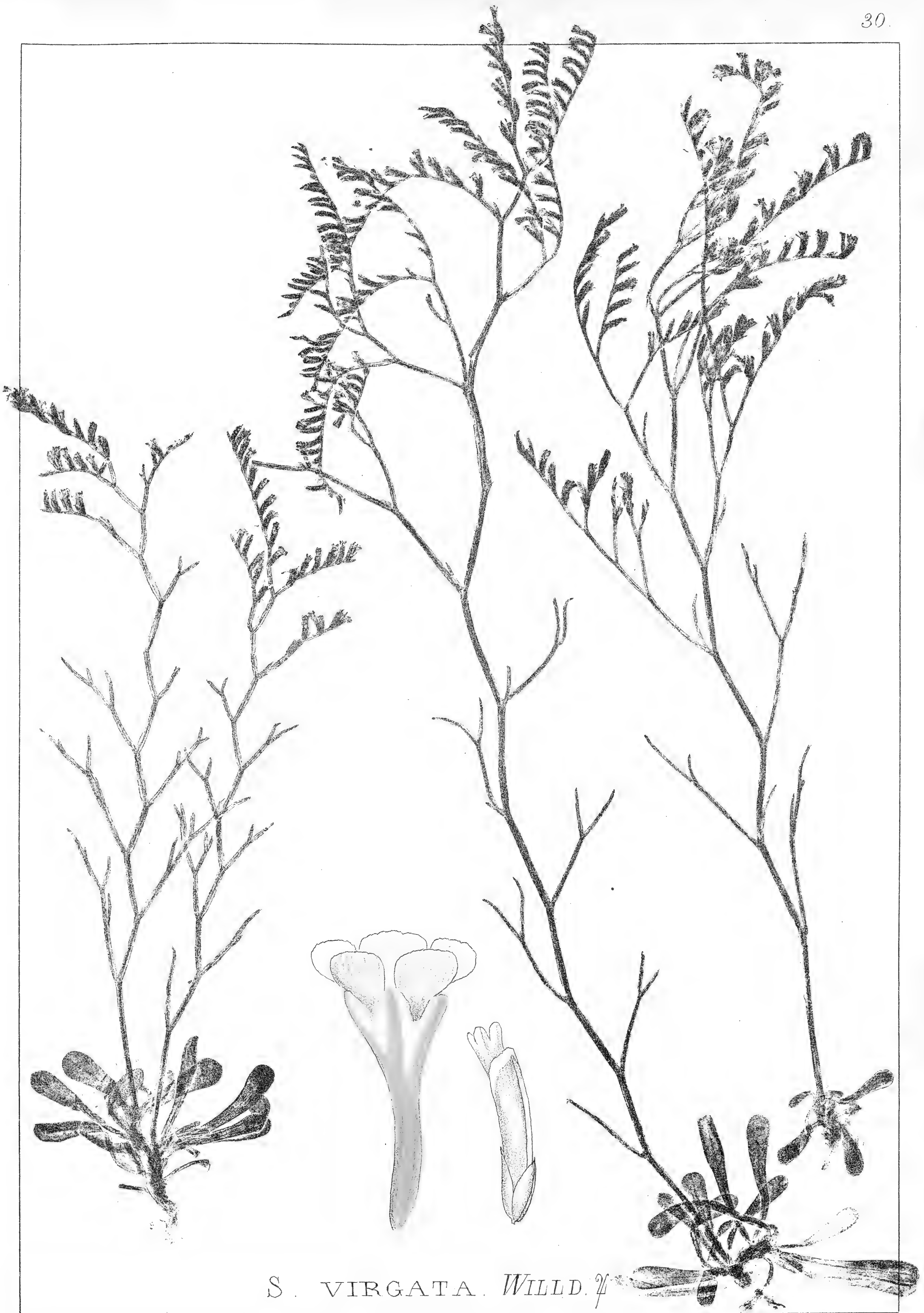
S. MINUTA. L. ♀



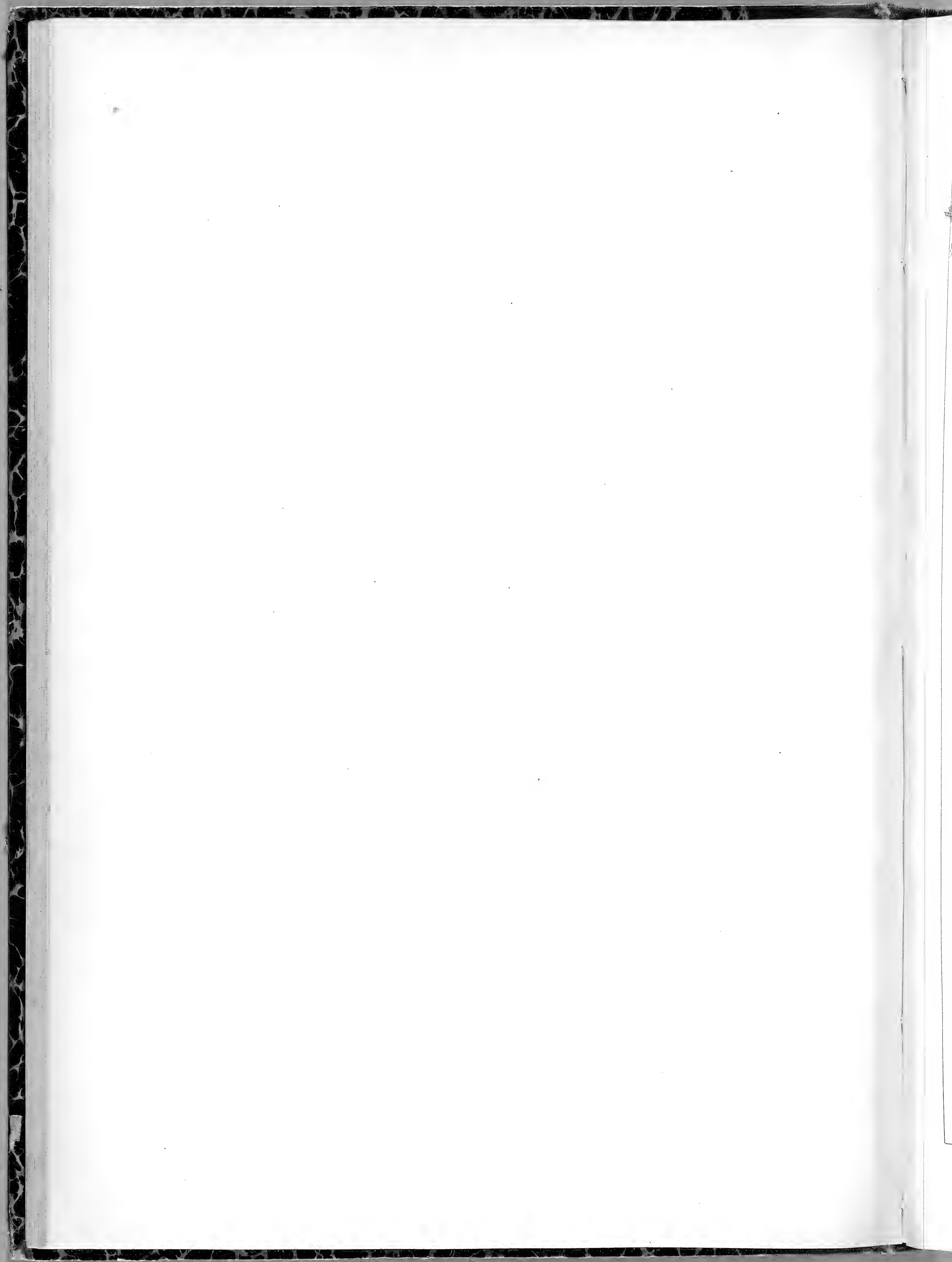


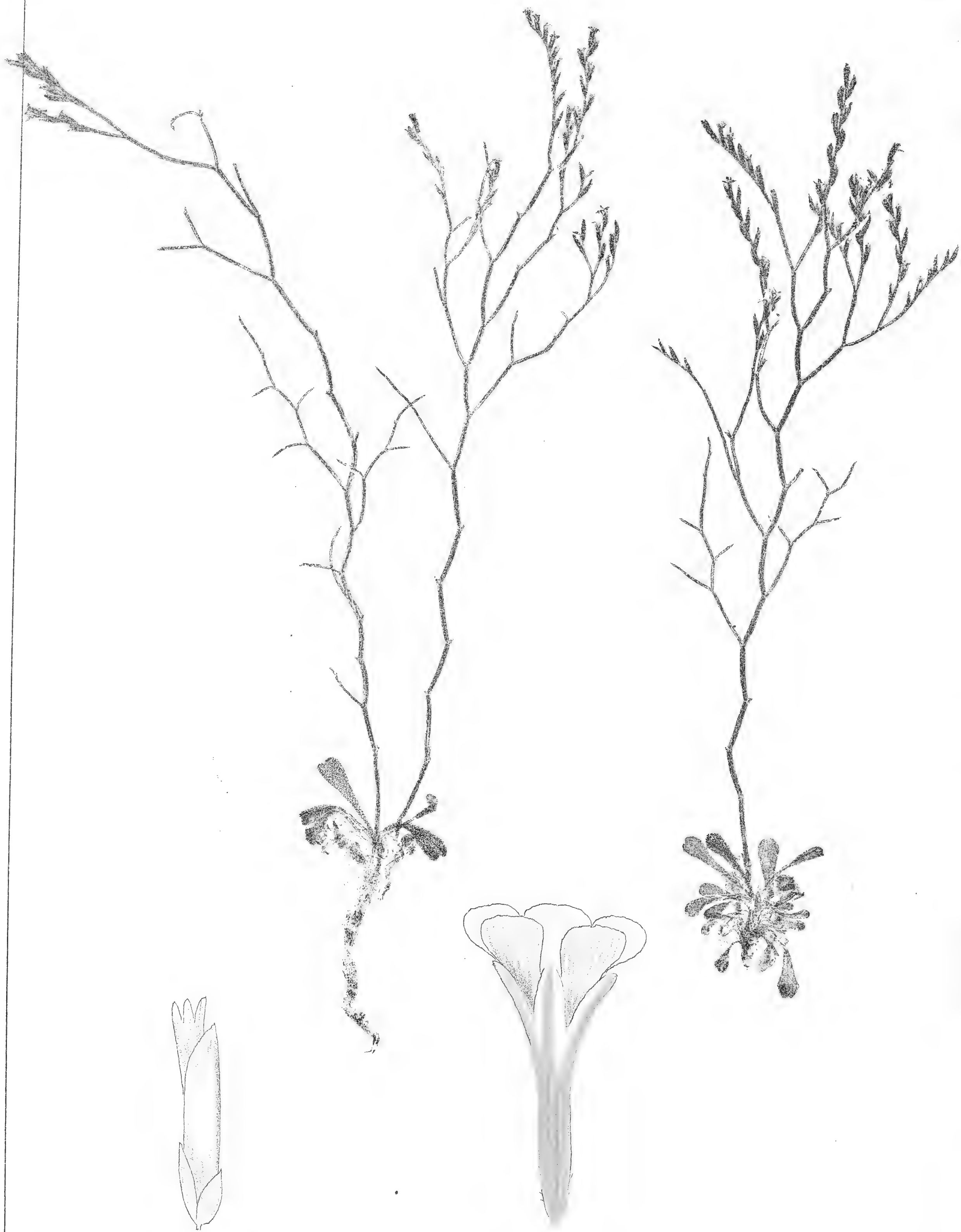
S. RUPICOLA. BAD. 7



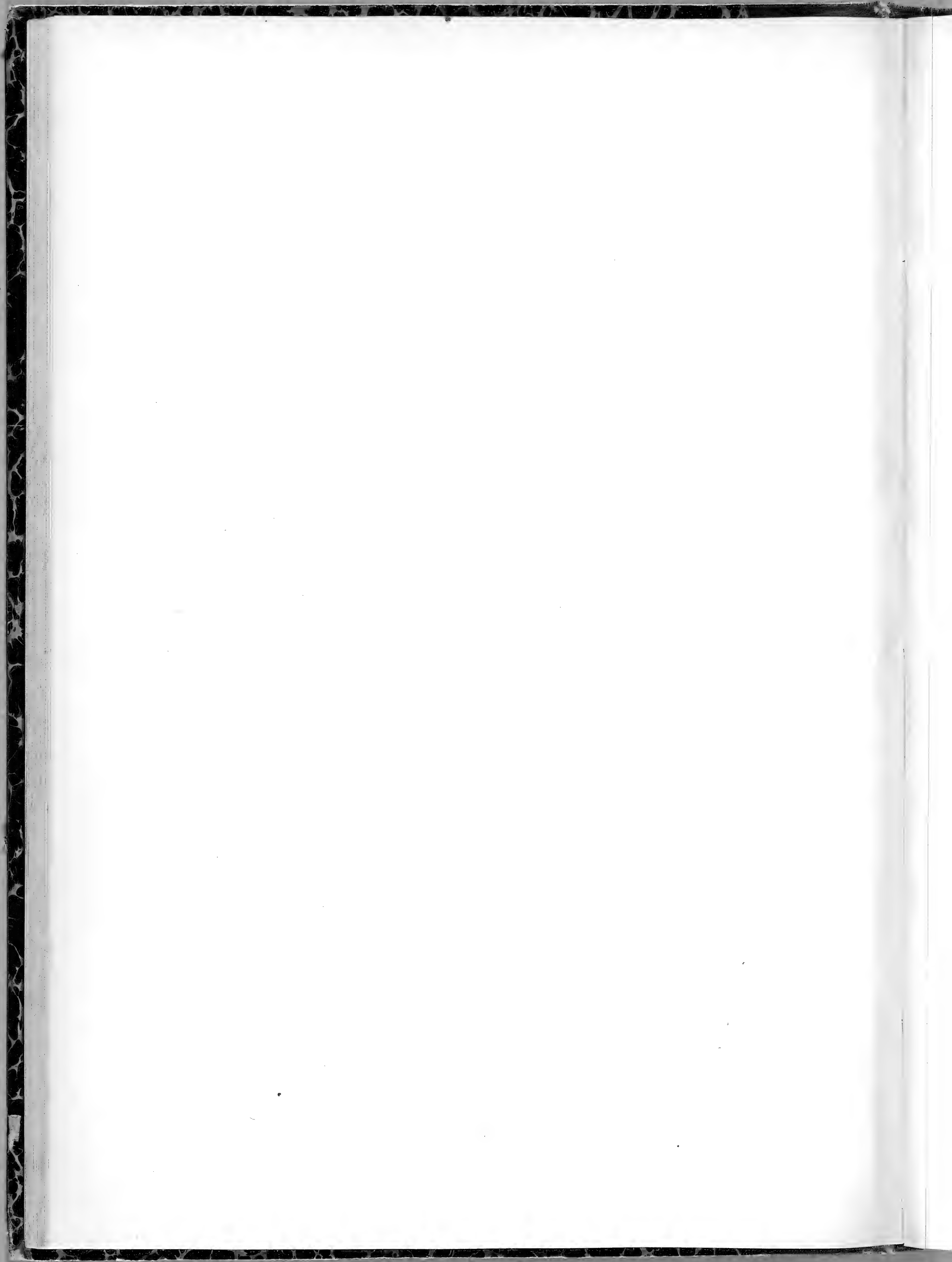


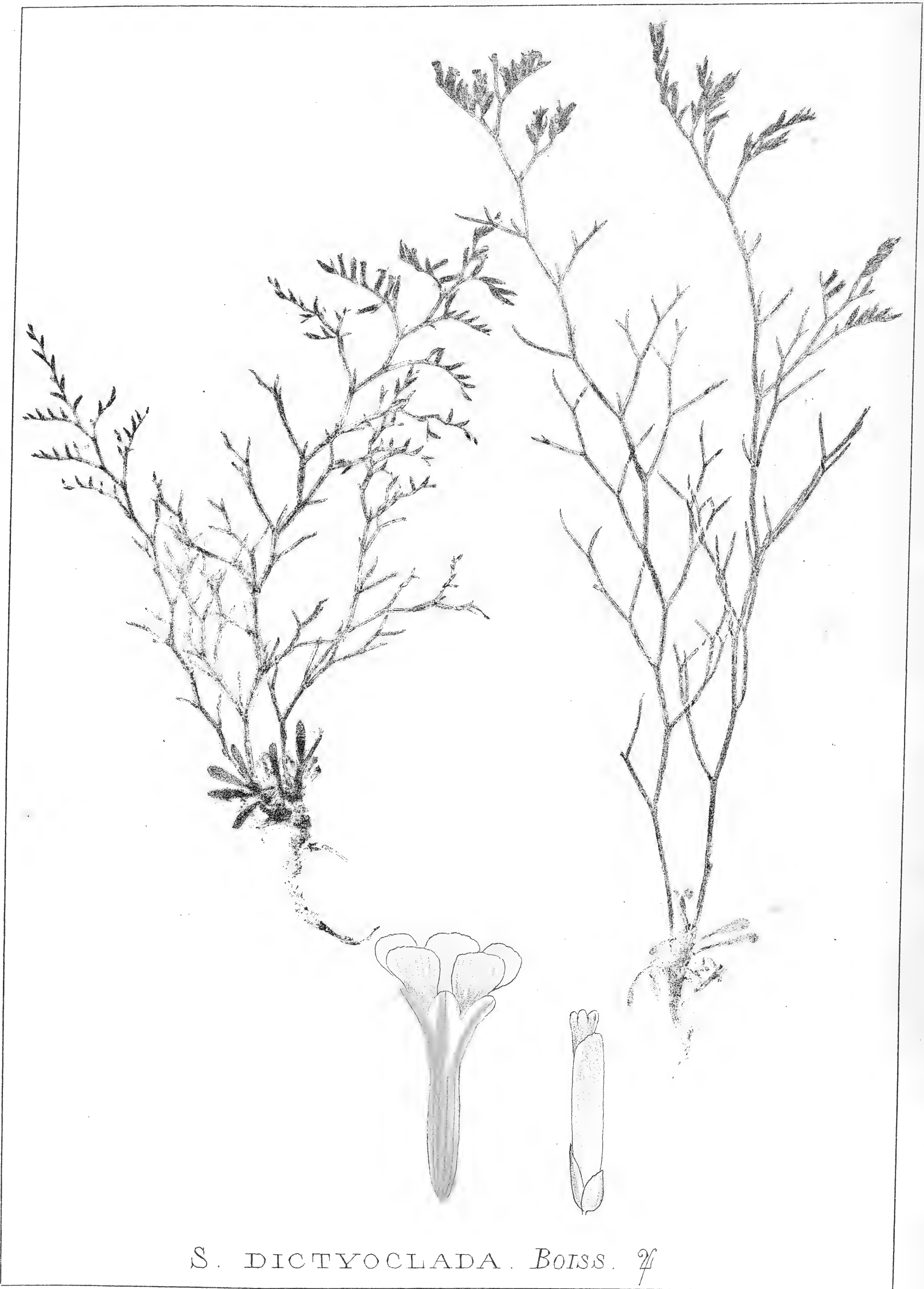
S. VIRGATA. WILLD. ♀



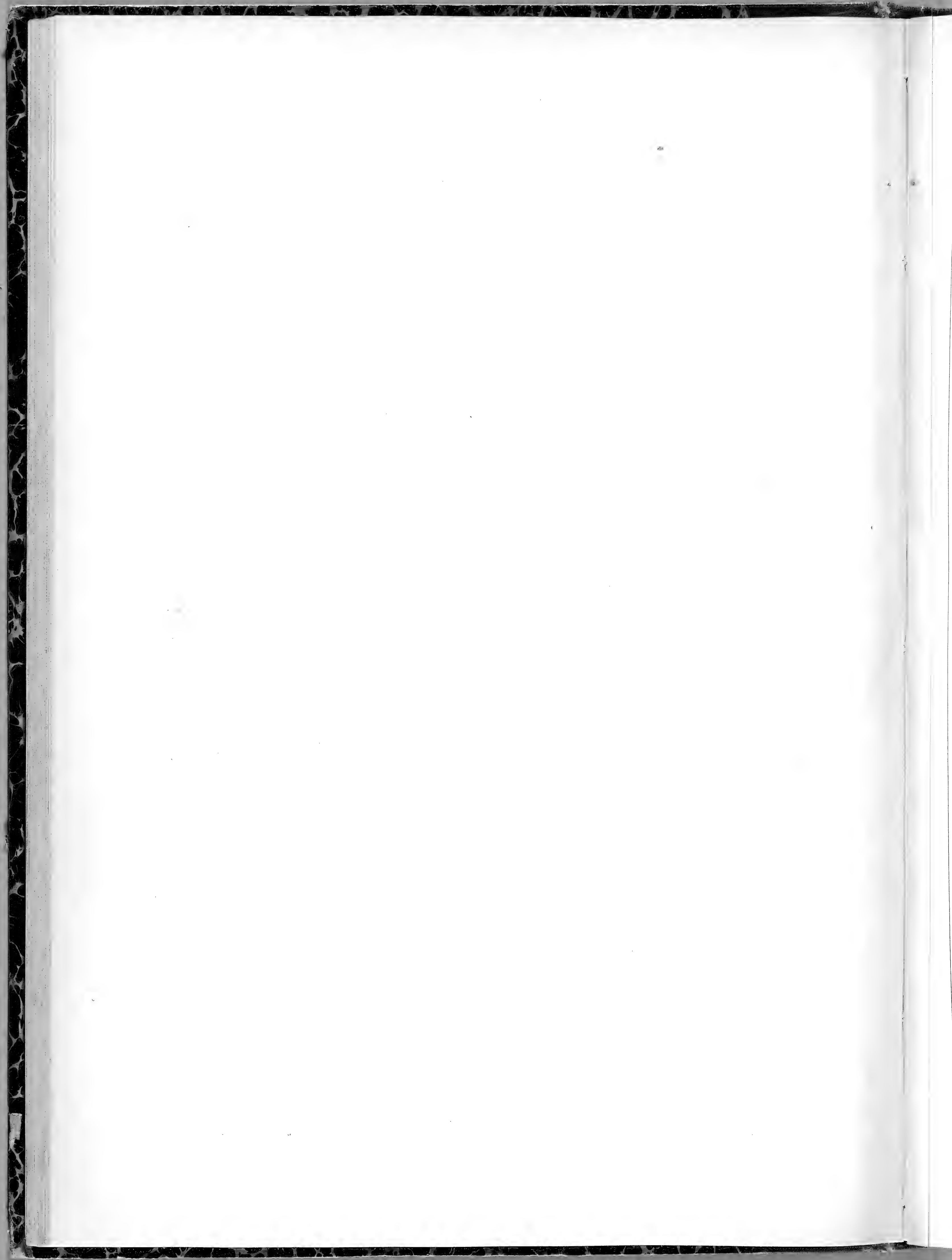


S. CORDATA. GUSS. 27



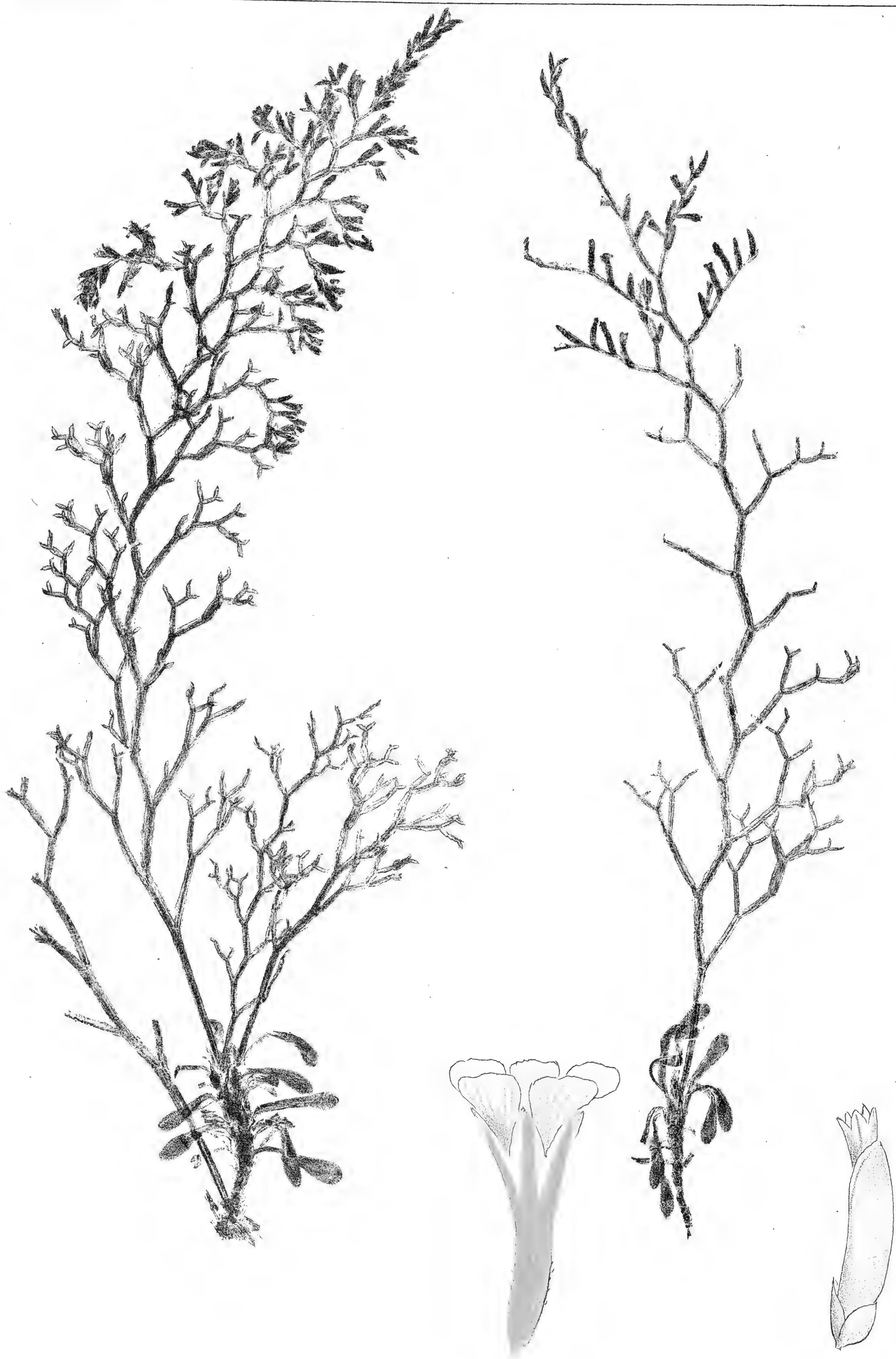


S. dictyoclada Boiss. ♀

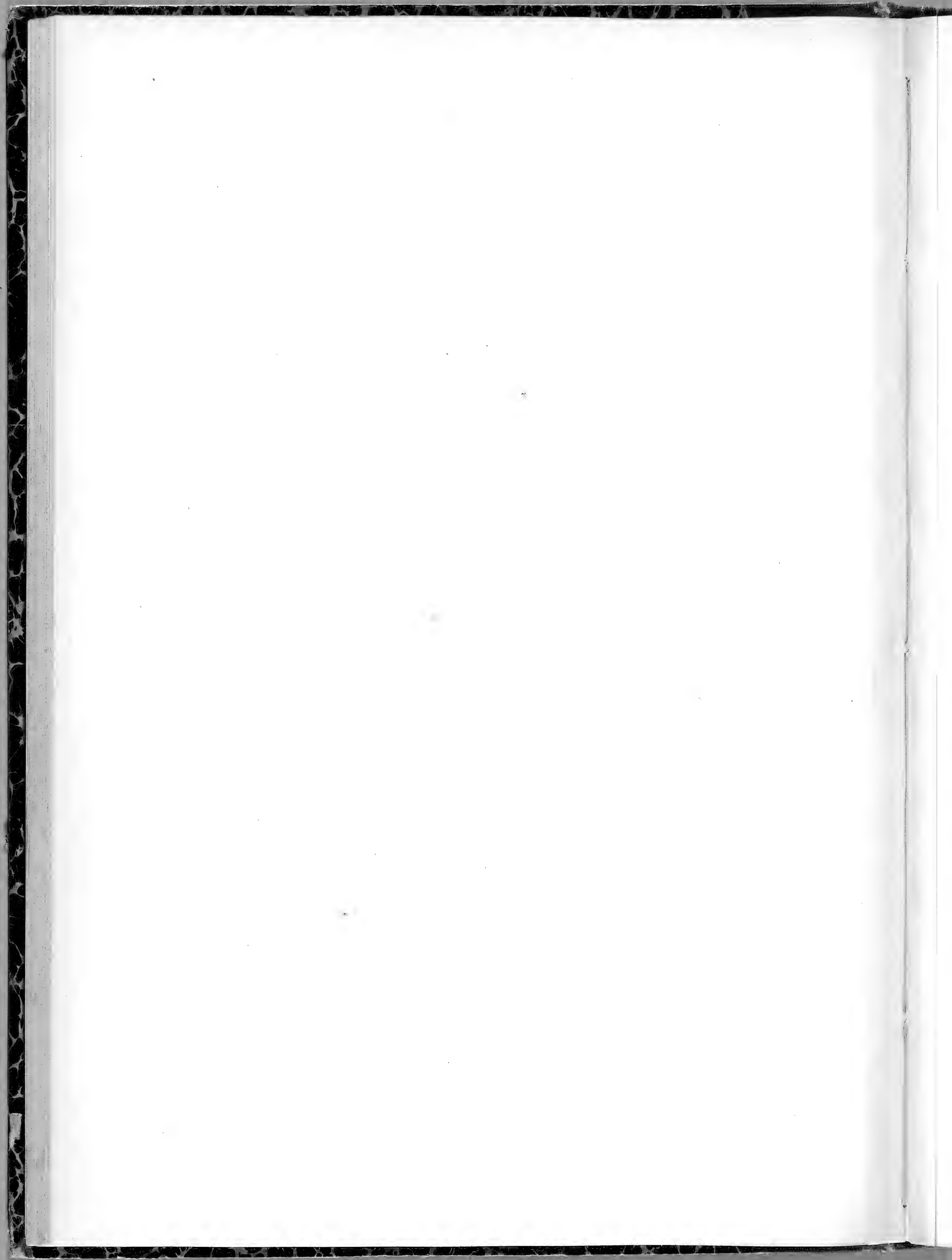


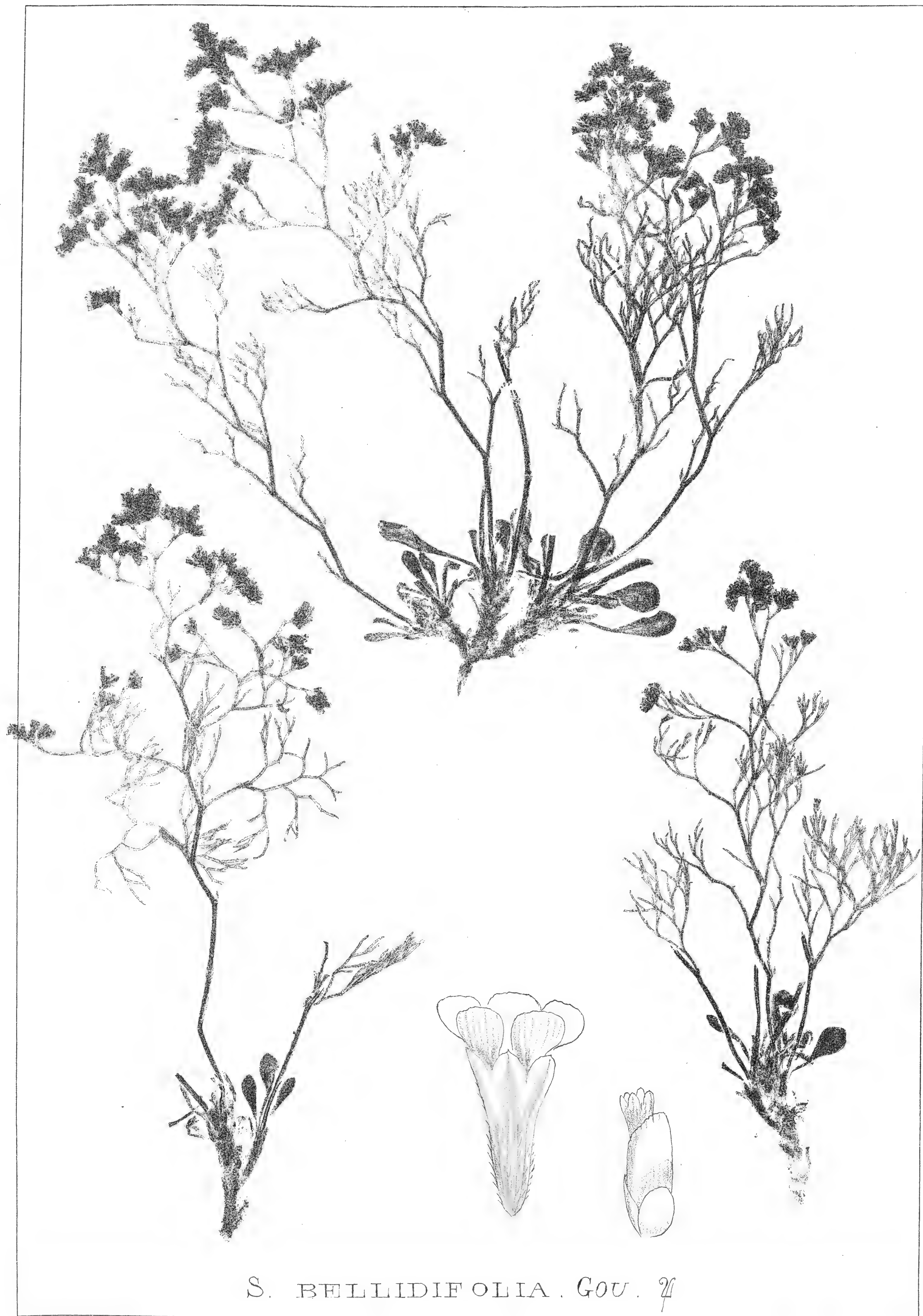




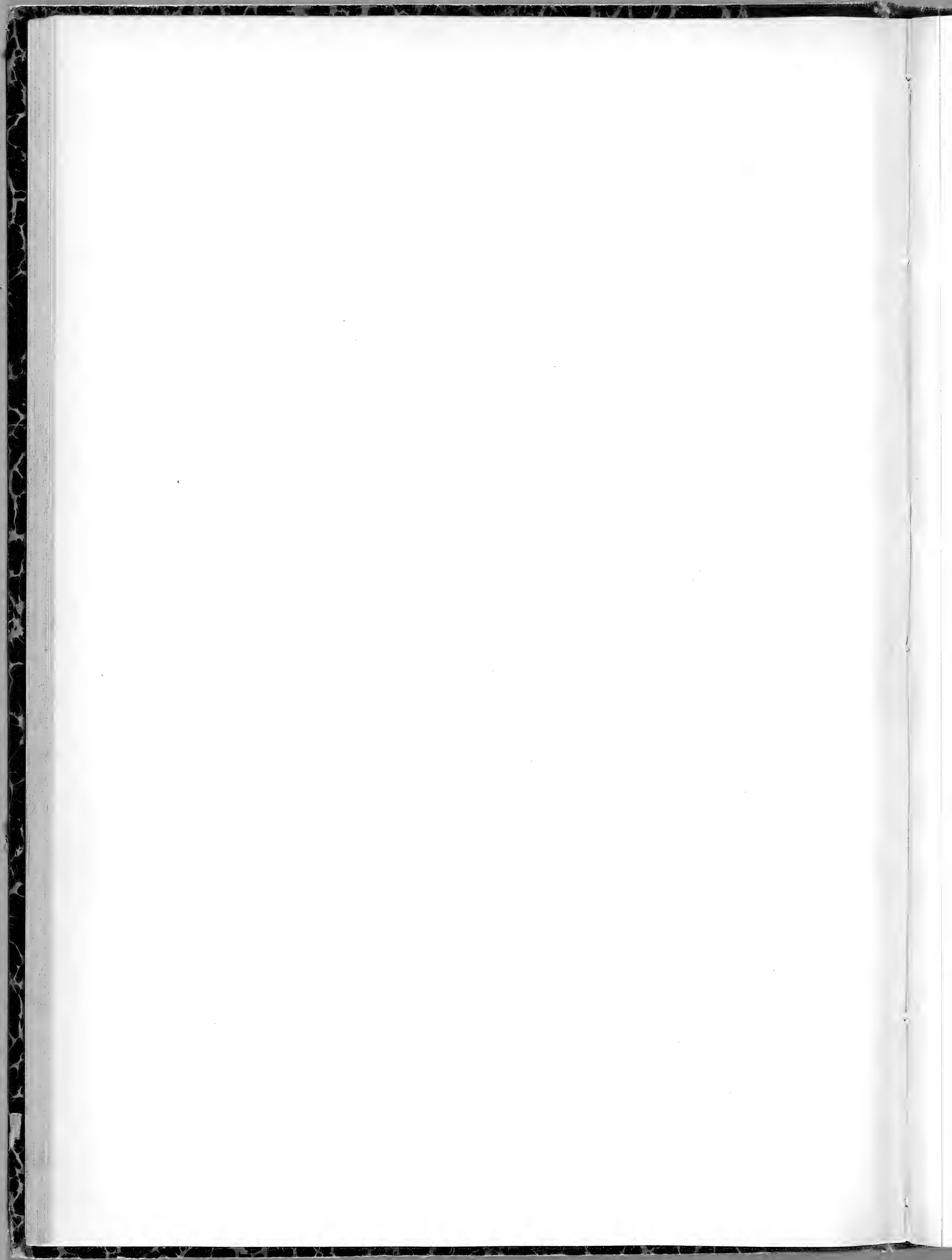


S. ARTICULATA. LOIS. 2



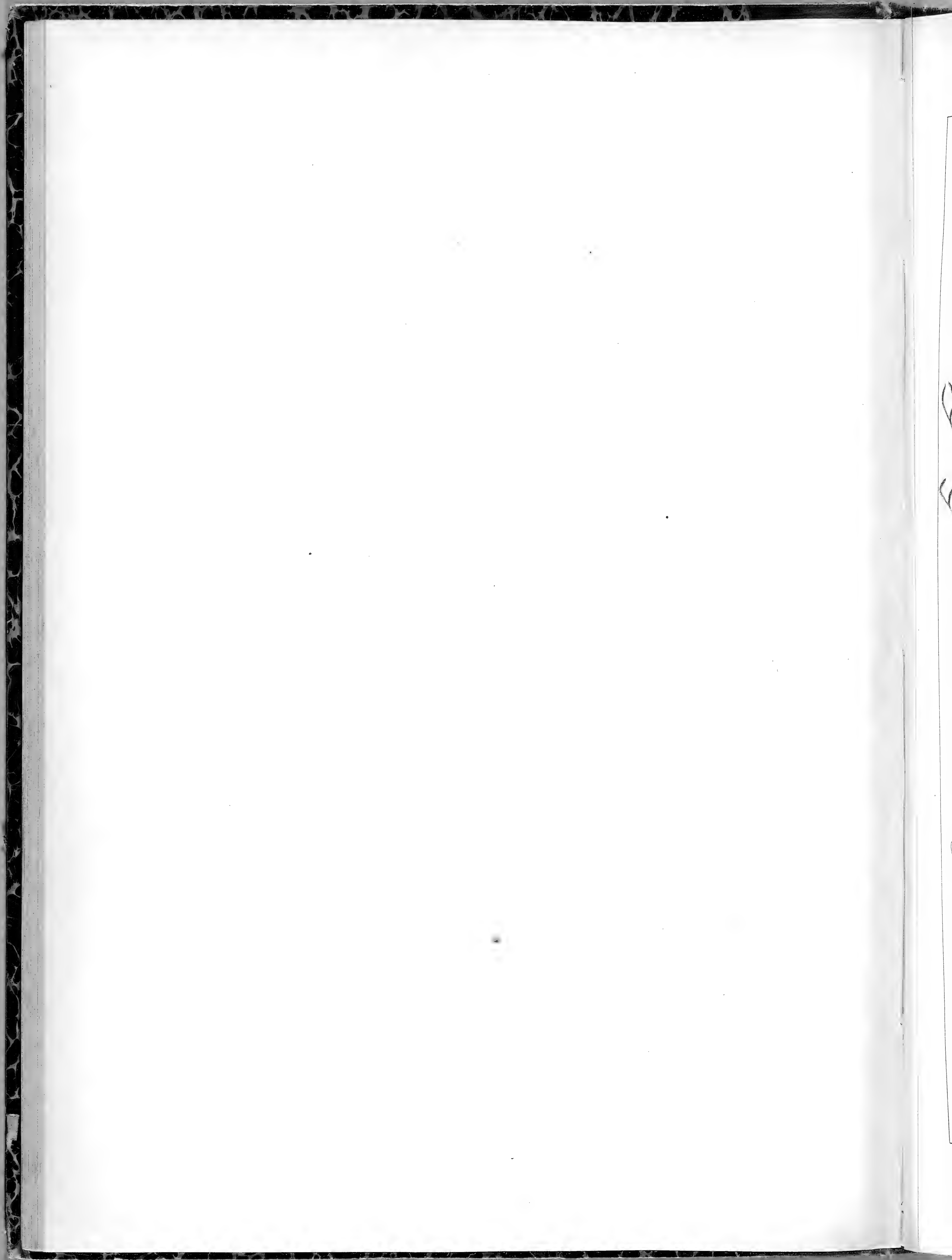


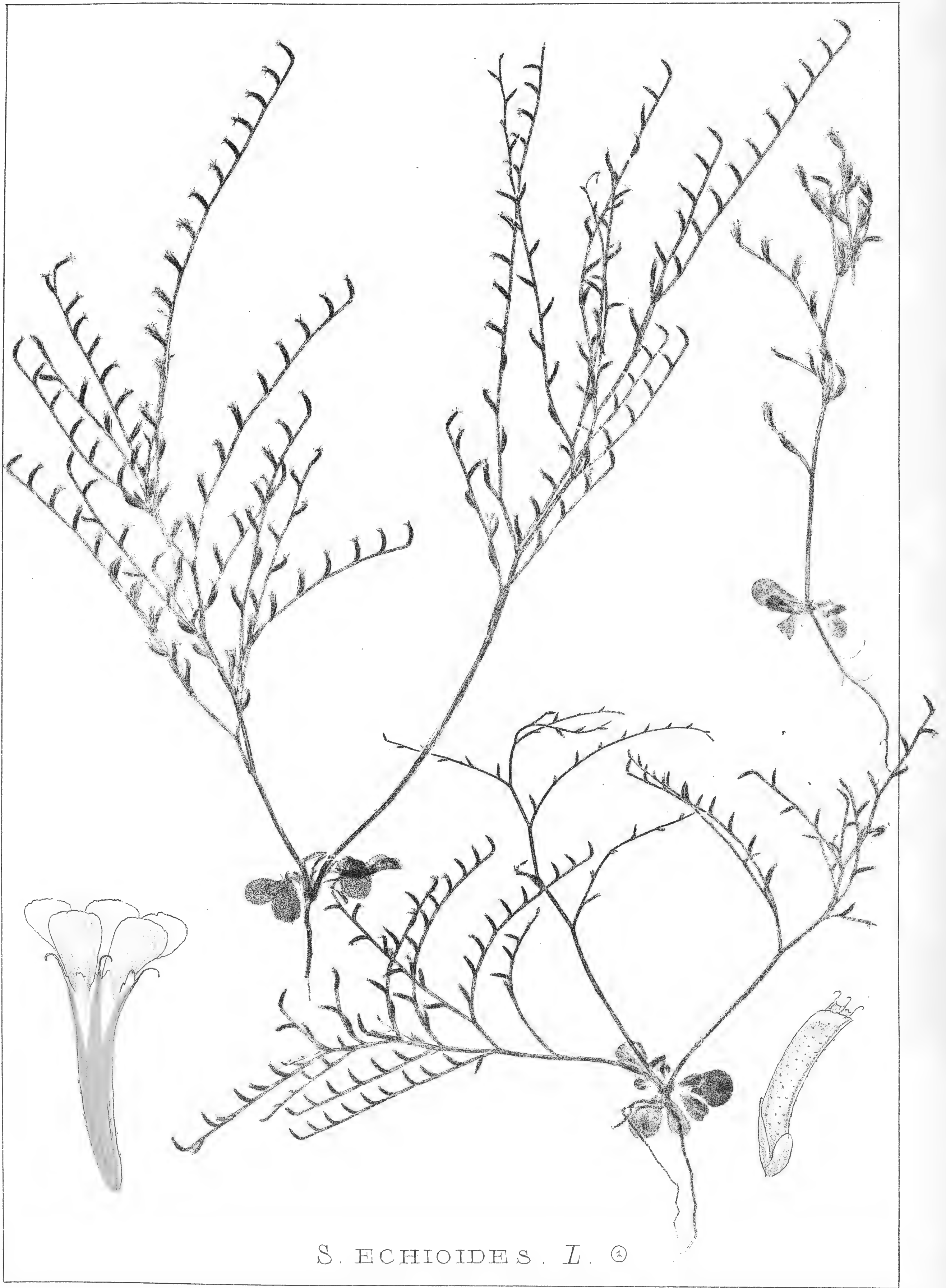
S. BELLIDIFOLIA. GOU. 24



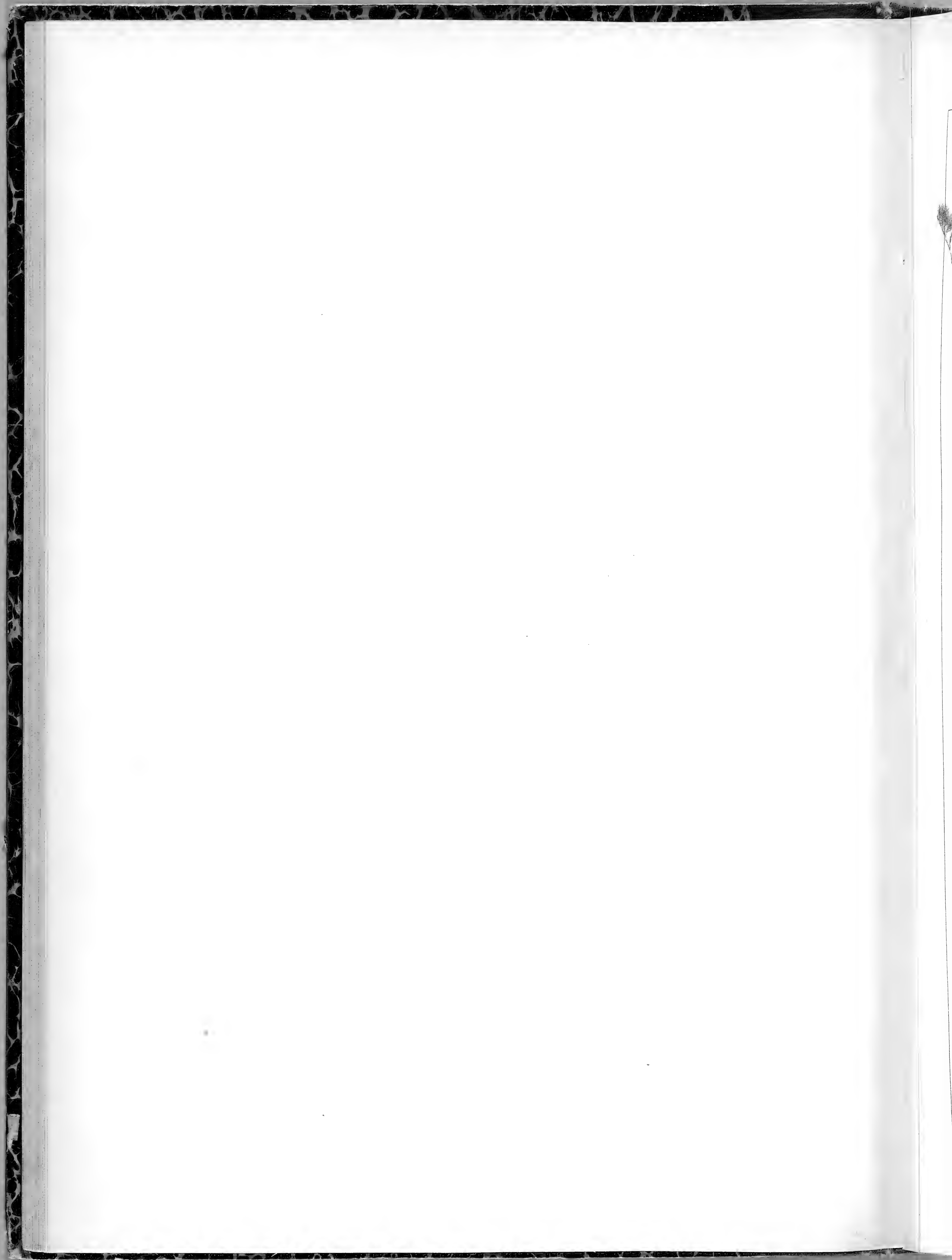


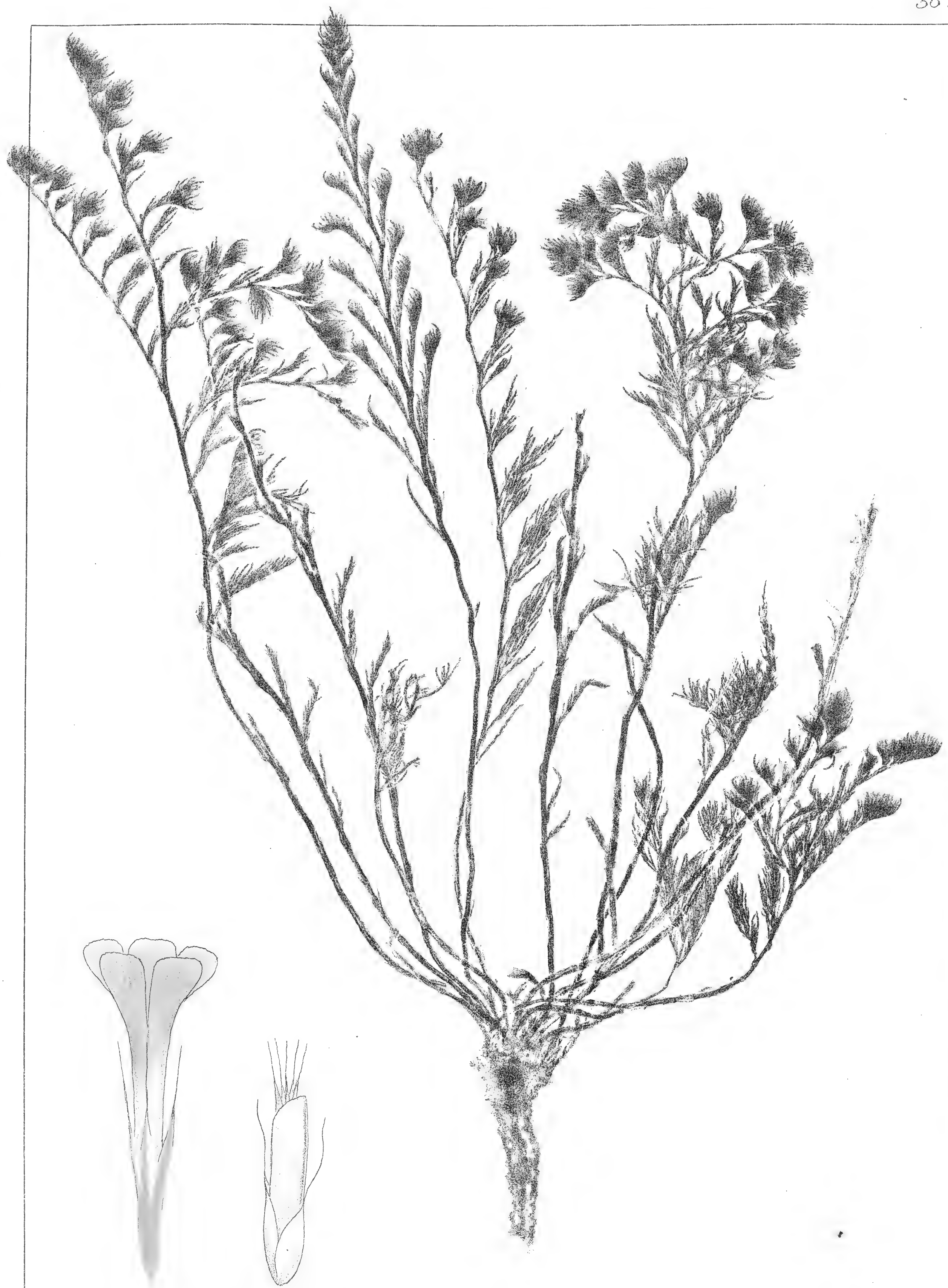
S. DUBIÆI. G. G. 2



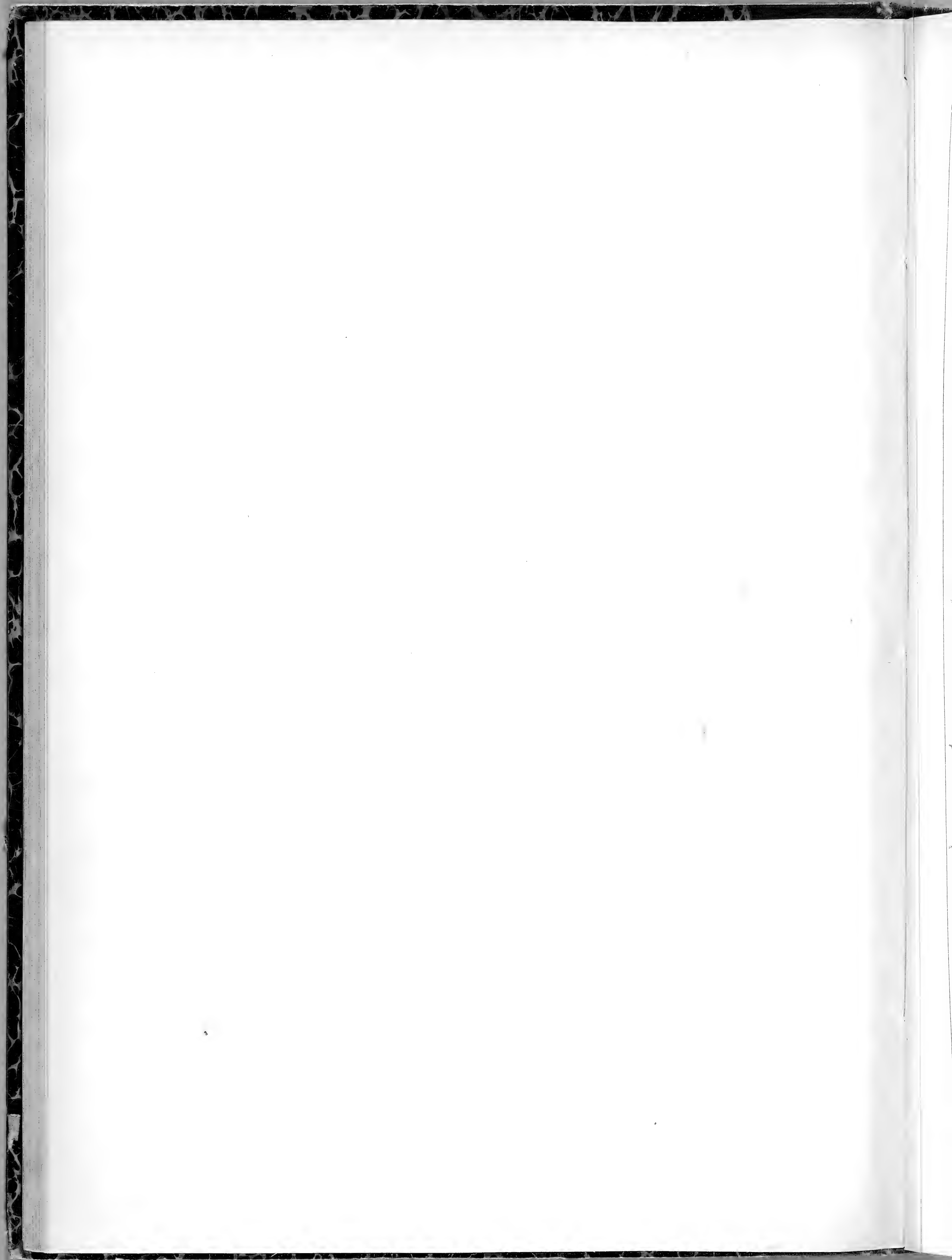


S. ECHIOIDES L. ①



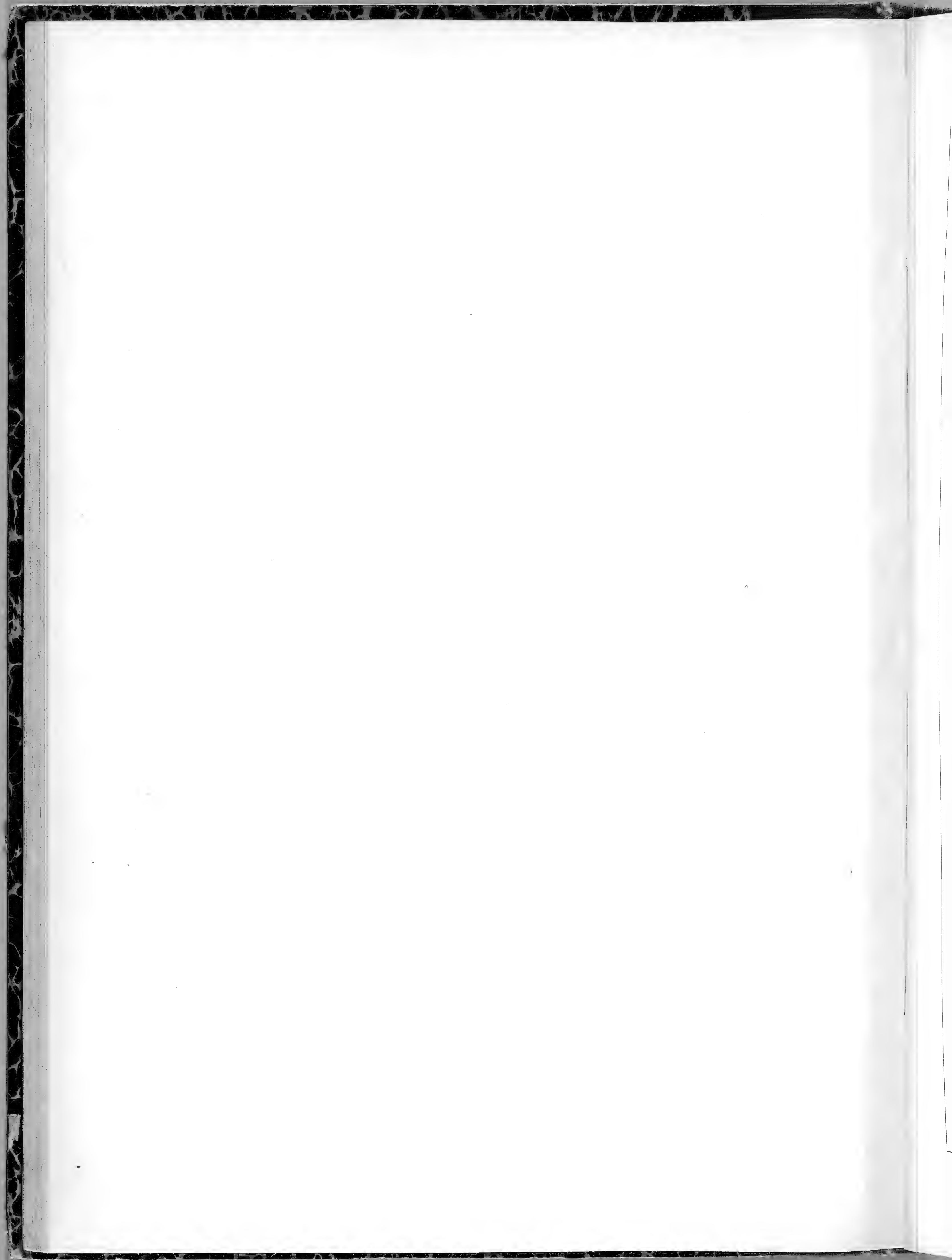


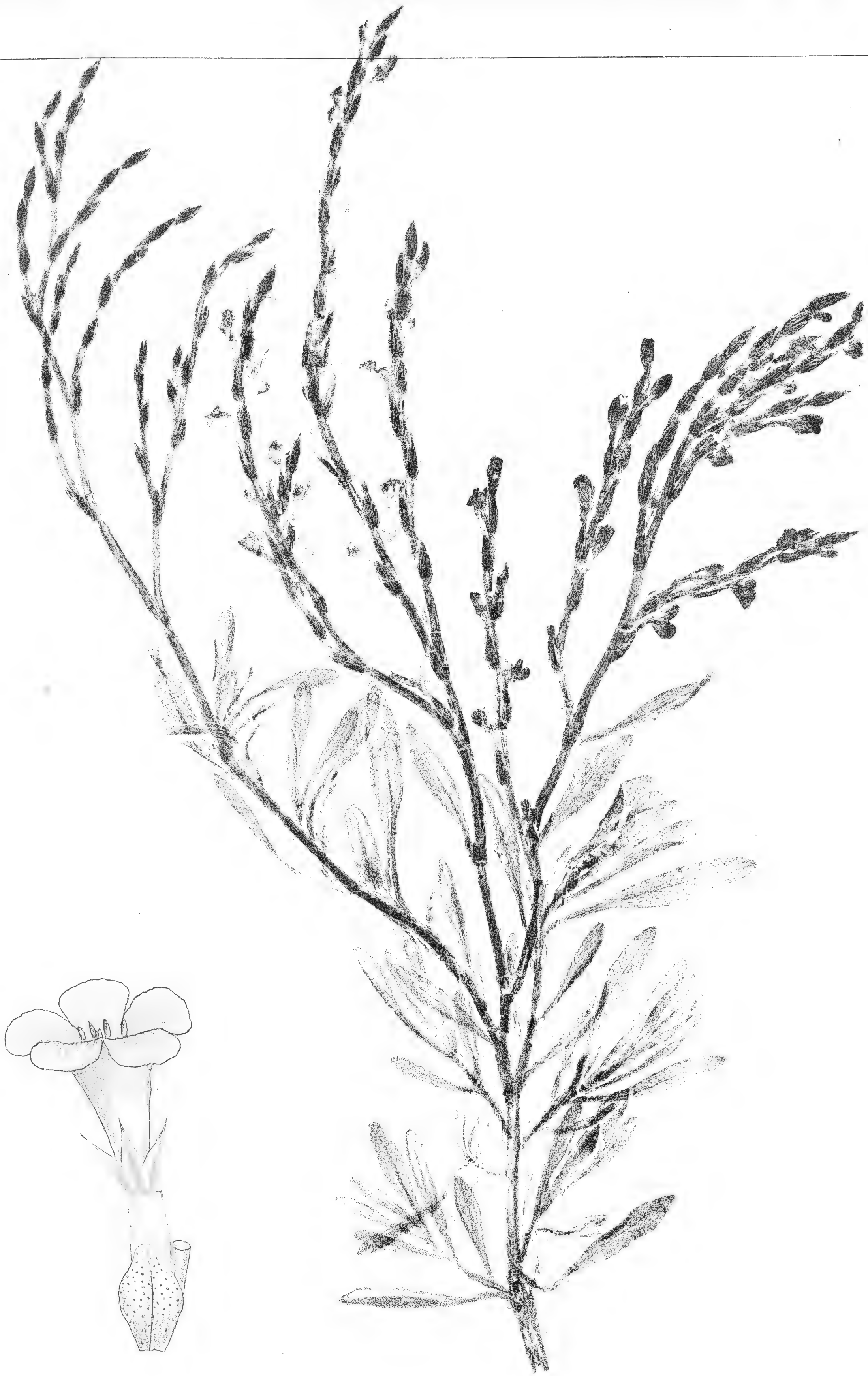
S. FERULACEA. L. ♀





S. DIFFUSA. POURR. ♀





LIMONIASTRUM MONOPETALUM. BOISS. *2*





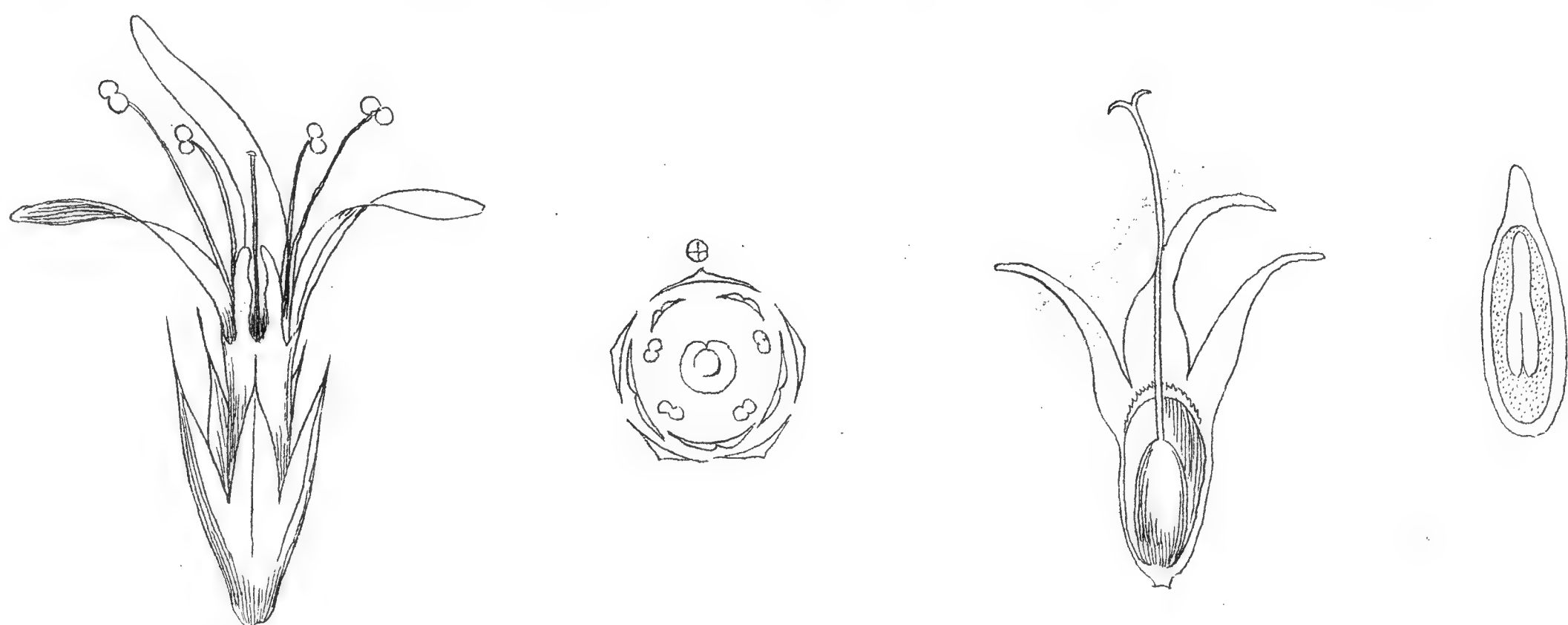
PLUMBAGO EUROPEA. L. 2

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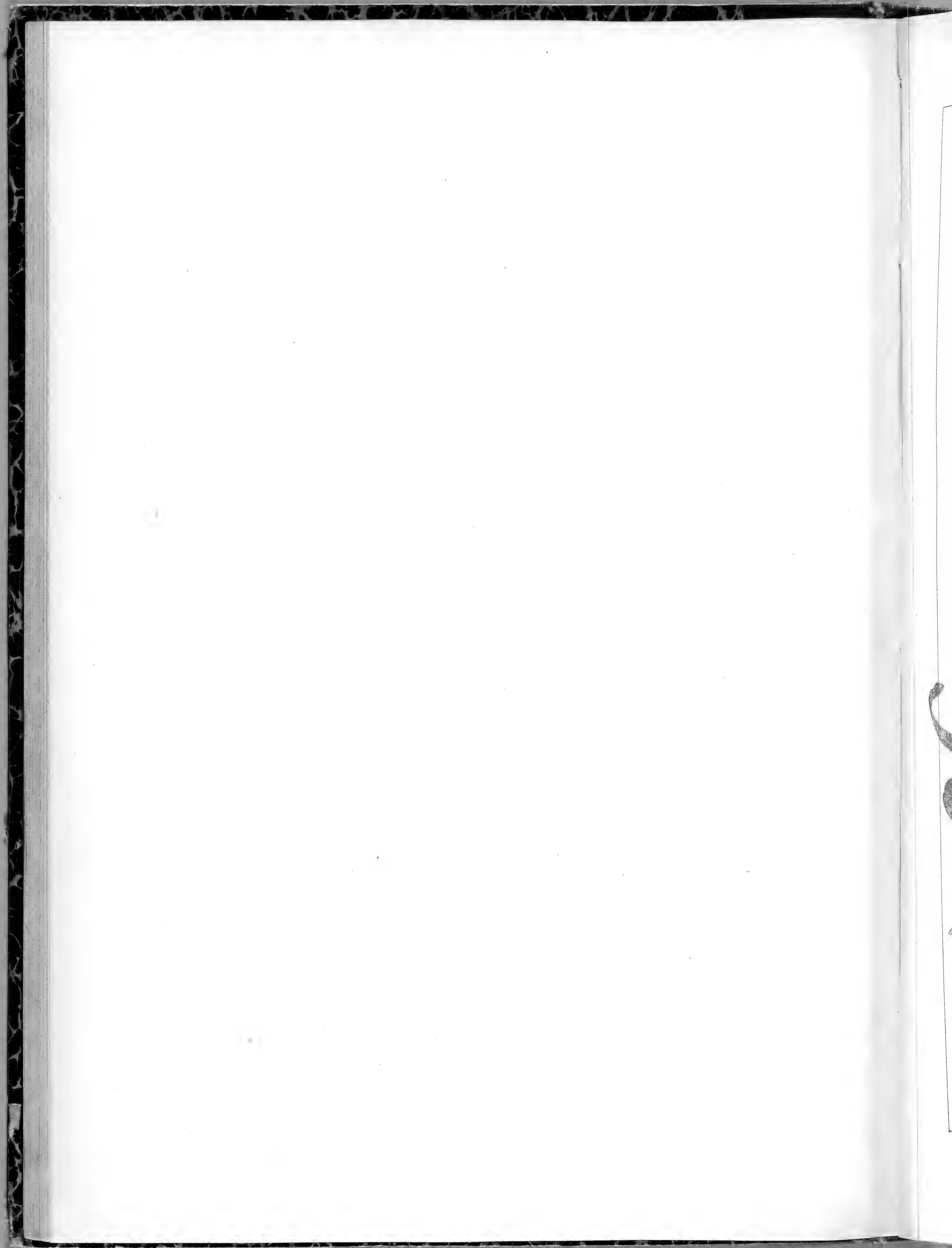
96° Famille. — GLOBULARIÉES.

Fleurs hermaphrodites, irrégulières, en capitules serrés. Calice gamosépale, à tube fermé par des poils, à limbe à 5 divisions inégales. Corolle gamopétale, hypogyne, à limbe bilabié, à 5 divisions. Étamines réduites à 4 par l'avortement de la supérieure, adhérentes au sommet du tube, à anthère bilobée et s'ouvrant par une fente unique. Ovaire libre, devenant un akène. Graine réfléchie, à embryon droit dans un albumen charnu.



GENRE UNIQUE. — *Globularia*. L.

<i>G. vulgaris</i> L.....	pl. 1.		<i>G. cordifolia</i> L.....	pl. 3, 4.
<i>G. nudicaulis</i> L.....	2.		<i>G. Alypum</i> L.....	5.



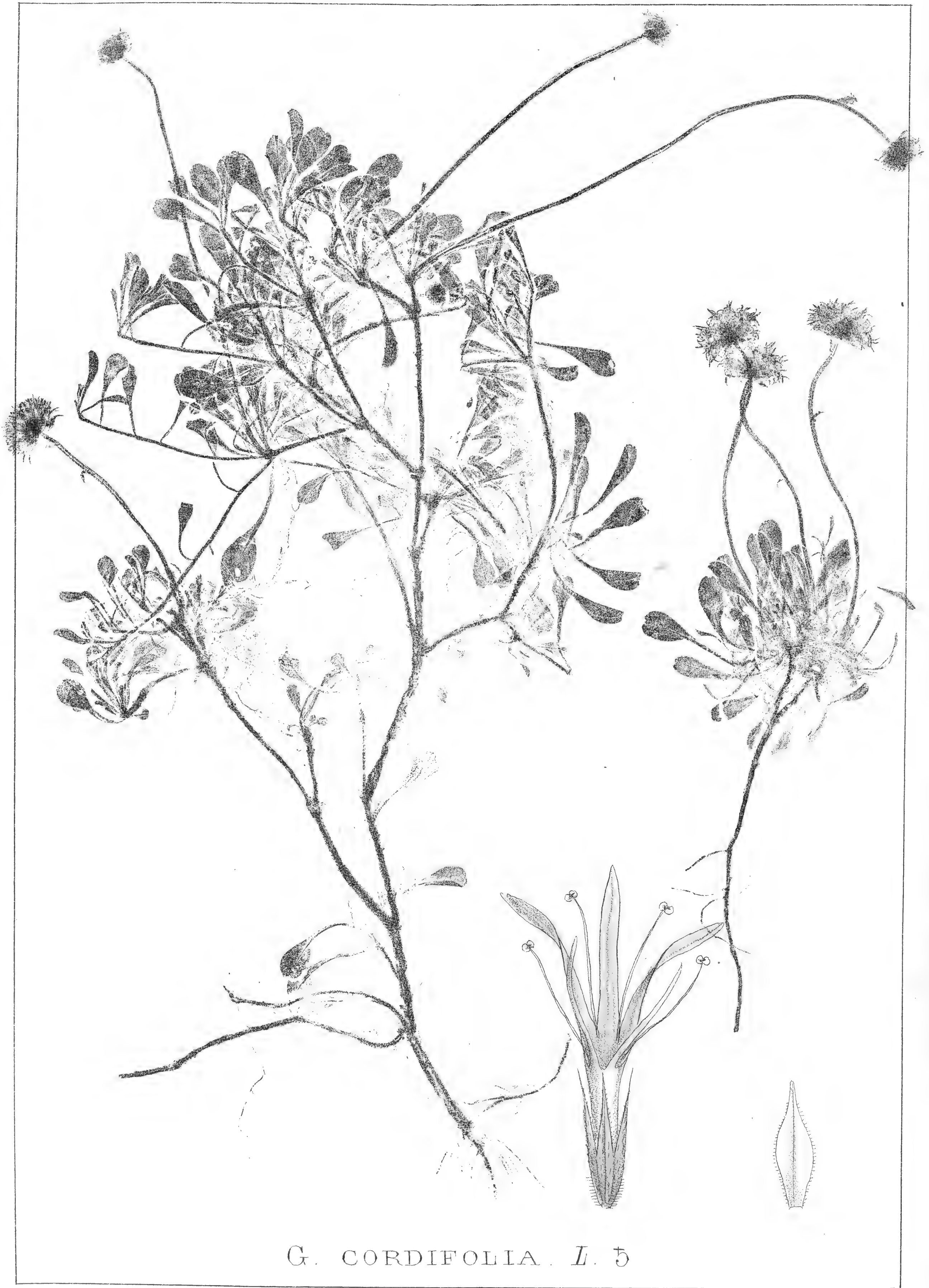


GLOBULARIA VULGARIS . L. 2



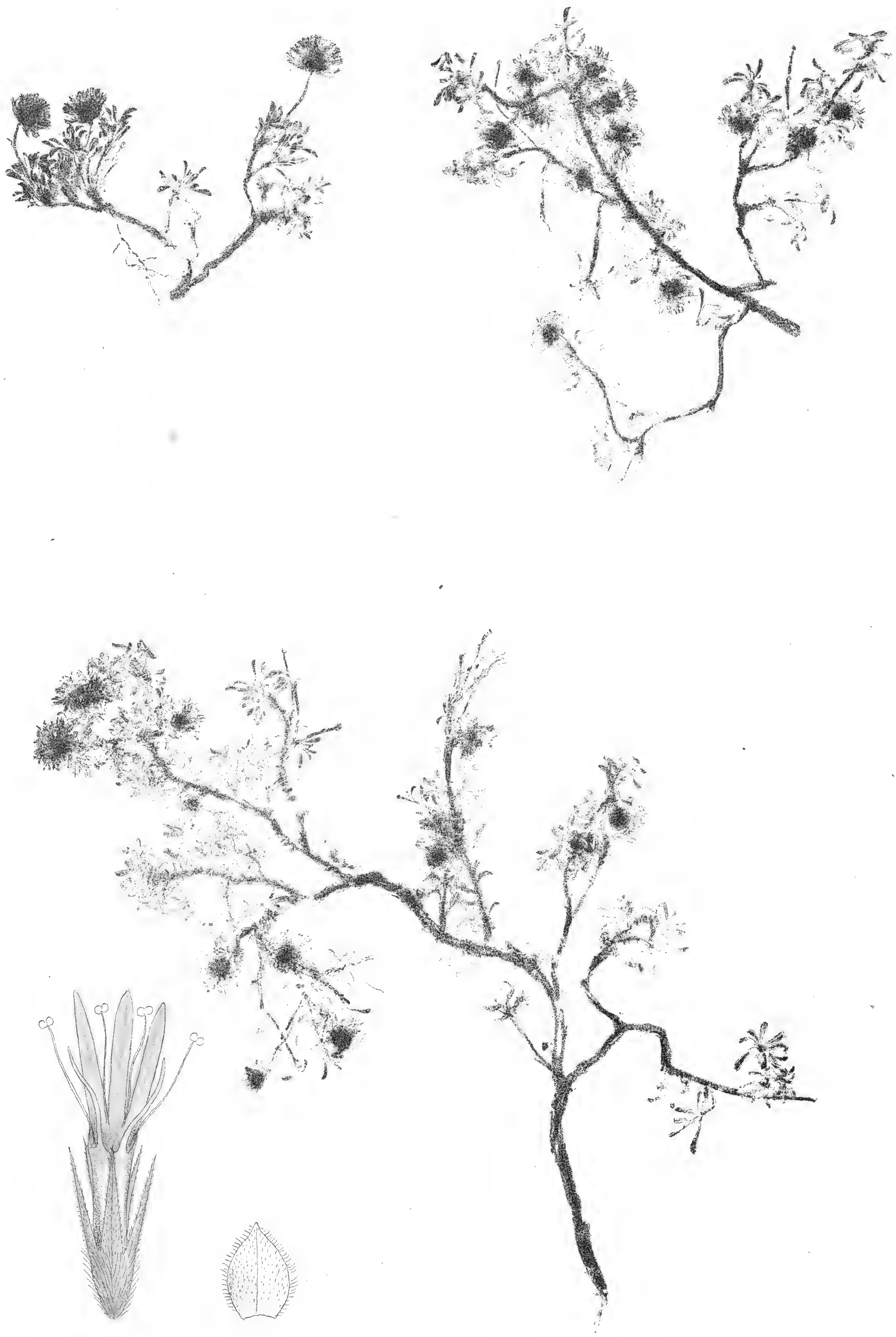




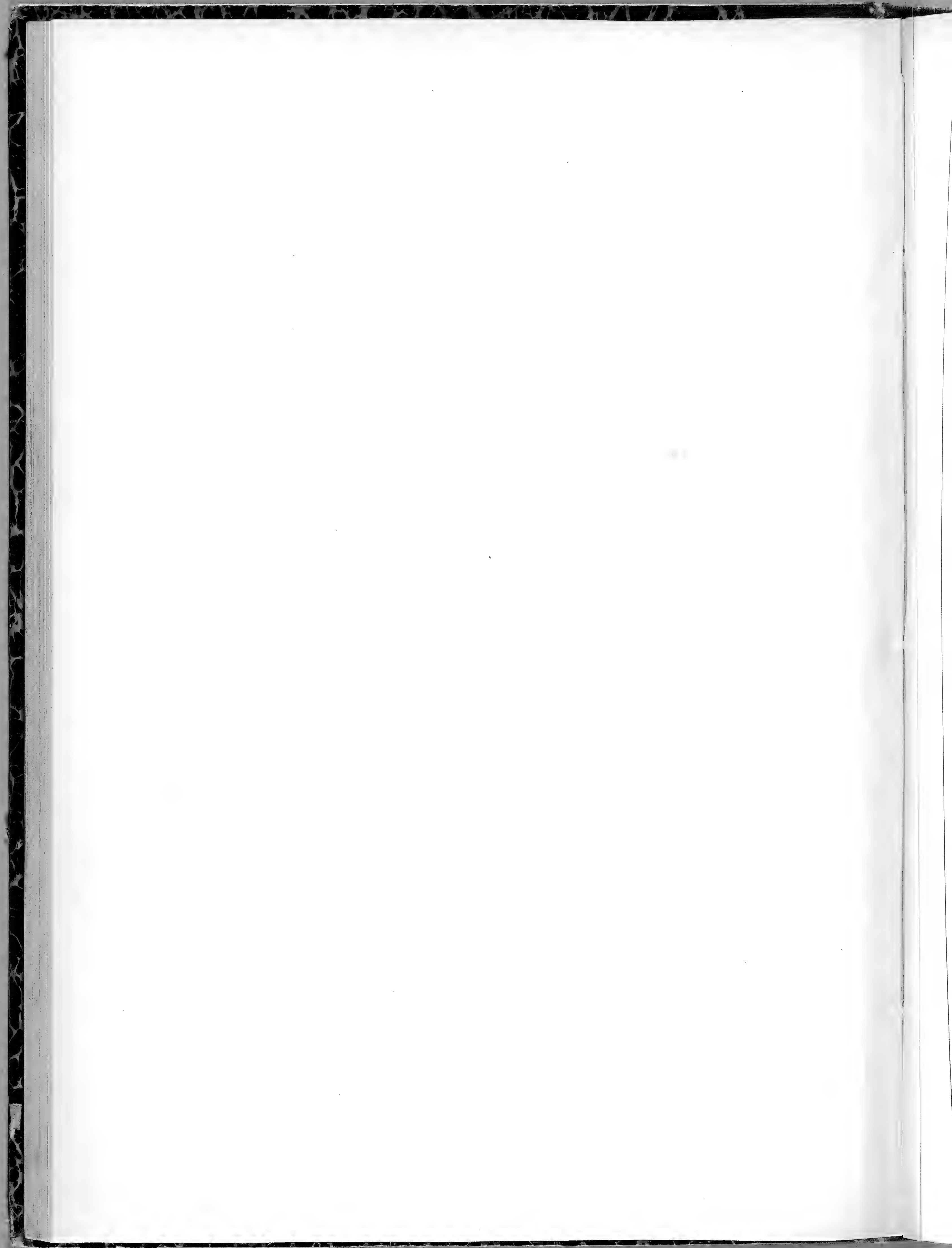


G. CORDIFOLIA L. 5

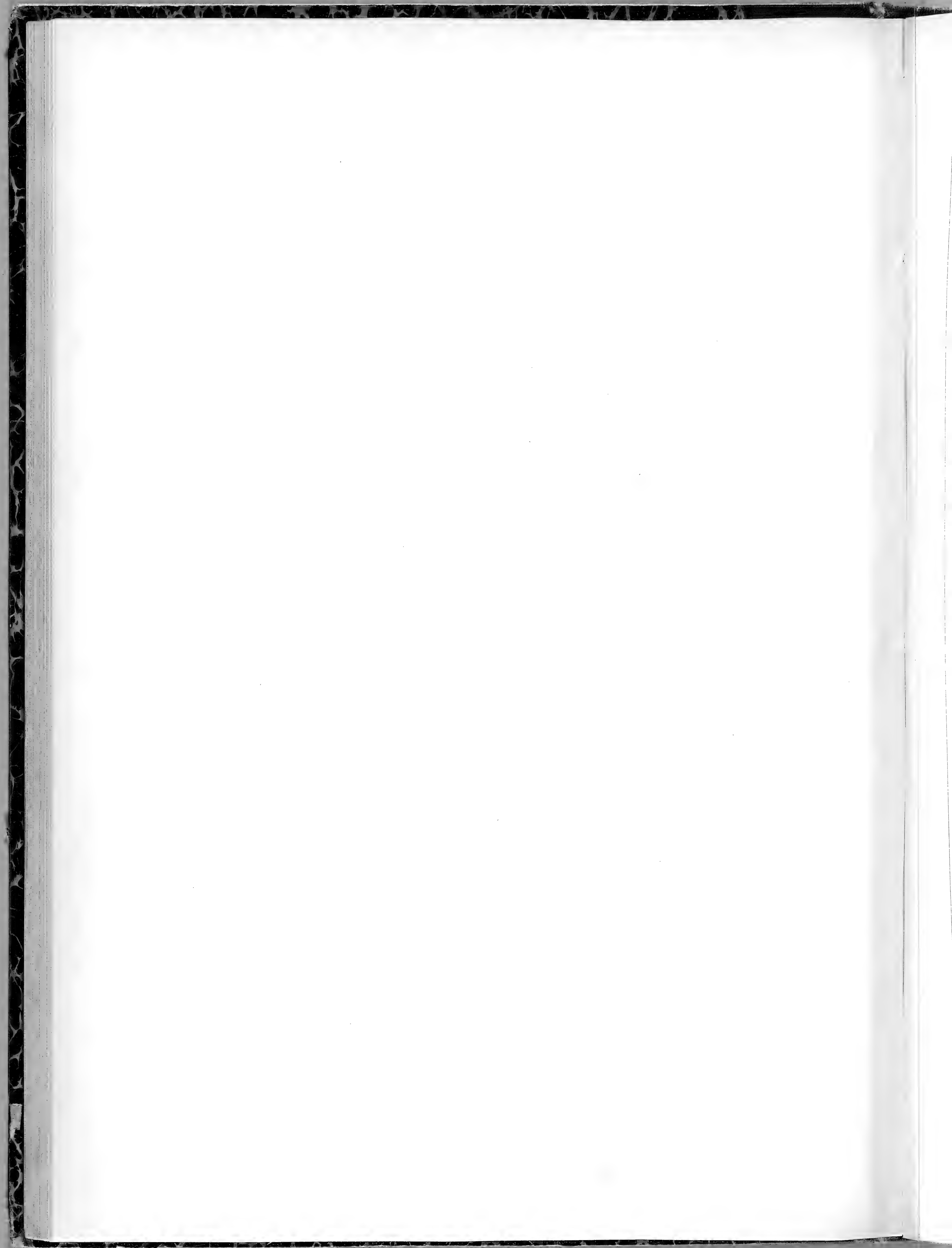




G. NANA . LAMK. ♂

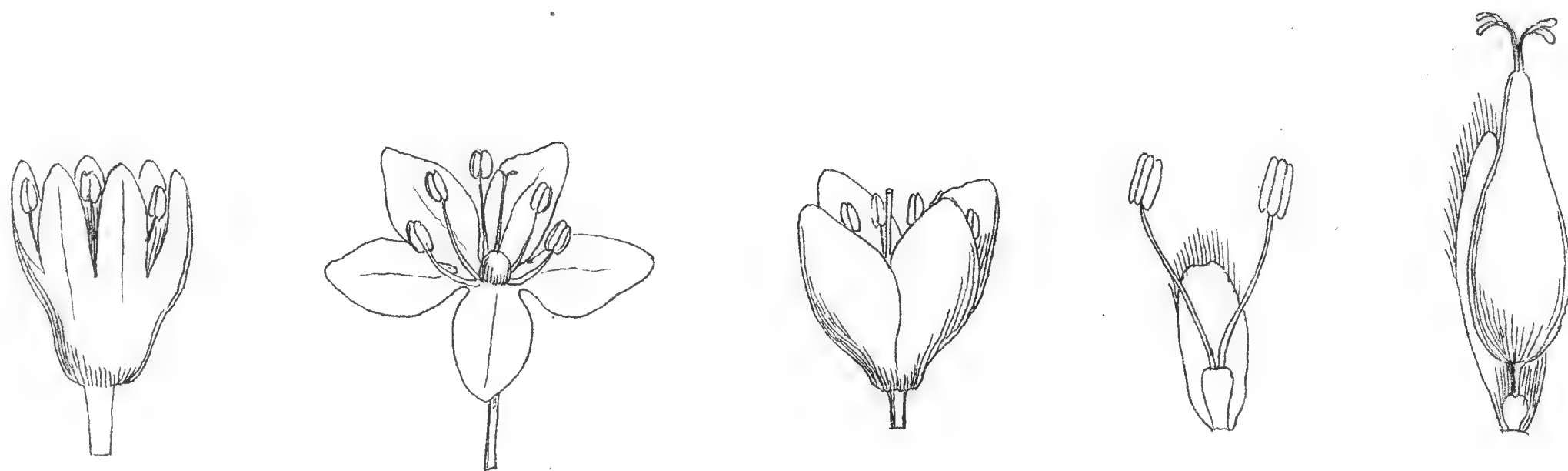






Classe 4°. — MONOCHLAMYDÉES.

Plantes à périanthe nul, rudimentaire, ou sur un seul rang (rarement sur deux rangs), généralement herbacé, libre ou adhérent à l'ovaire.



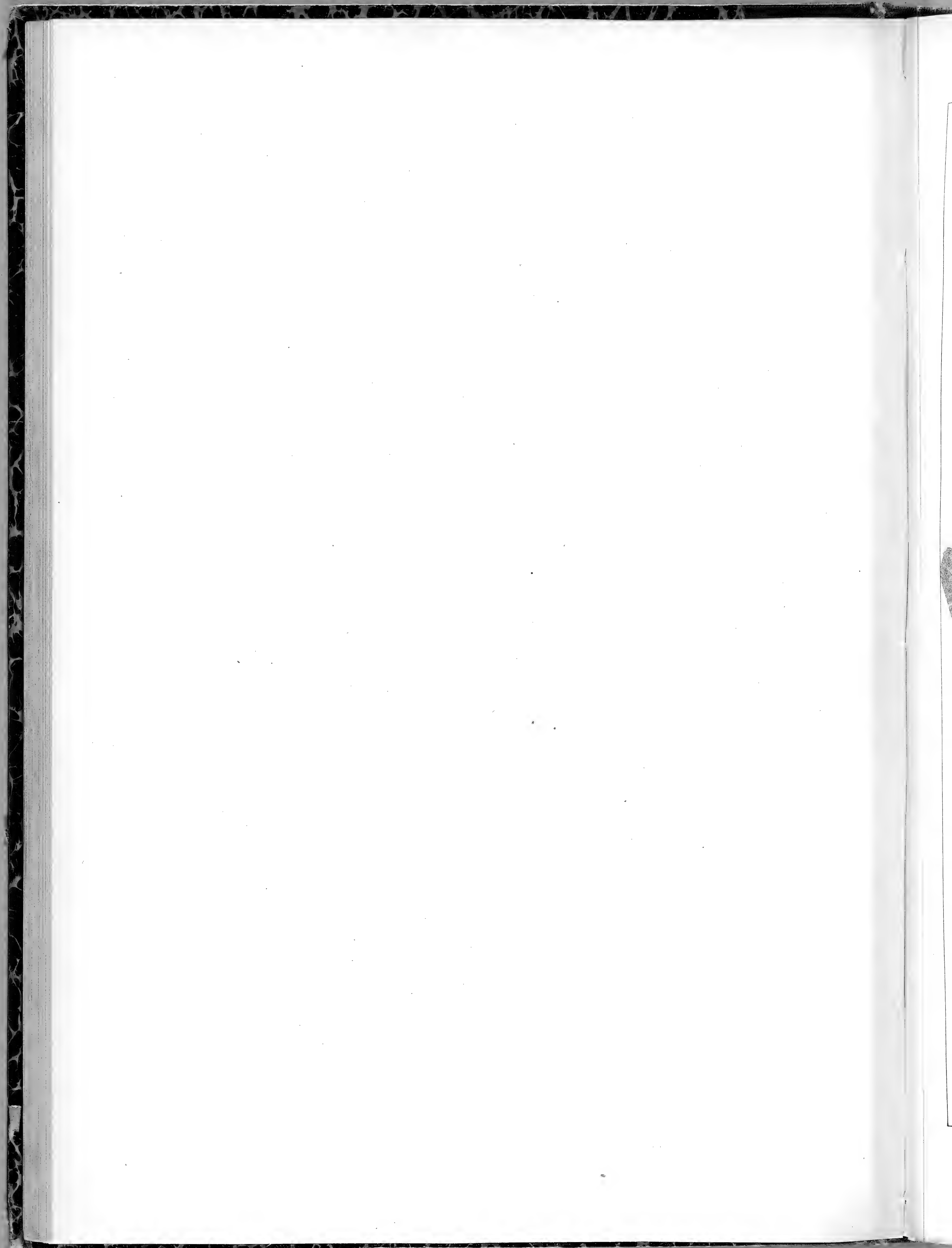
97° Famille. — PHYTOLACCÉES.

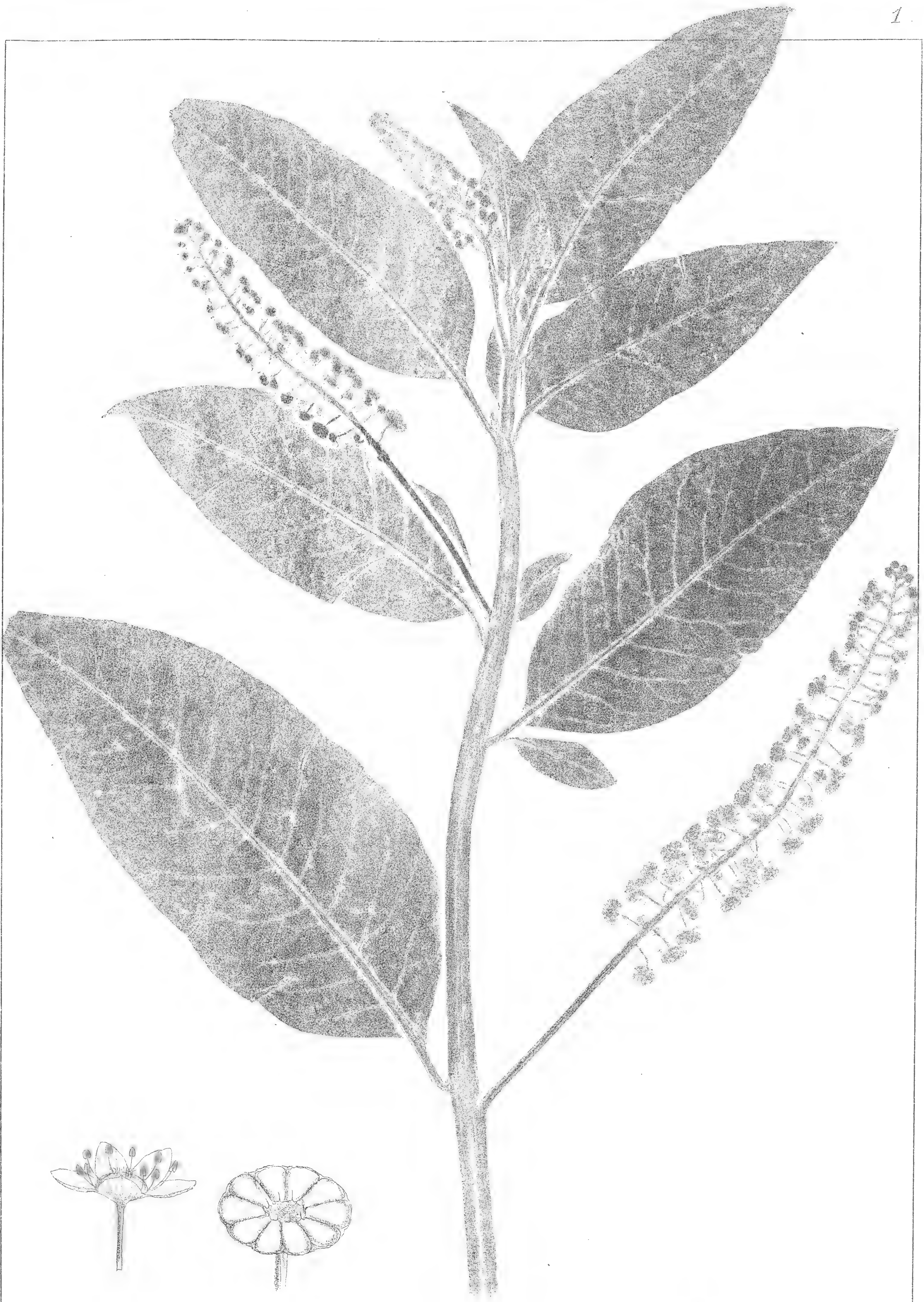
Périanthe à 5 divisions herbacées, persistantes, libres. Etamines 5-25, libres, sur un disque charnu. Carpelles 5-25, libres ou soudés-verticillés, à styles distincts et prolongeant l'angle interne. Fruit pluriloculaire, bacciforme, monospermé dans chaque loge. Graine albuminée.



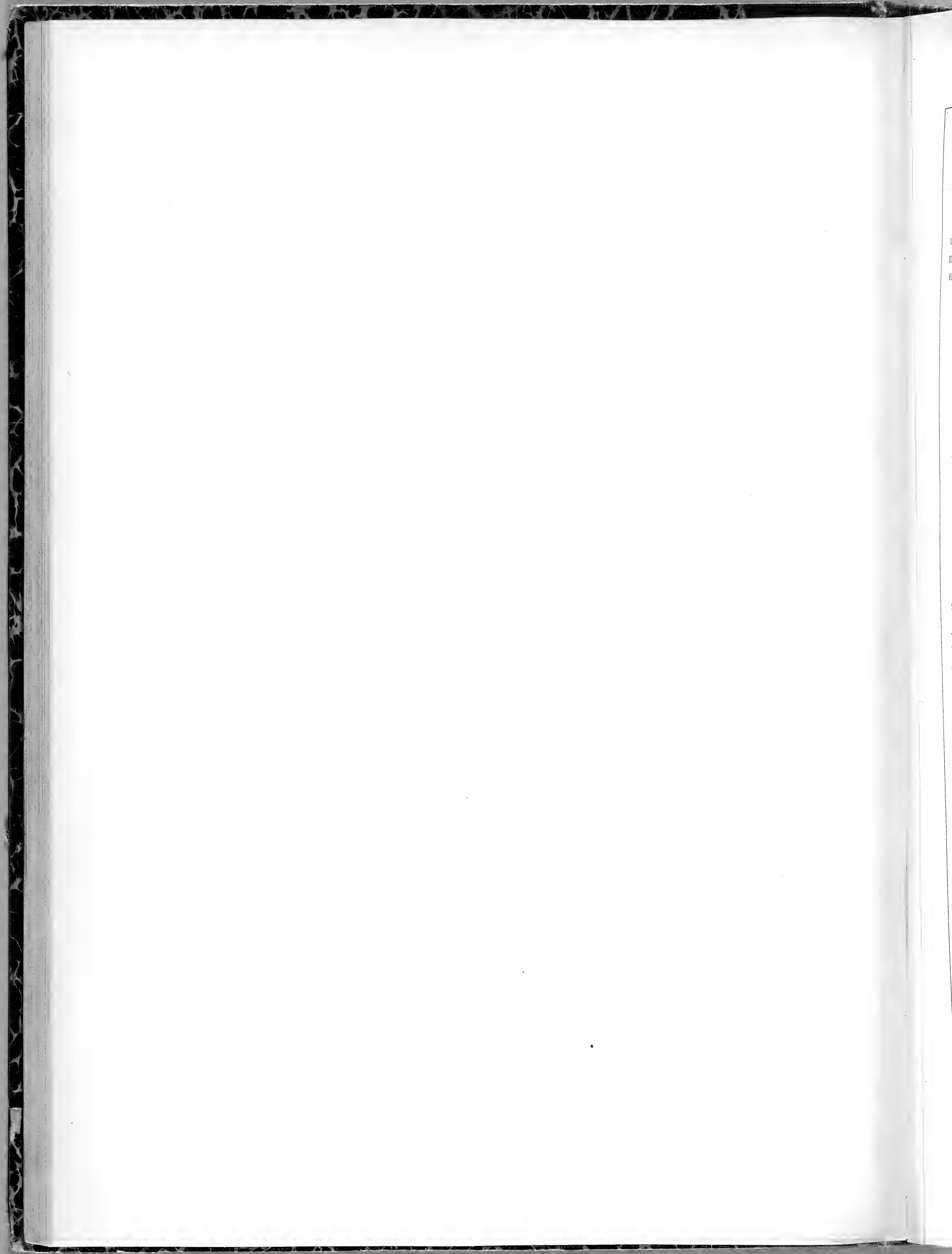
GENRE UNIQUE. — *Phytolacca*. L.

P. decandra. L..... pl. 1.



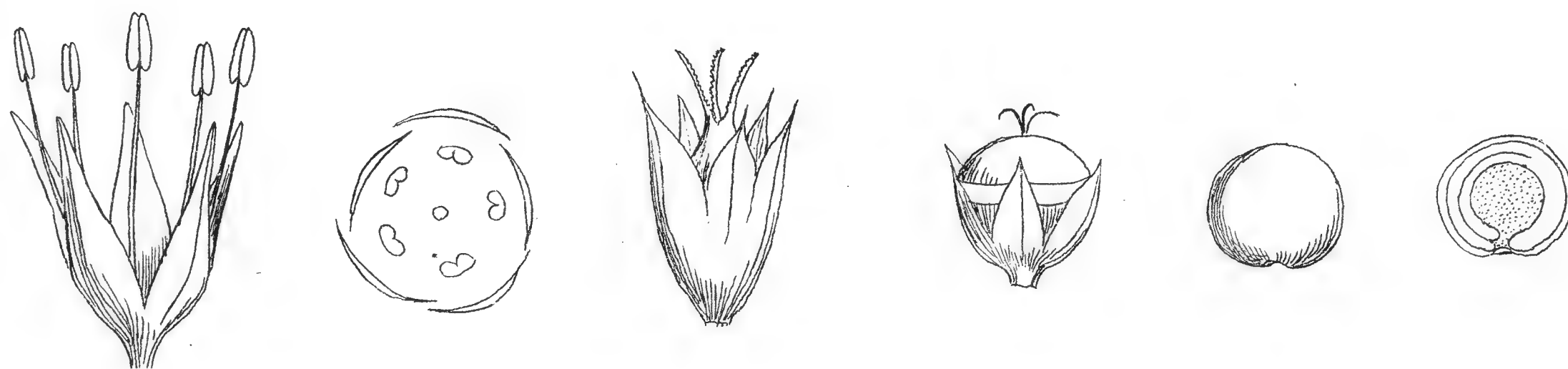


PHYTOLACCA DECANDRA. L. 4. 5



98° Famille. — AMARANTACÉES.

Fleurs polygames, monoïques ou hermaphrodites. Périanthe à 3-5 divisions persistantes, subégales, libres, parfois unies à la base. Etamines 3-5 hypogynes, opposées, libres ou soudées à la base. Carpelle unique, uniloculaire, monosperme. Fruit sec, s'ouvrant irrégulièrement ou en pyxide. Graine lenticulaire-réniforme, à albumen central, à embryon courbé.



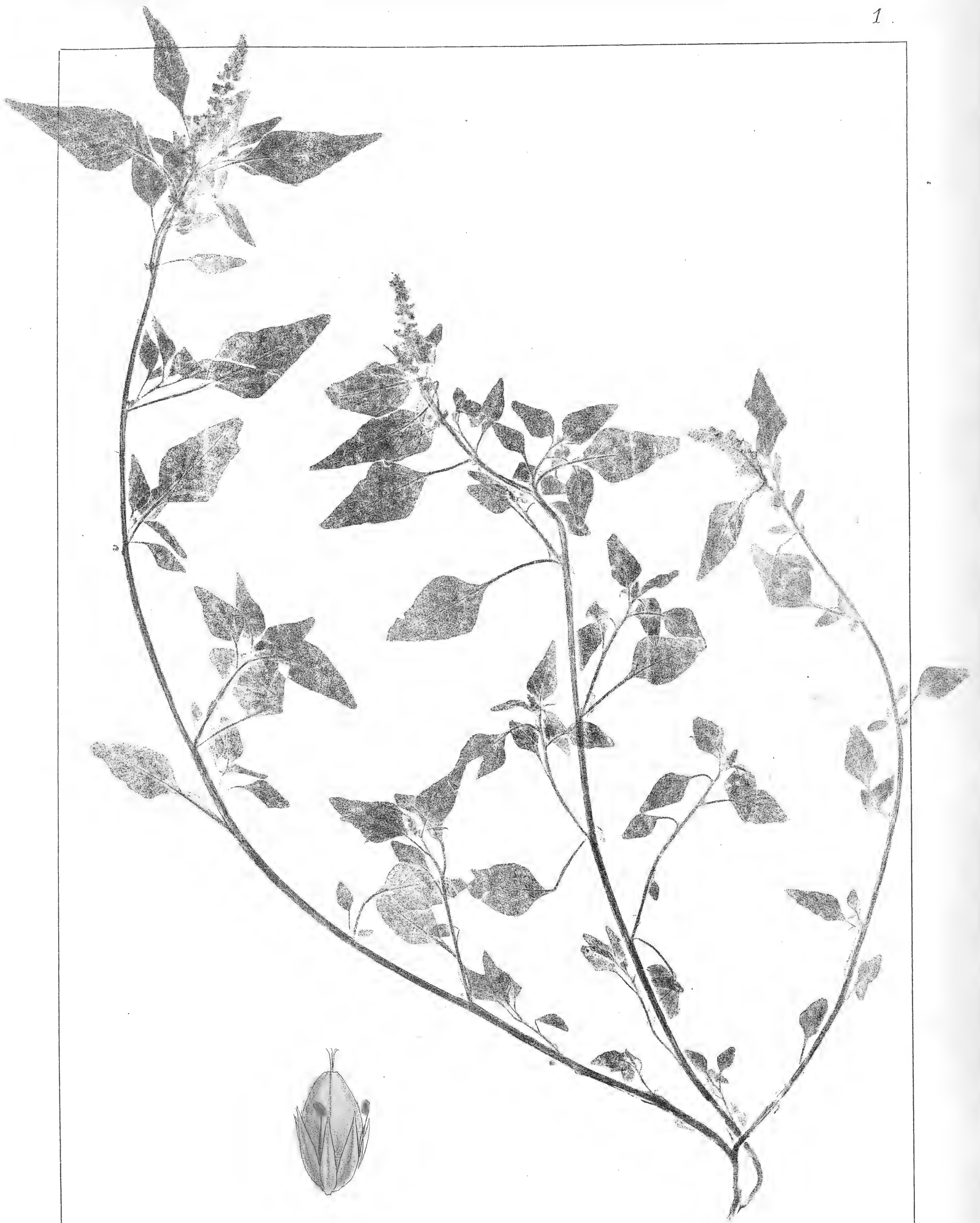
1^{er} GENRE. — *Amarantus*. L.

<i>A. deflexus</i> . L.....	pl. 1.	<i>A. sylvestris</i> . Desf.....	pl. 4.	<i>A. retroflexus</i> . L.....	pl. 6.
<i>A. Blitum</i> . L.....	2,3.	<i>A. patulus</i> . Bert.....	5.	<i>A. albus</i> . L.....	7.

2^e GENRE. — *Polycnemum*. L.

<i>P. majus</i> . Al. Br.....	8.	<i>P. arvense</i> . L.....	9.
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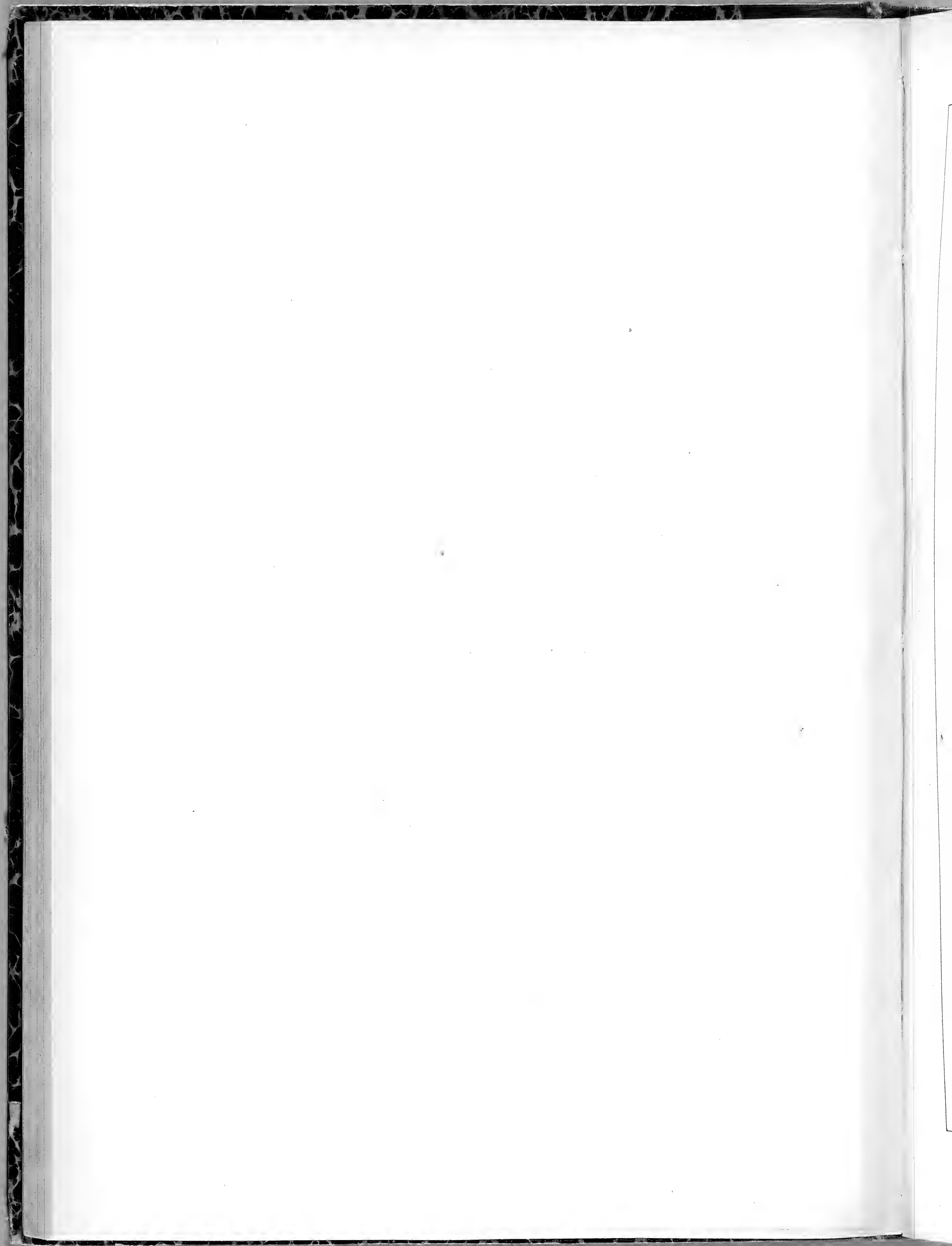


AMARANTUS DEFLEXUS. L. ♀





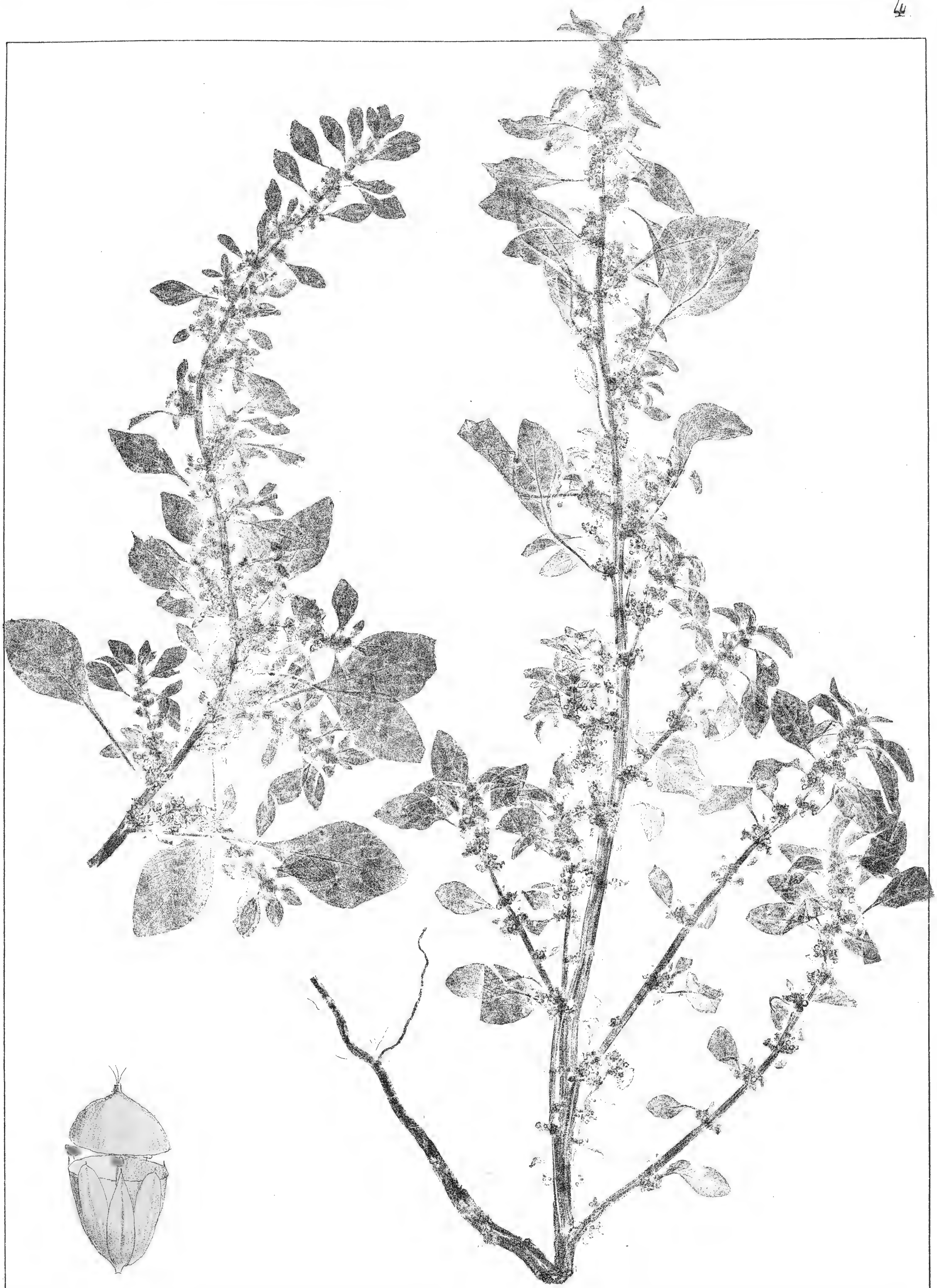
A. BLITUM. L. ①



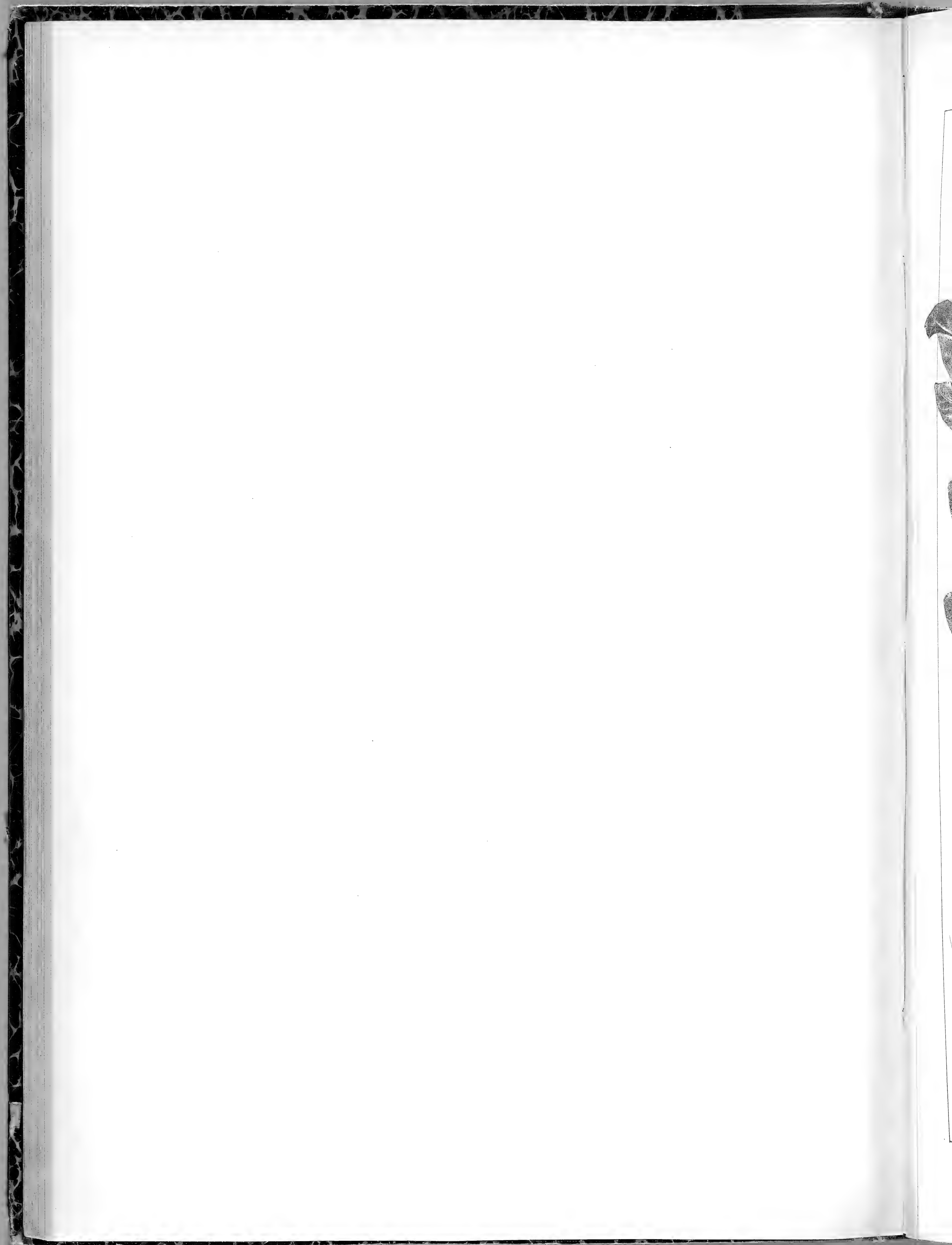


A. BLITUM. L. (*a. ascendens*. Lois.)





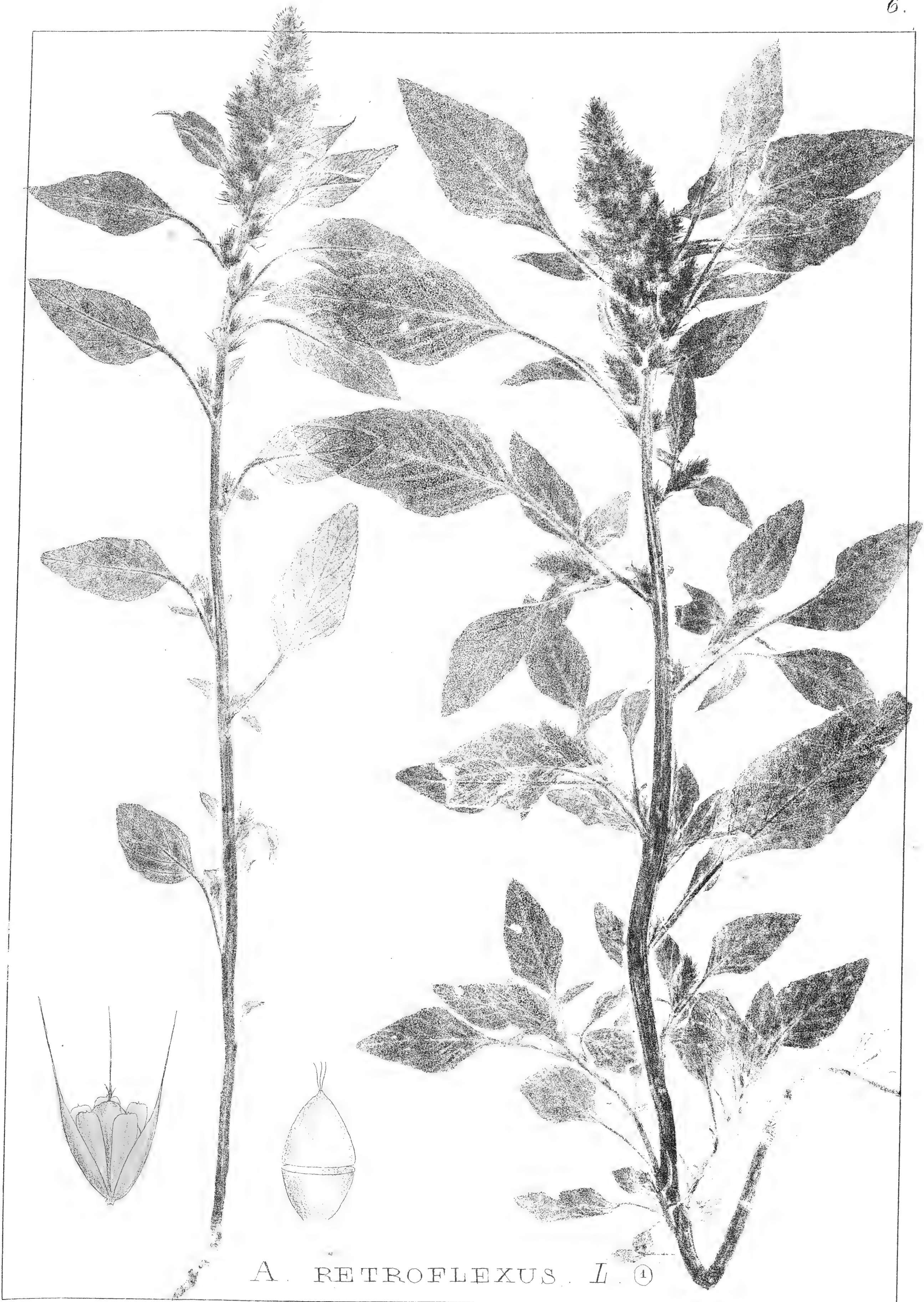
A. SYLVESTRIS. DESF. ①



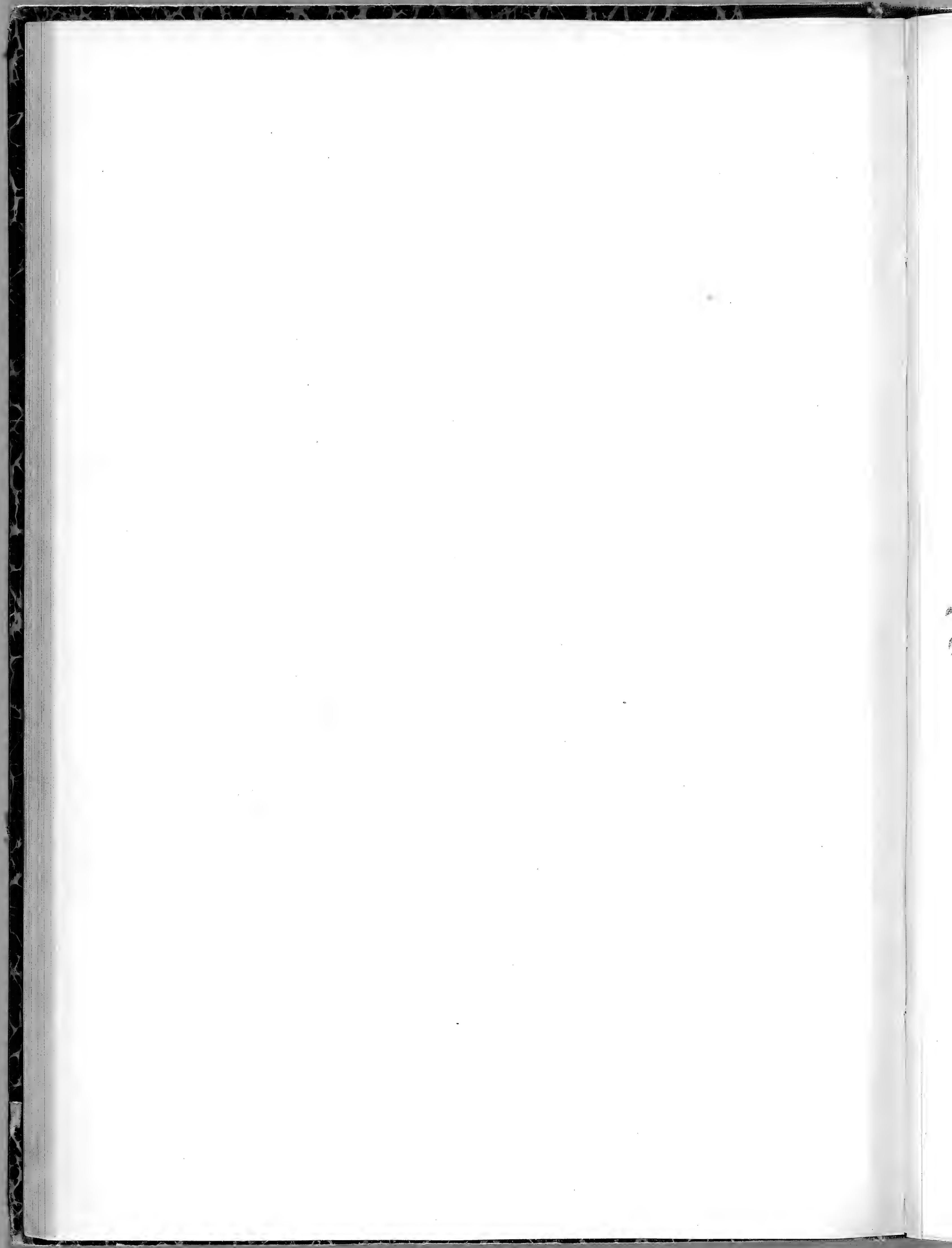


A. PATULUS. BERT. ①



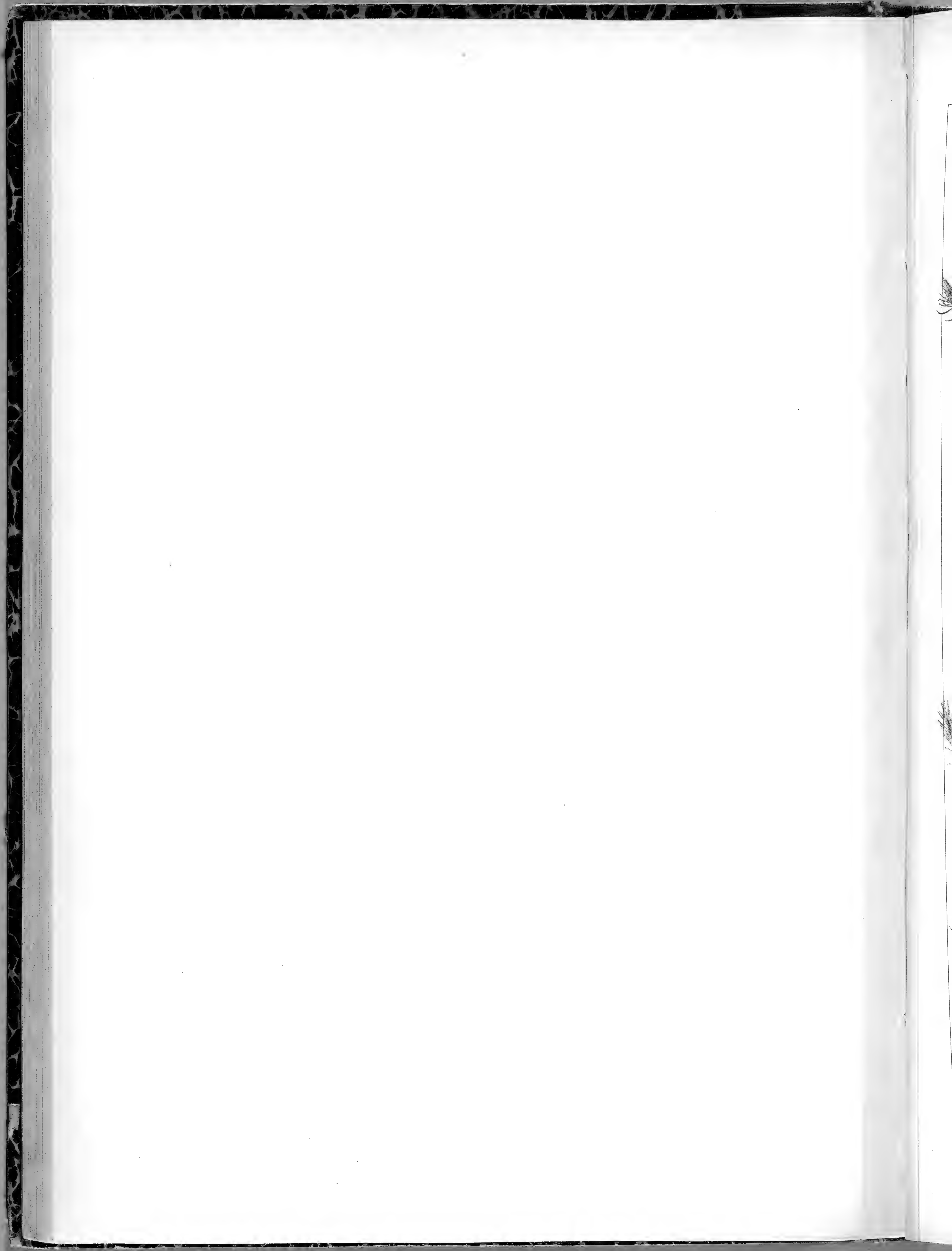


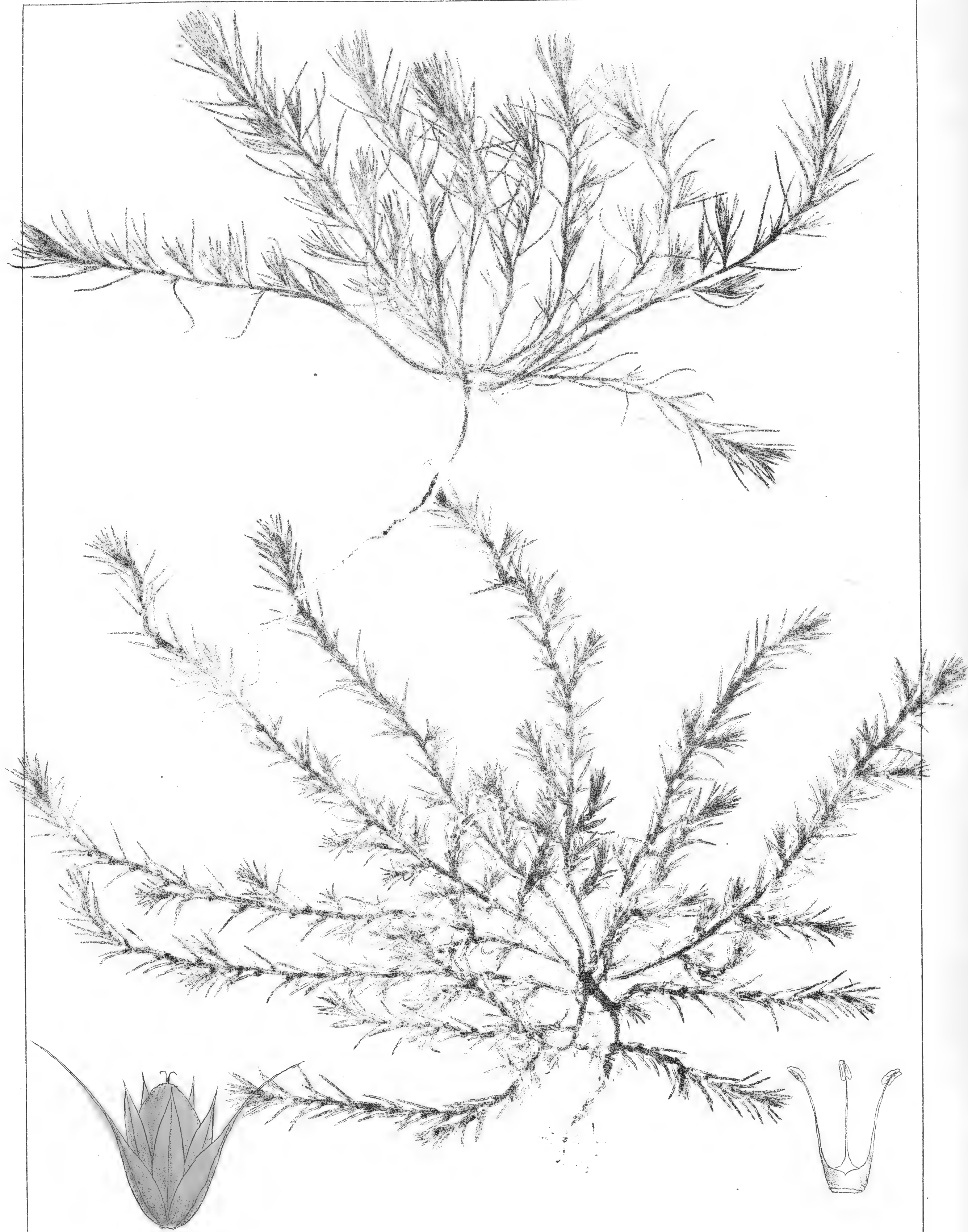
A. RETROFLEXUS. L. ①



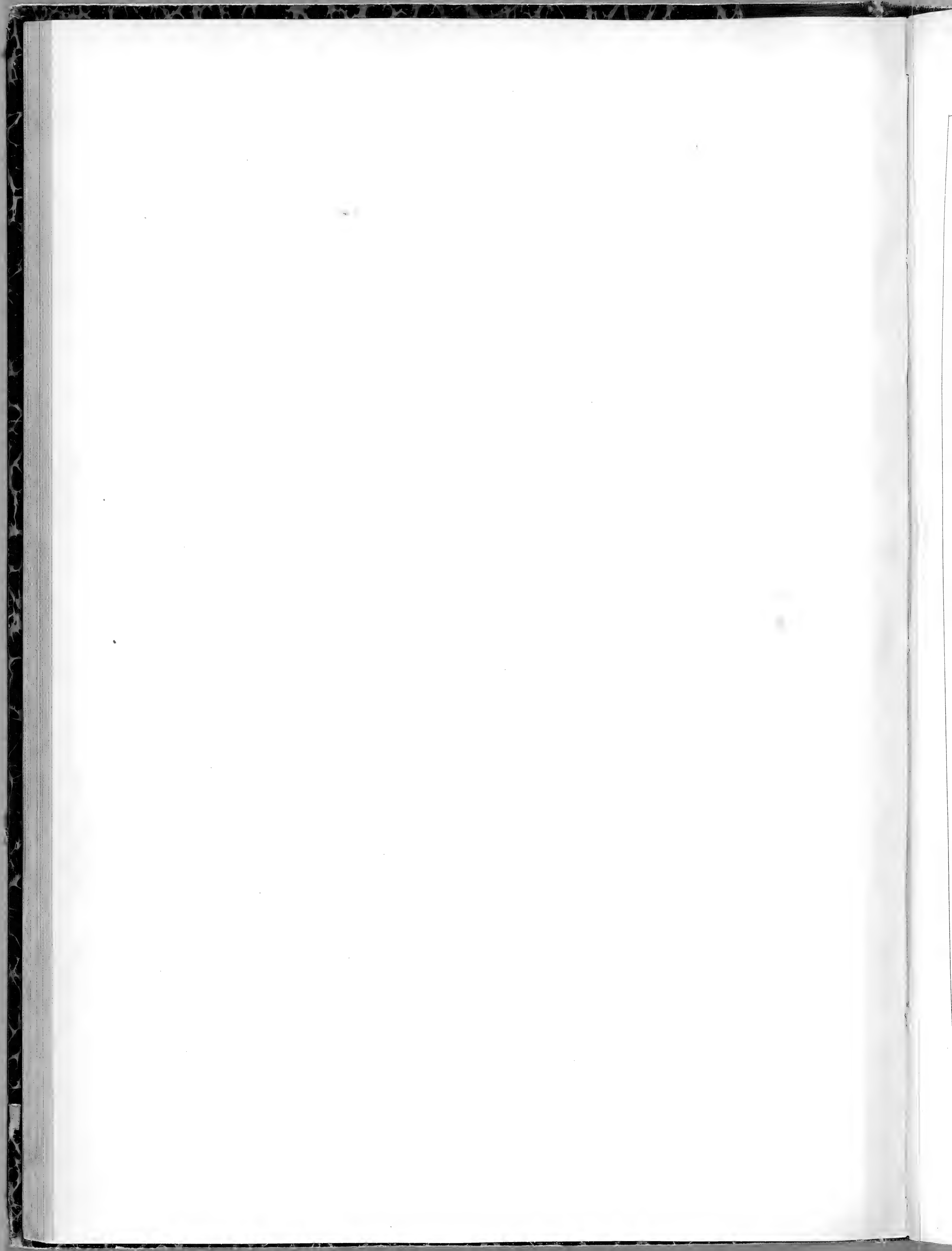


A. ALBUS. L. ①



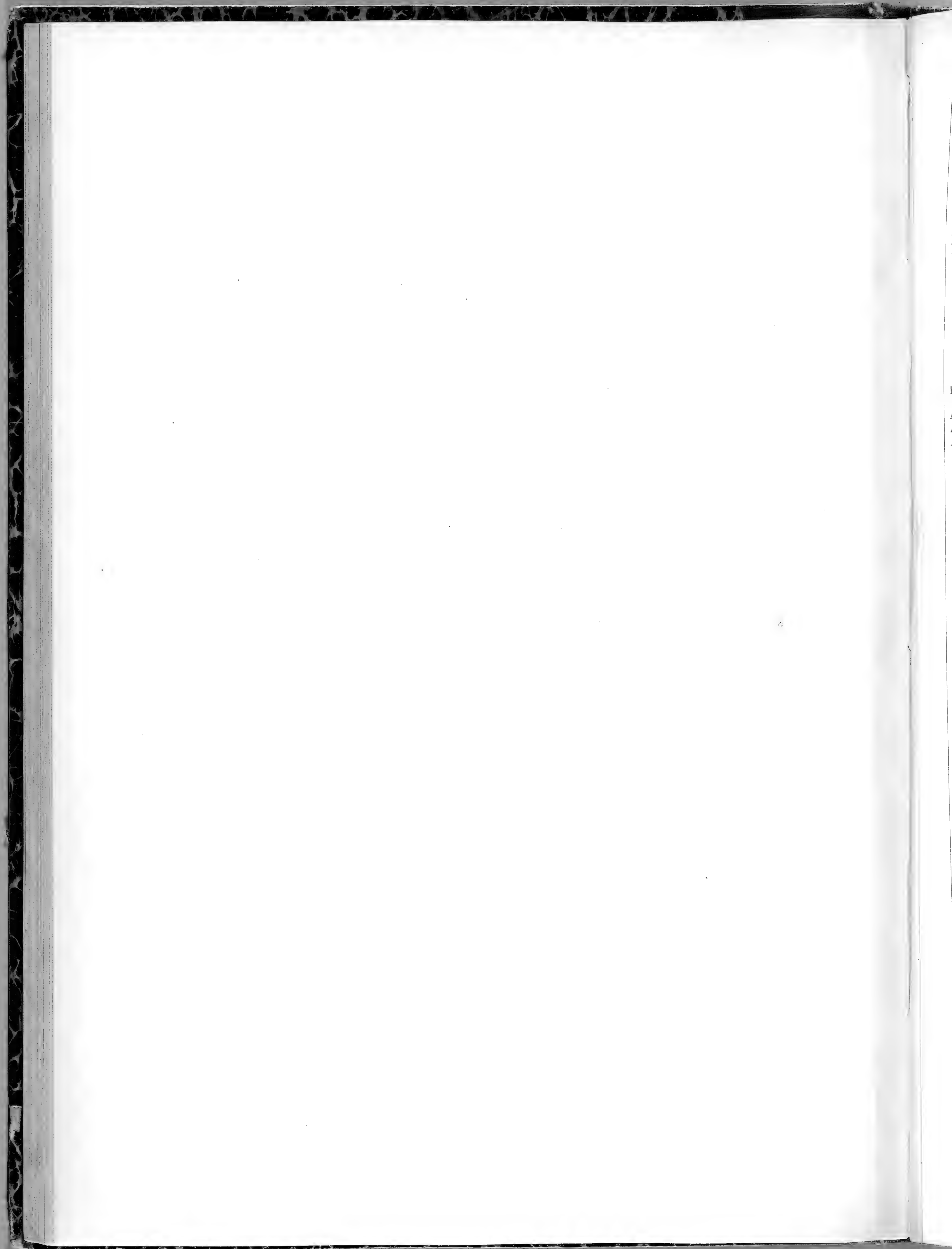


POLYCNEMUM MAGUS. AL. BR. ①



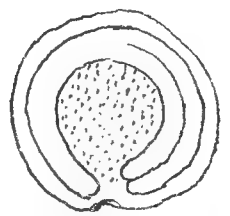
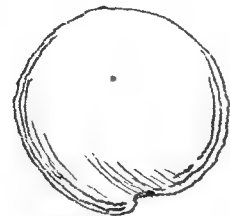
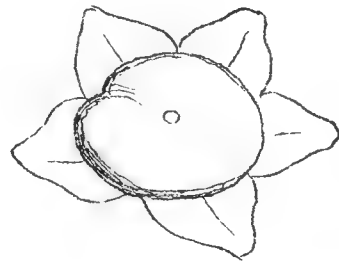
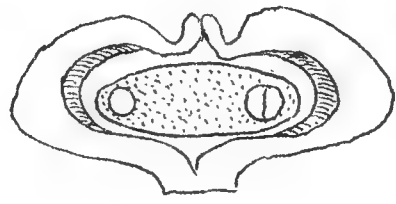
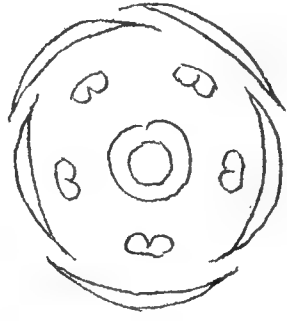
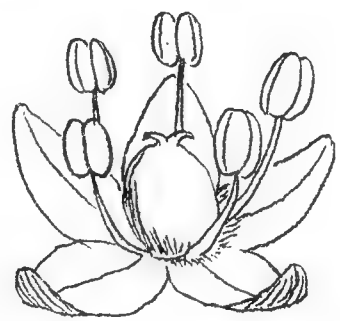


P. ARVENSE. L. ①



99° Famille. — SALSOLACÉES

Fleurs hermaphrodites, polygames, monoïques ou dioïques. Périanthe à 3-5 divisions libres ou unies. Etamines ordinairement 5, opposées, libres ou soudées à la base, persistantes, hypogynes ou subhypogynes. Carpelle unique, libre, rarement adhérent au périanthe. Fruit monosperme, indéhiscent, libre, rarement adhérent. Graine lenticulaire ou réniforme, à embryon courbé, le plus souvent accompagné d'un albumen farineux.



1^{er} GENRE. — *Atriplex*. Tourn.

<i>A. hortensis</i> . L.....	pl. 1.	<i>A. crassifolia</i> . C. A. M.....	pl. 4.	<i>A. hastata</i> L.....	pl. 7-9.
<i>A. microtheca</i> . Moq.....	2.	<i>A. laciniata</i> . L.....	5.	<i>A. patula</i> . L.....	10.
<i>A. rosea</i> L.....	3.	<i>A. Malimus</i> L.....	6.	<i>A. littoralis</i> . L.....	11.

2^e GENRE. — *Obione*. Moq.

<i>O. portulacoides</i> Moq.....	pl. 12.
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3^e GENRE. — *Spinacia*. Tourn.

<i>S. glabra</i> . Mill.....	pl. 14.	<i>S. oleracea</i> . L.....	pl. 15.
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4^e GENRE. — *Beta*. Tourn.

<i>B. vulgaris</i> . L.....	pl. 16,17.	<i>B. maritima</i> . L.....	pl. 18.	<i>B. Bourgaei</i> . Coss.....	pl. 19.
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5^e GENRE. — *Chenopodium*. L.

<i>C. ambrosioides</i> . L.....	pl. 20.	<i>C. album</i> . L.....	pl. 26-28.	<i>C. glaucum</i> . L.....	pl. 34.
<i>C. Botrys</i> . L.....	21.	<i>C. opulifolium</i> Schrad.....	29.	<i>C. rubrum</i> . L.....	35,36.
<i>C. polyspermum</i> . L.....	22,23.	<i>C. hybridum</i> . L.....	30.	<i>C. Bonus-Henricus</i> . L.....	37.
<i>C. Vulvaria</i> . L.....	24.	<i>C. urbicum</i> . L.....	31,32.		
<i>C. fleifolium</i> . Im.....	25.	<i>C. murale</i> . L.....	33.		

6^e GENRE. — *Blitum*. Tourn.

<i>B. virgatum</i> . L.....	pl. 38.	<i>B. capitatum</i> . L.....	pl. 39.
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7^e GENRE. — *Roubieva*. Moq.

<i>R. multifida</i> . Moq.....	pl. 40.
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8^e GENRE. — *Kochia*. Roth.

<i>K. prostrata</i> Schrad.....	pl. 41.	<i>K. arenaria</i> . Roth.....	pl. 42.	<i>K. hirsuta</i> . Noll.....	pl. 43.
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9^e GENRE. — *Camphorosma*. L.

<i>C. monspeliaca</i> . L.....	pl. 44.
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10^e GENRE. — *Corispermum*. A. de Juss.

<i>C. hyssopifolium</i> . L.....	pl. 45.
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11^e GENRE. — *Salicornia*. Tourn.

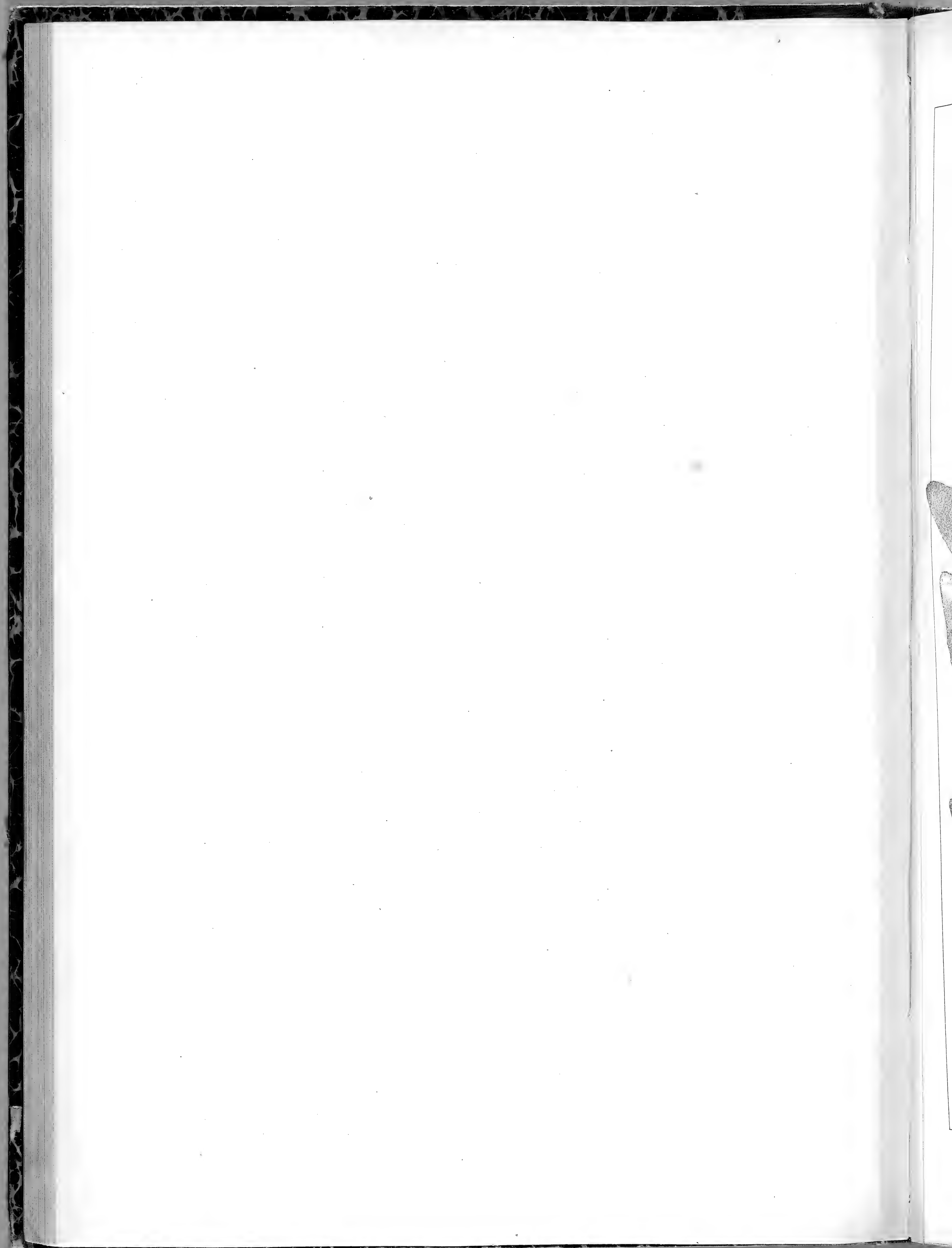
<i>S. herbacea</i> . L.....	pl. 46.	<i>S. fruticosa</i> . L.....	pl. 47,48.	<i>S. macrostachya</i> . Moric.....	pl. 49.
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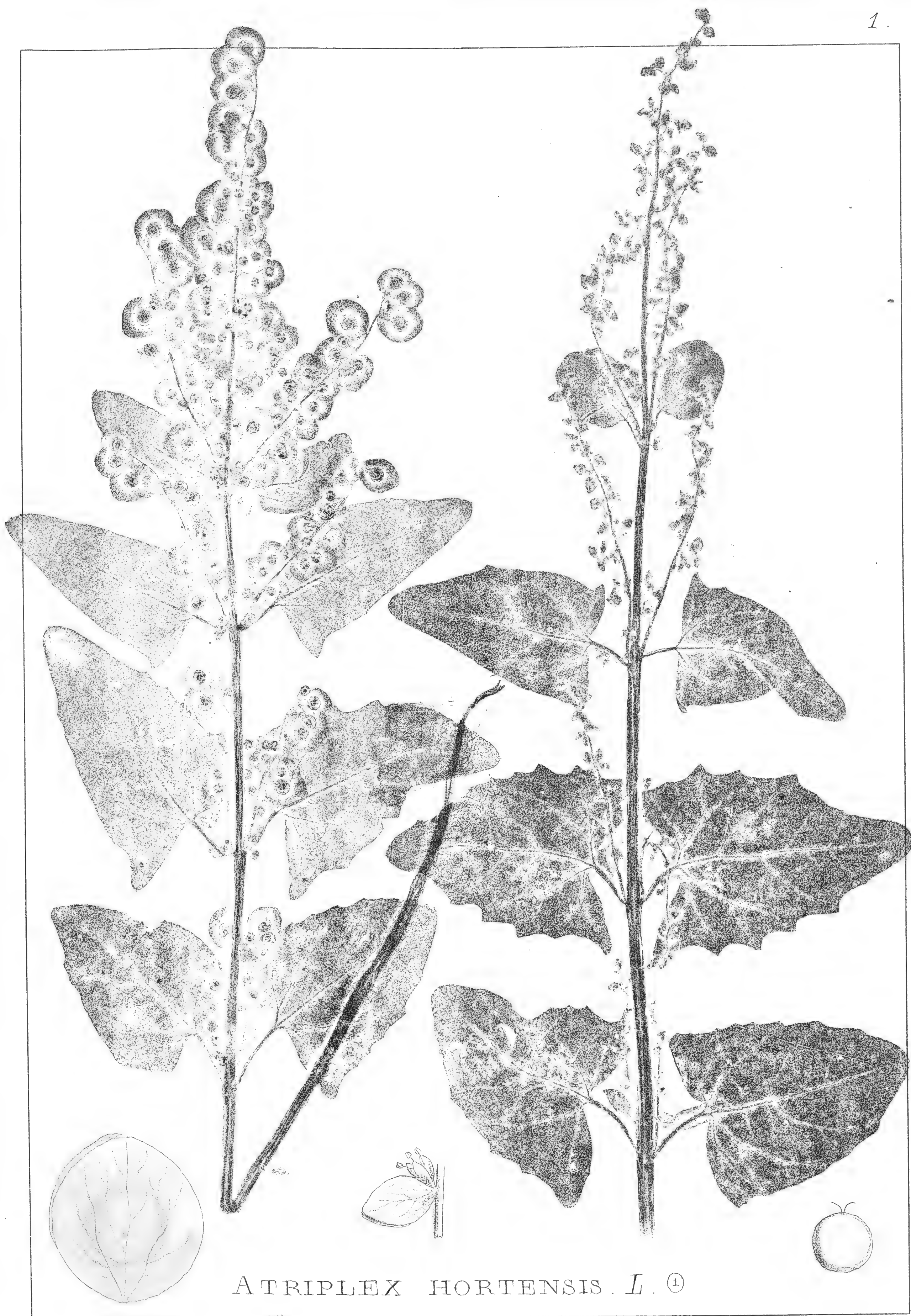
12^e GENRE. — *Suaeda*. Forsk.

<i>S. fruticosa</i> Forsk.....	pl. 50.	<i>S. maritima</i> . Dum.....	pl. 51.	<i>S. splendens</i> . G.G.....	pl. 52.
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13^e GENRE. — *Salsola*. Gertn.

<i>S. Mali</i> . L.....	pl. 53,54.	<i>S. Tragus</i> . L.....	pl. 55.	<i>S. Soda</i> L.....	pl. 56.
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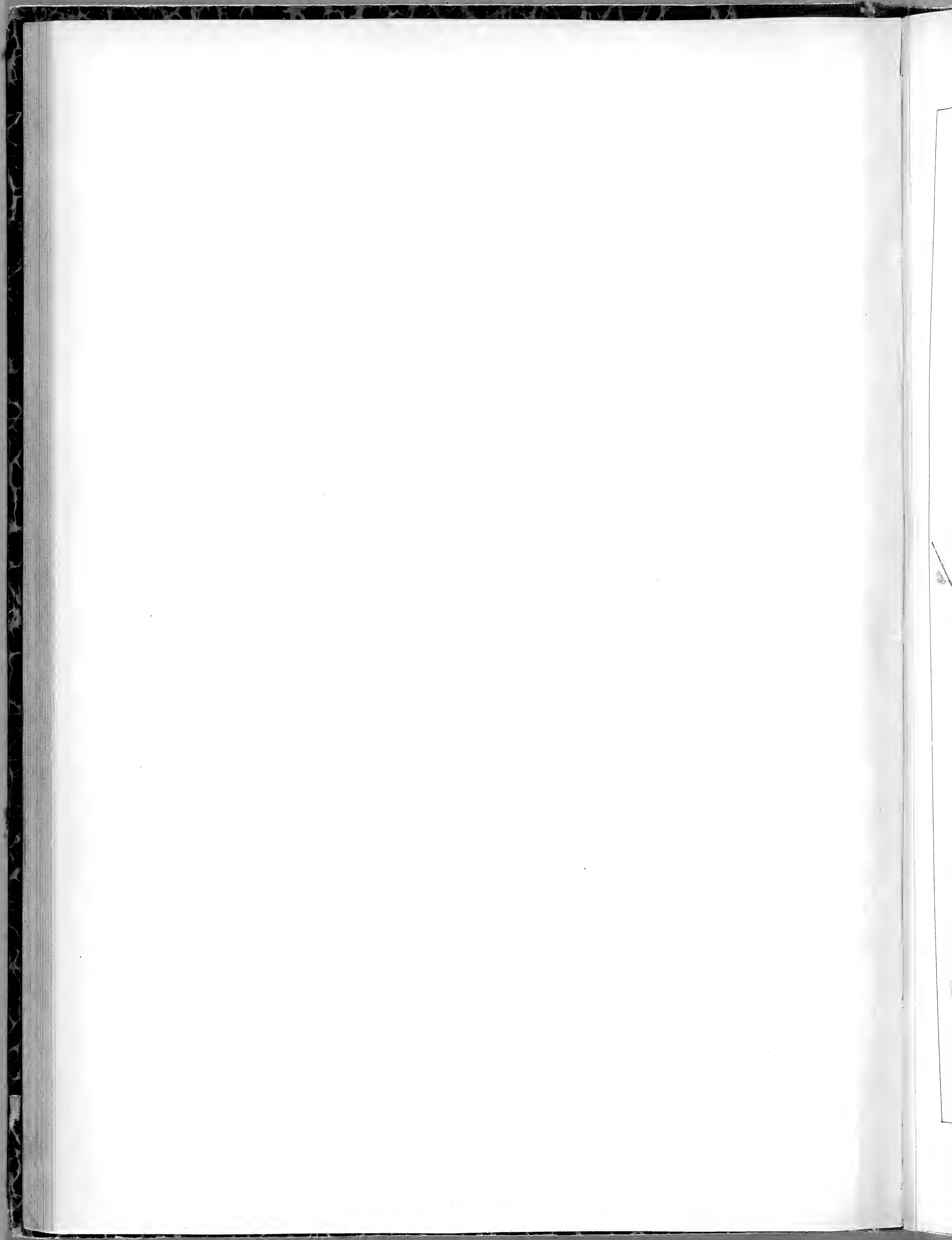


ATRIPLEX HORTENSIS. L. ④



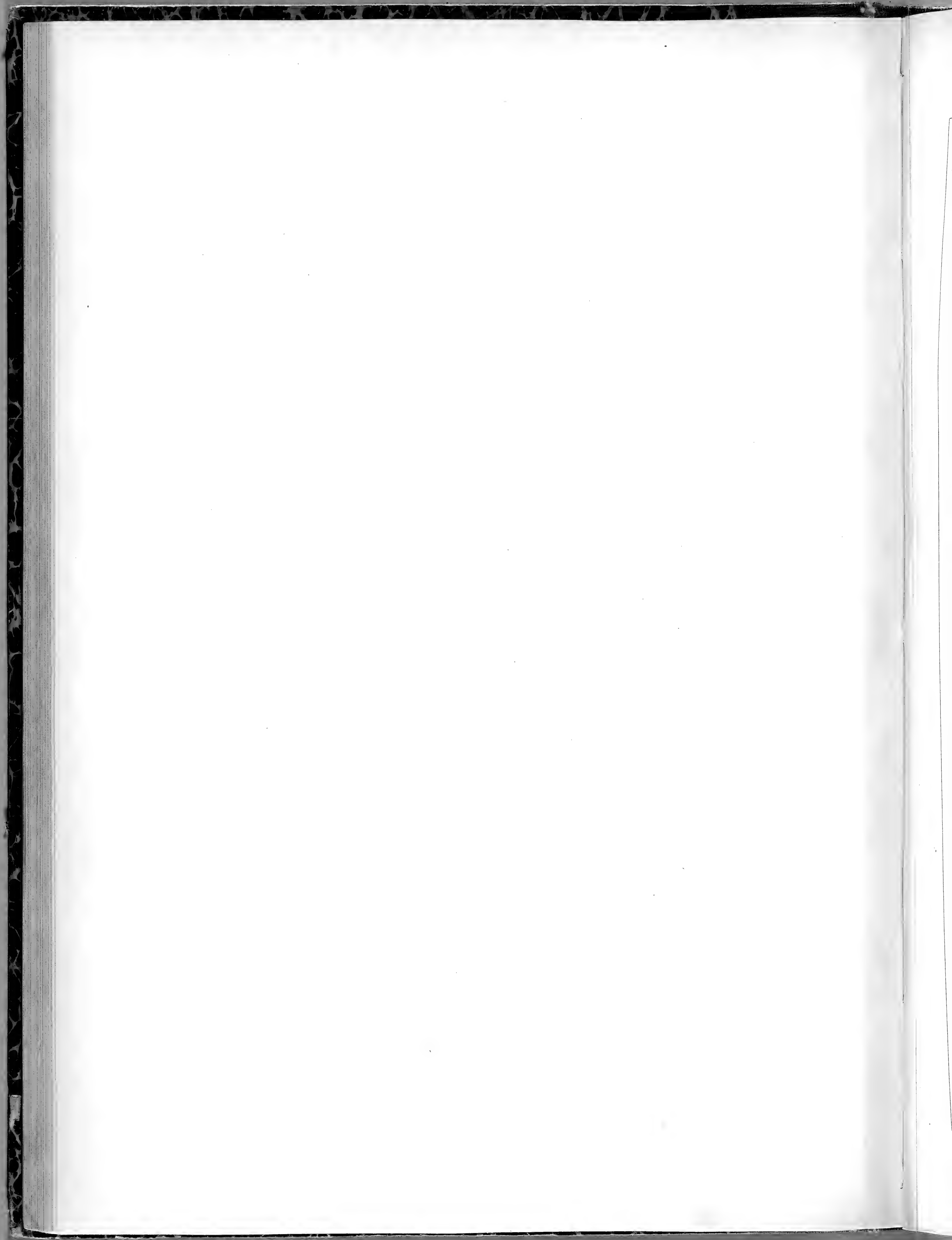


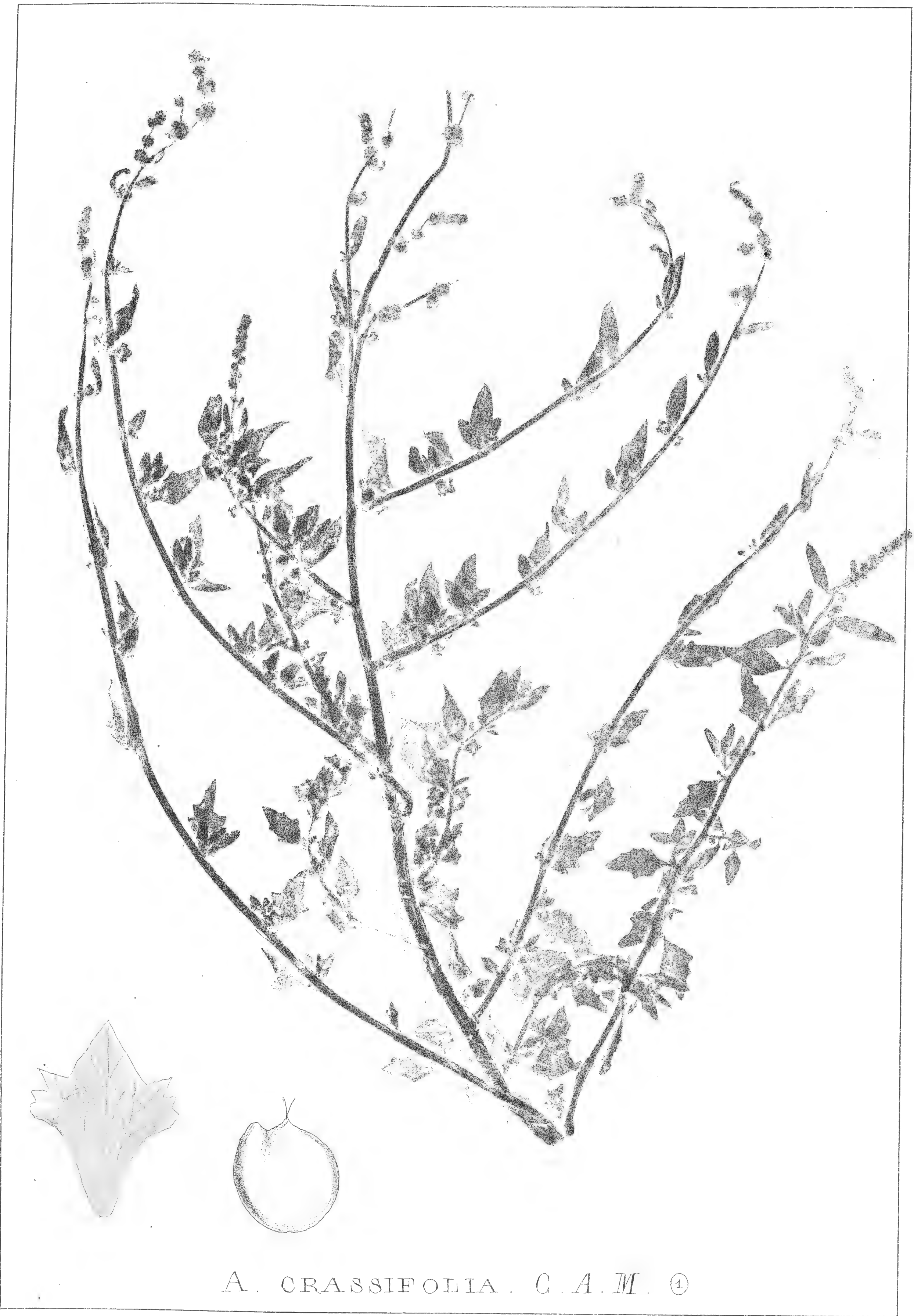
A. MICROTHECA. Moq. ①



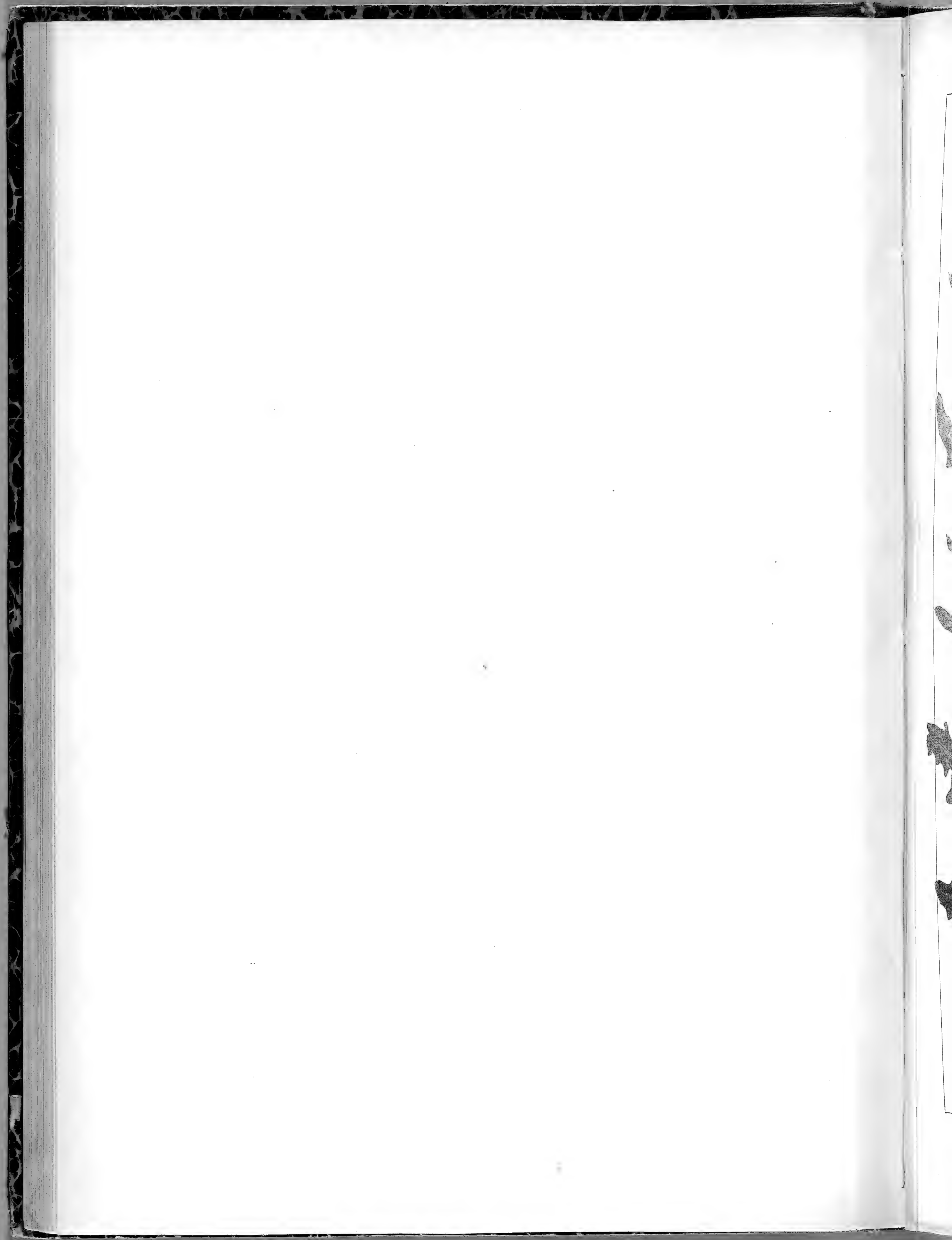


A. ROSEA. L. ①



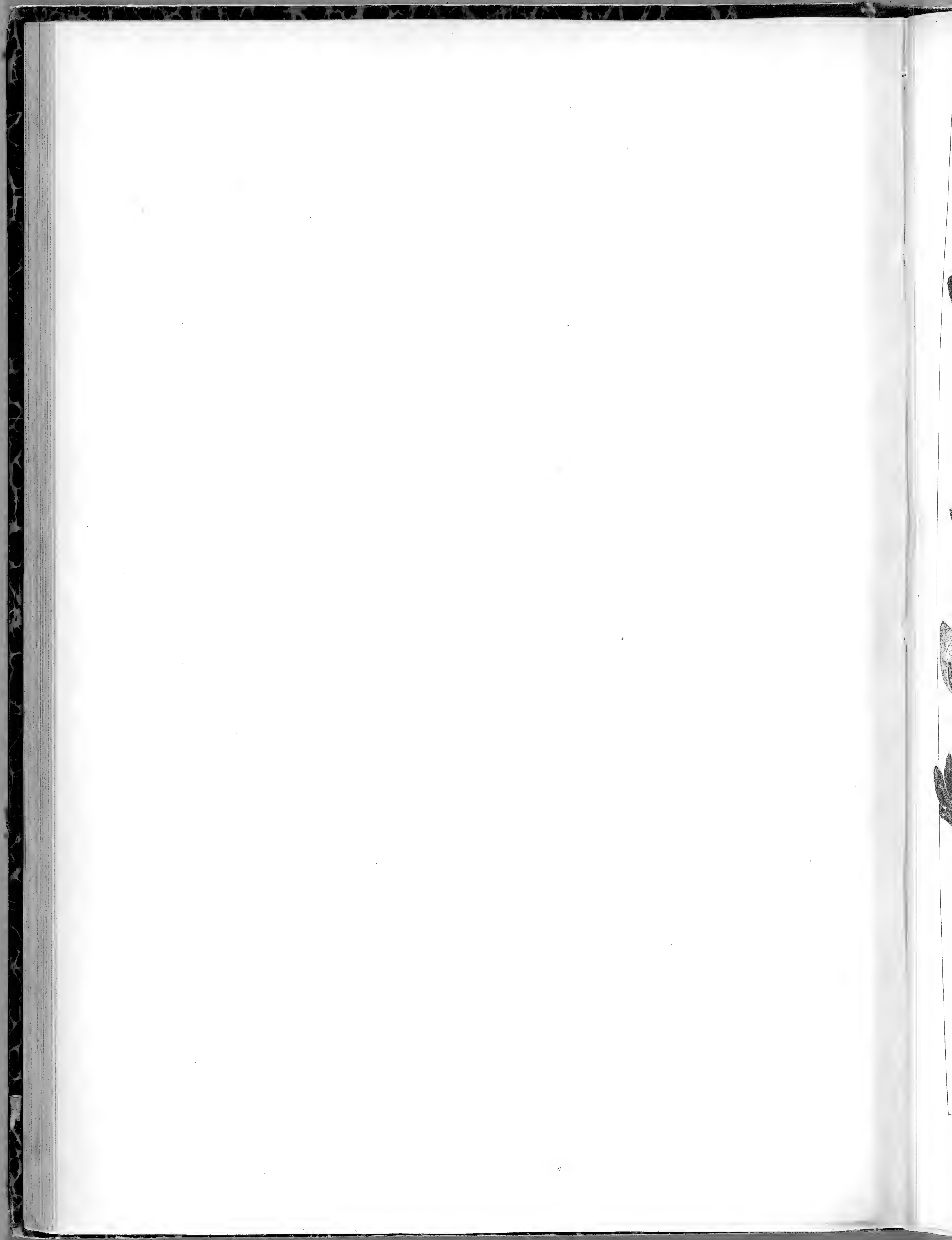


A. CRASSIFOLIA. C.A.M. ④



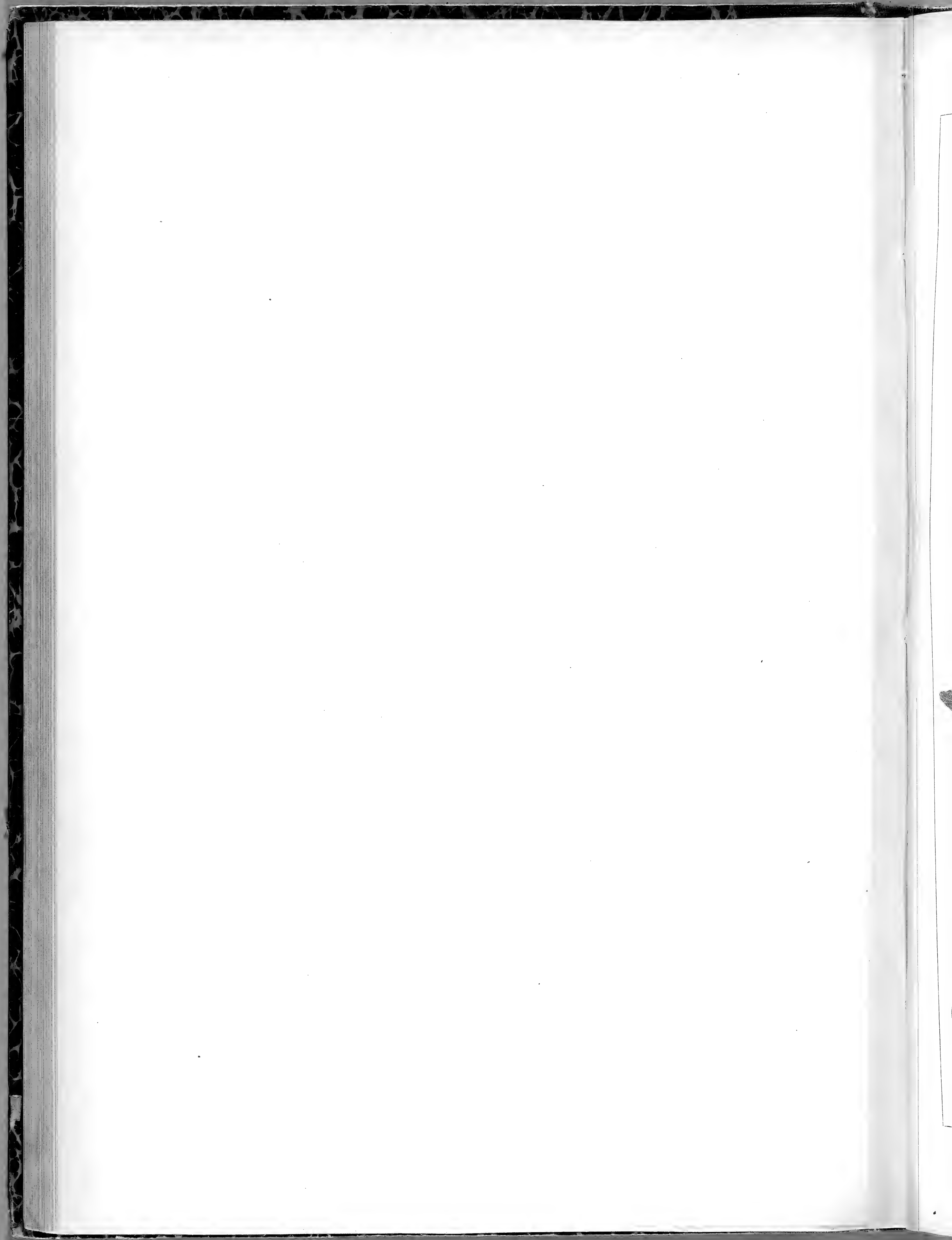


A. LACINIATA. L. ①



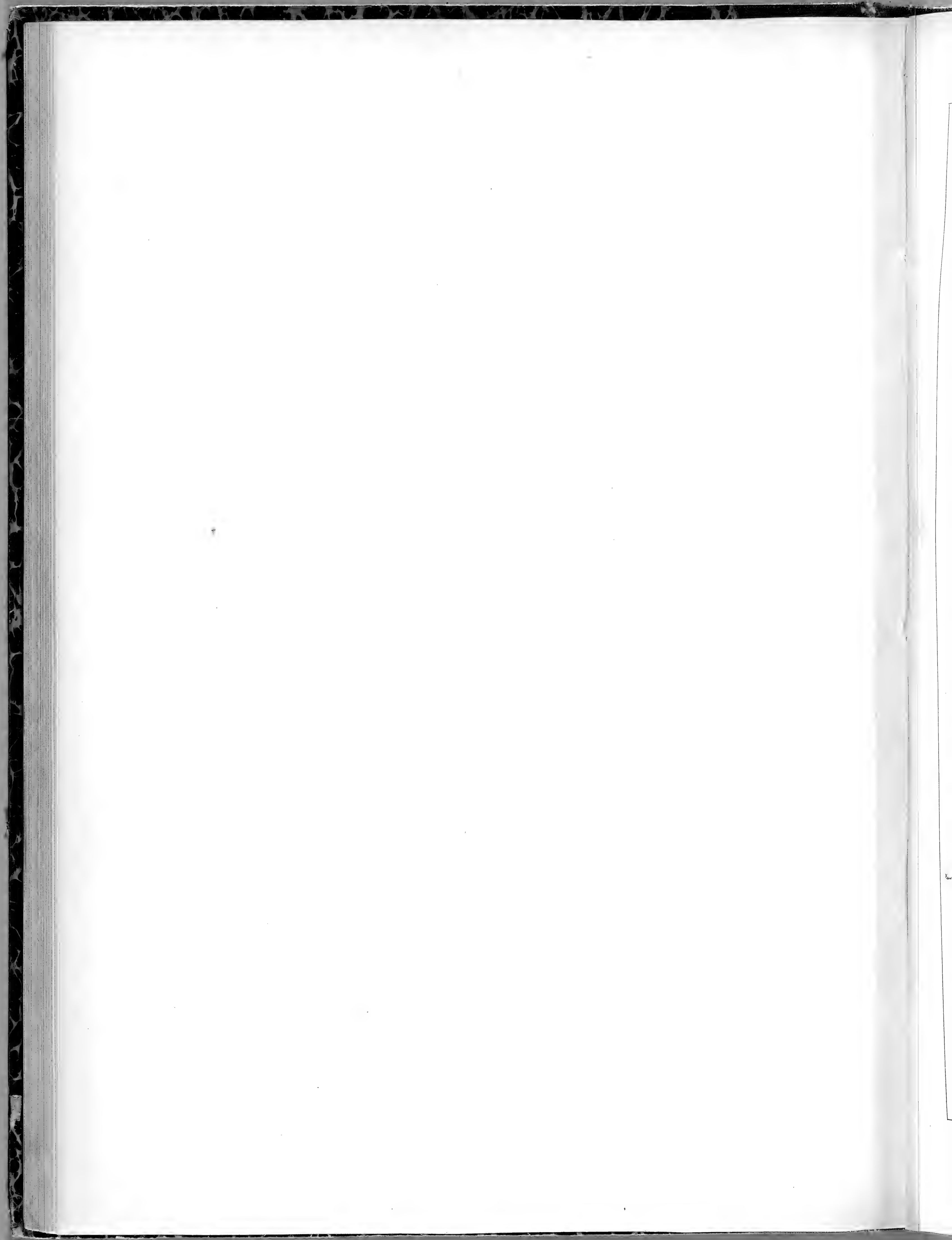


A. HALIMUS . L. 5



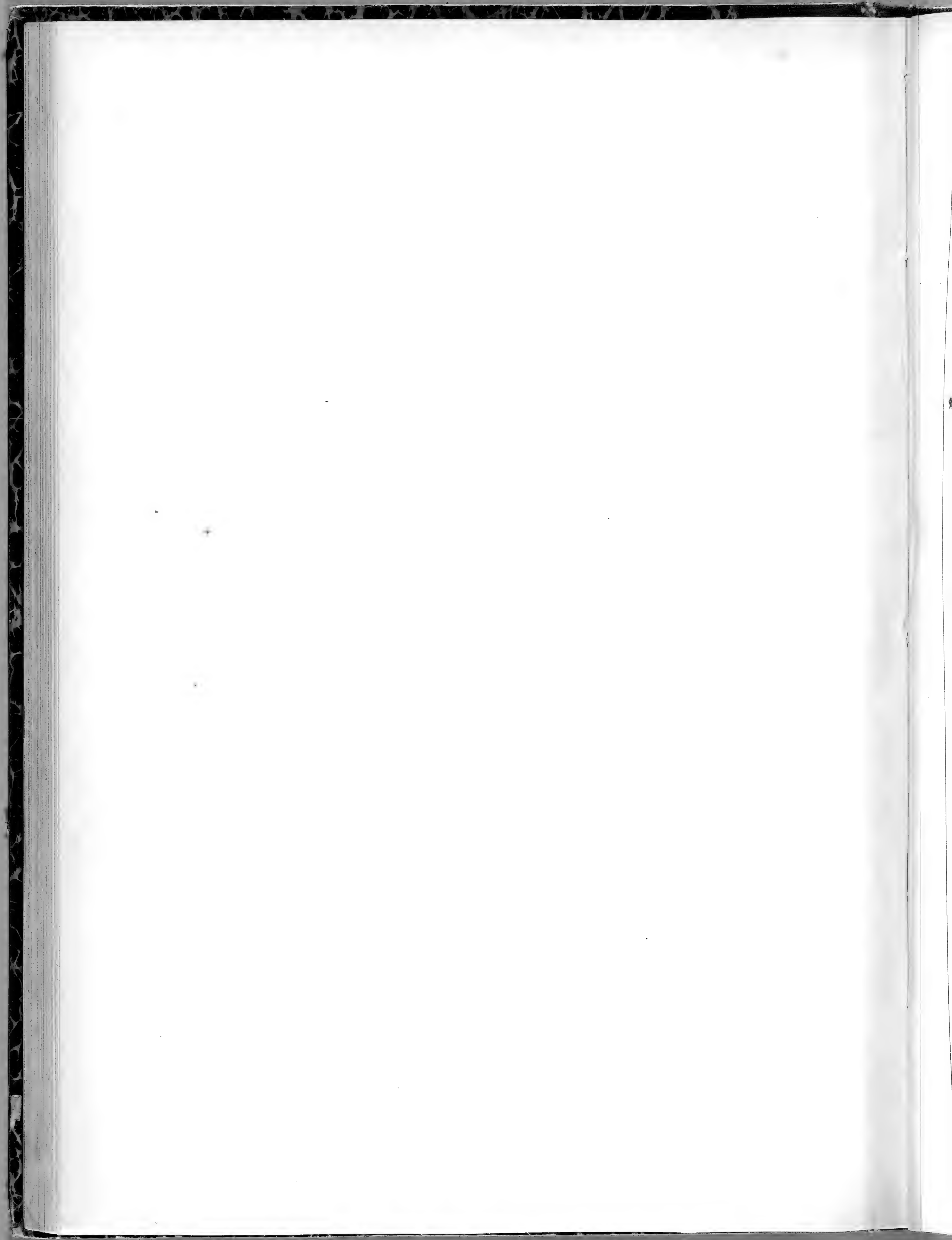


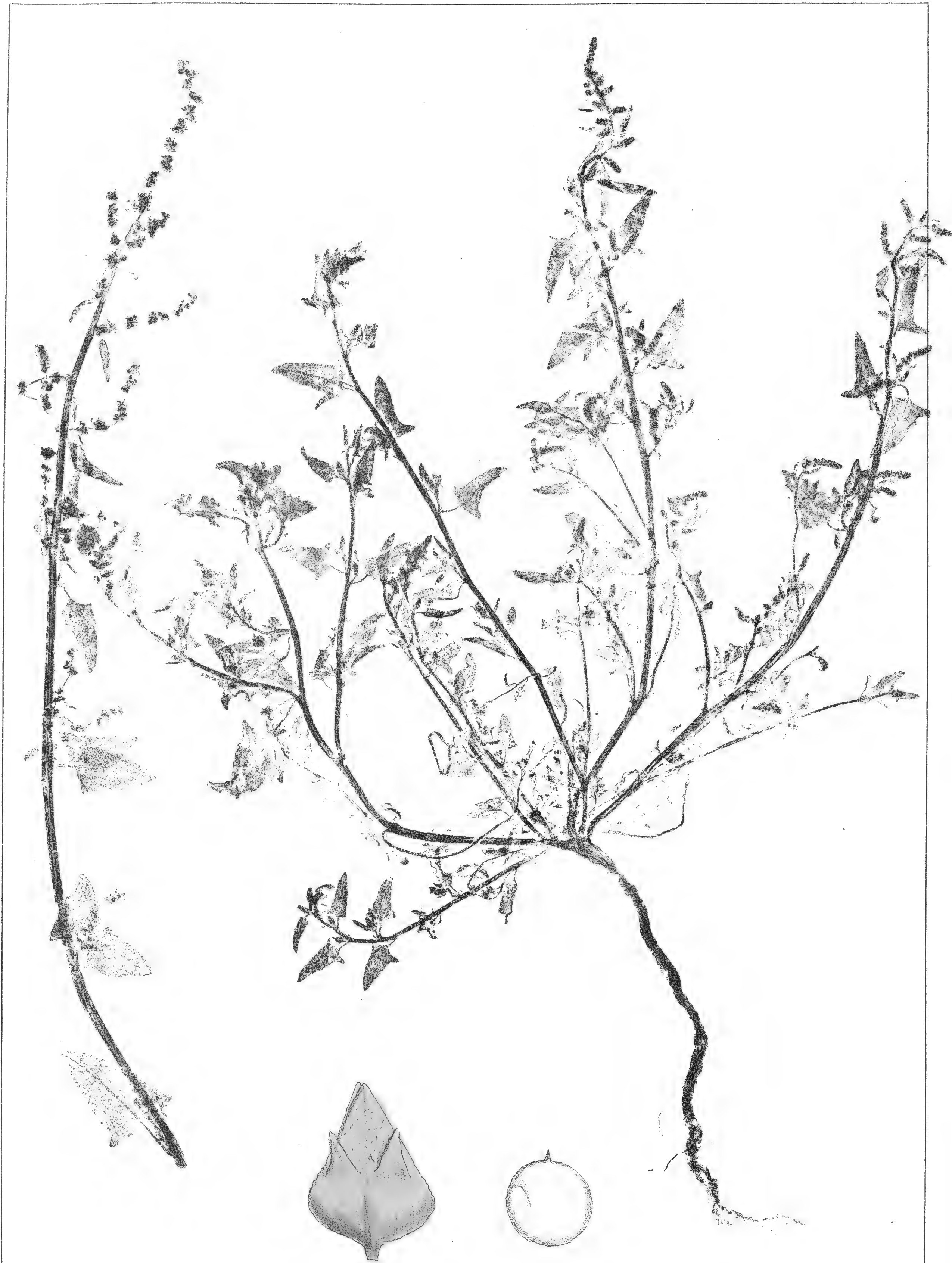
A. HASTATA. L. ①



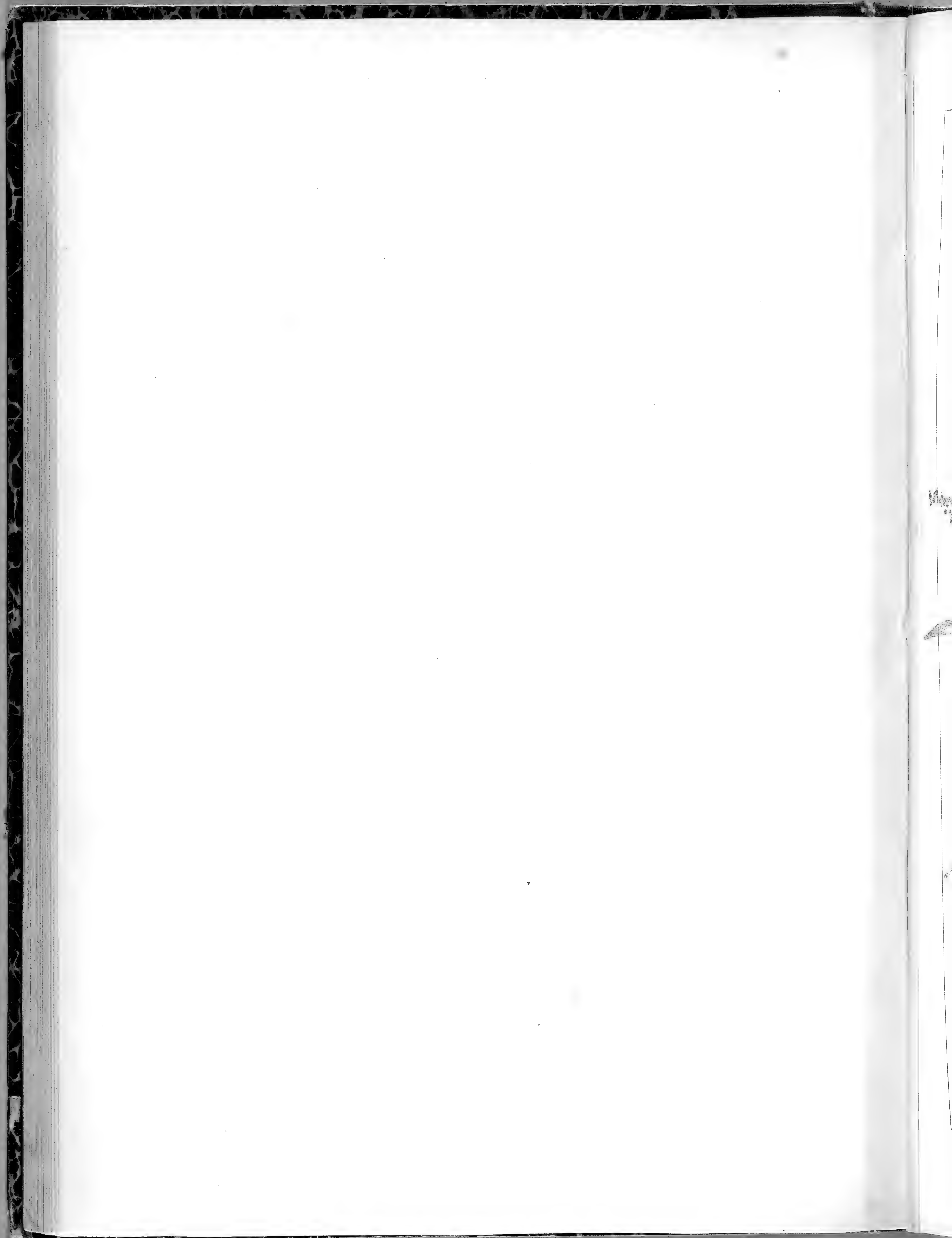


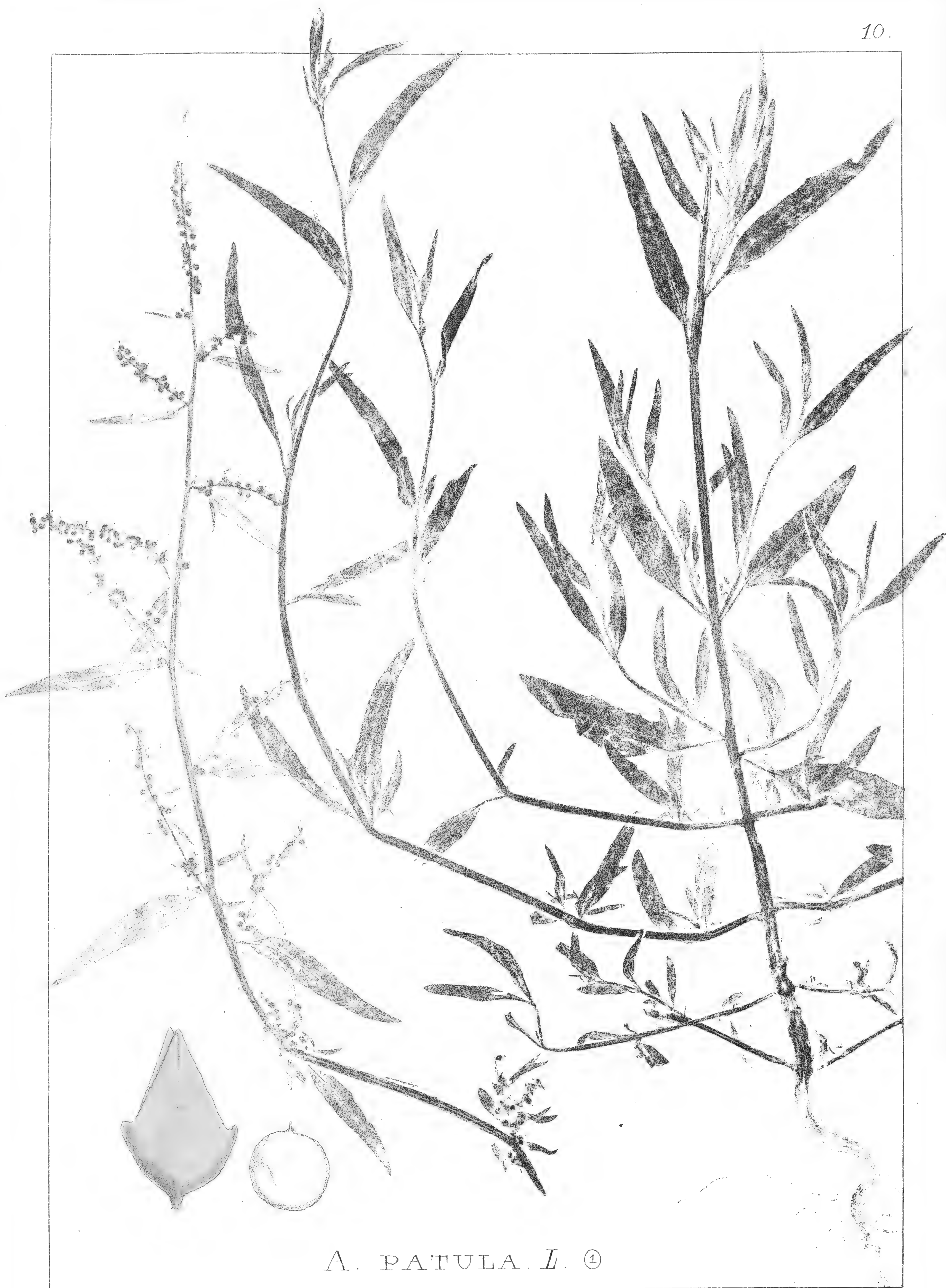
A. HASTATA . *L.* *Var.*



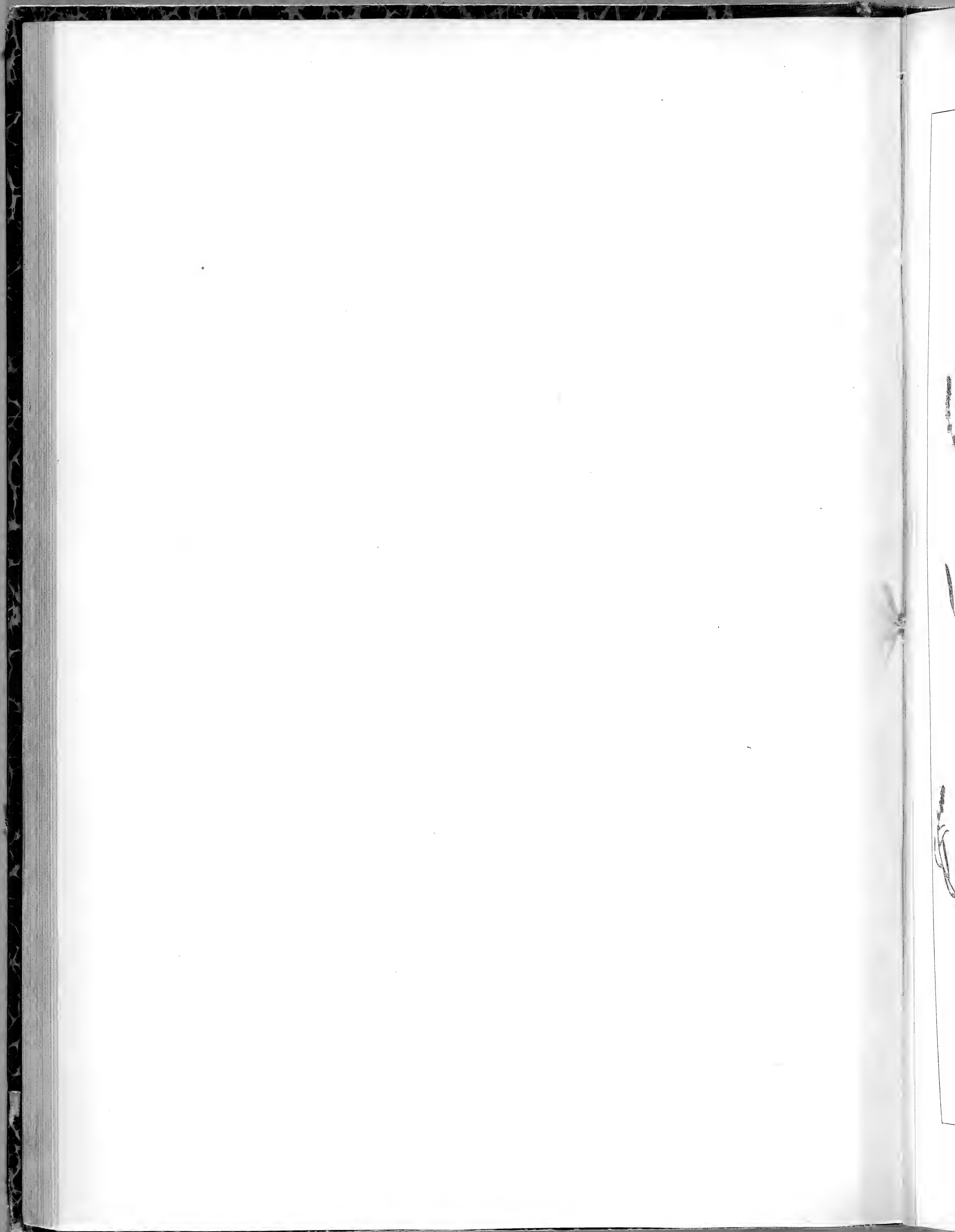


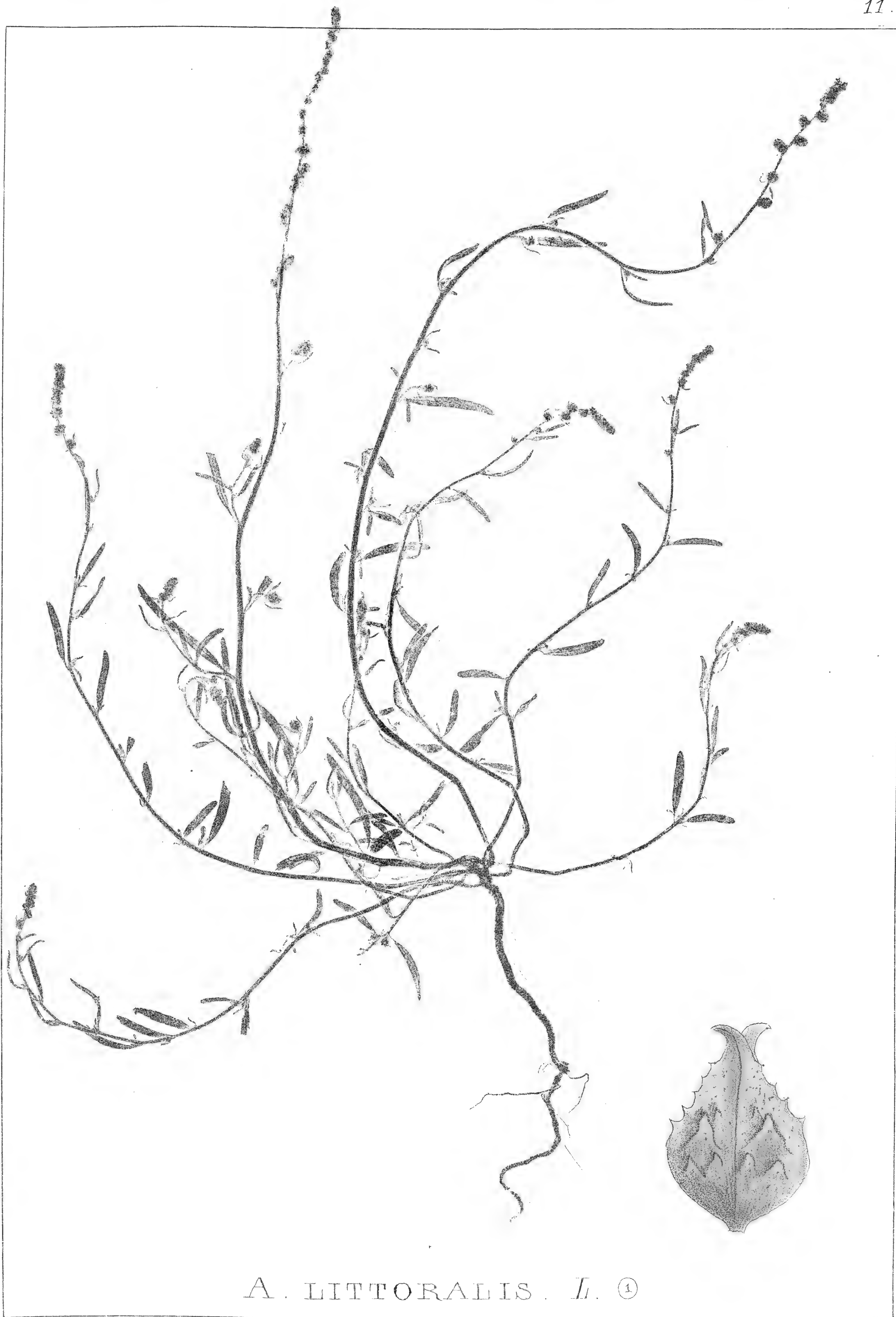
A. HASTATA. L. Var. salina.



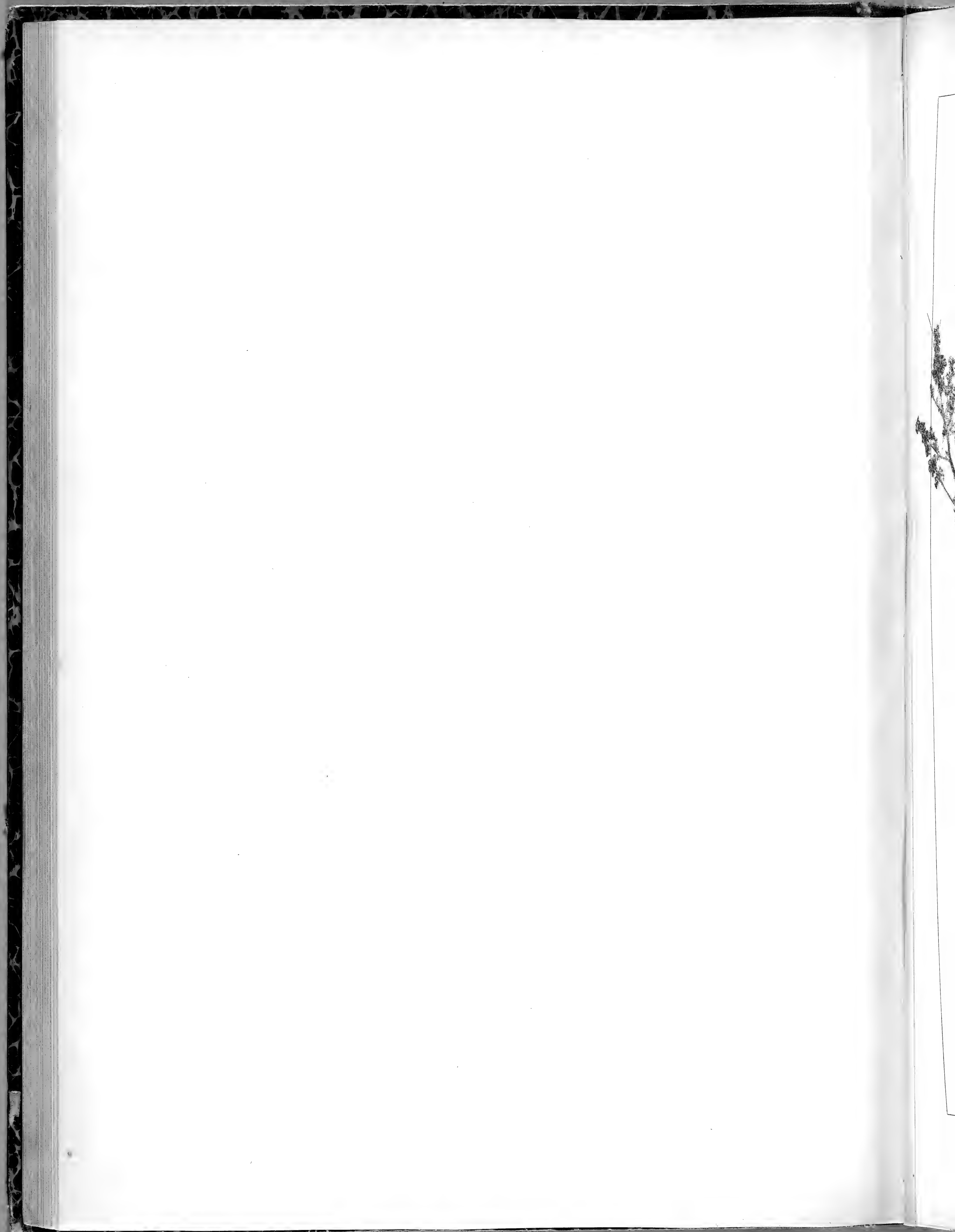


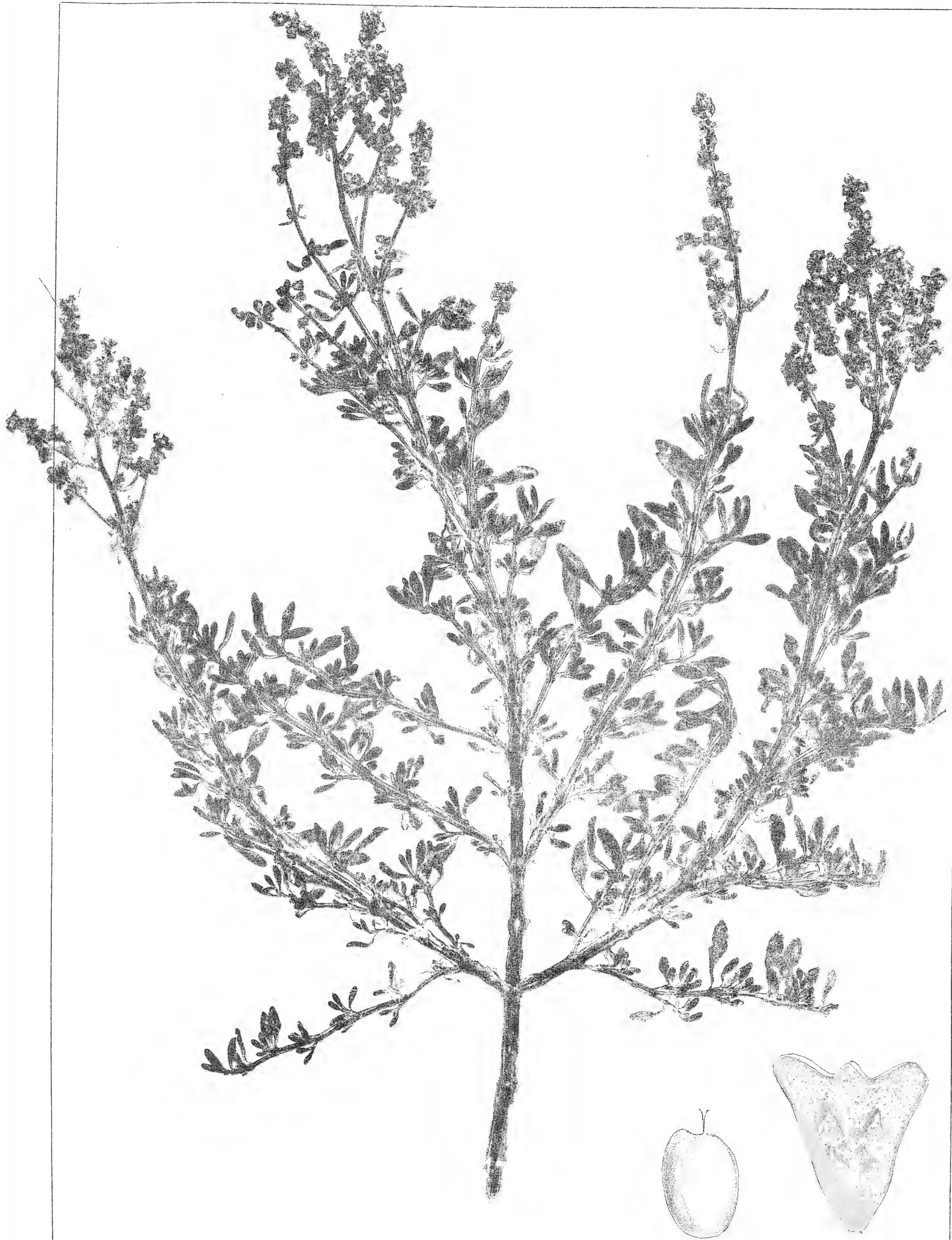
A. PATULA L. ④





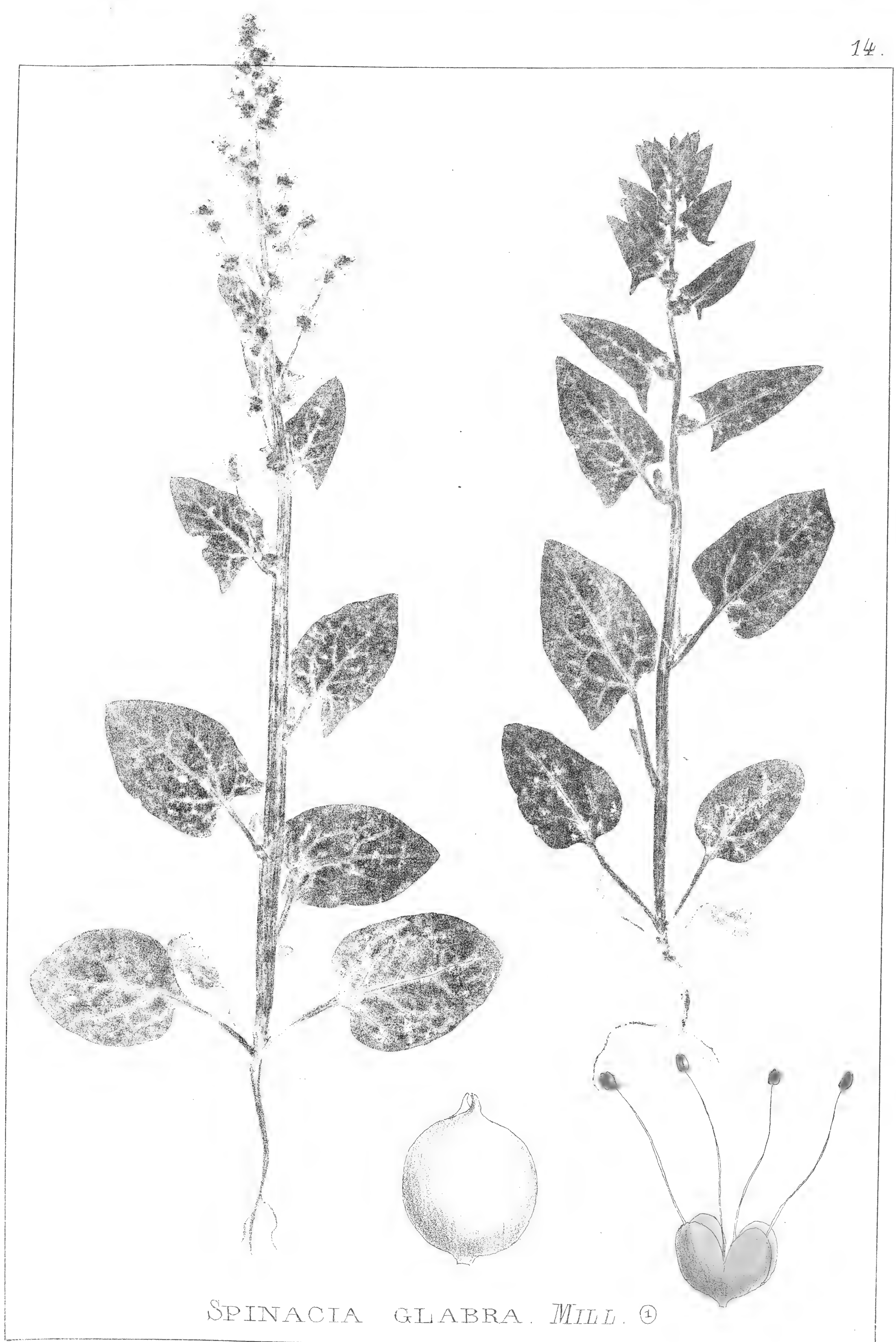
A. LITTORALIS. L. ①





OBIONE PORTULACOIDES. Moq. 5



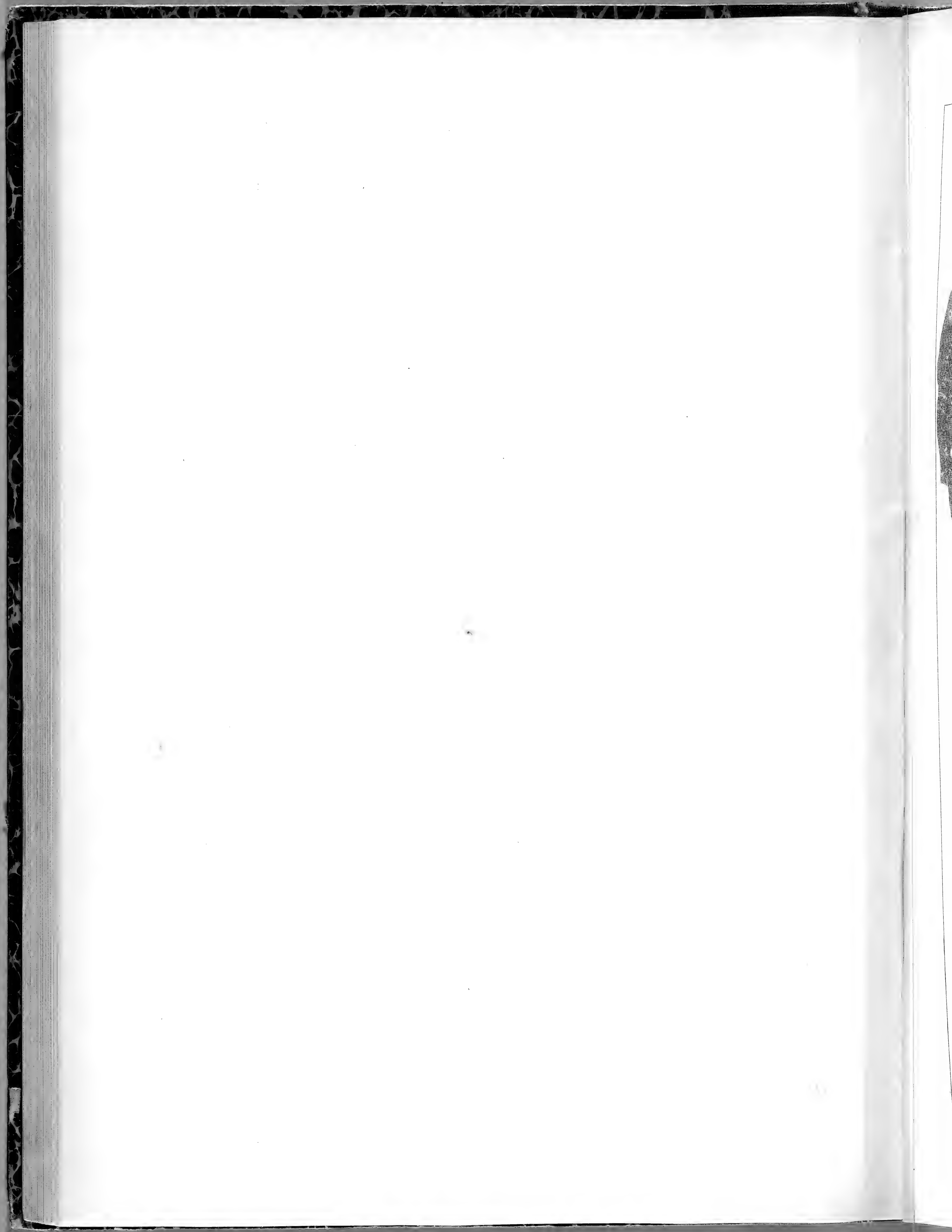


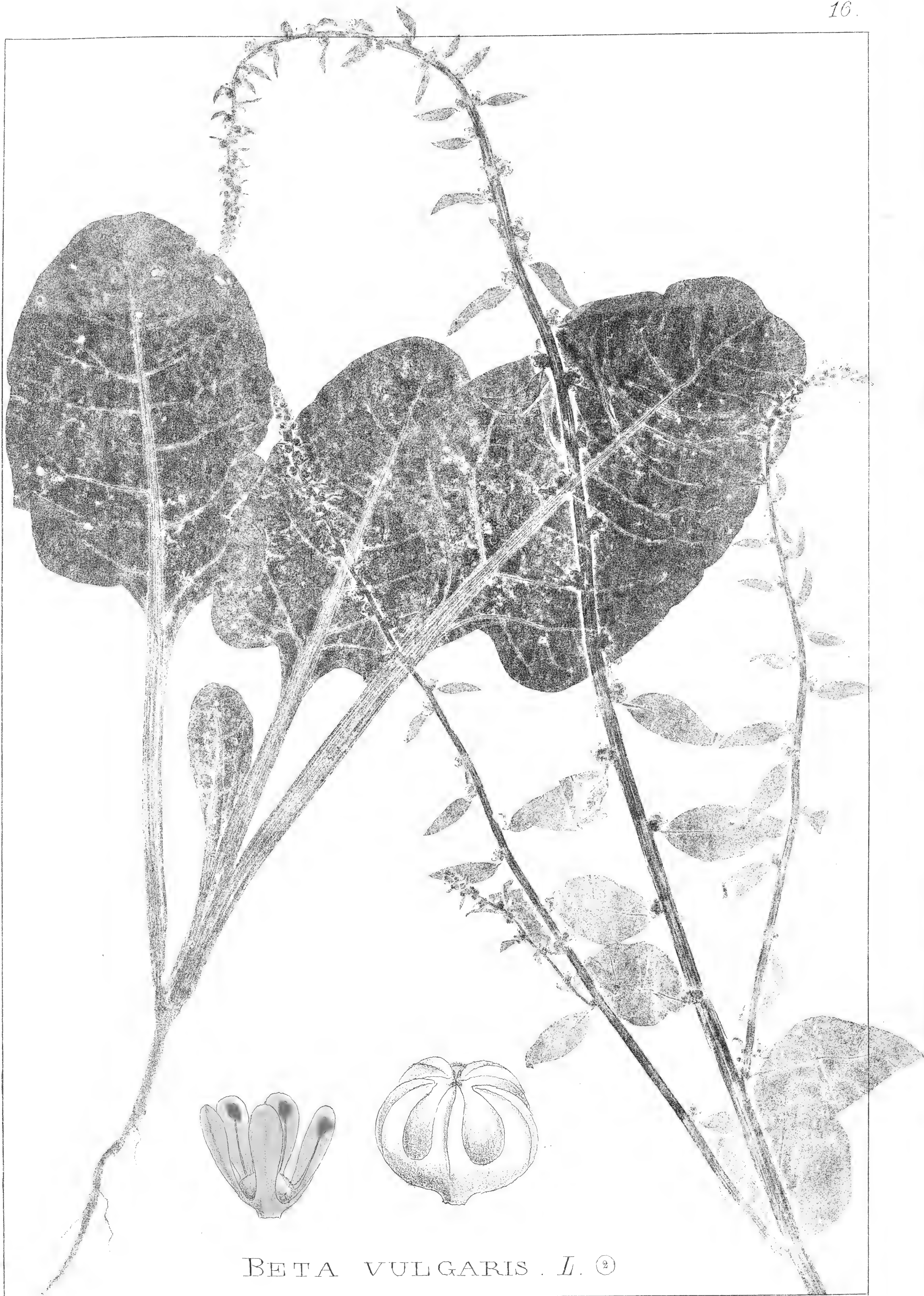
SPINACIA GLABRA. MILL. ①





S. OLERACEA. L. ①



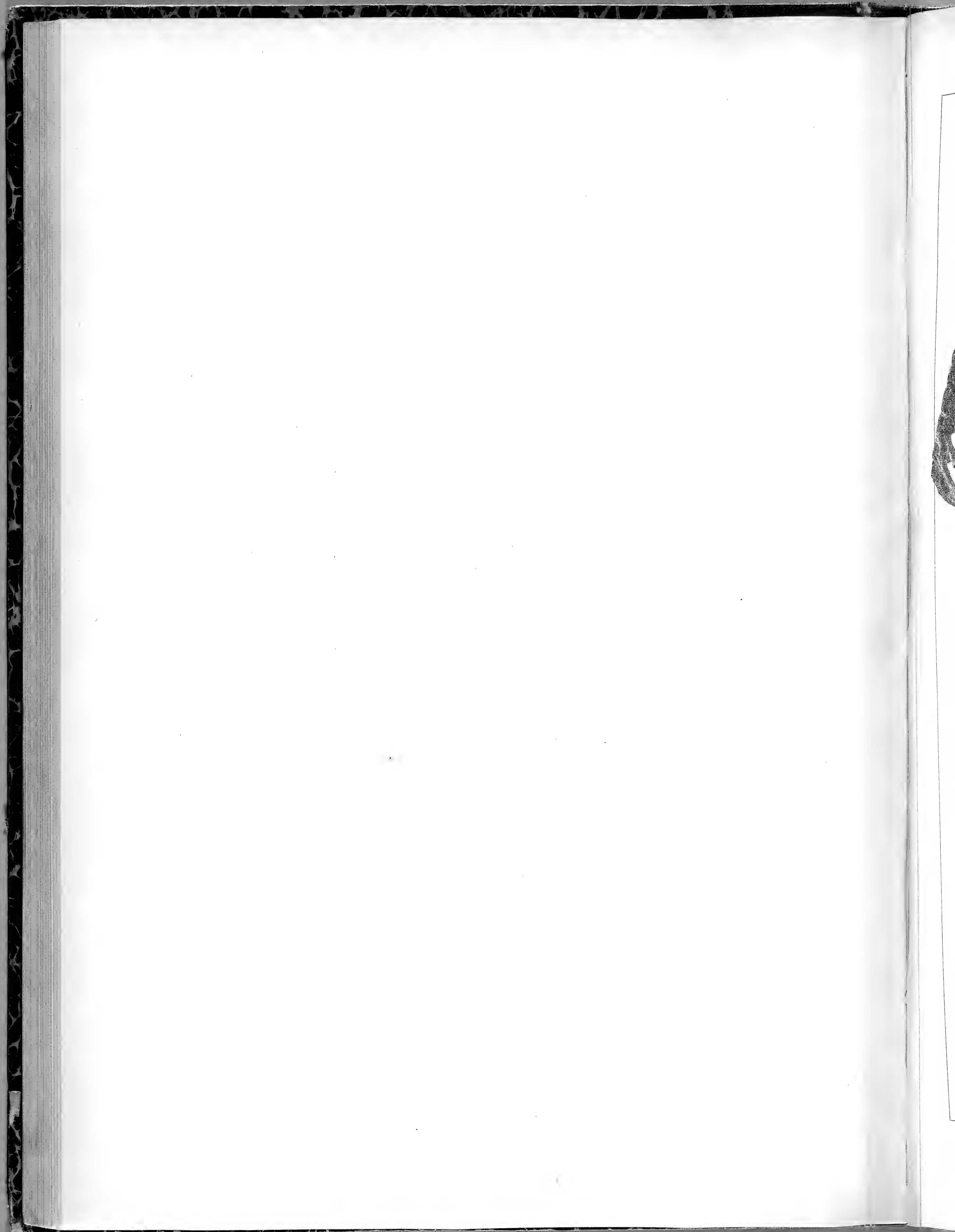


BETA VULGARIS . L. ②





B. VULGARIS. *Var. rapacea.*



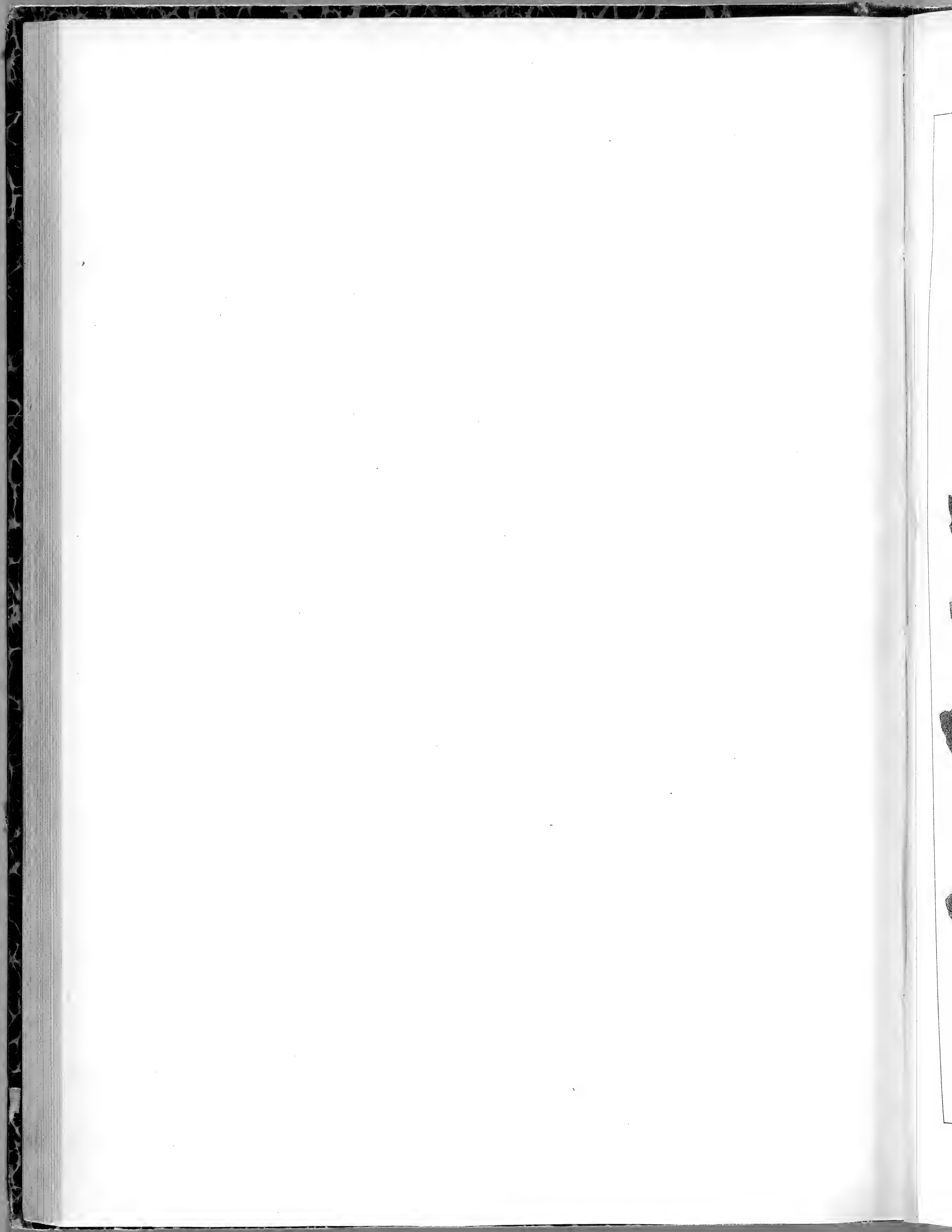


B. MARITIMA L. ♀



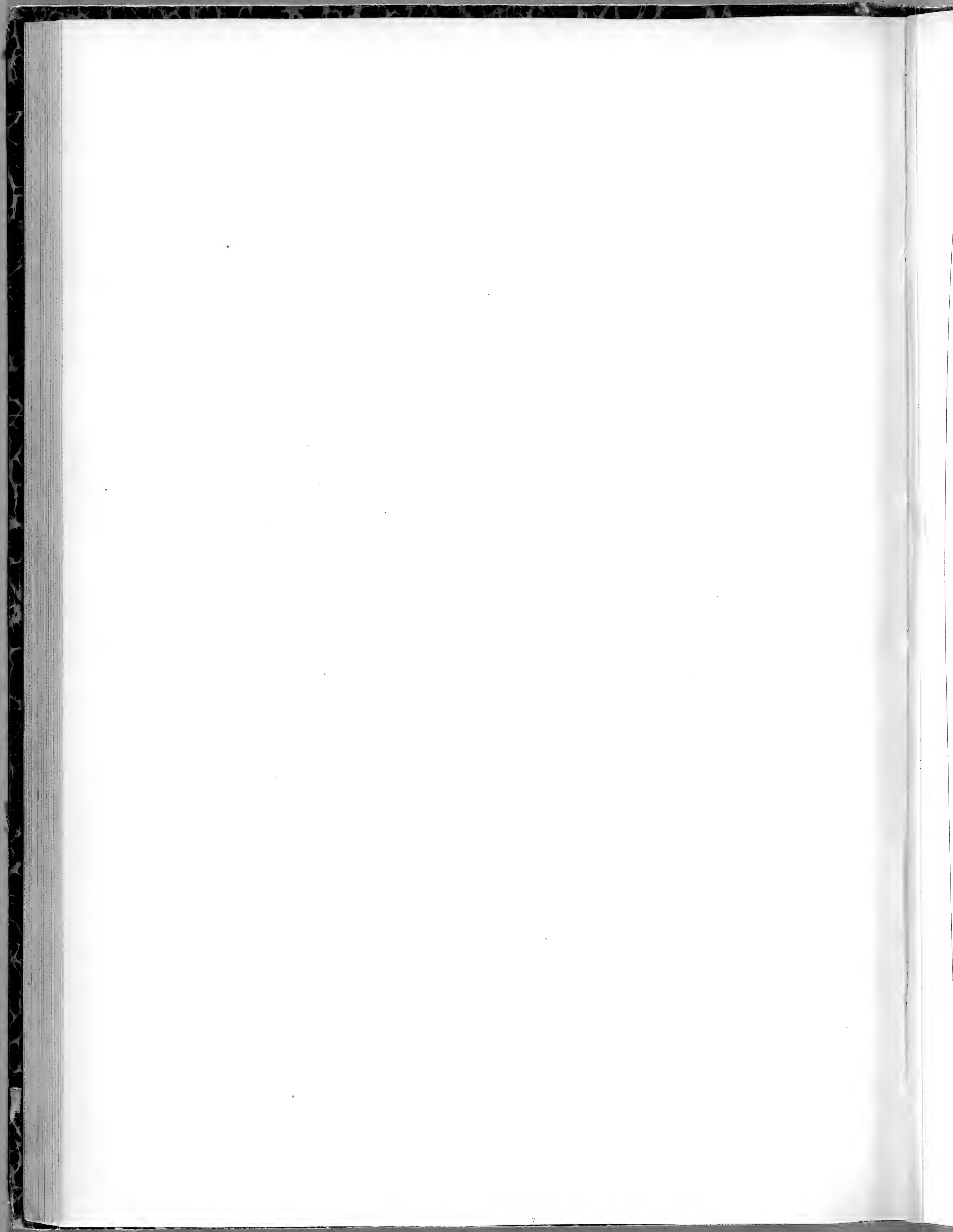


B. BOURGÆI. COSS. 24



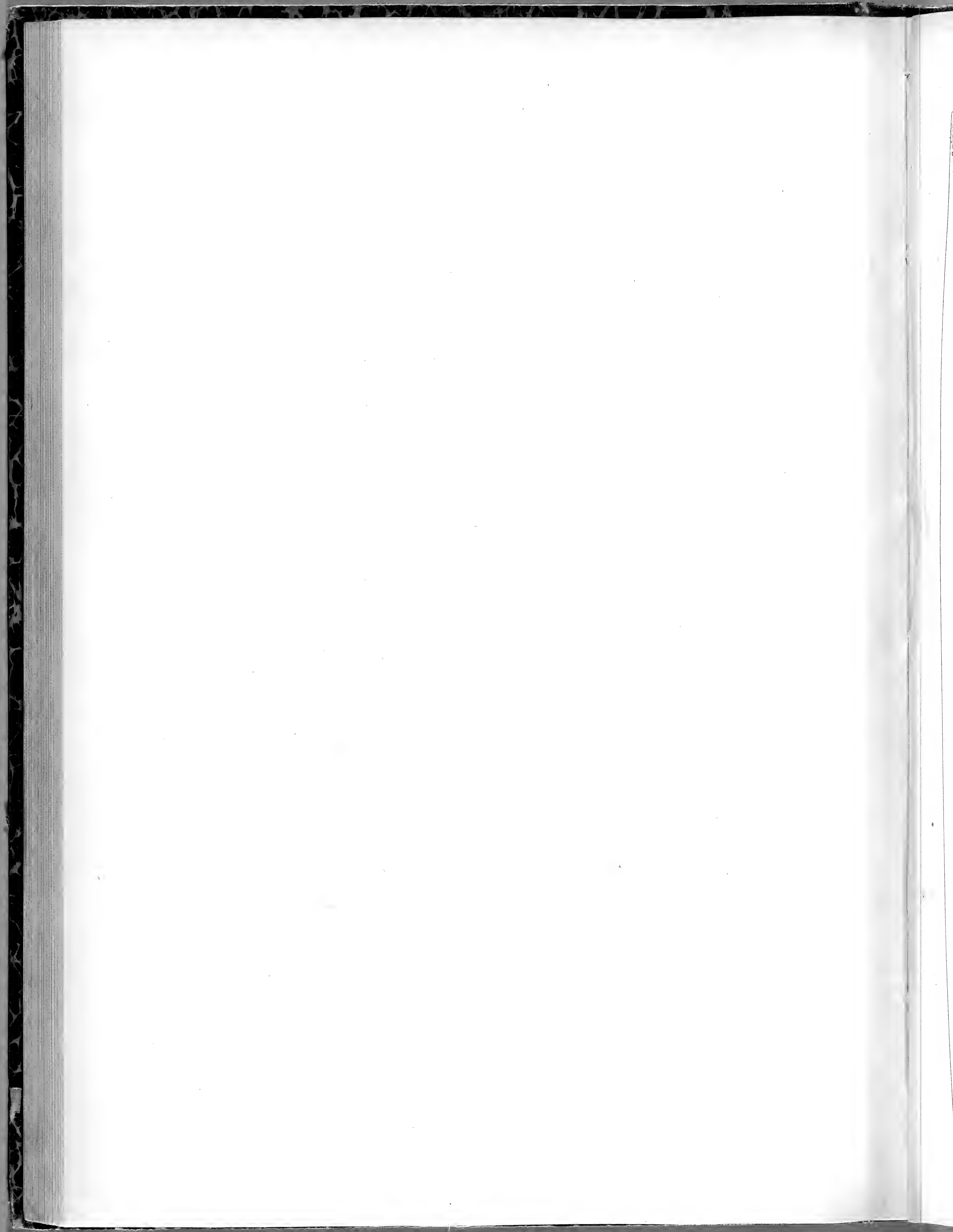


CHENOPodium AMBROSIoidES. L. ②



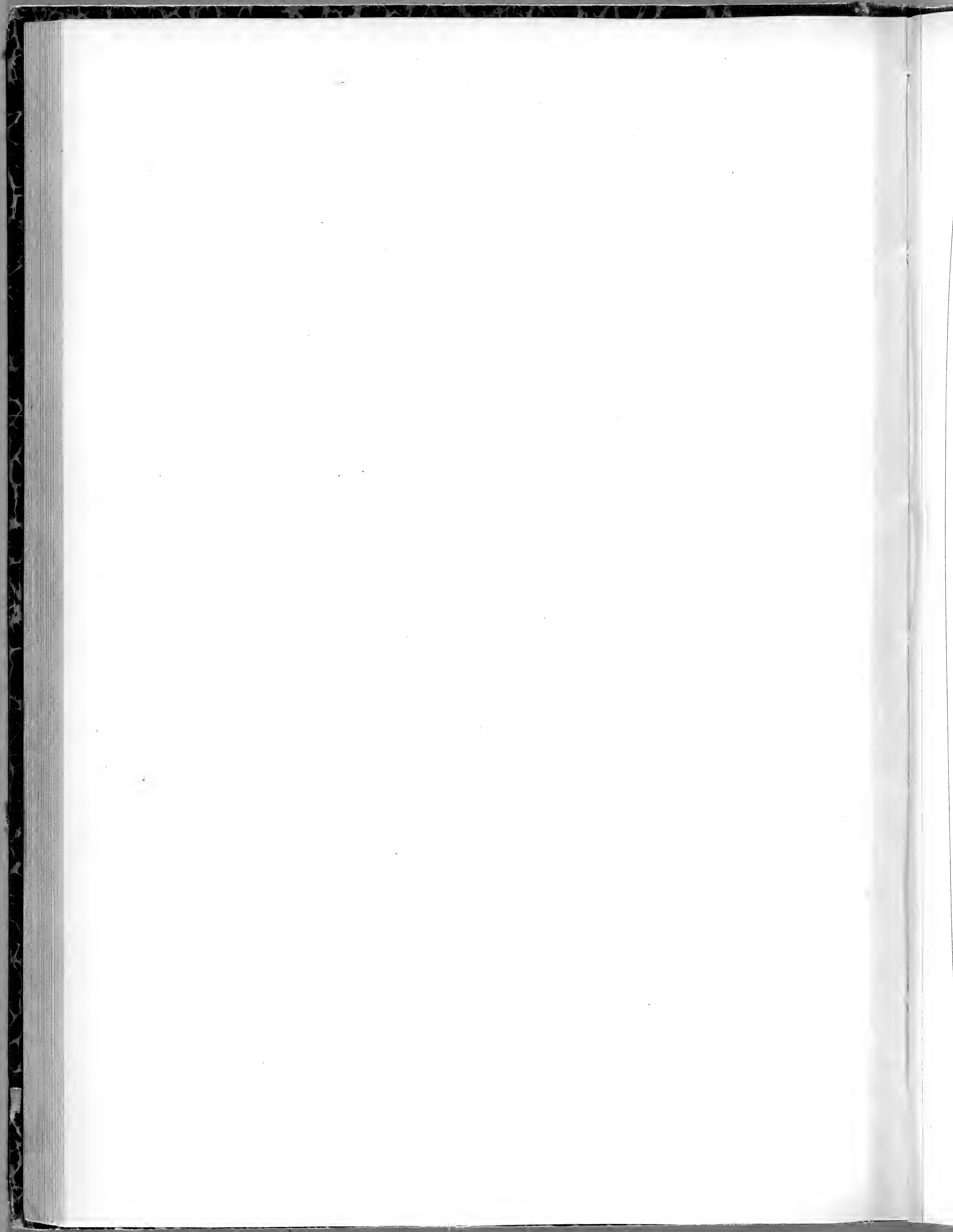


C. BOTRYS. L. ①



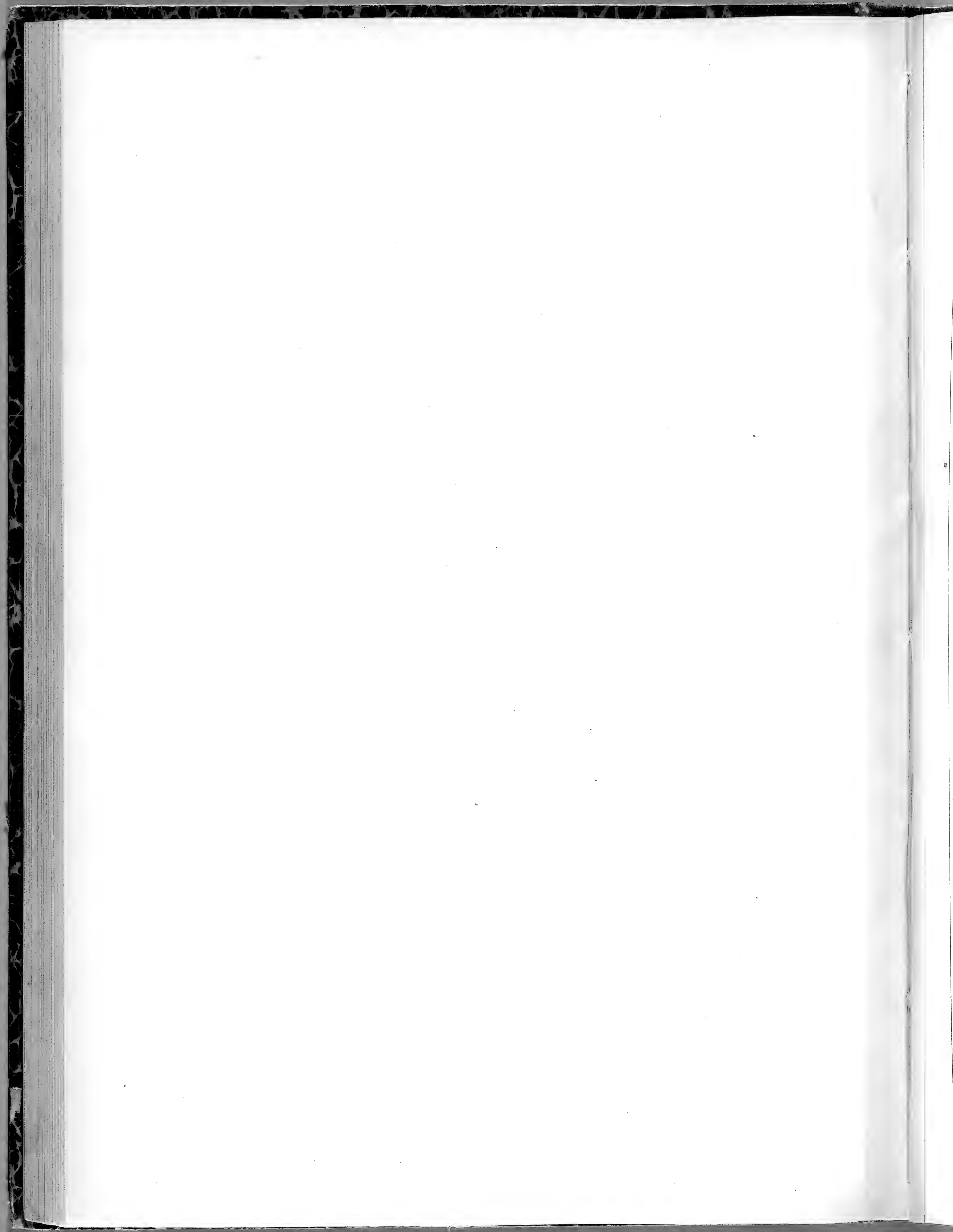


C. POLYSPERMUM. L. ①





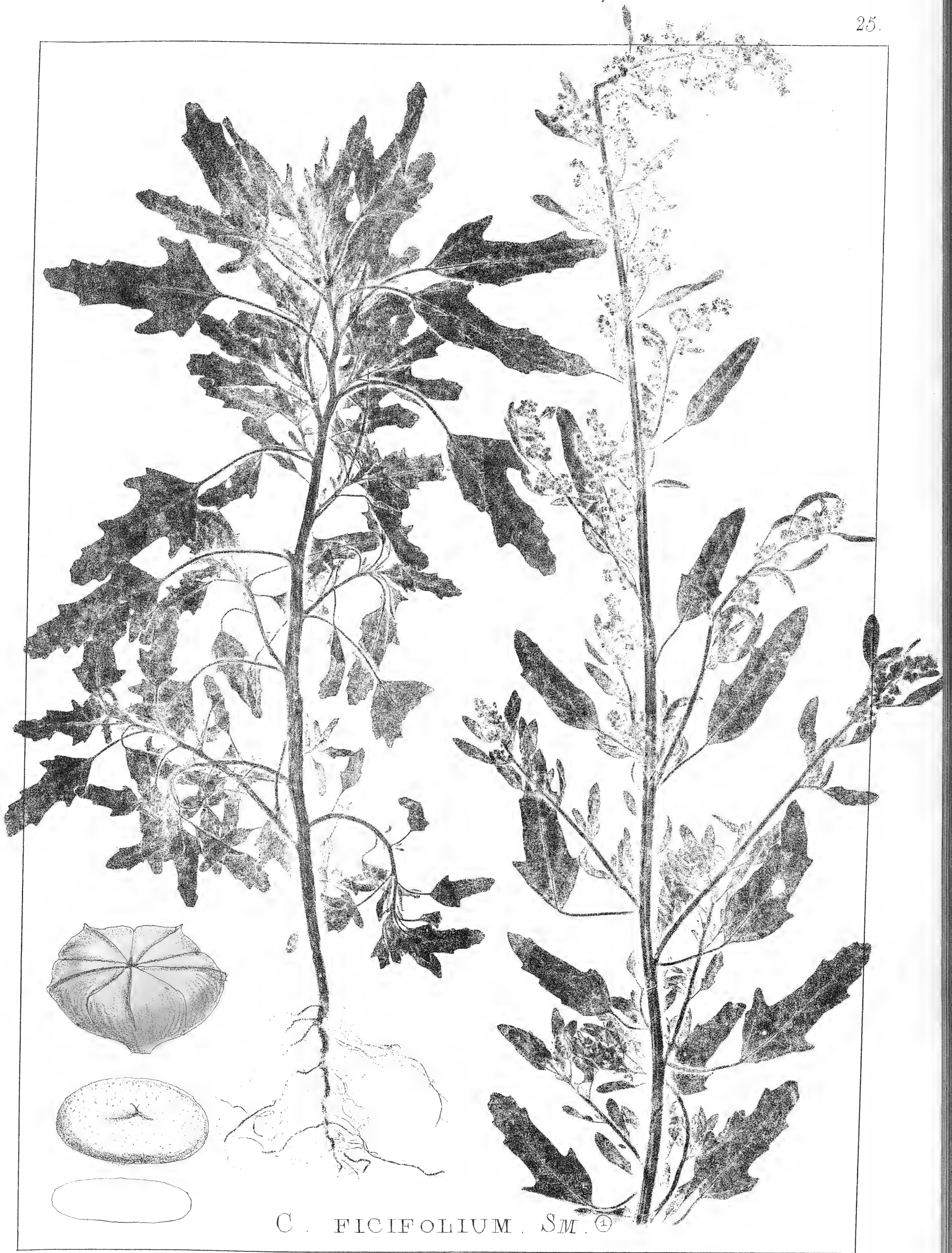
C. POLYSPERMUM, L. Var. cymosum.





C. VULVARIA. L. ①





C. FICIFOLIUM. SM. ④



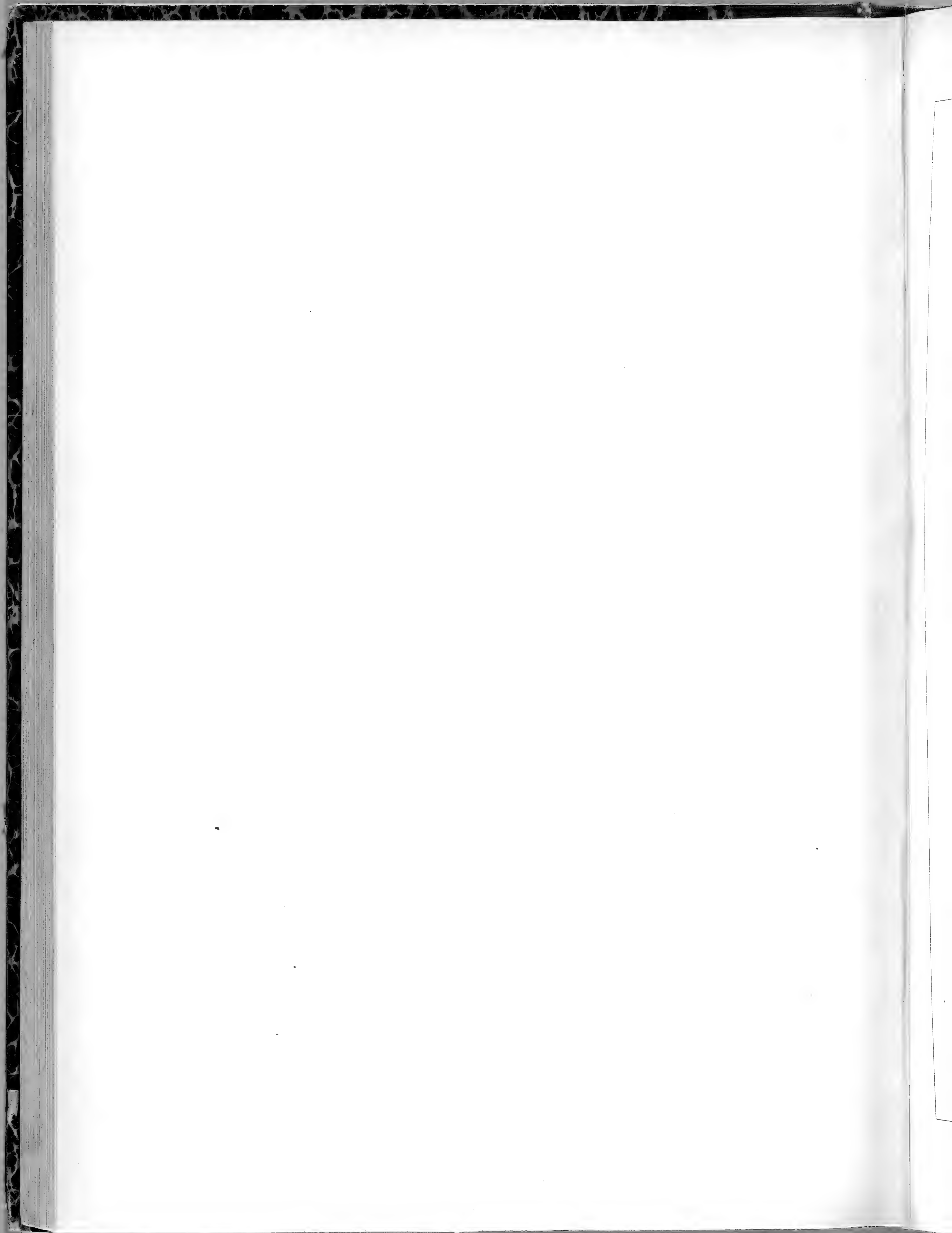


C. ALBUM. L. ①





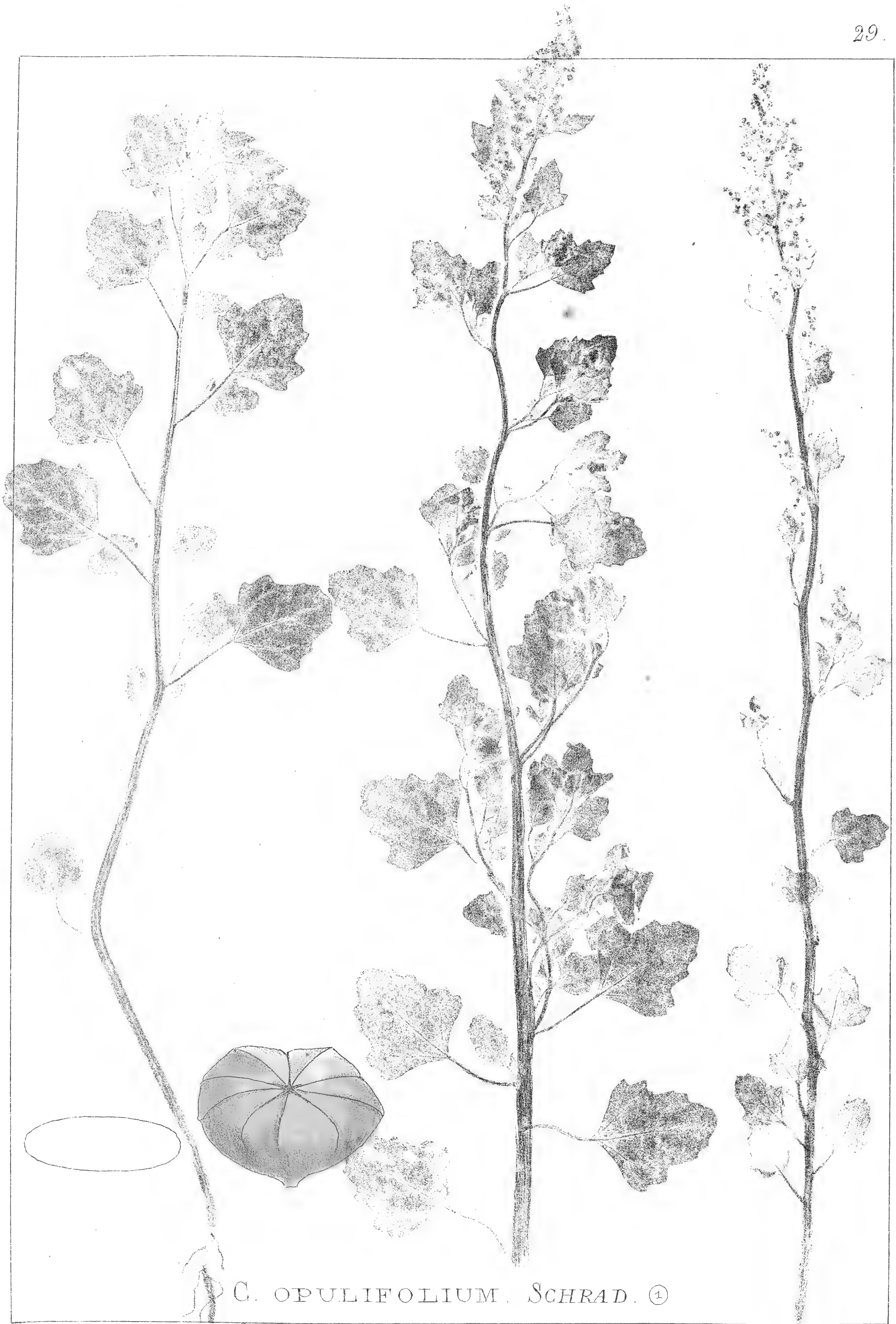
C. ALBUM L. Var. viridis.



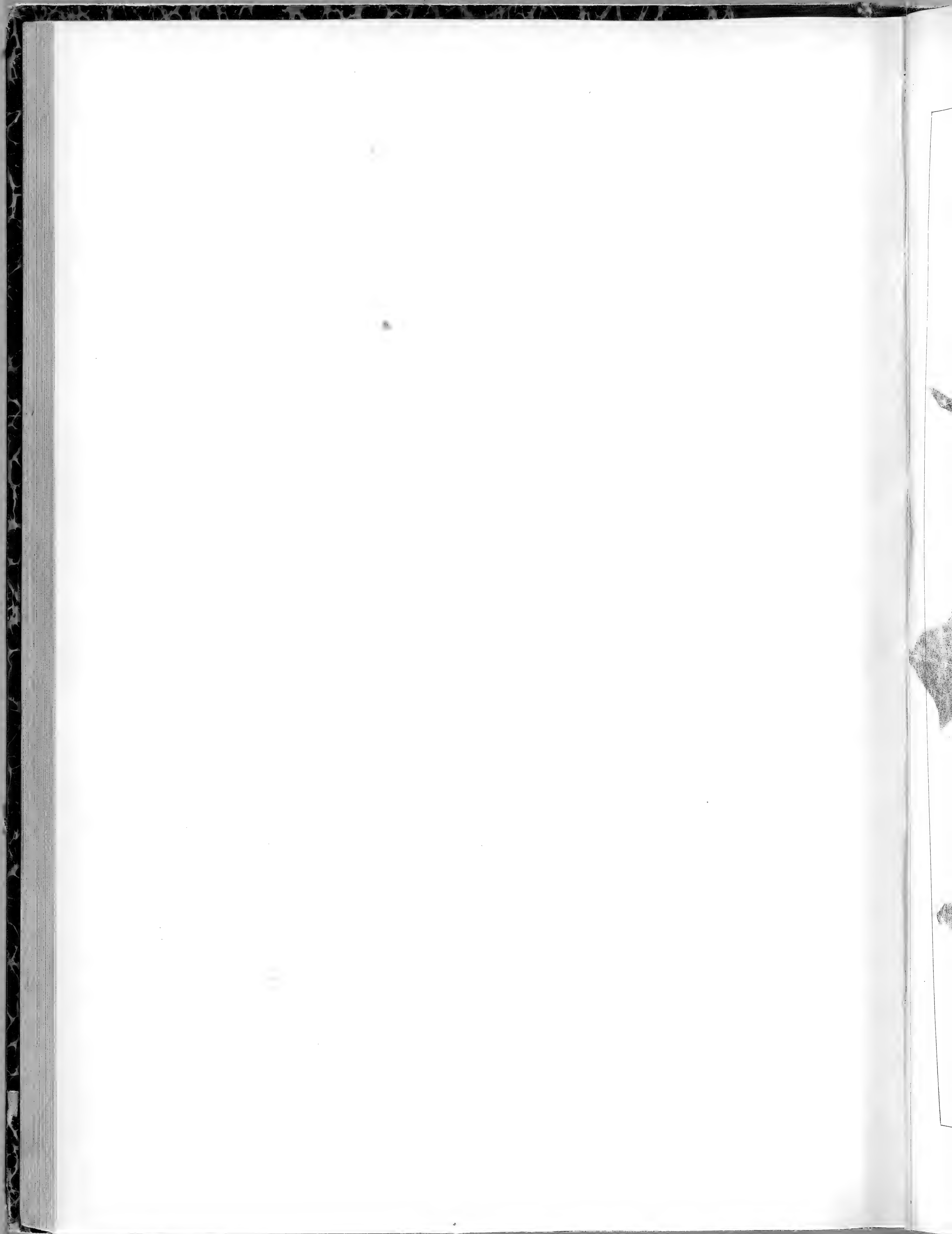


C. ALBUM . L. Var. lanceolata.



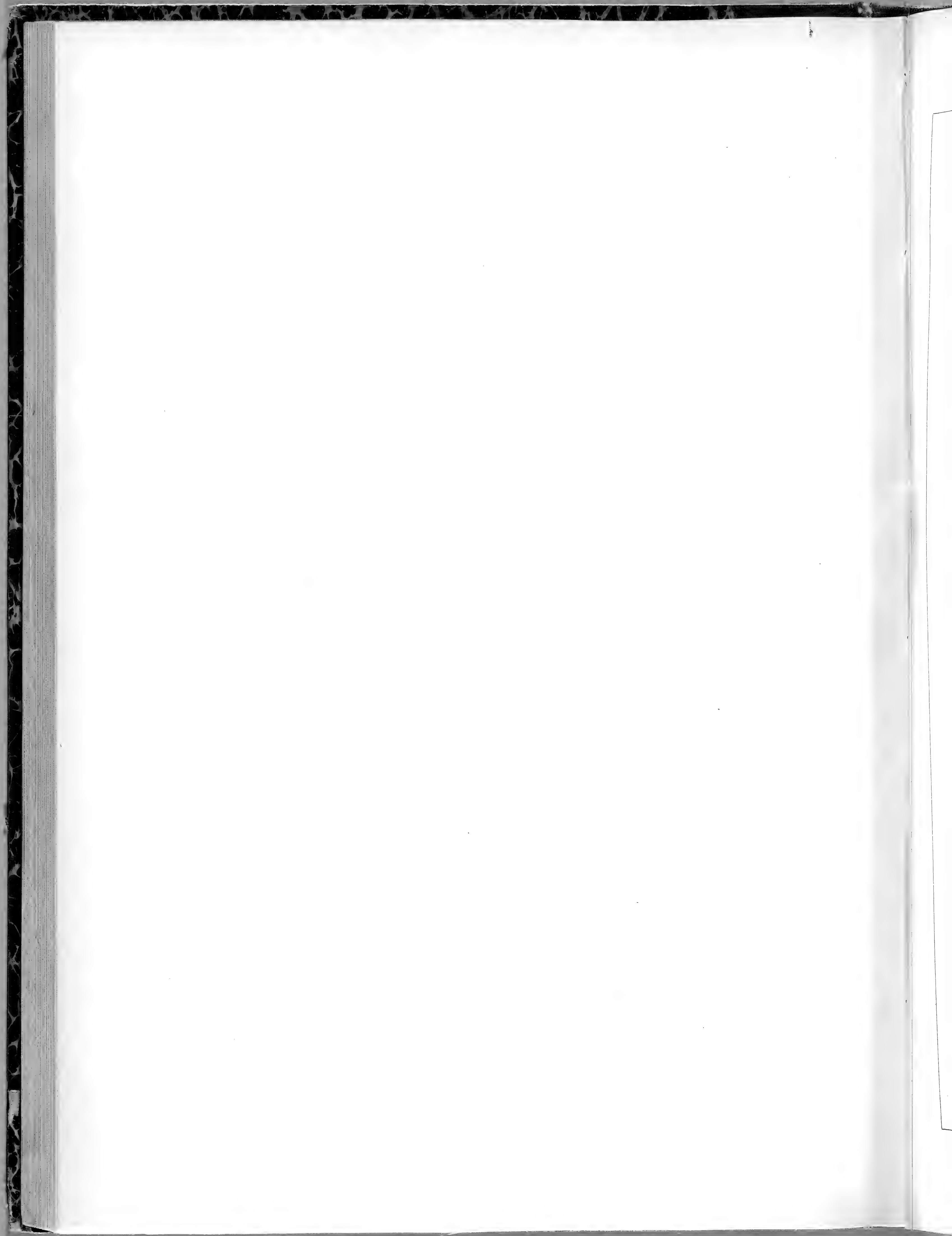


C. OPULIFOLIUM. SCHRAD. ①



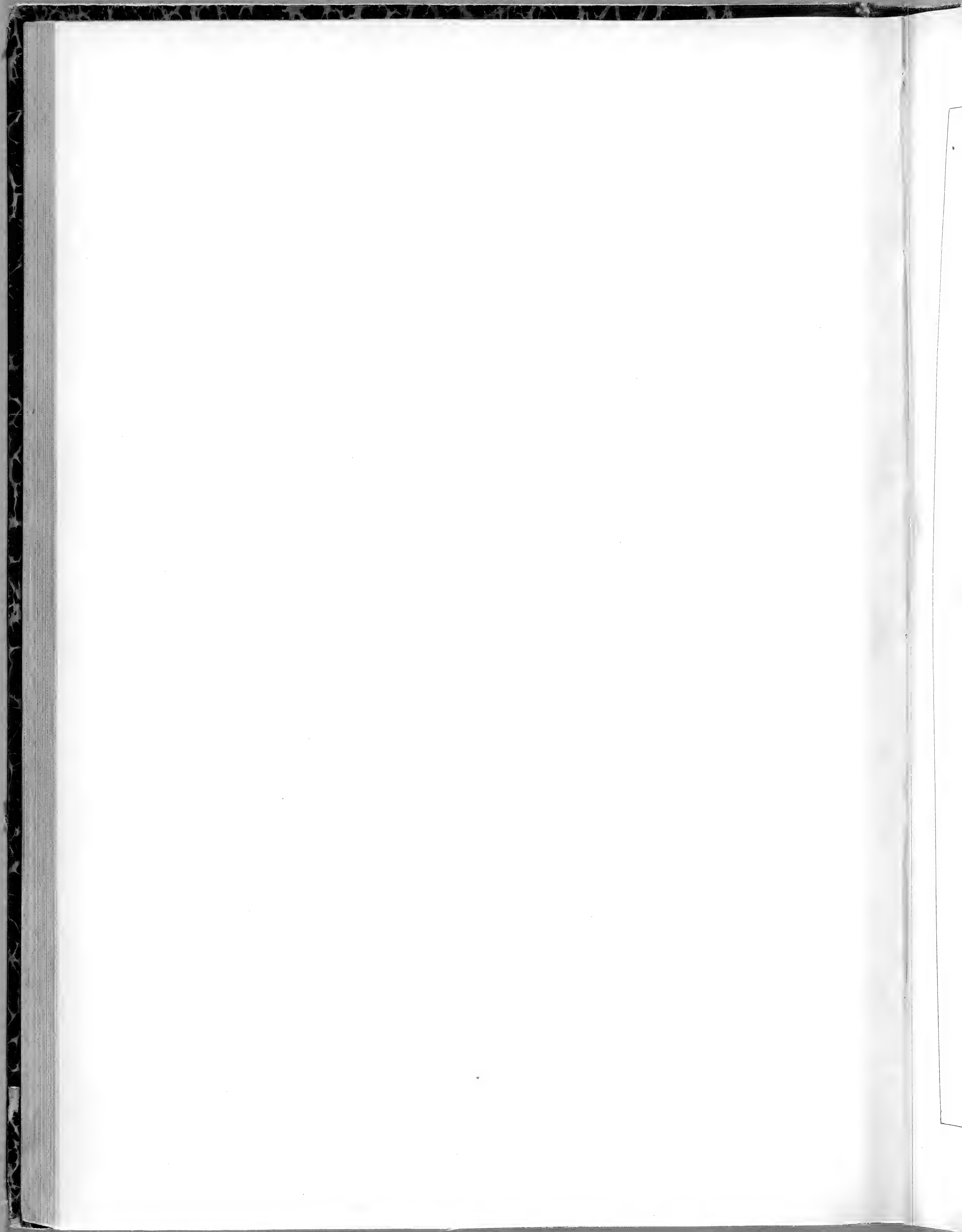


C. HYBRIDUM. L. ①



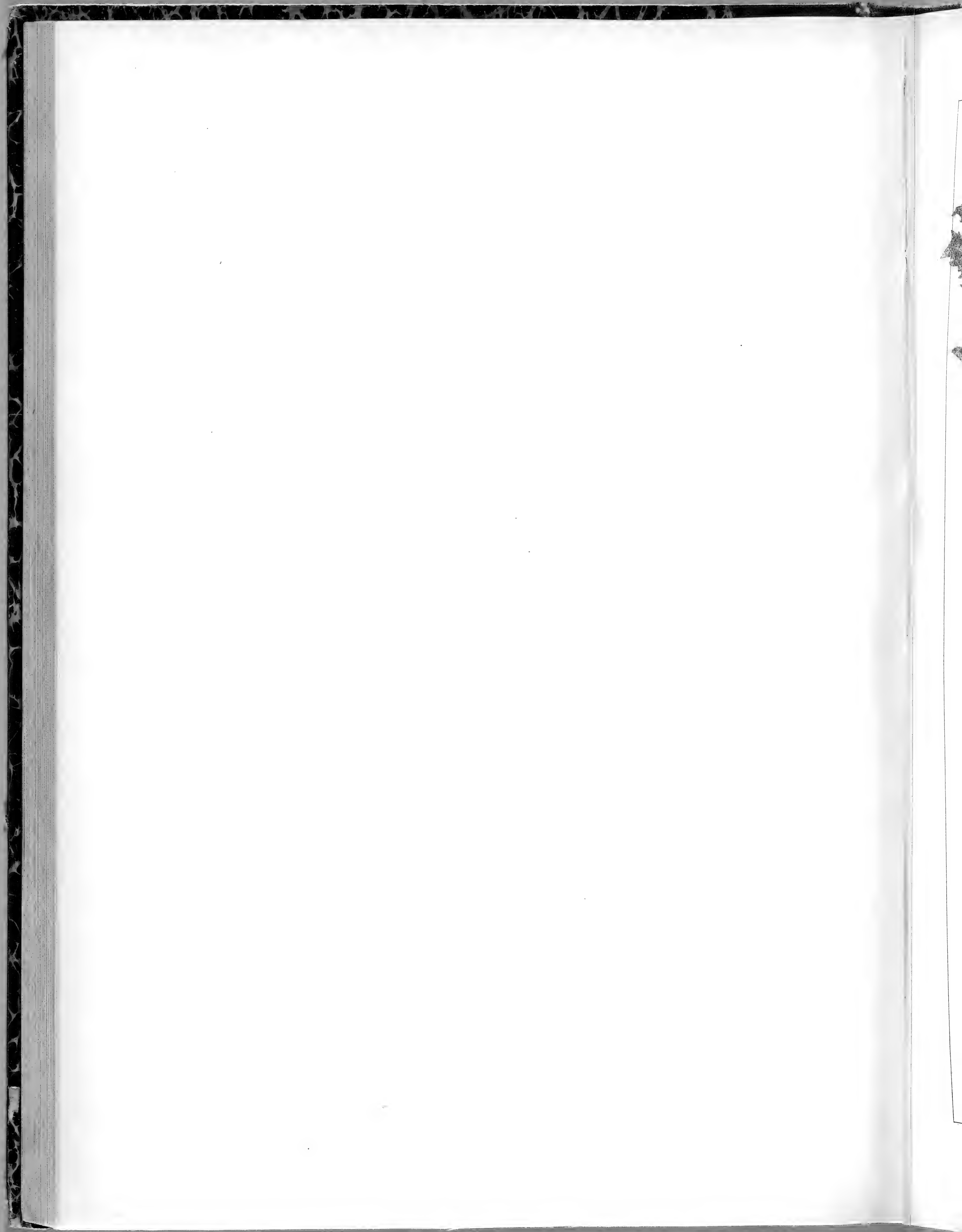


C. URBICUM L. ①



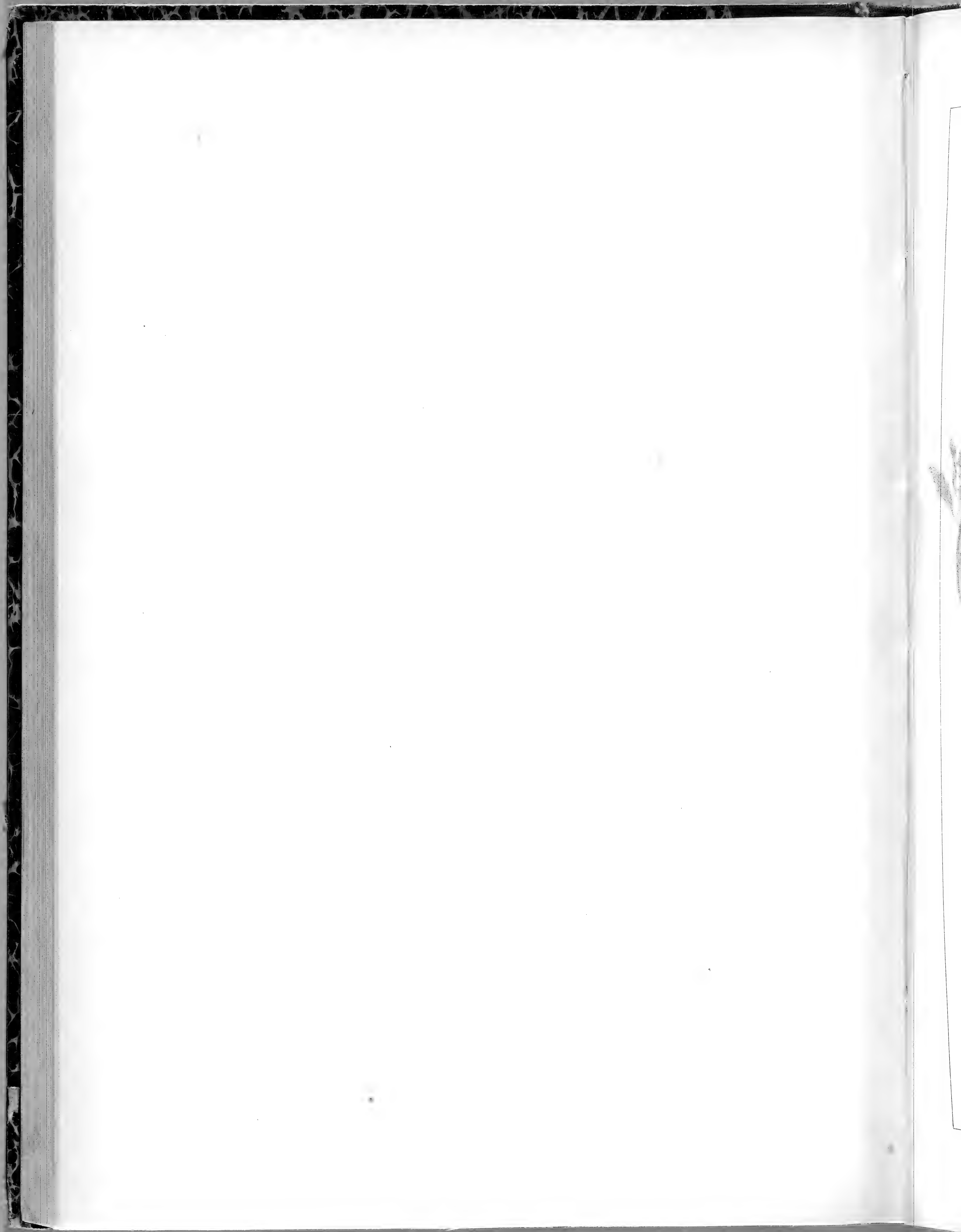


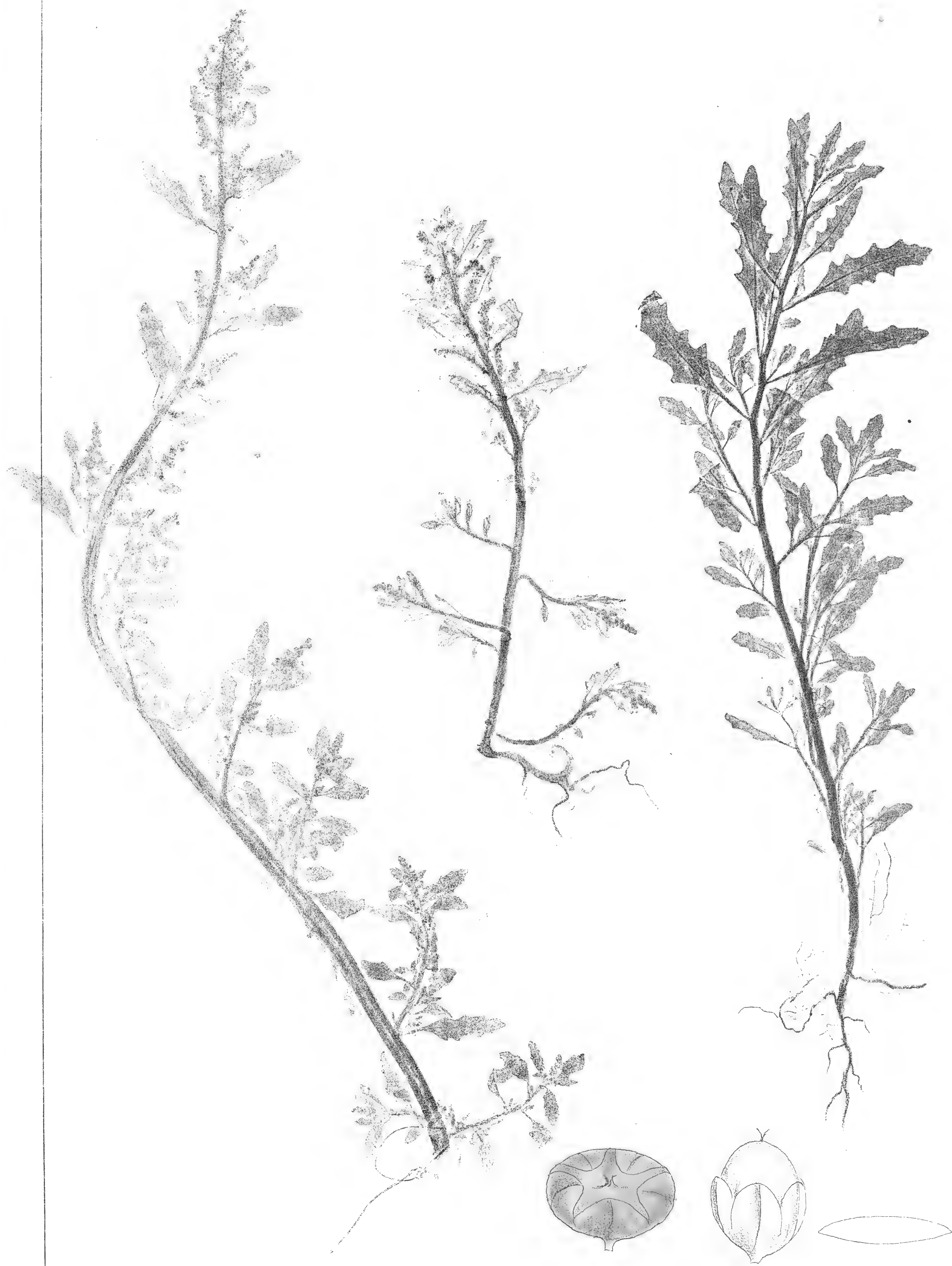
C. URBICUM. L. *Var. intermedia.*



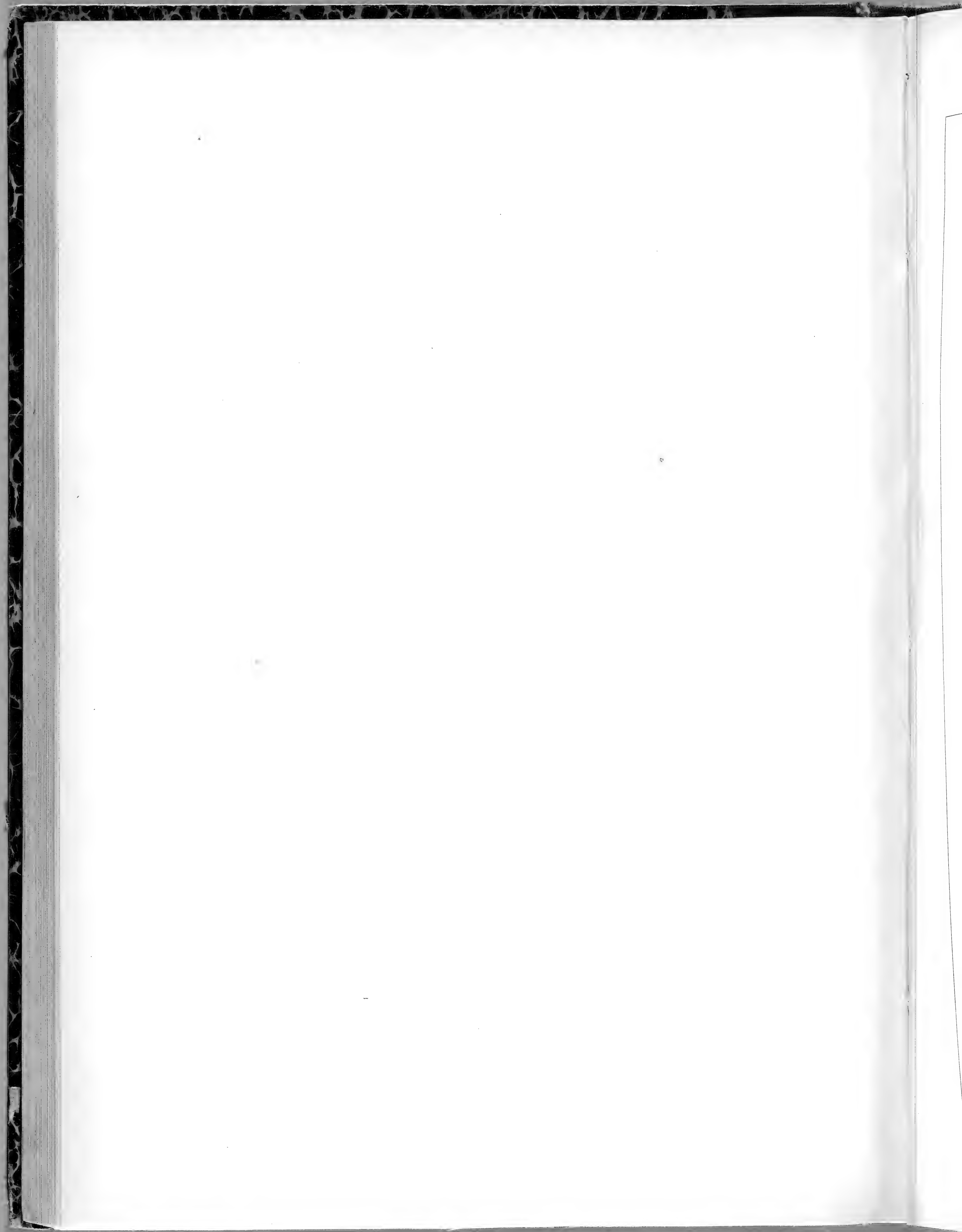


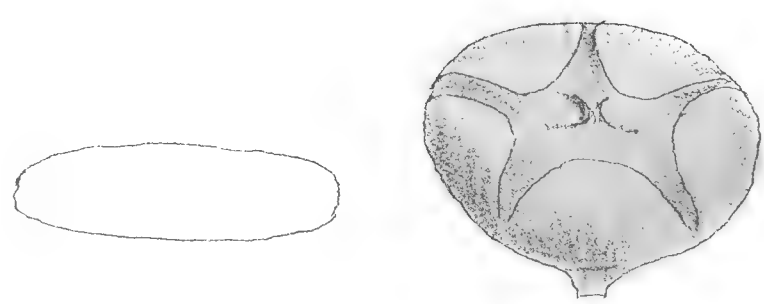
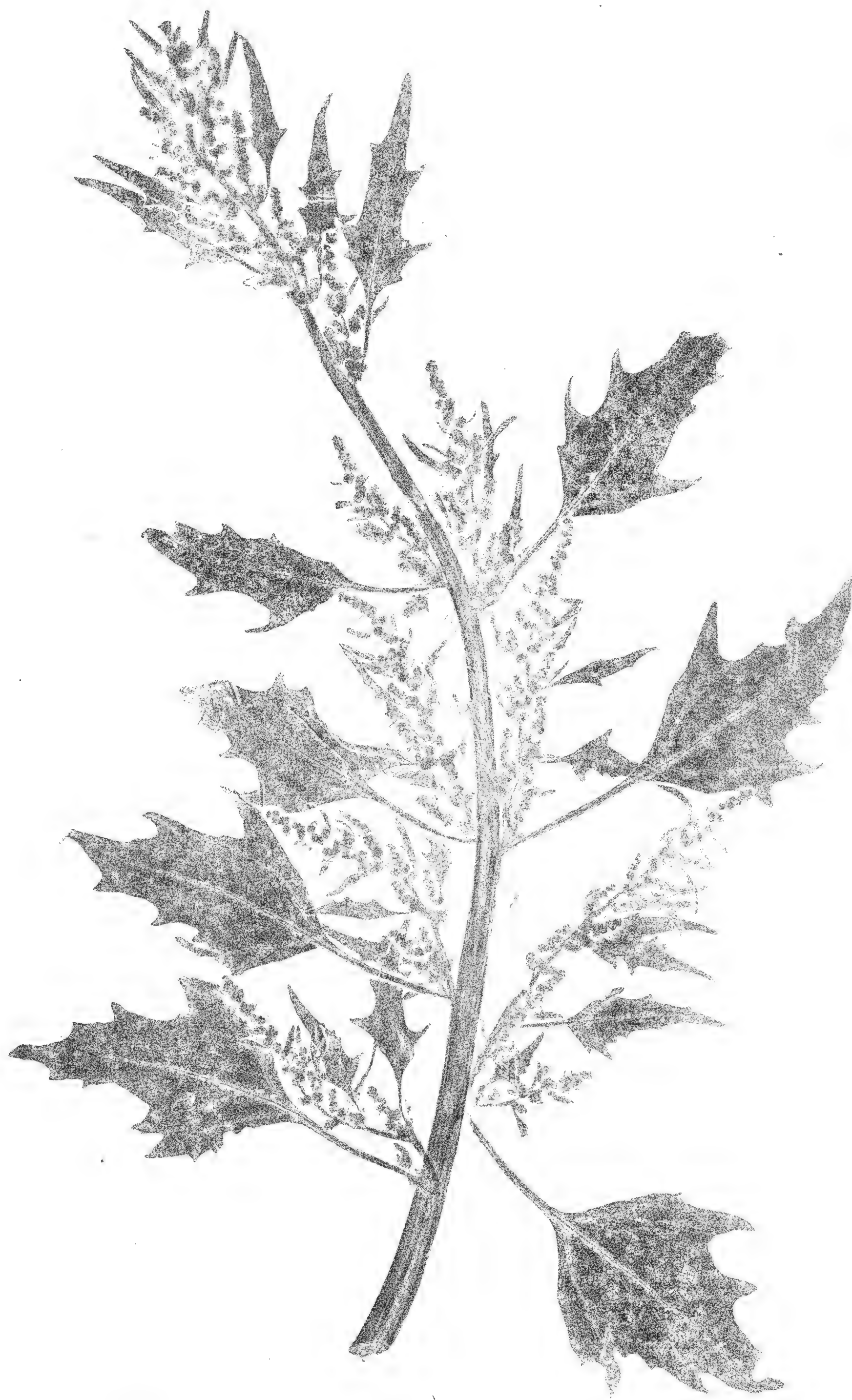
C. MURALE. L. ④



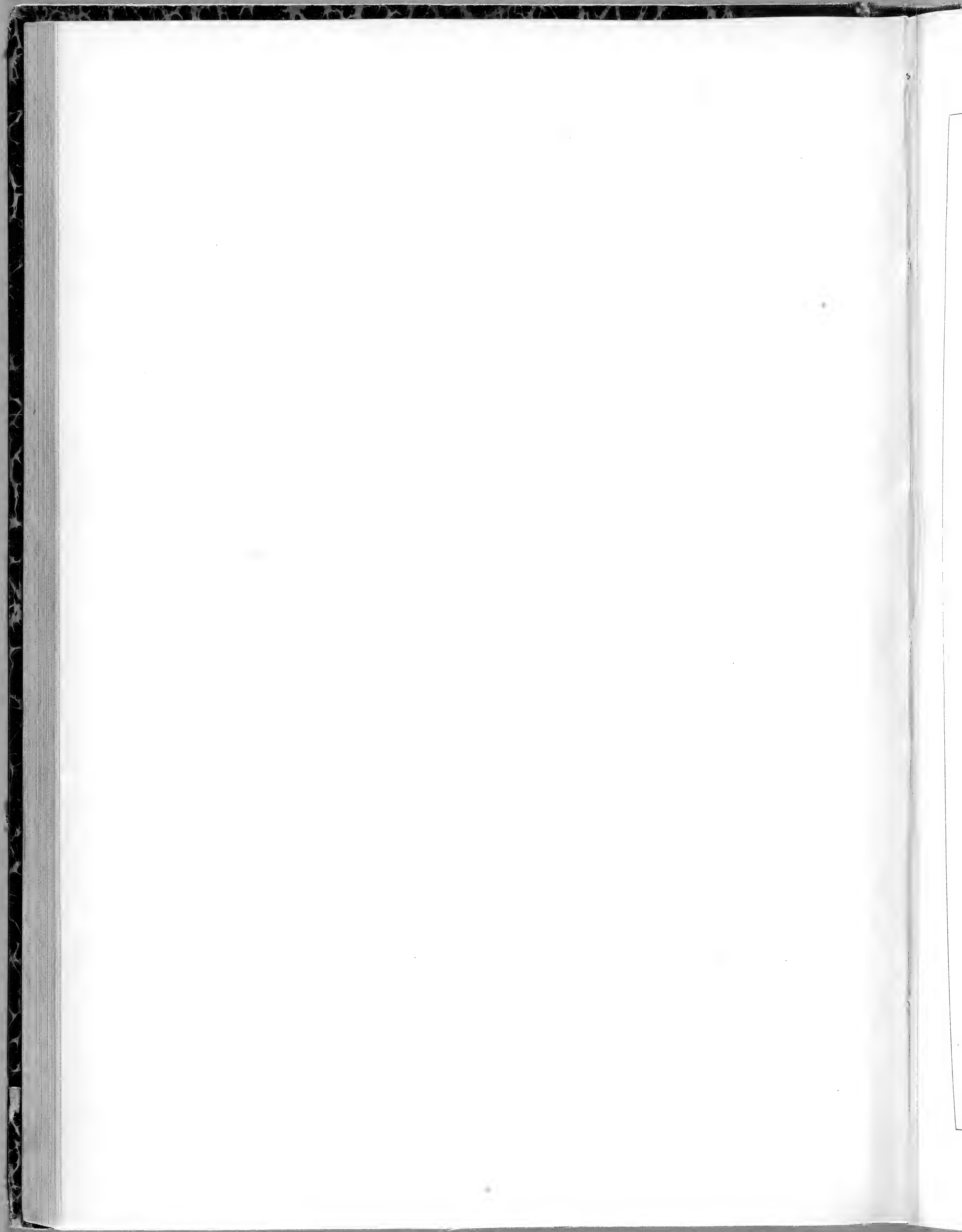


C. GLAUCUM. L. ①





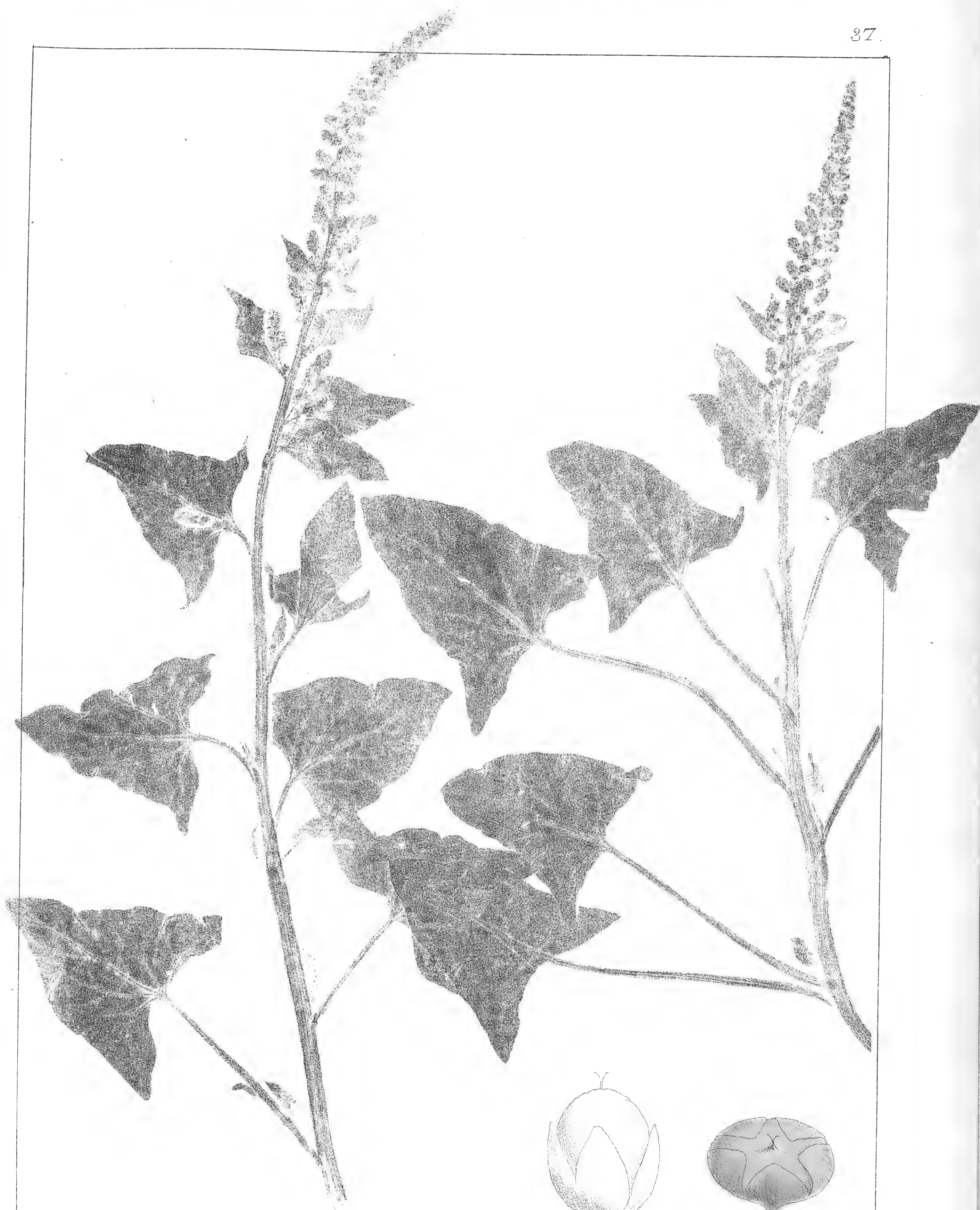
C. RUBRUM. L. ④





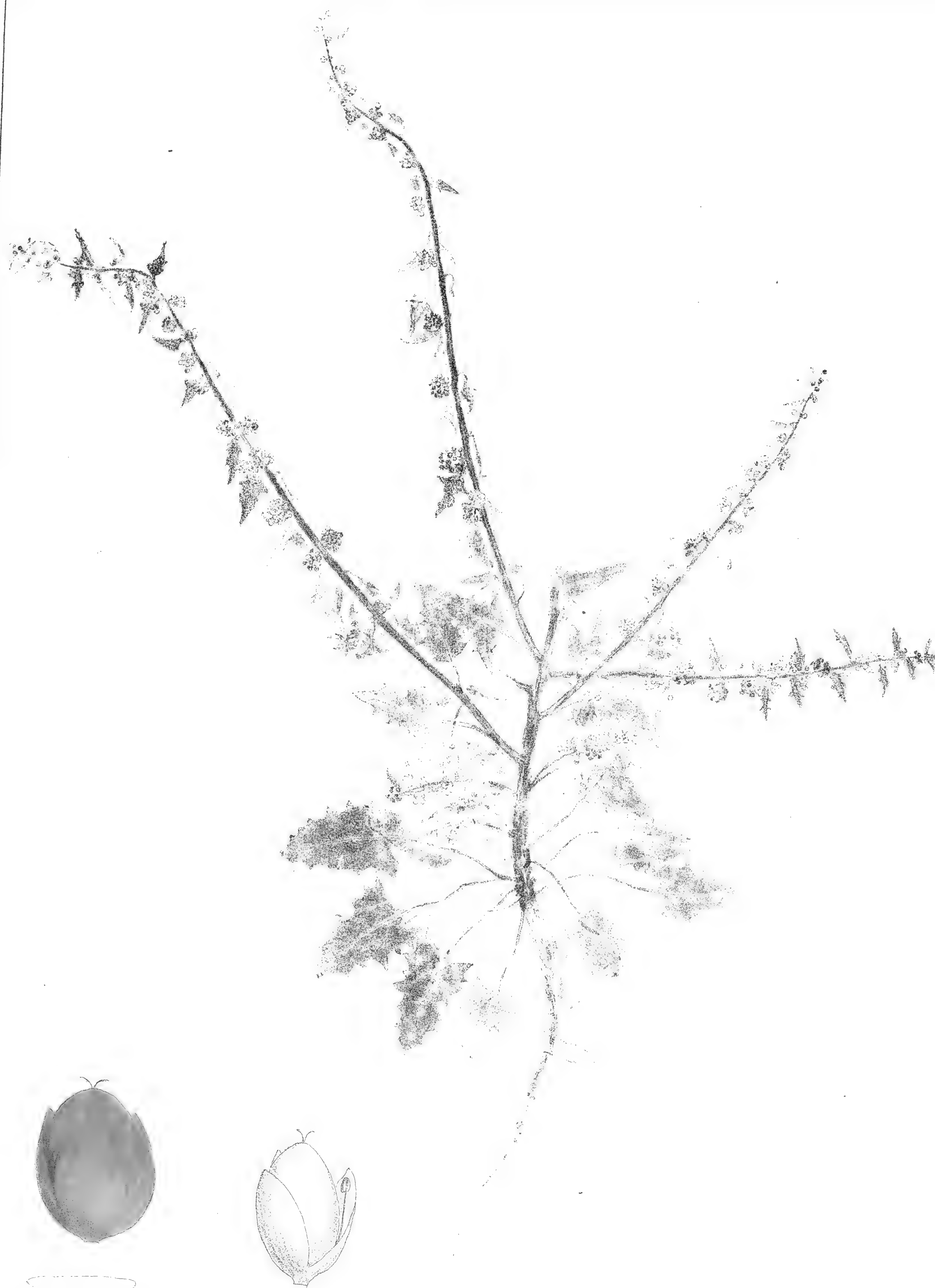
C. RUBRUM. L. Var. *crassifolia*.



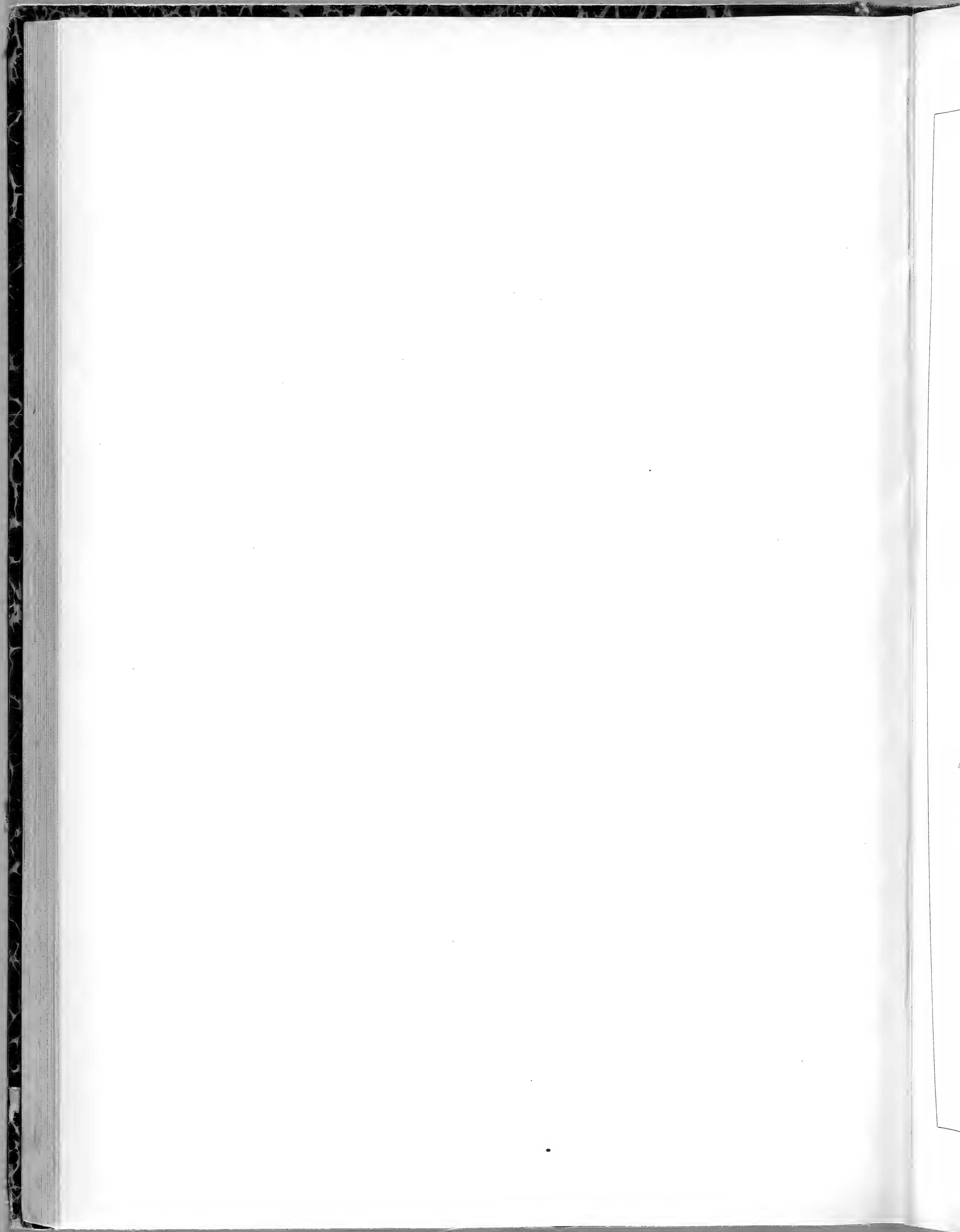


C. BONUS-HENRICUS. L. 2. 5



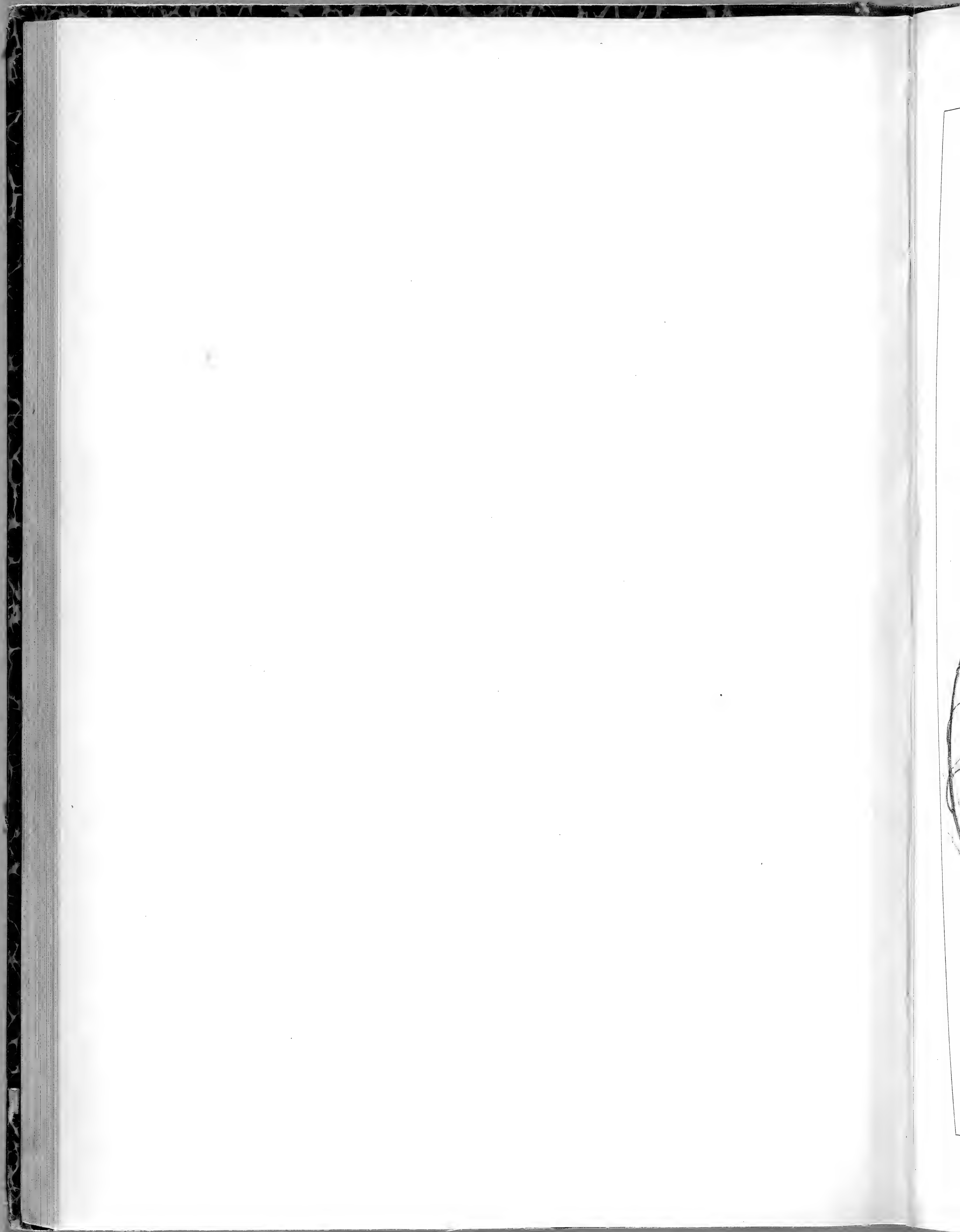


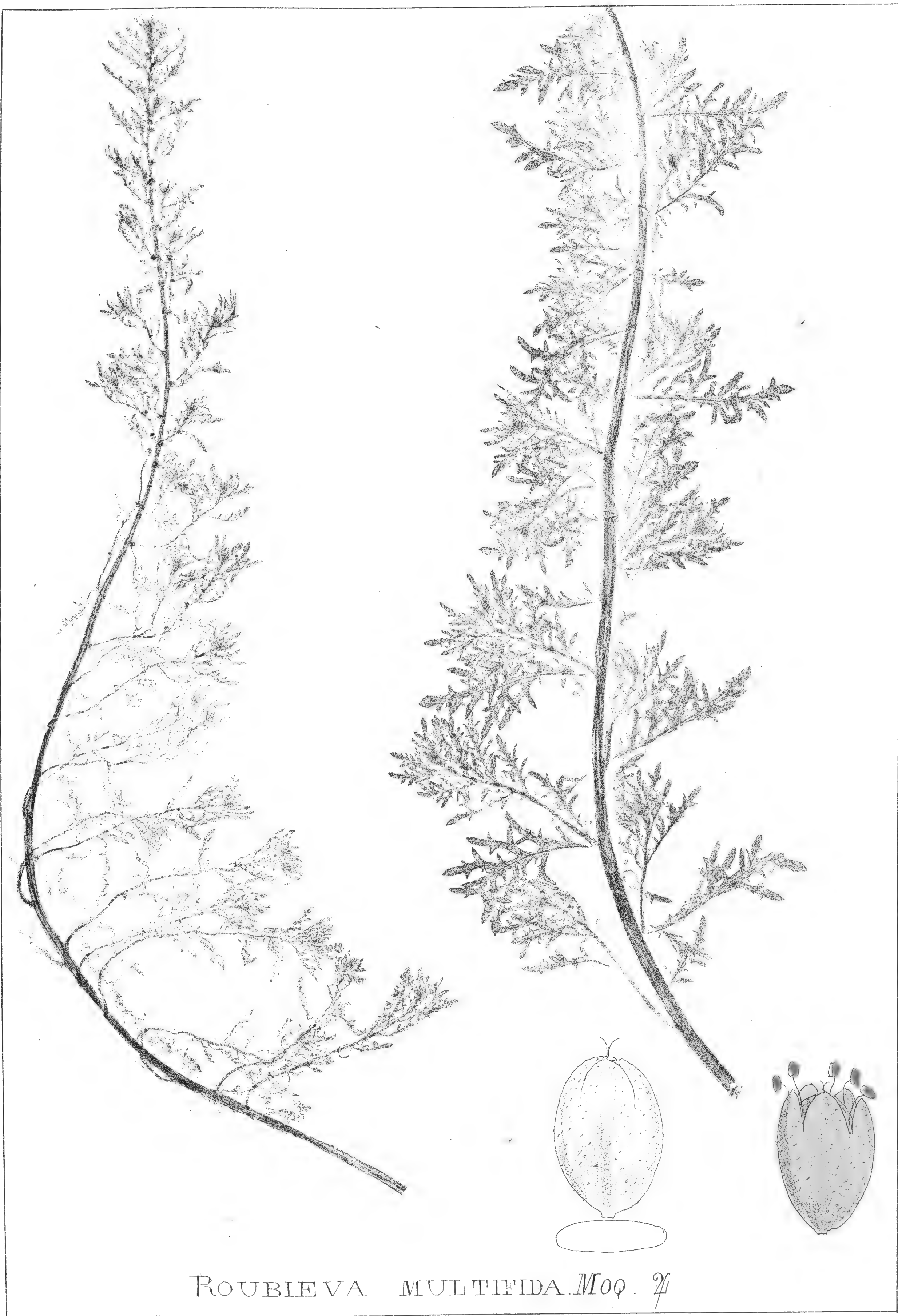
BLITUM VIRGATUM. L. ①





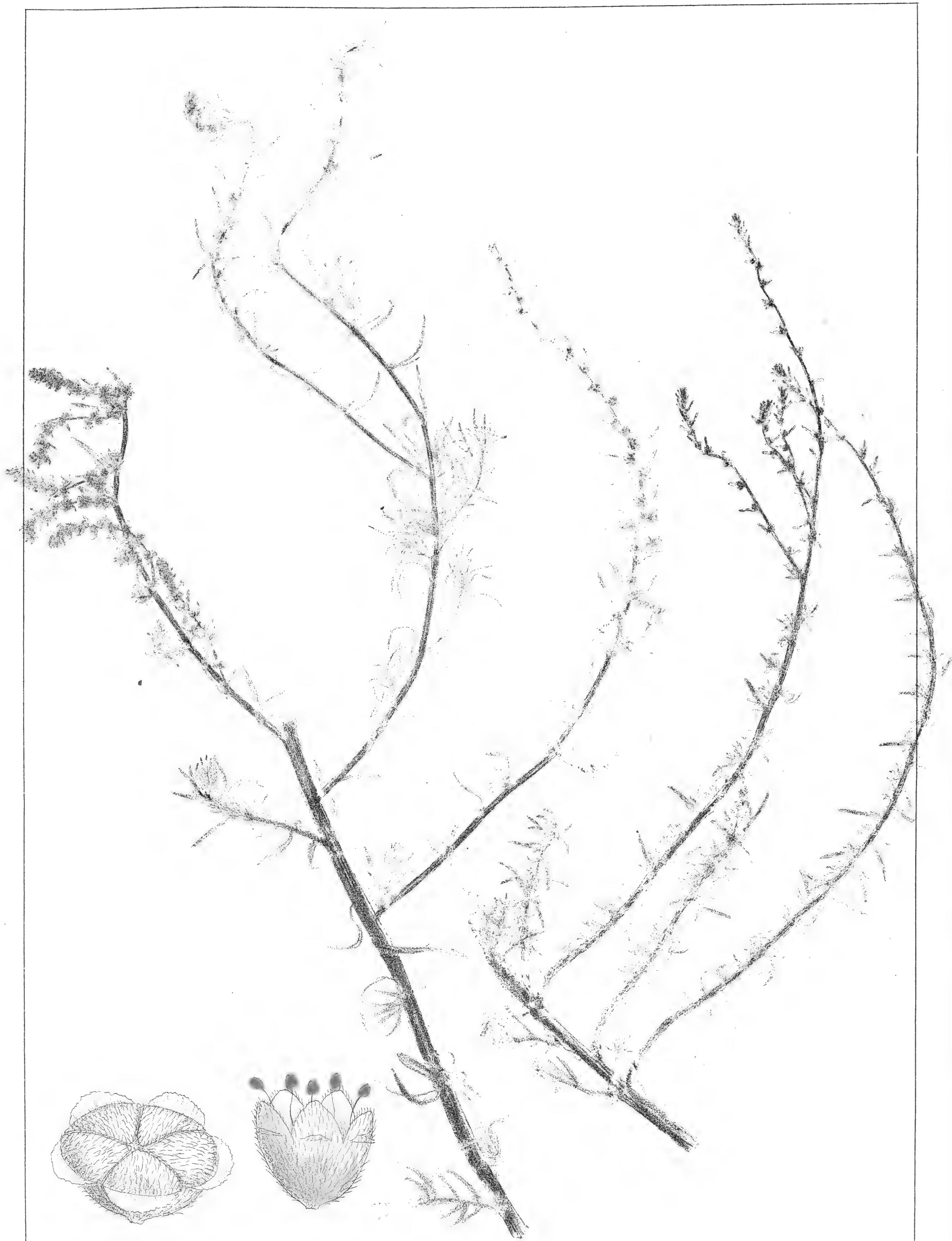
B. CAPITATUM. L. ①



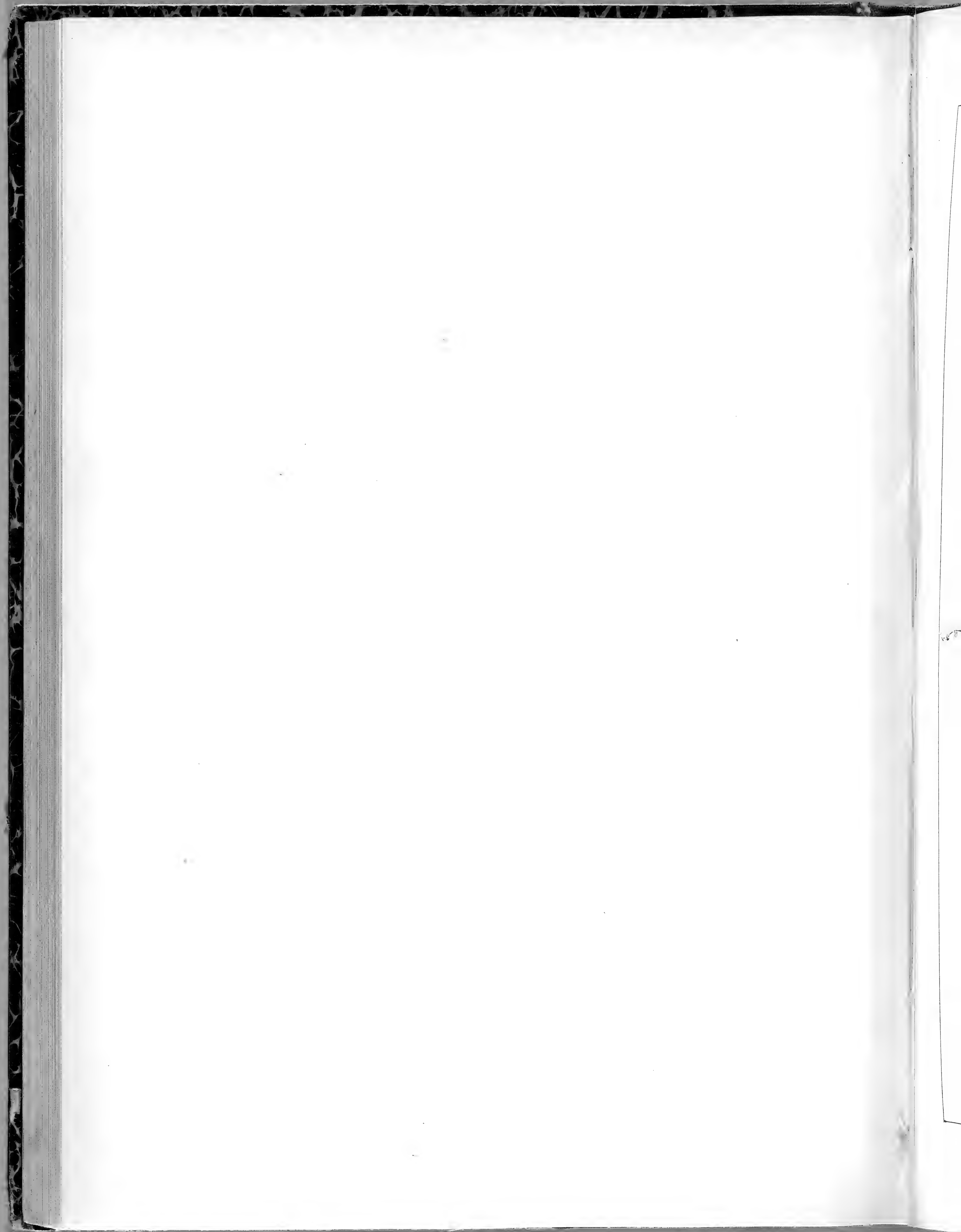


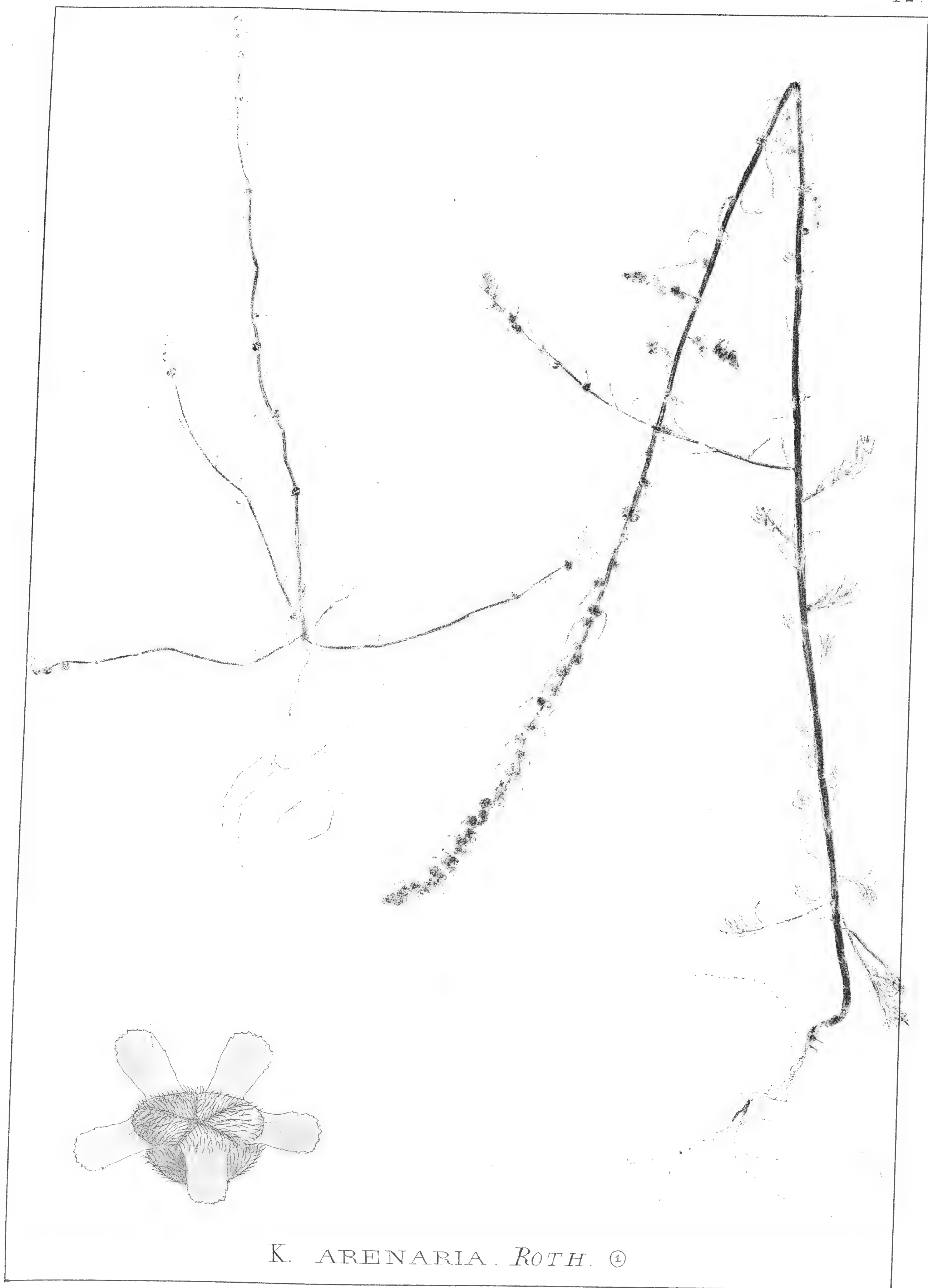
ROUBIEVA MULTIFIDA Moq. 2



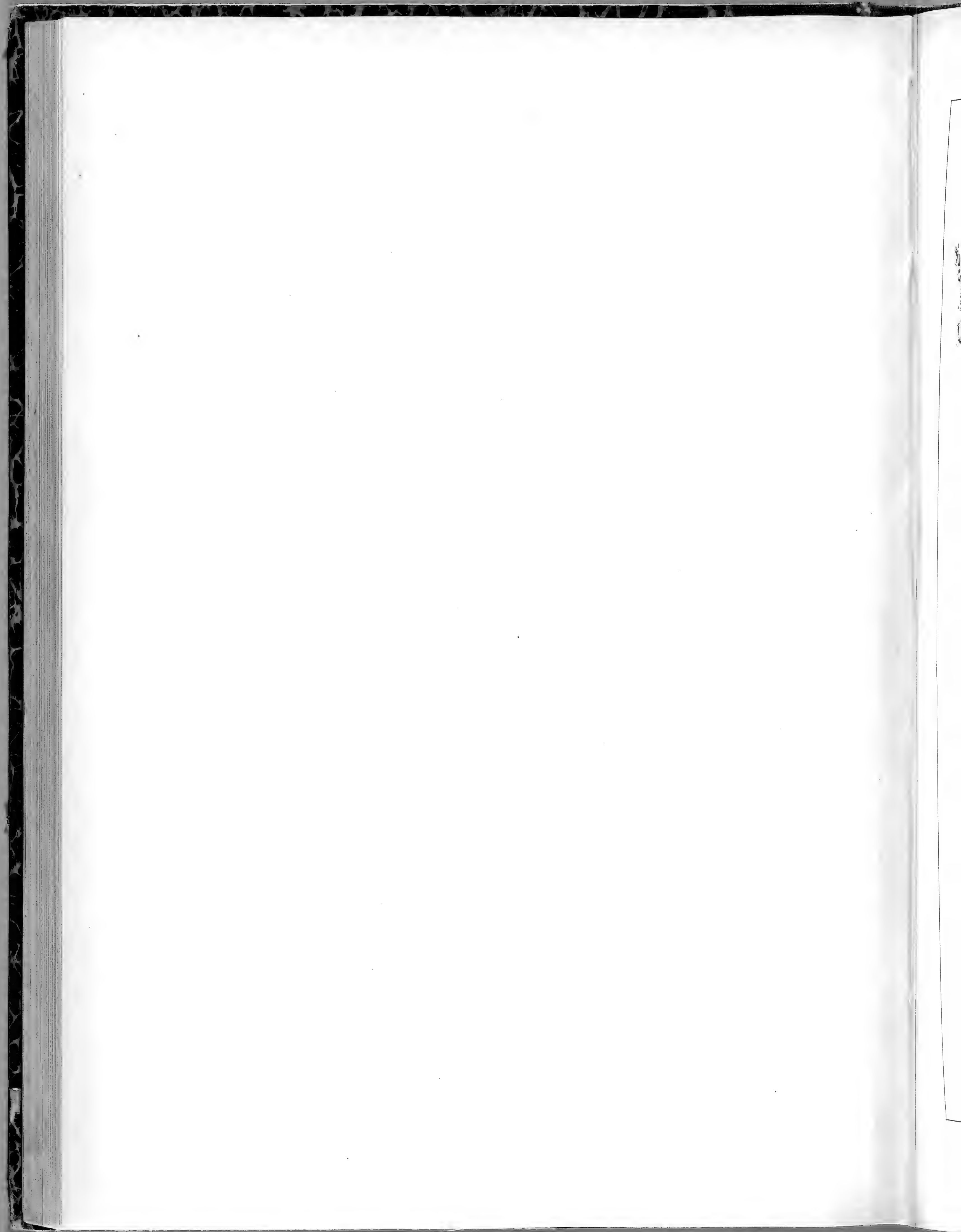


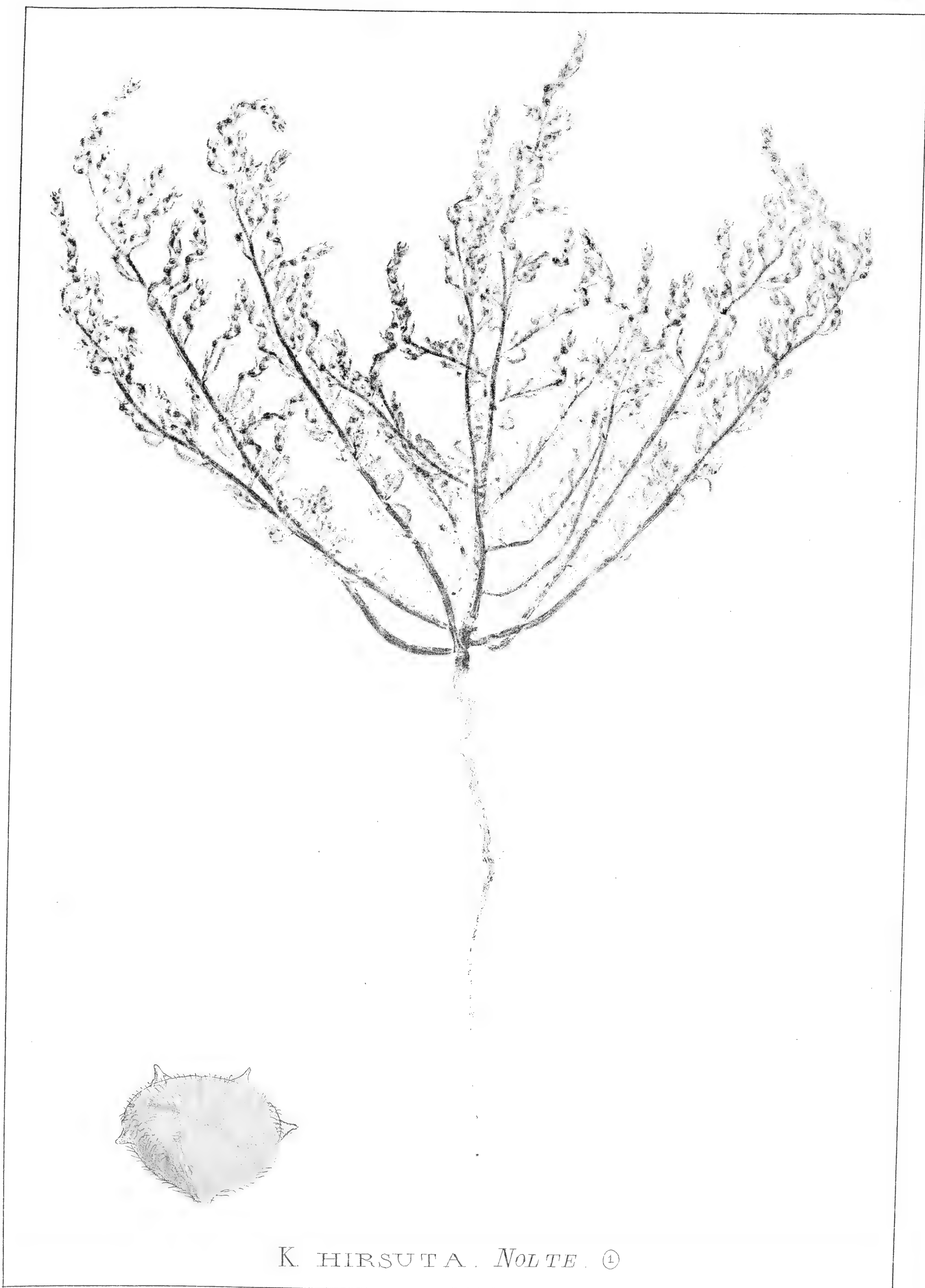
KOCHIA PROSTRATA. SCHRAD. 5





K. ARENARIA. ROTH. ④



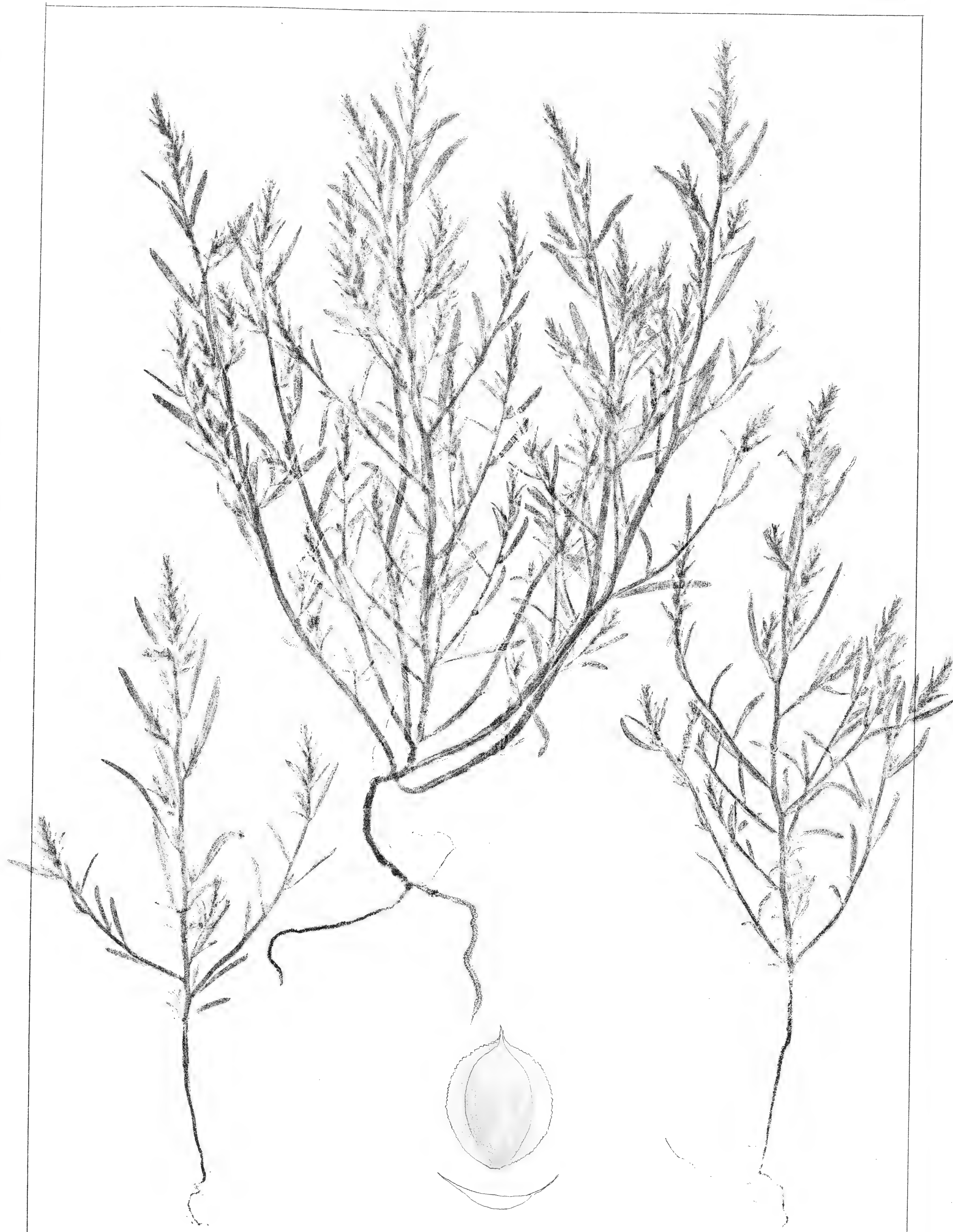




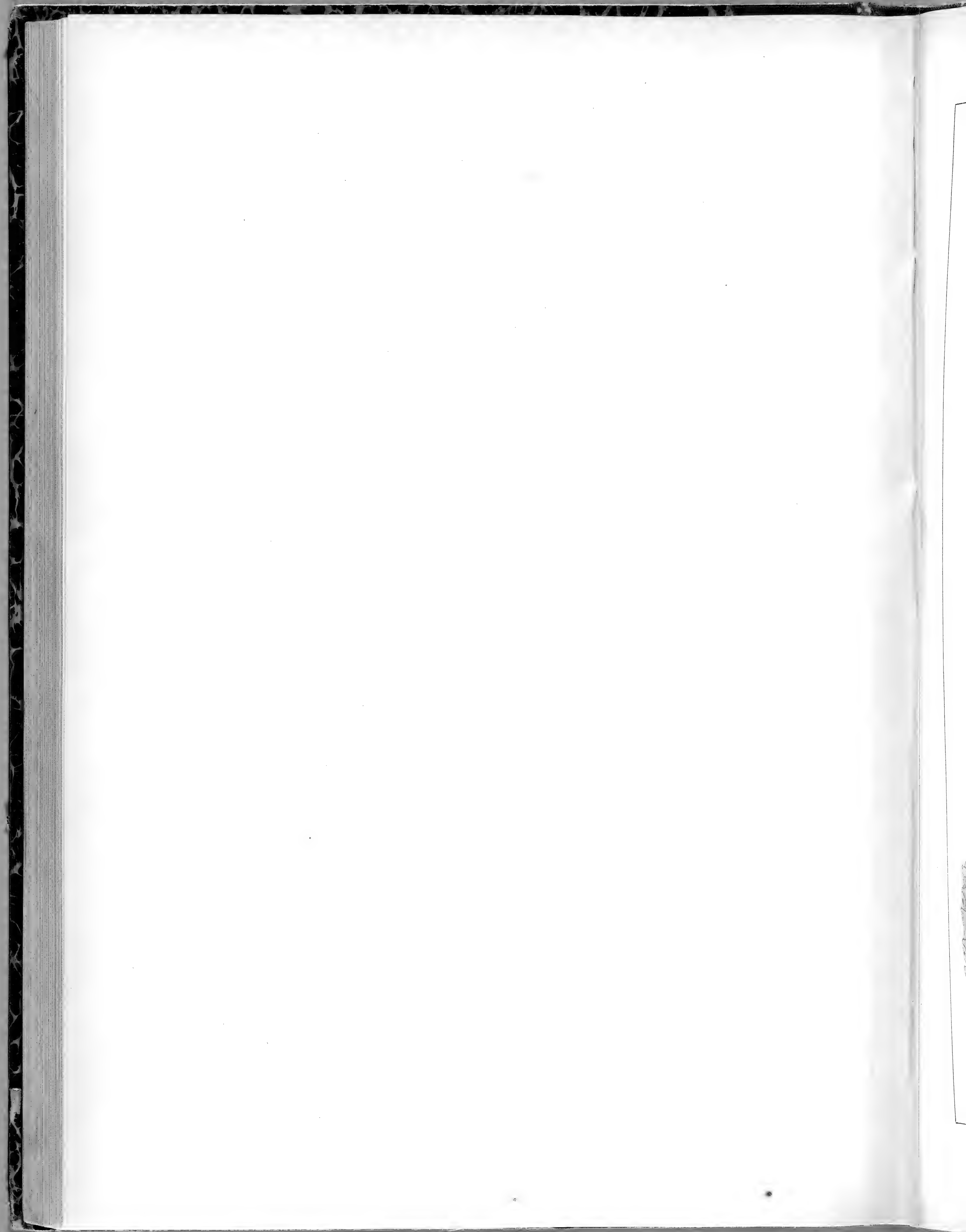


CAMPHOROSMA MONSPELIACA. L. 5



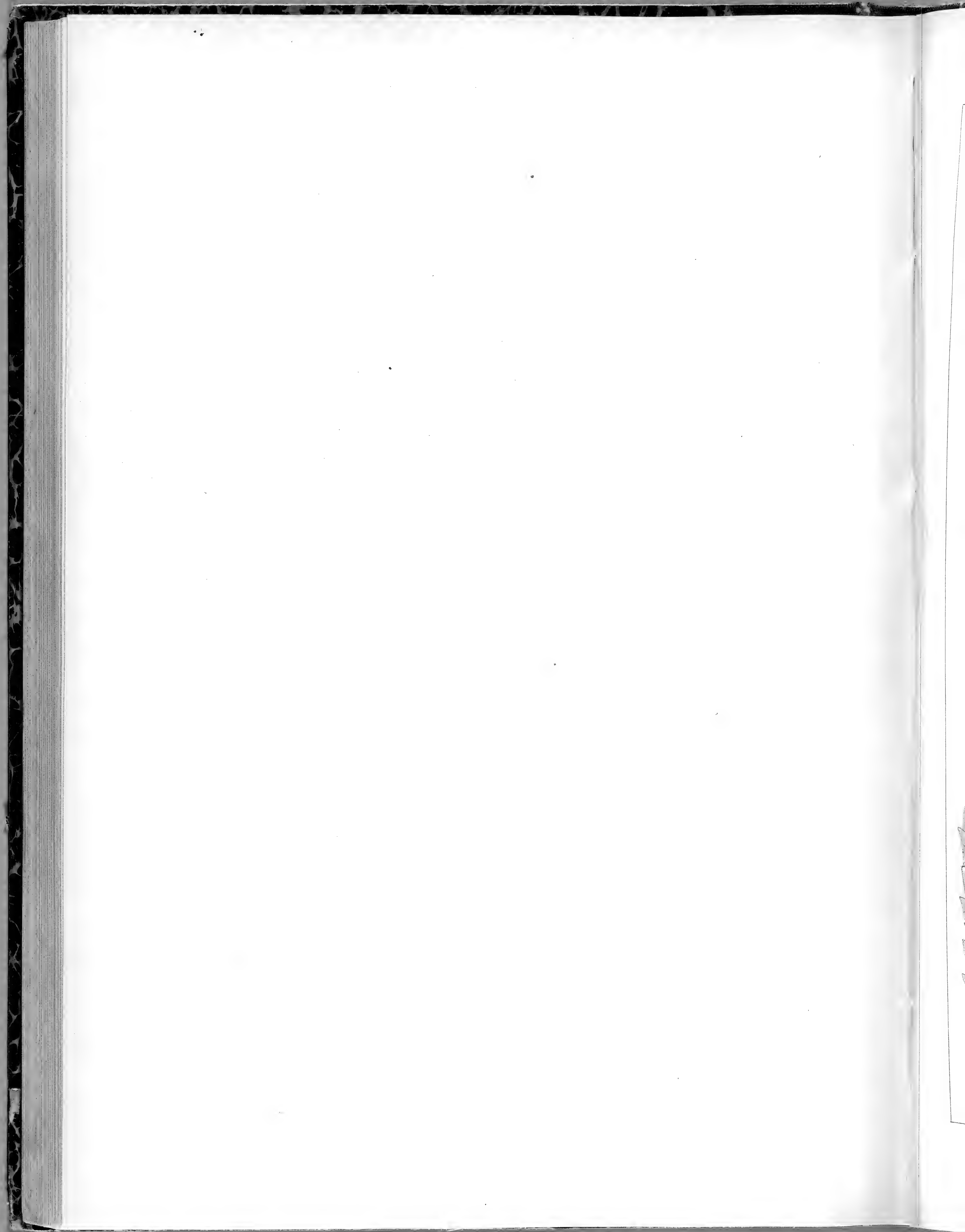


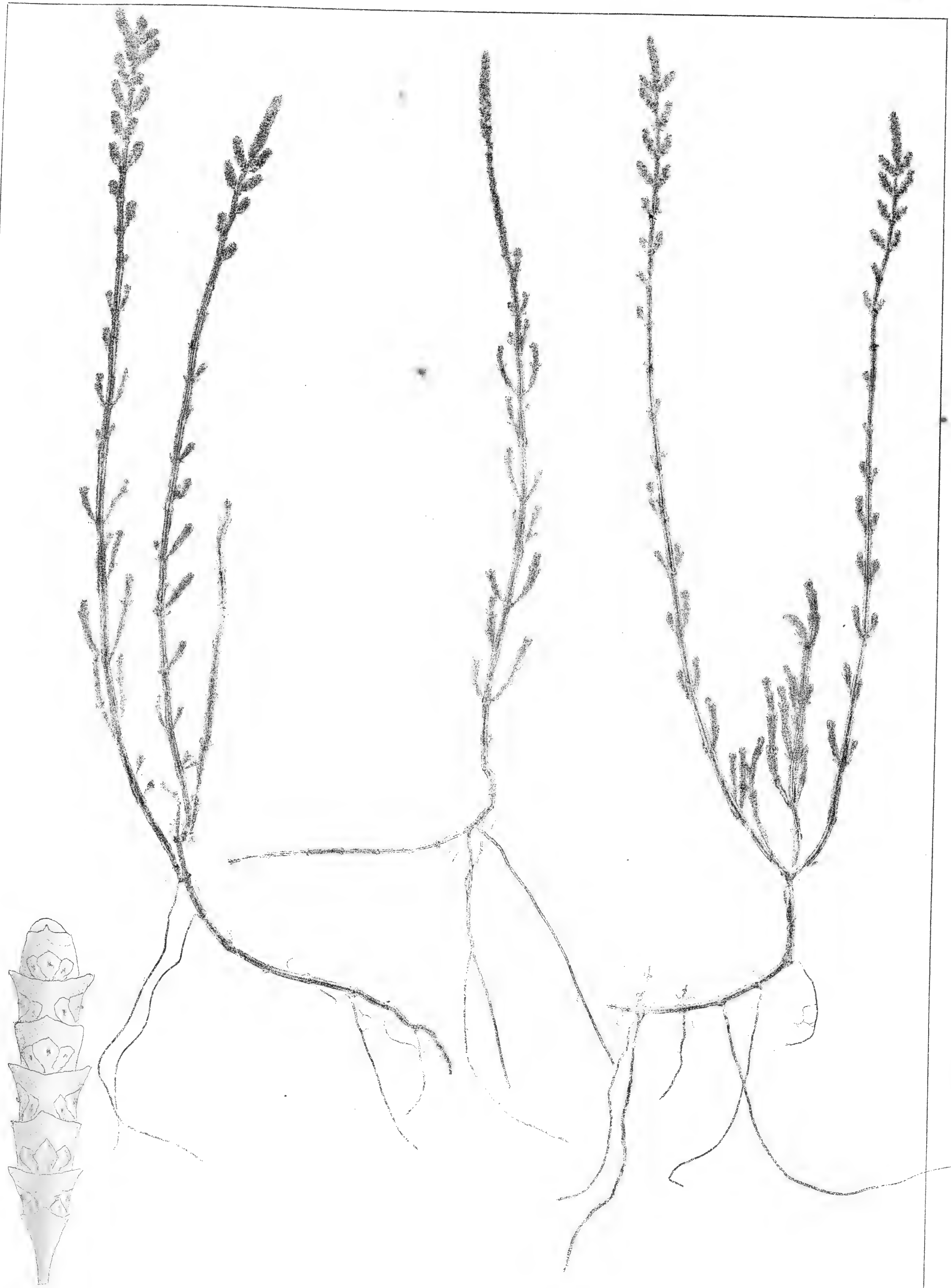
CORISPERMUM HYSSOPIFOLIUM. L. ④



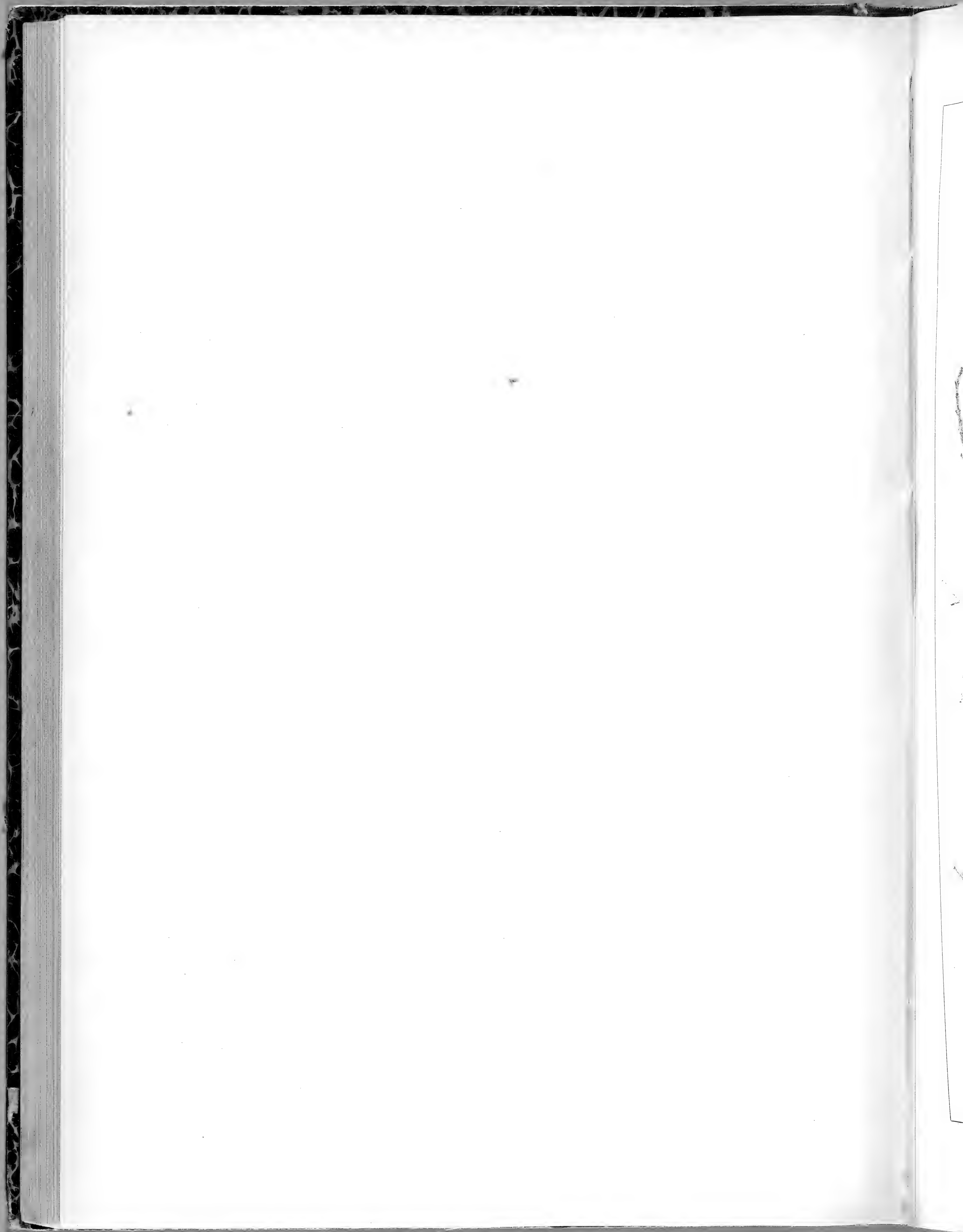


SALICORNIA HERBACEA. *L.* ①





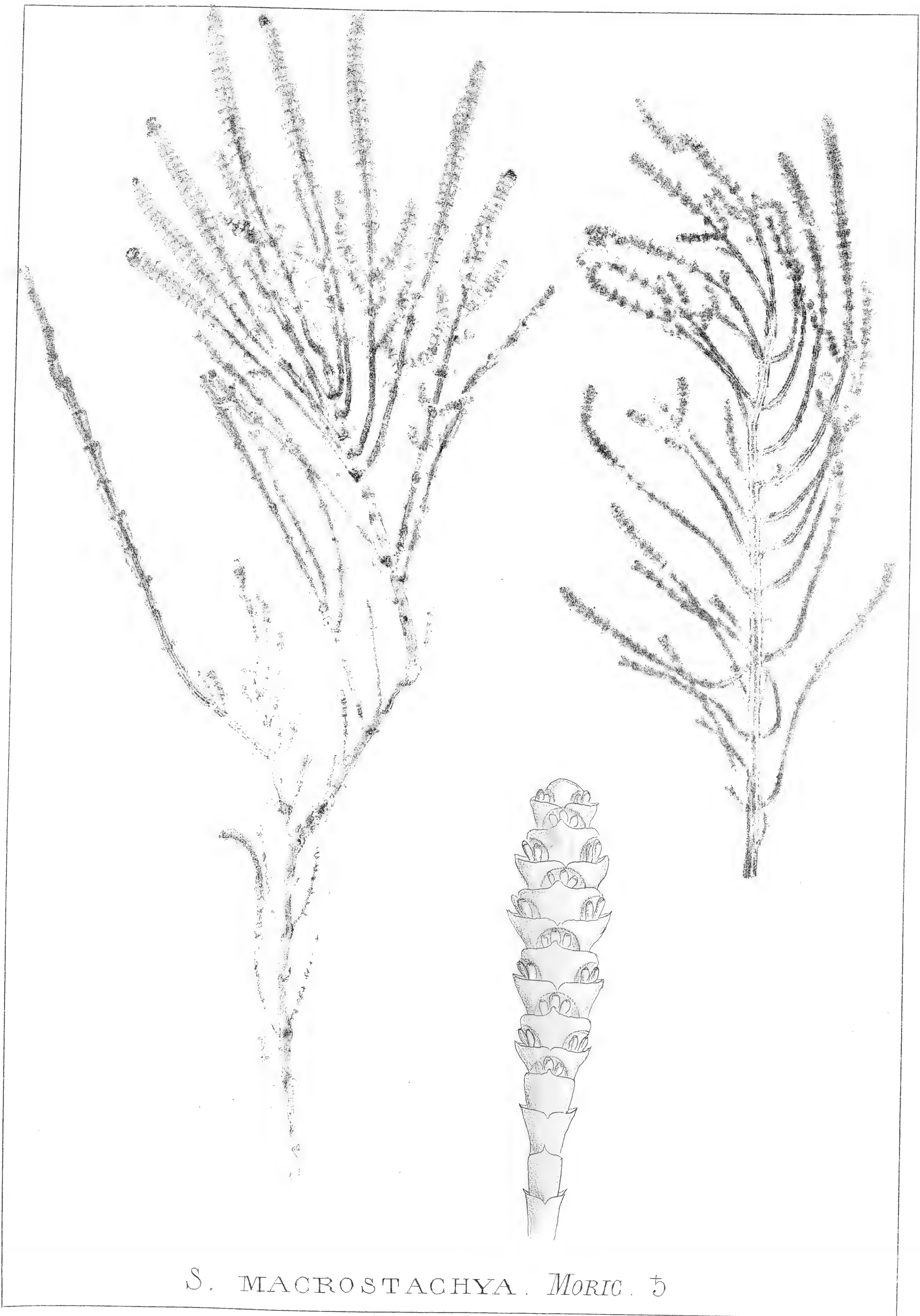
S. FRUTICOSA. L. ♂



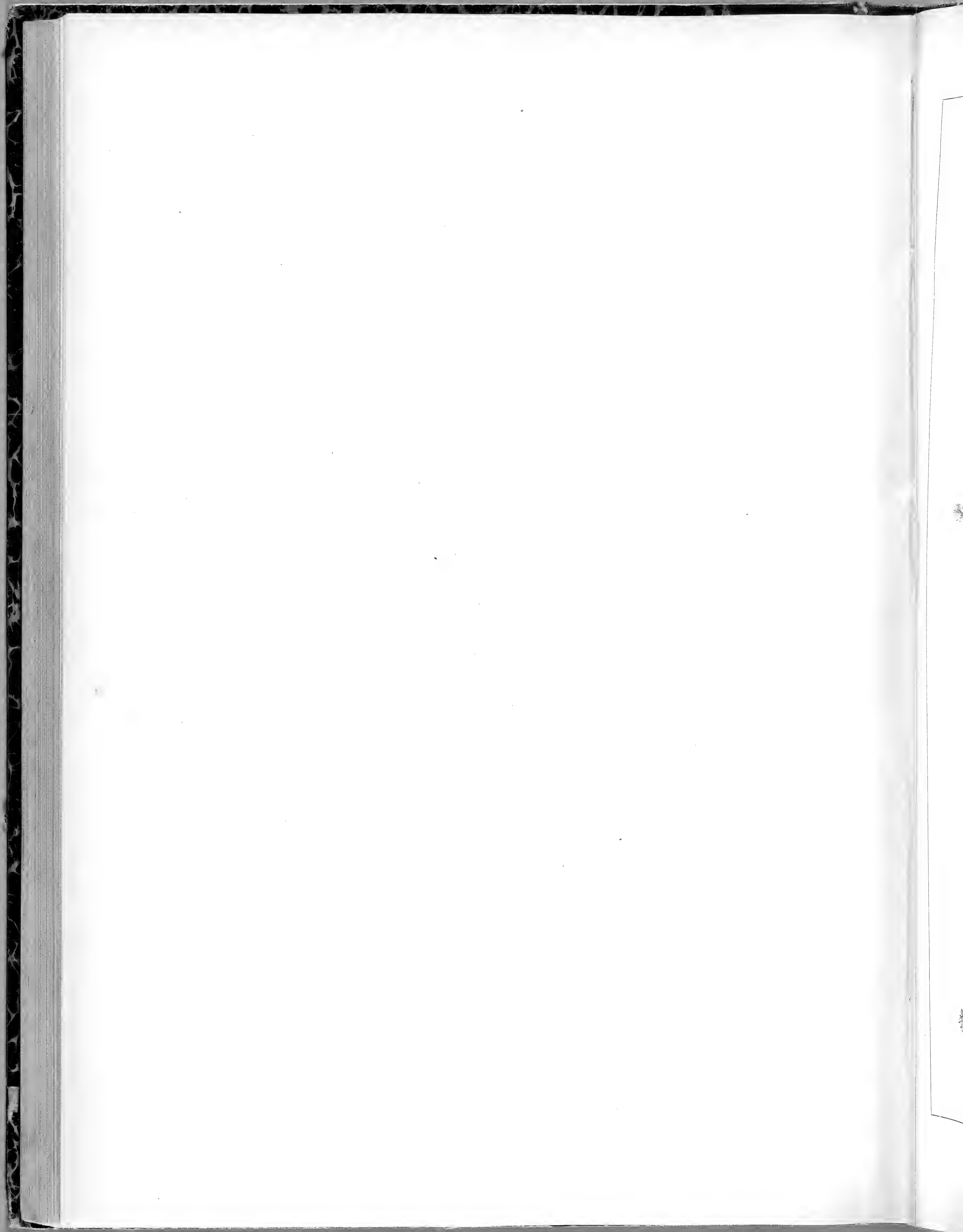


S. FRUTICOSA. L. *Var. radicans*.



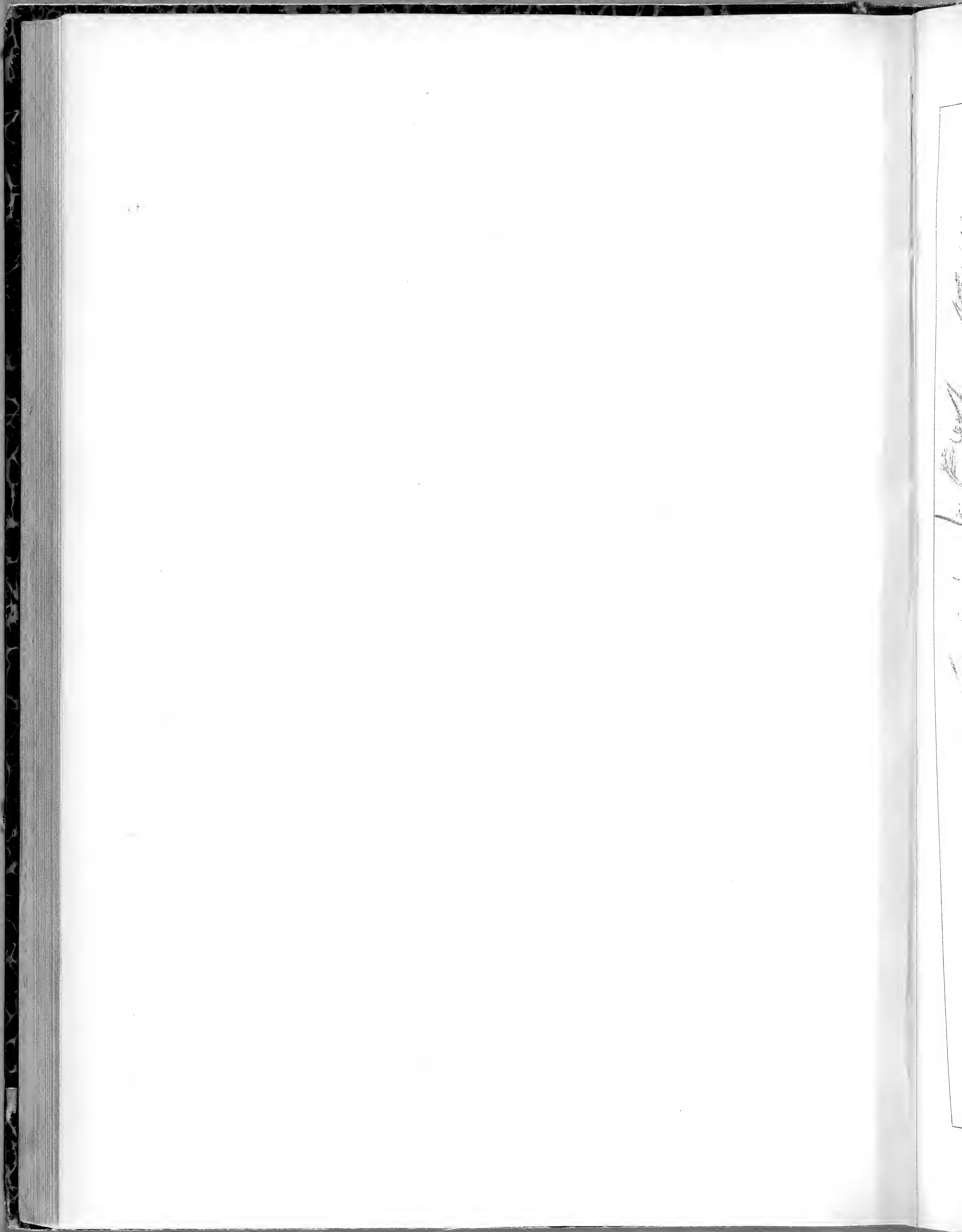


S. MACROSTACHYA. MORIC. 5



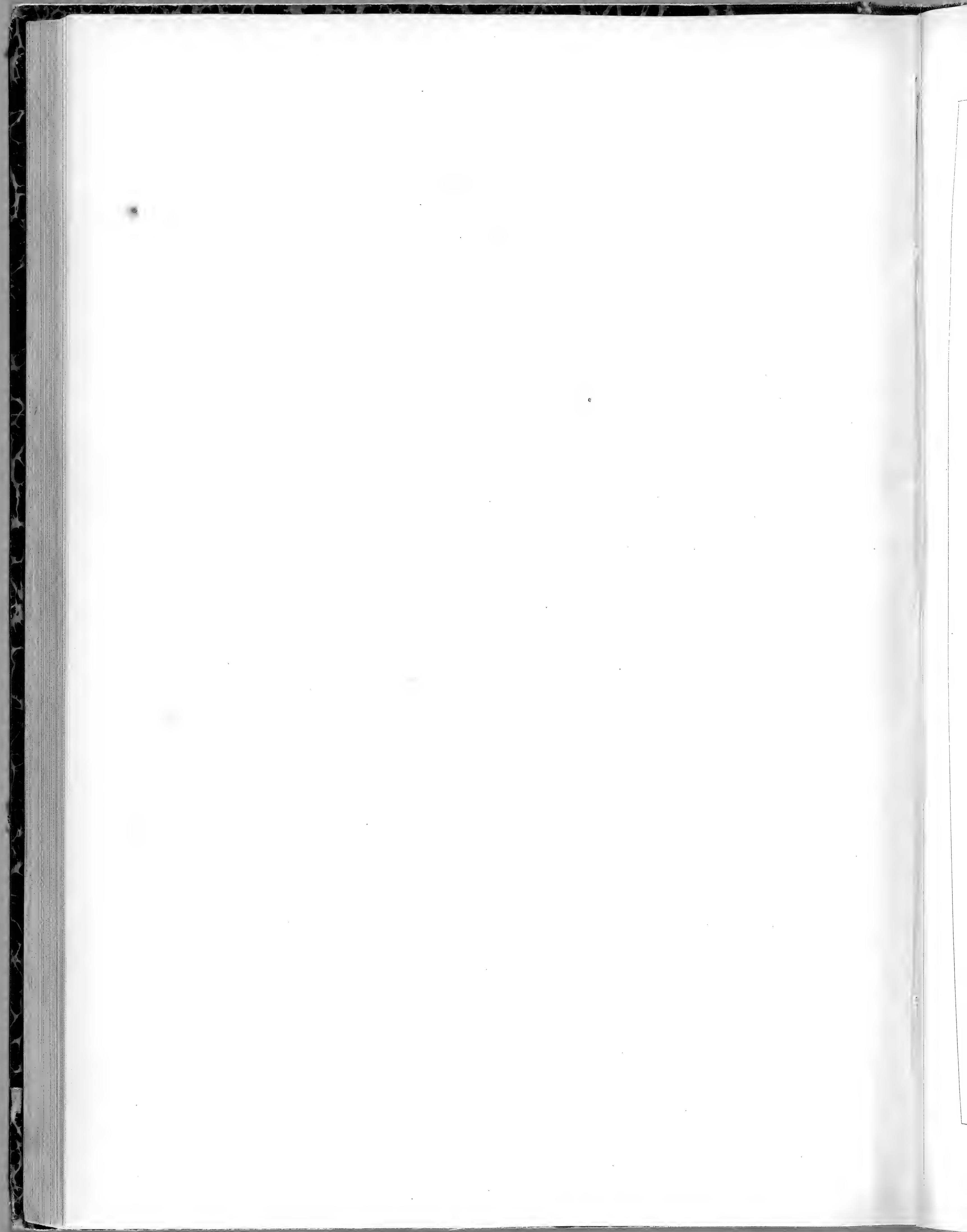


SUEDA FRUTICOSA. FORSK. 5



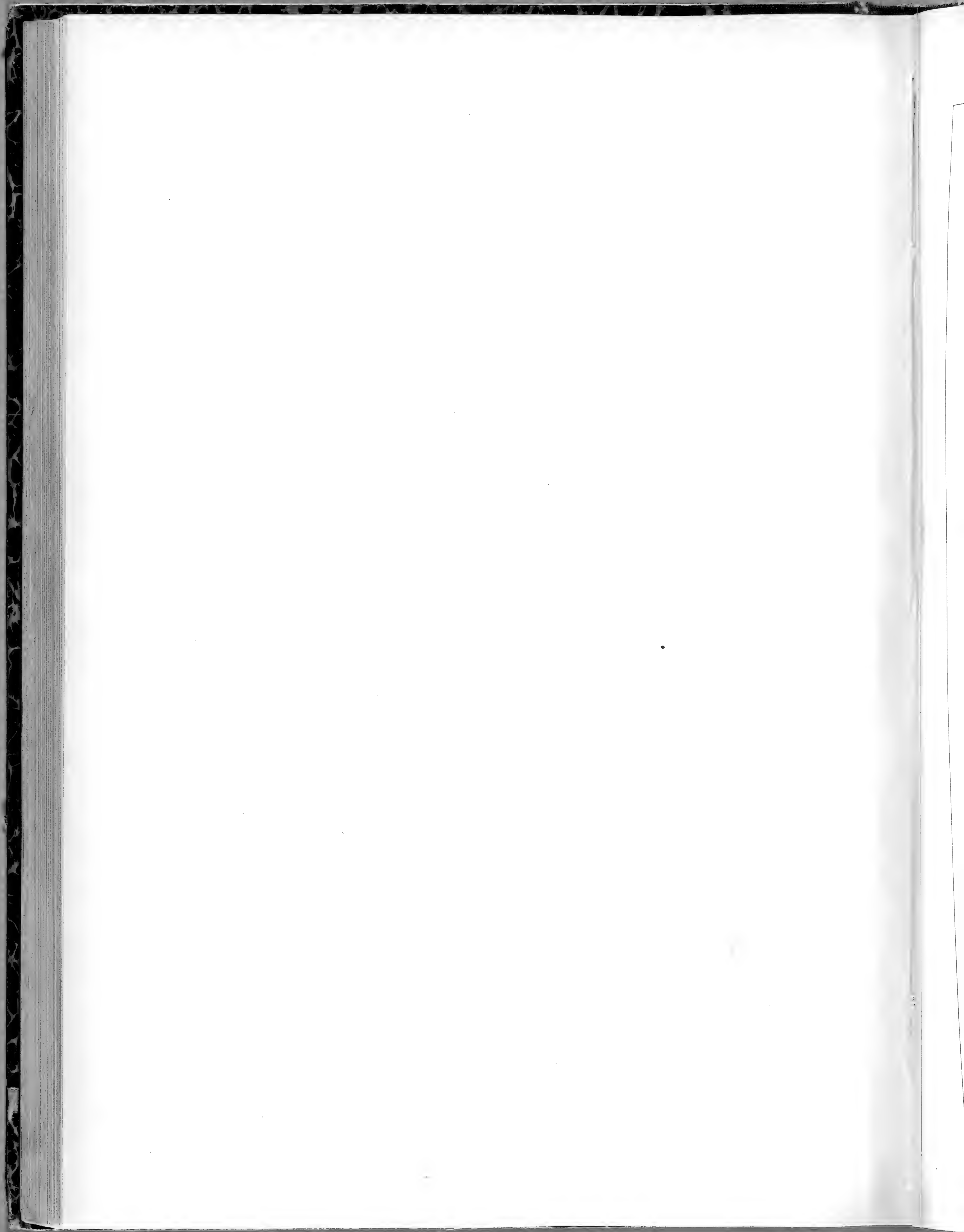


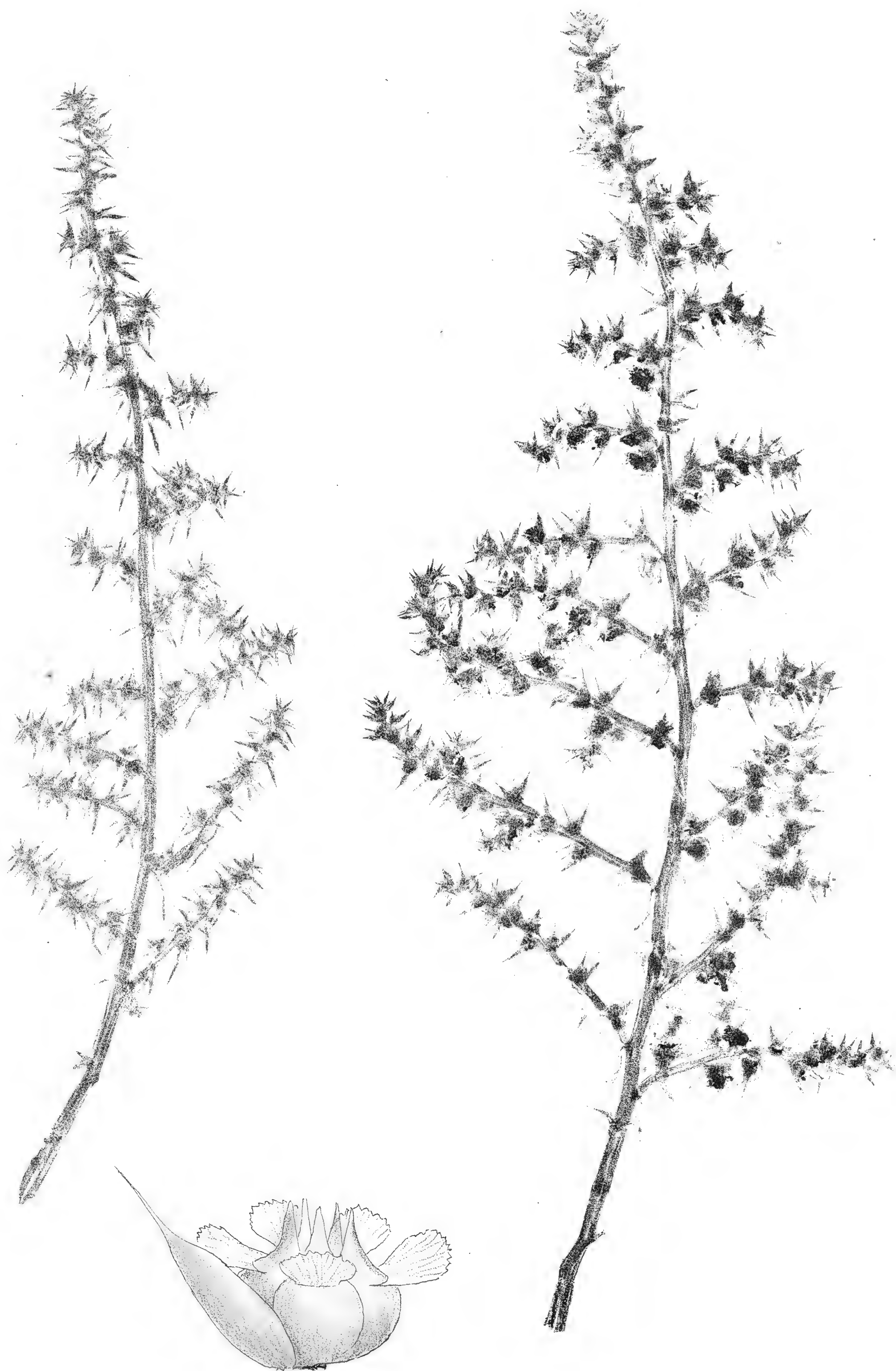
S. MARITIMA. DUMORT. ①



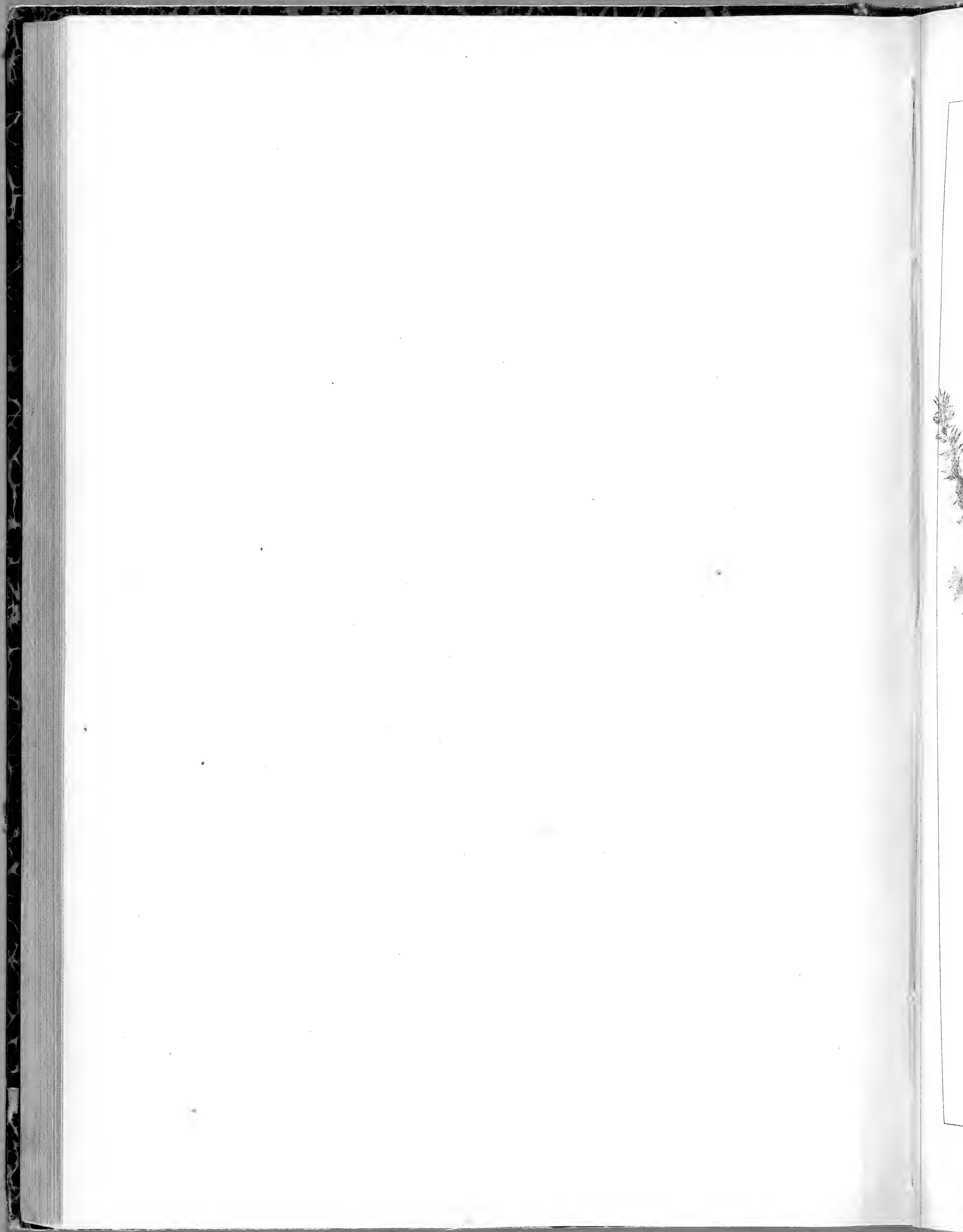


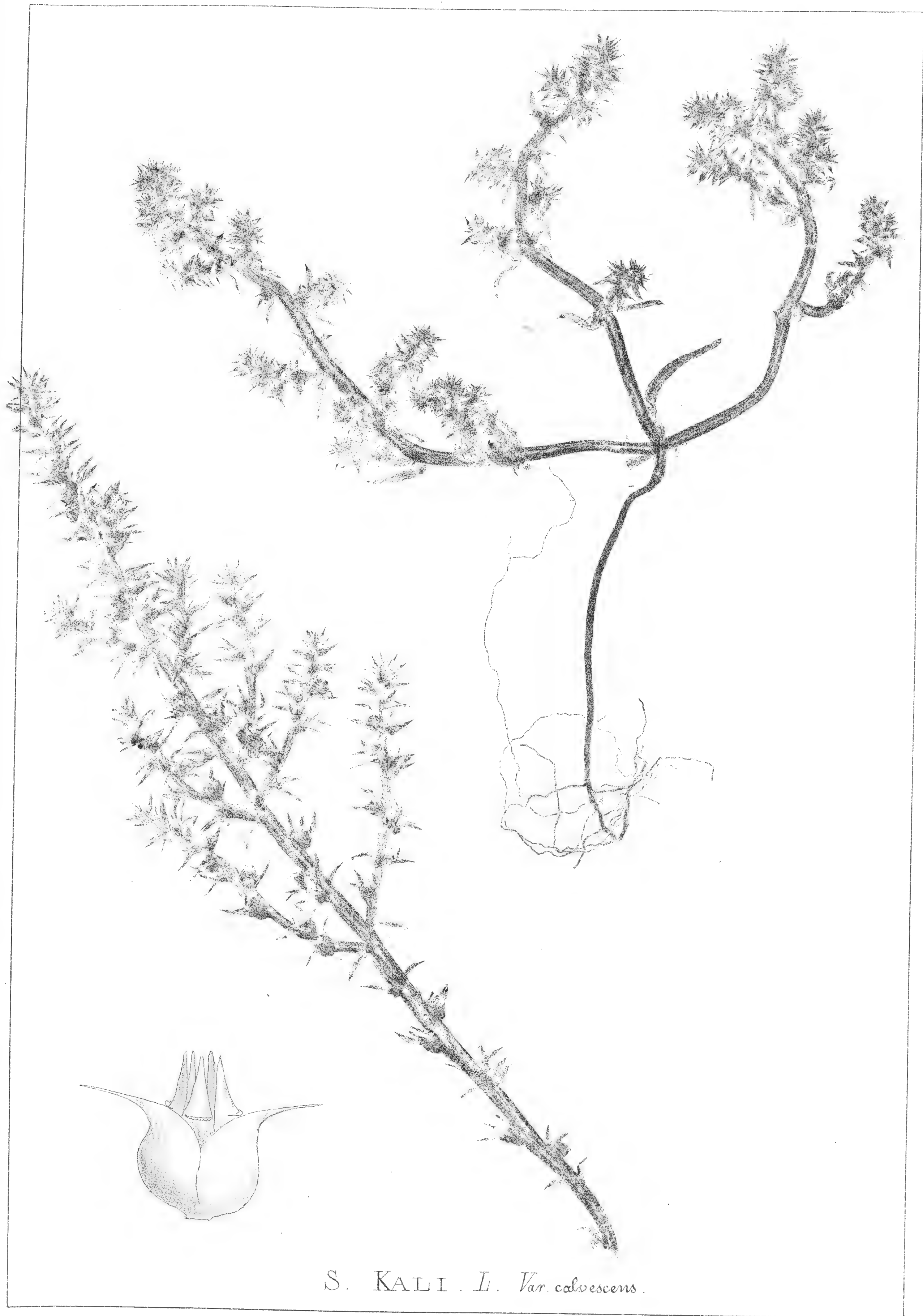
S. SPLENDENS . G . G . ①



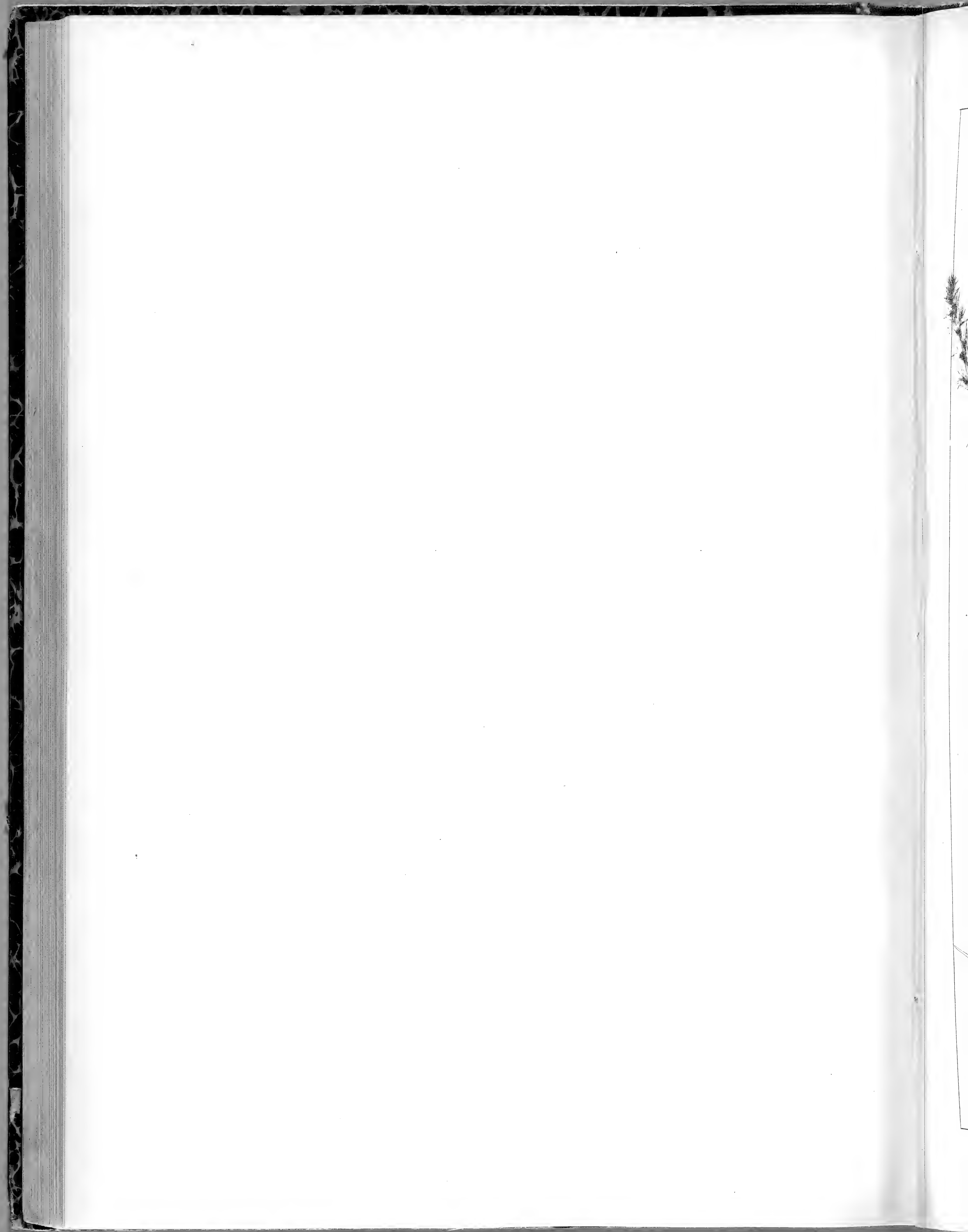


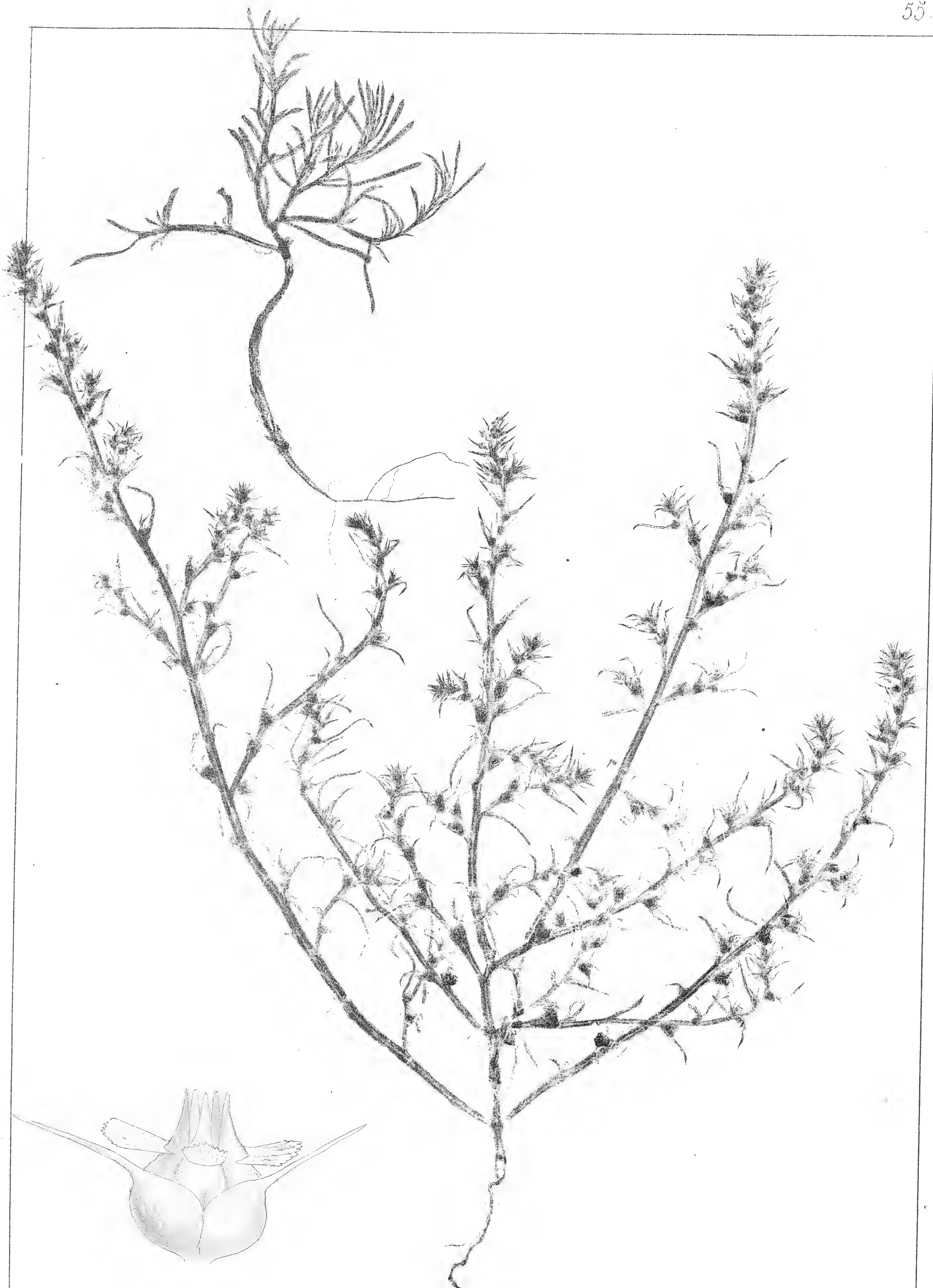
SALSOLA KALI. L. ①





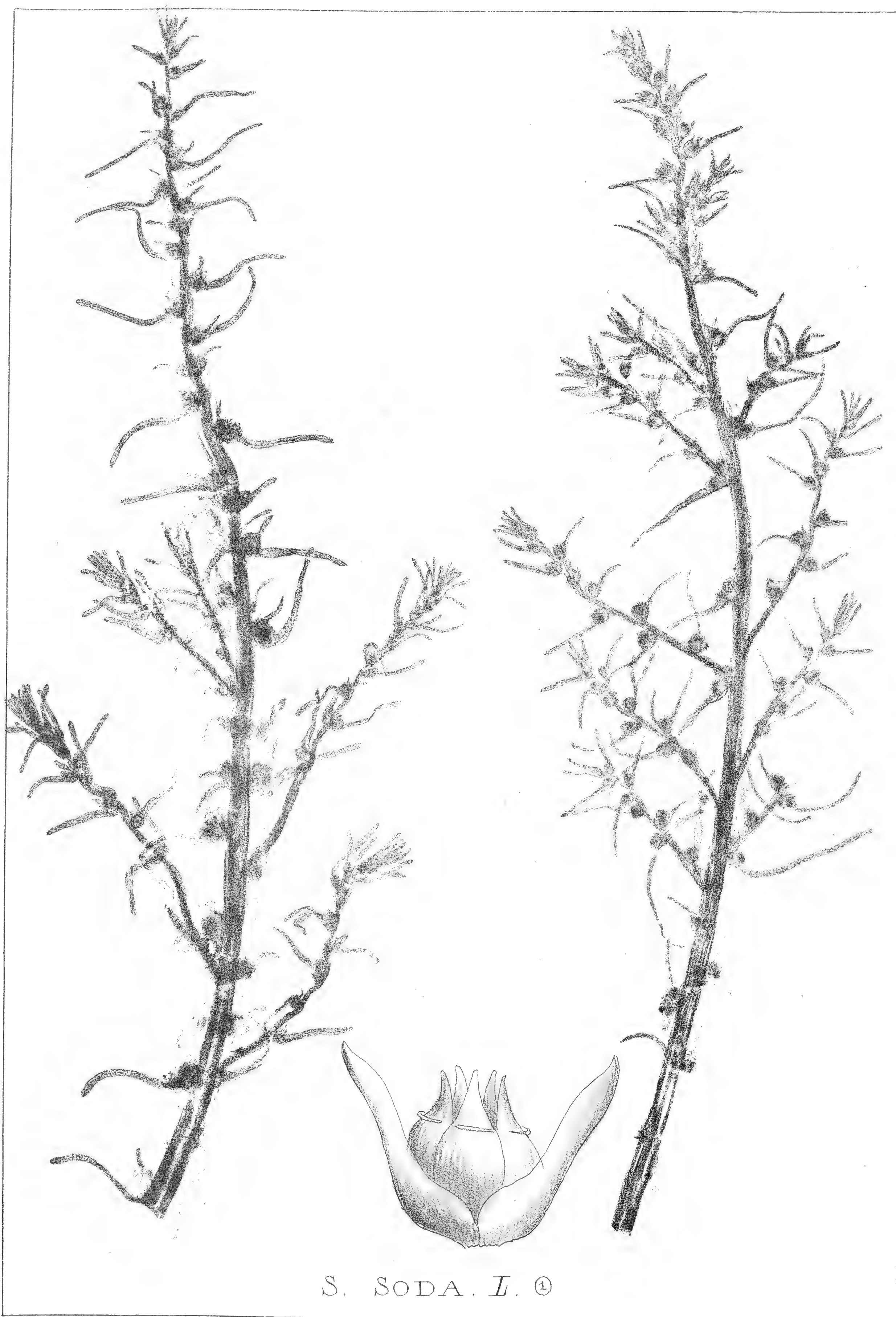
S. KALI. L. Var. calvescens.





S. TRAGUS. L. ①





S. SODA. L. ①

Fle
base,
perme
droit
Plat



1^{er} GEN

2^e GEN

R. ma
R. pal
R. pul
R. Fri
R. con
R. rup
R. ner
R. acu

3^e GEN

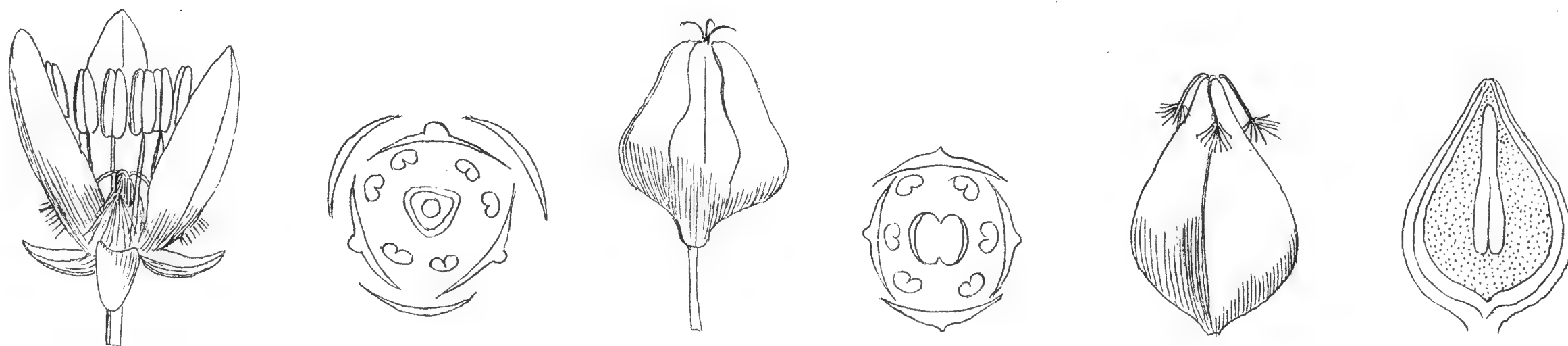
P. Bis
P. viv
P. am
P. lap
P. Per
P. ser
P. du

4^e GEN

100^e Famille. — POLYGONÉES.

Fleurs ordinairement hermaphrodites. Péricarpe ordinairement persistant, à 3-6 divisions libres ou unies à la base, presque égales. Etamines 4-10 hypogynes, ordinairement opposées. Carpelles 2-3 formant une loge monosperme, à 2-3 styles. Graine dressée, libre ou adhérente au péricarpe, à albumen latéral, à embryon ordinairement droit et à radicule supère.

Plantes à feuilles ordinairement alternes, à stipules engainantes et souvent en manchette.



1^{er} GENRE. — *Oxyria*. Hill.

O. digyna. Campd. pl. 1.

2^e GENRE. — *Rumex*. L.

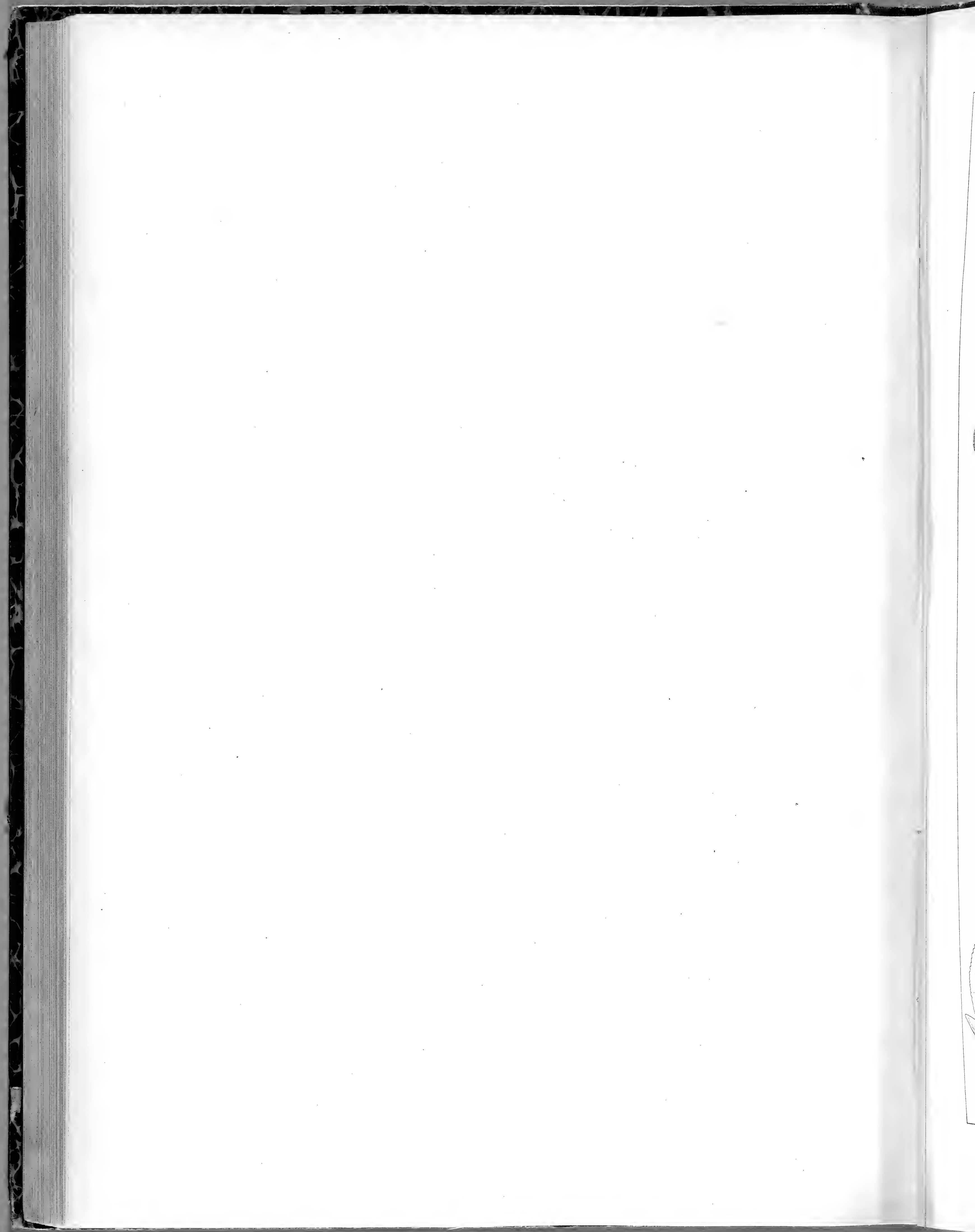
<i>R. maritimus</i> . L.	pl. 2.	<i>R. crispus</i> . L.	pl. 11.	<i>R. tingitanus</i> . L.	pl. 20.
<i>R. palustris</i> . Sm.	3.	<i>R. Hydrolapathum</i> . H.	12.	<i>R. scutatus</i> . L.	21.
<i>R. pulcher</i> . L.	4.	<i>R. Patientia</i> . L.	13.	<i>R. arifolius</i> . All.	22, 23.
<i>R. Friesii</i> . G. G.	5.	<i>R. domesticus</i> . Hartm.	14.	<i>R. amplexicaulis</i> . Lap.	24.
<i>R. conglomeratus</i> . Murr.	6.	<i>R. aquaticus</i> . L.	15.	<i>R. Acetosella</i> . L.	25.
<i>R. rupestris</i> . Le Gall.	7.	<i>R. maximus</i> . Schrab.	16.	<i>R. tuberosus</i> . L.	26.
<i>R. nemorosus</i> . Schrad.	8.	<i>R. alpinus</i> . L.	17.	<i>R. thyrsoides</i> . Desf.	27, 28.
<i>R. acutus</i> . L.	10.	<i>R. bucephalophorus</i> . L.	18, 19.	<i>R. Acetosella</i> . L.	29.

3^e GENRE. — *Polygonum*. L.

<i>P. Bistorta</i> . L.	pl. 30.	<i>P. minus</i> . Huds.	pl. 43.	<i>P. equisetiforme</i> . Sib.	pl. 50.
<i>P. viviparum</i> . L.	31.	<i>P. Hydropiper</i> . L.	44.	<i>P. aviculare</i> . L.	51-54.
<i>P. amphibium</i> . L.	32-33.	<i>P. herniarioides</i> . Spr.	45.	<i>P. arenarium</i> . W. K.	55.
<i>P. lapathifolium</i> . L.	34-37.	<i>P. maritimum</i> . L.	46.	<i>P. Bellardi</i> . All.	56.
<i>P. Persicaria</i> . L.	38-40.	<i>P. littorale</i> . Link.	47.	<i>P. Convolvulus</i> . L.	57.
<i>P. serrulatum</i> . Lag.	41.	<i>P. Roberti</i> . Lois.	48.	<i>P. dumetorum</i> . L.	58.
<i>P. dubium</i> . Stein.	42.	<i>P. flagellare</i> . Bert.	49.	<i>P. alpinum</i> . All.	59.

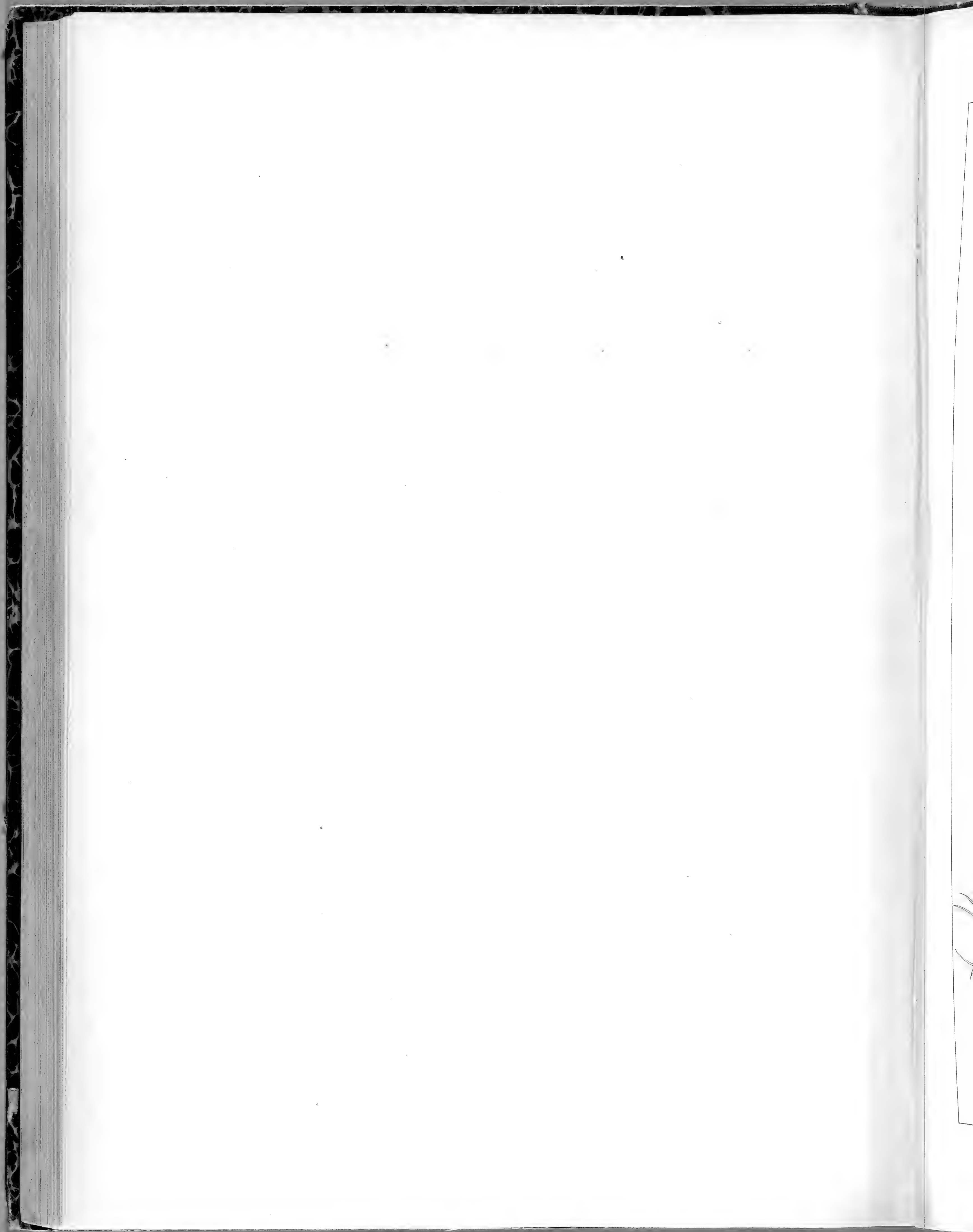
4^e GENRE. — *Fagopyrum*. Tourn.

F. esculentum. Mœnch. pl. 60. | *F. tataricum*. Gærtn. pl. 61.



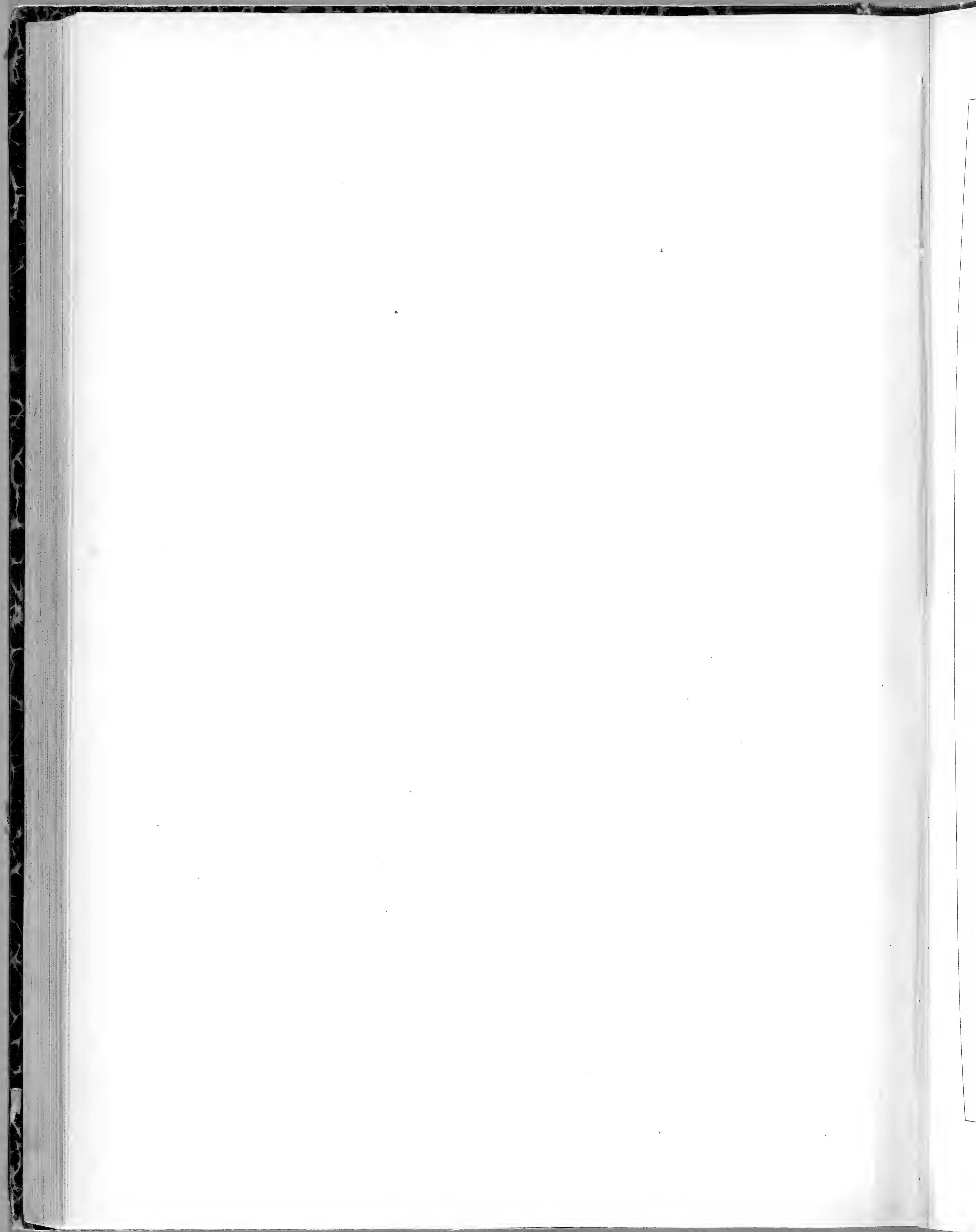


OXYRIA DIGYNA. CAMPD. *γ*



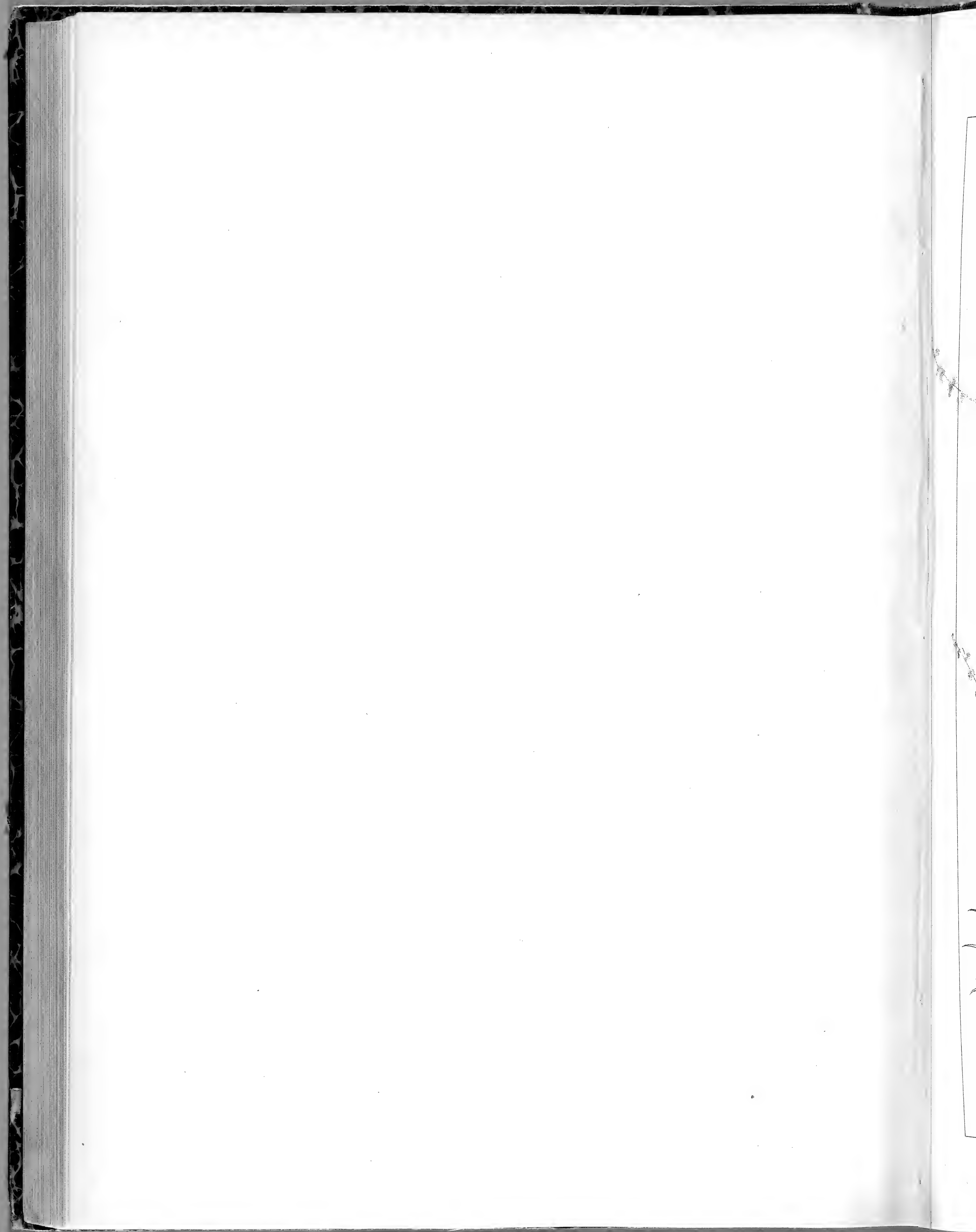


RUMEX MARITIMUS. L. ②





R. PALUSTRIS . *L.* (2)



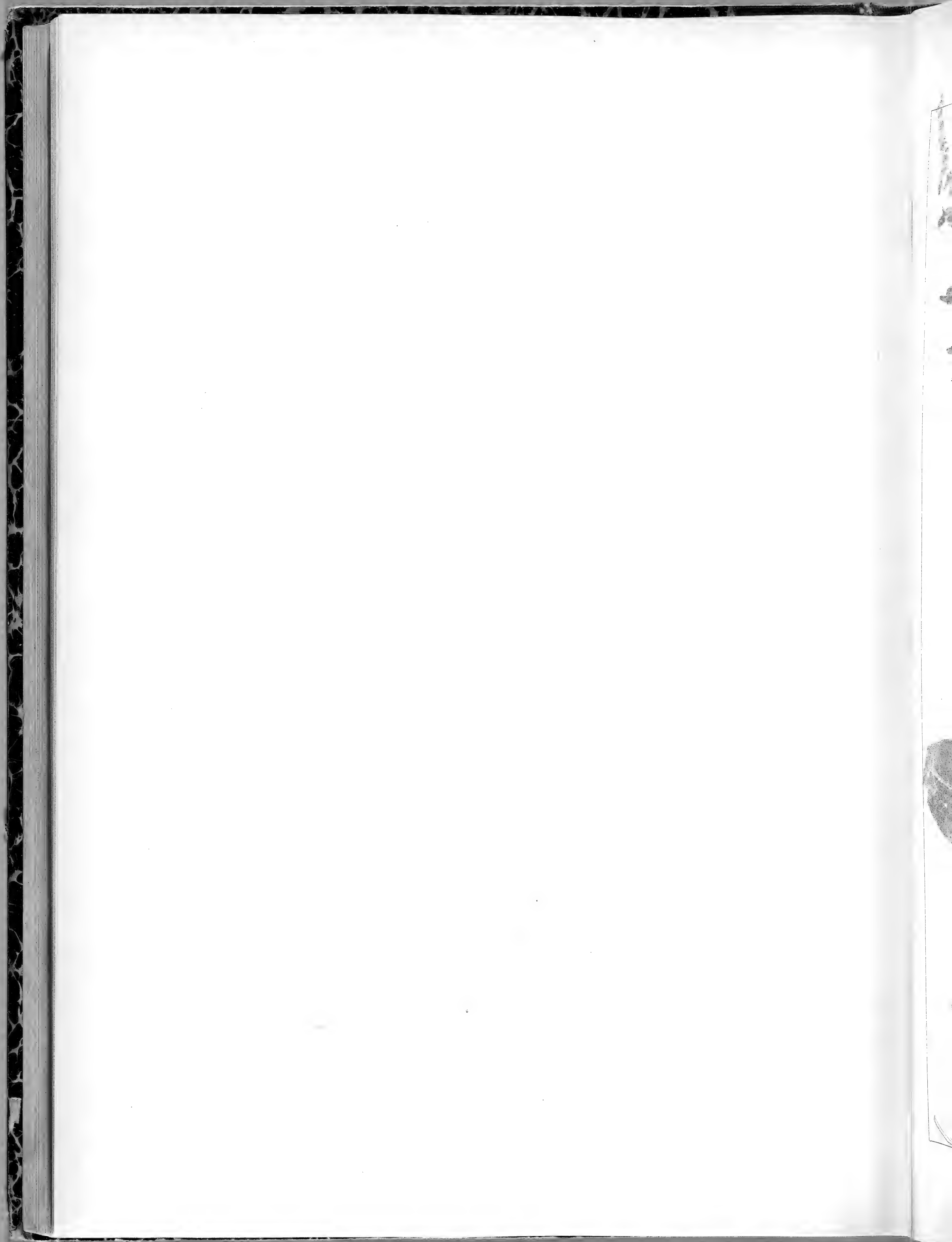


R. PULCHER. L. ②



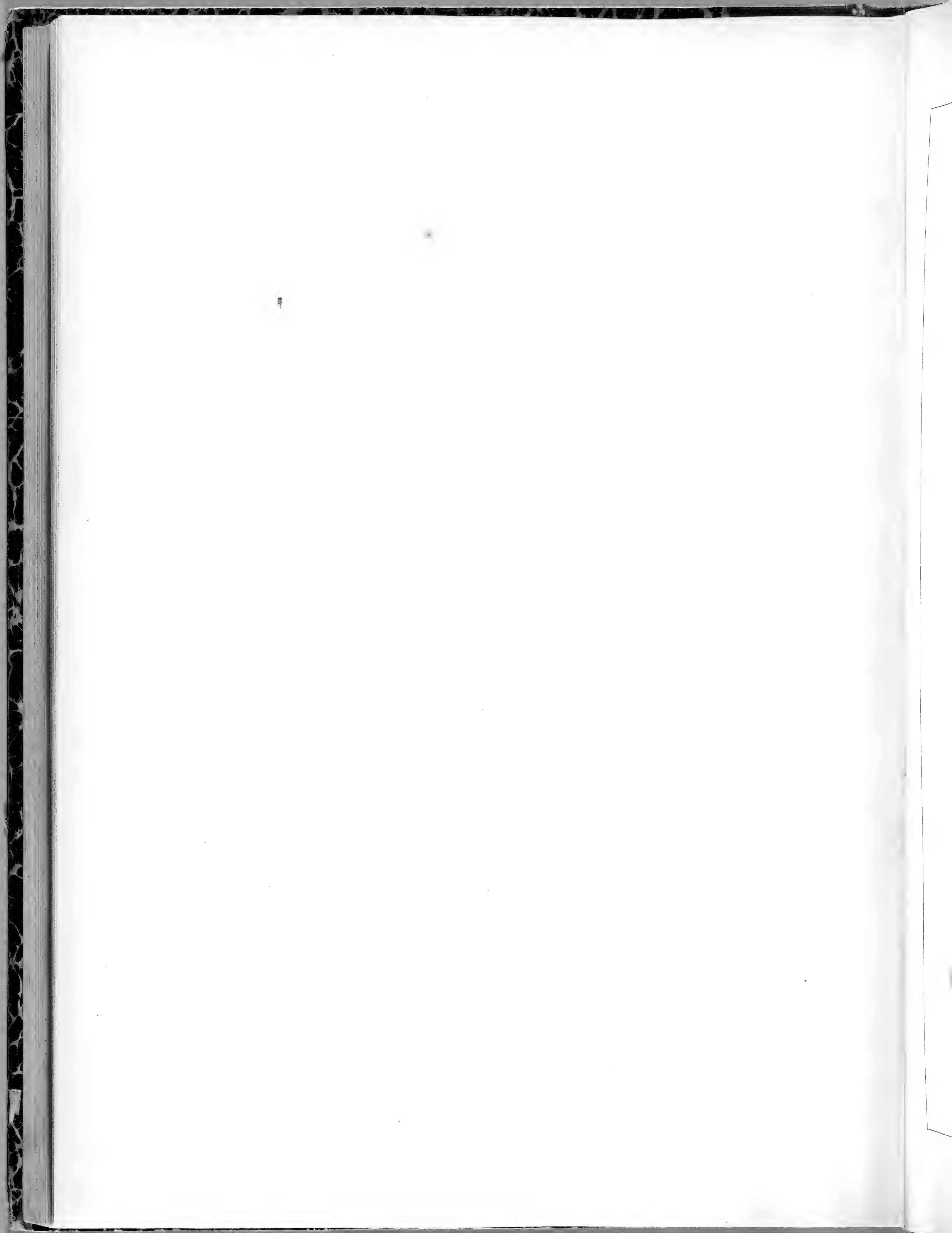


R. FRIESII. G. G. 7





R. CONGLOMERATUS. MURR 2



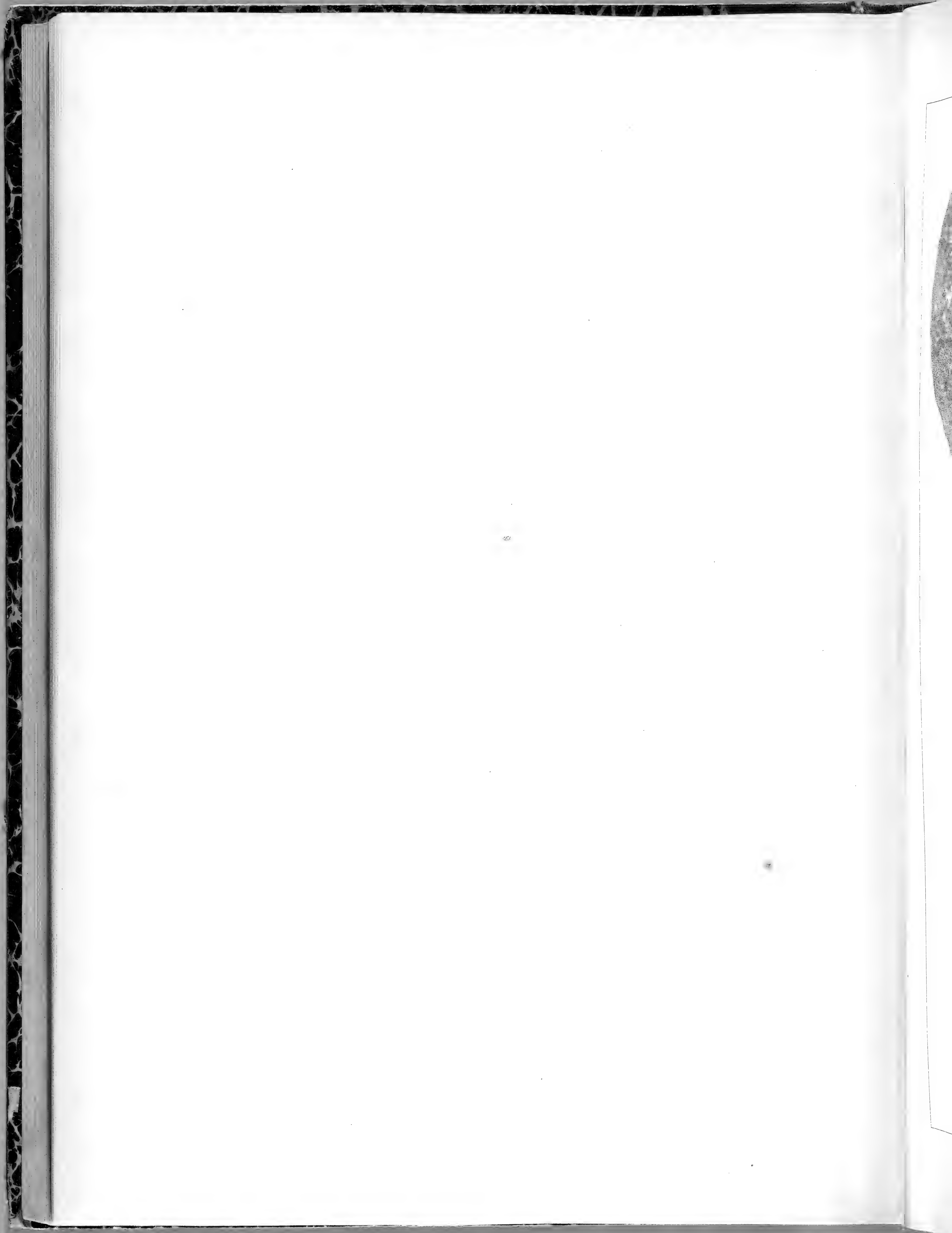


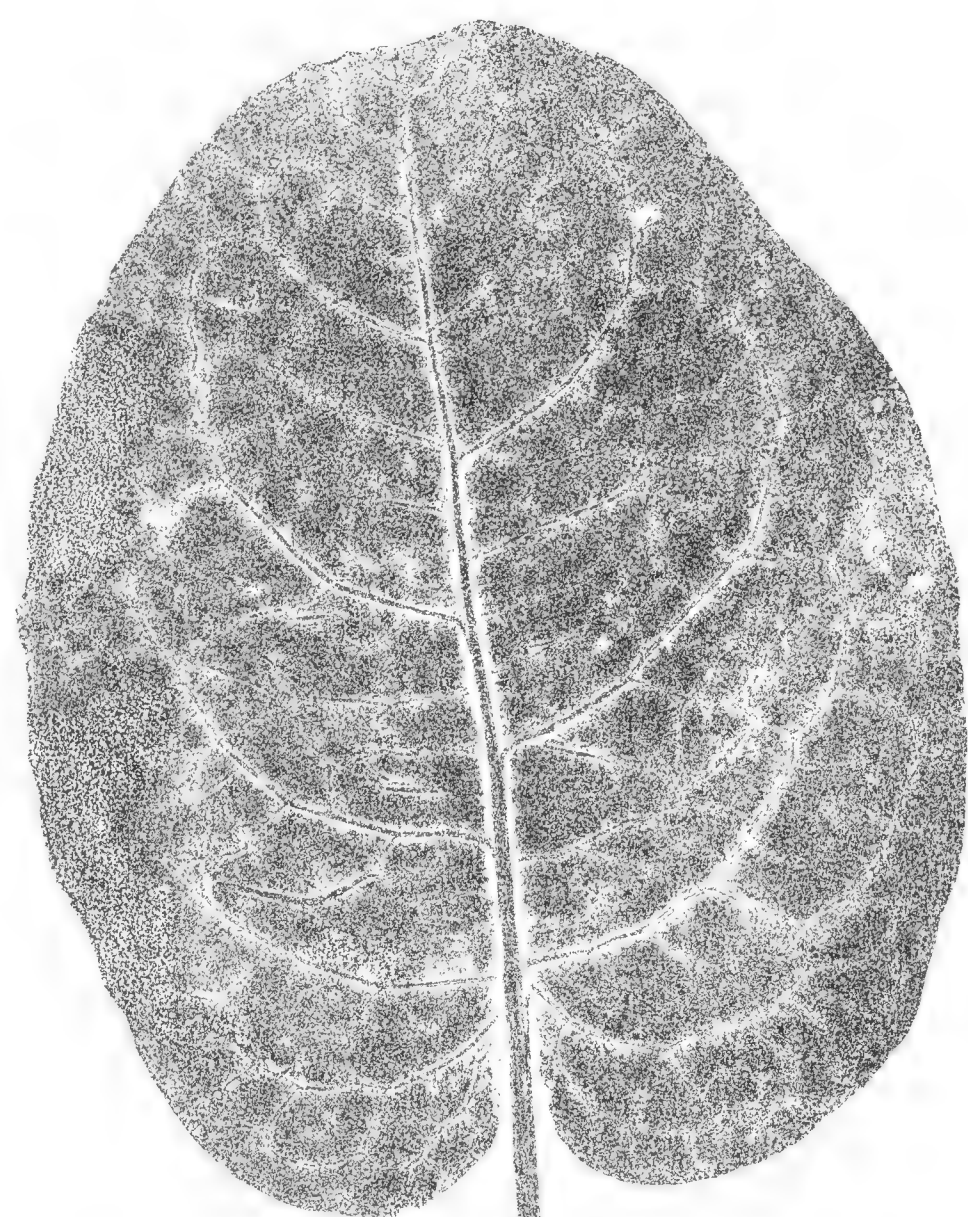
R. RUPESTRIS. LE GALL. ♀





R. NEMOROSUS. SCHRAD. 21



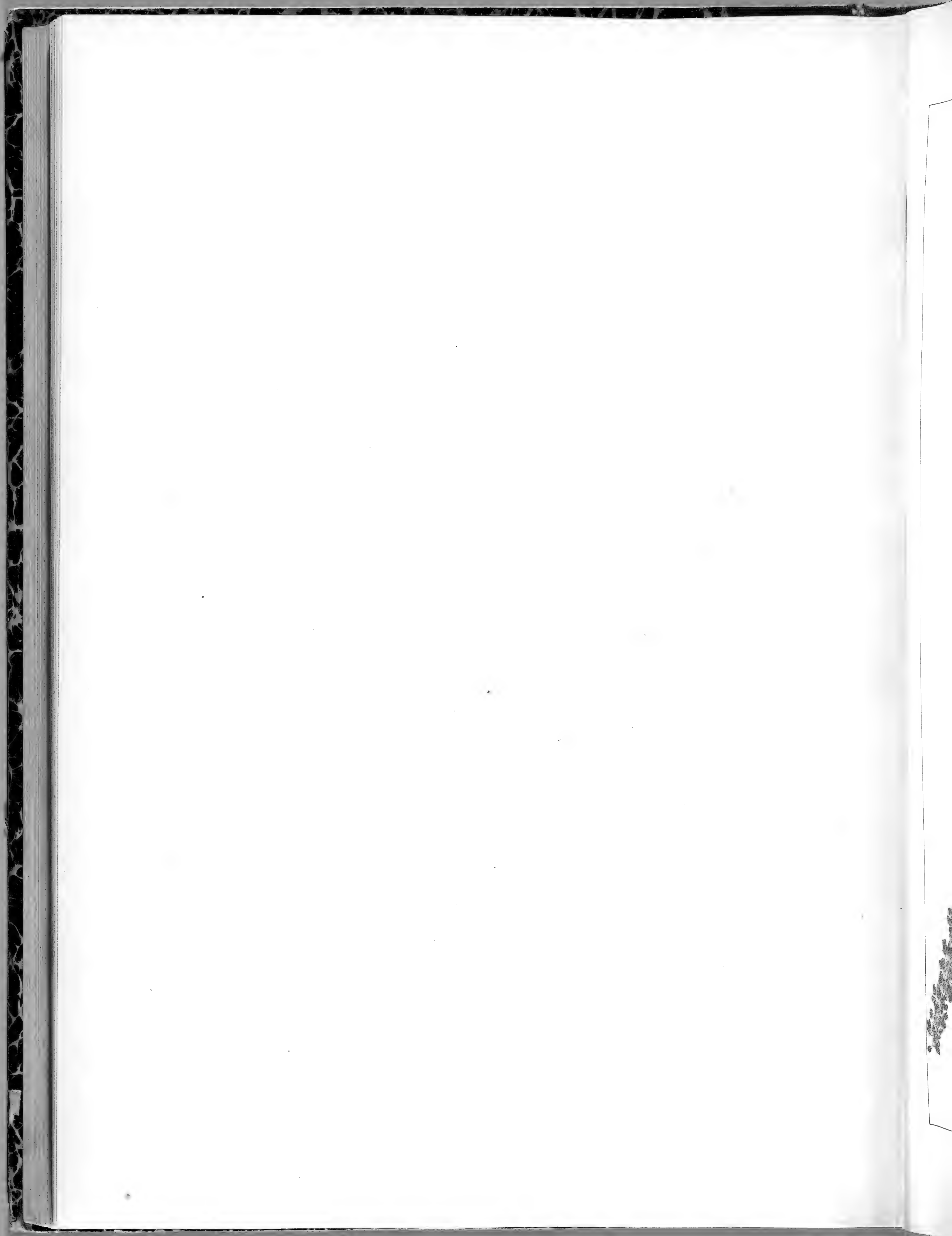


R. NEMOROSUS. SCHRAD. *Var. colorata.*

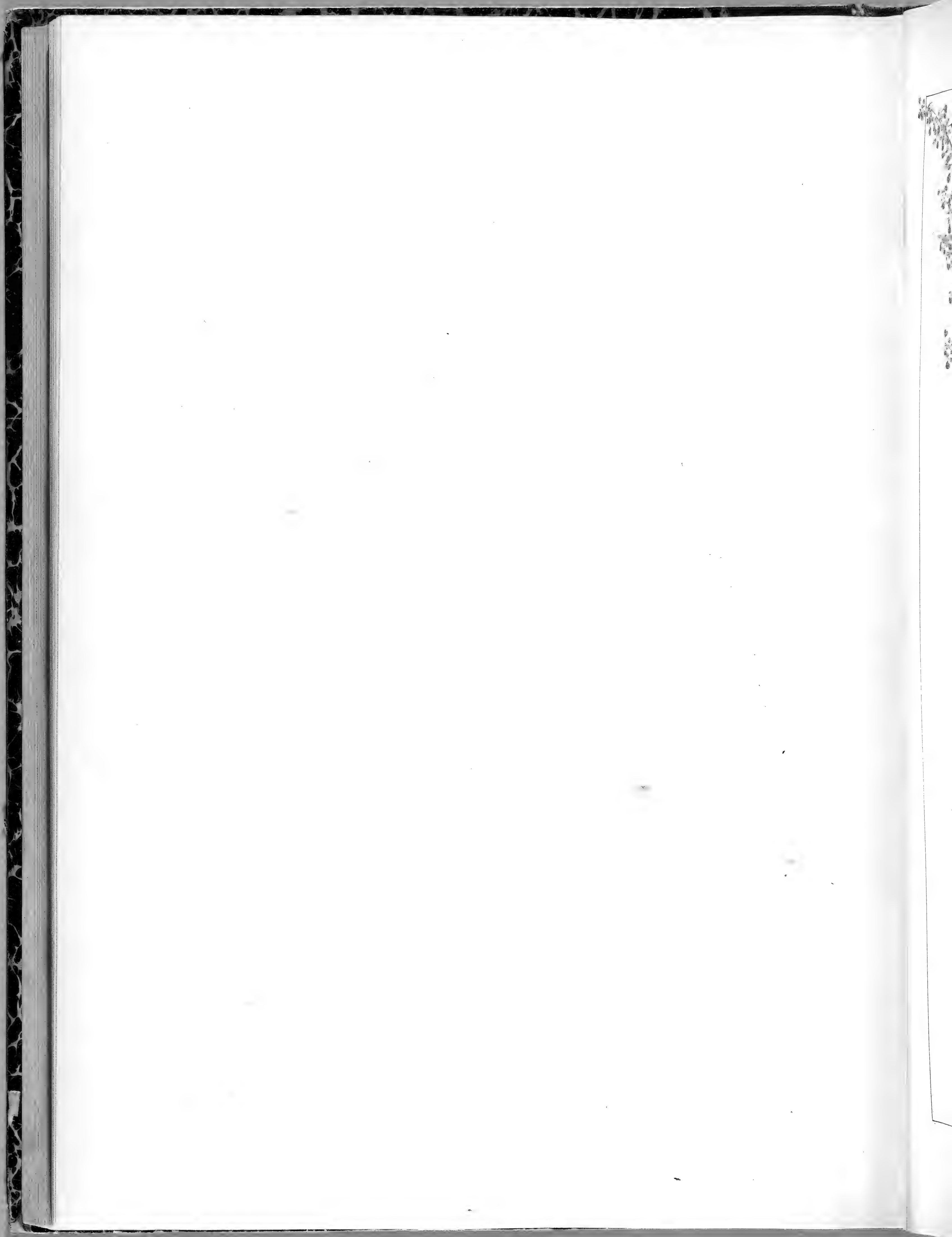


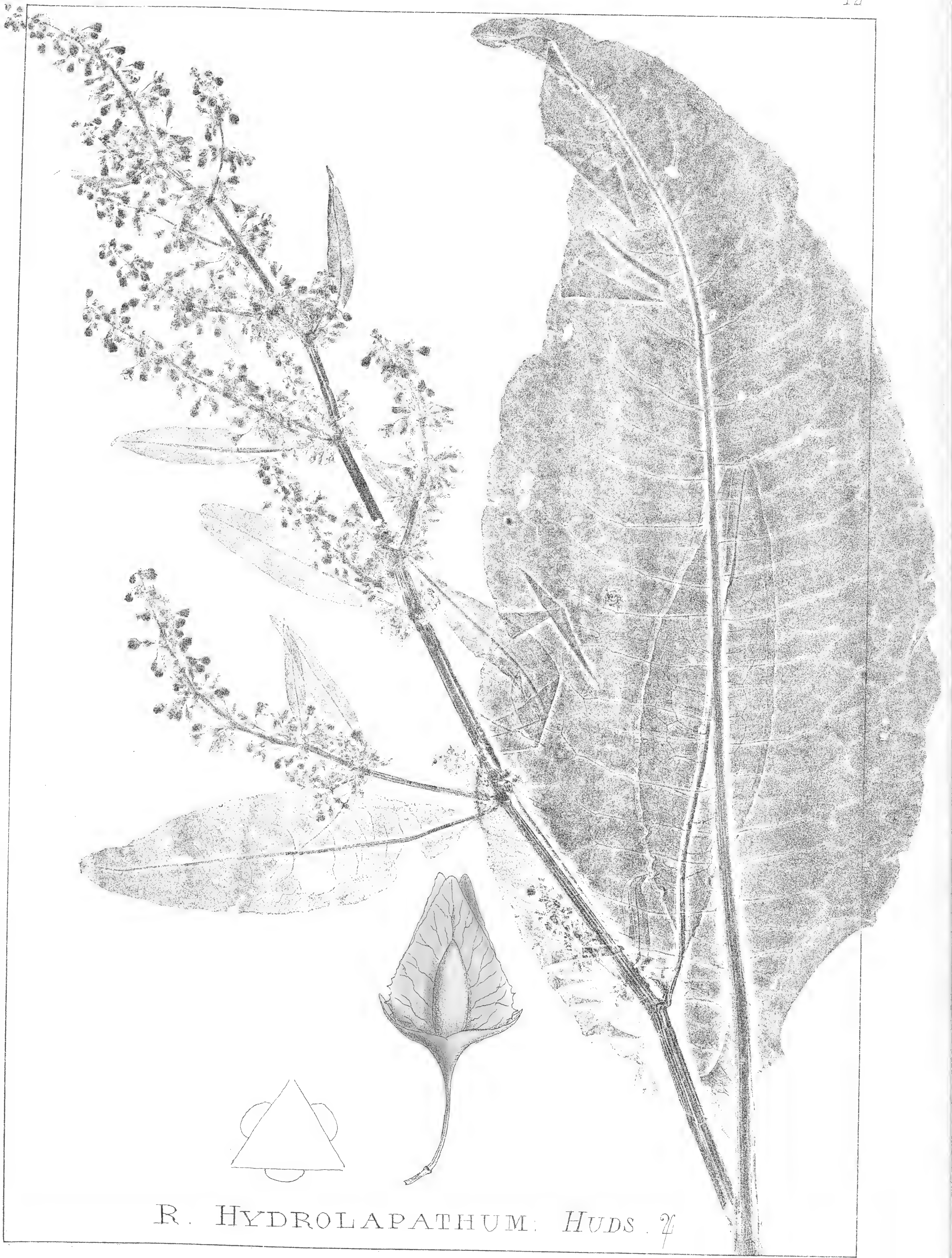


R. ACUTUS . L. ♀







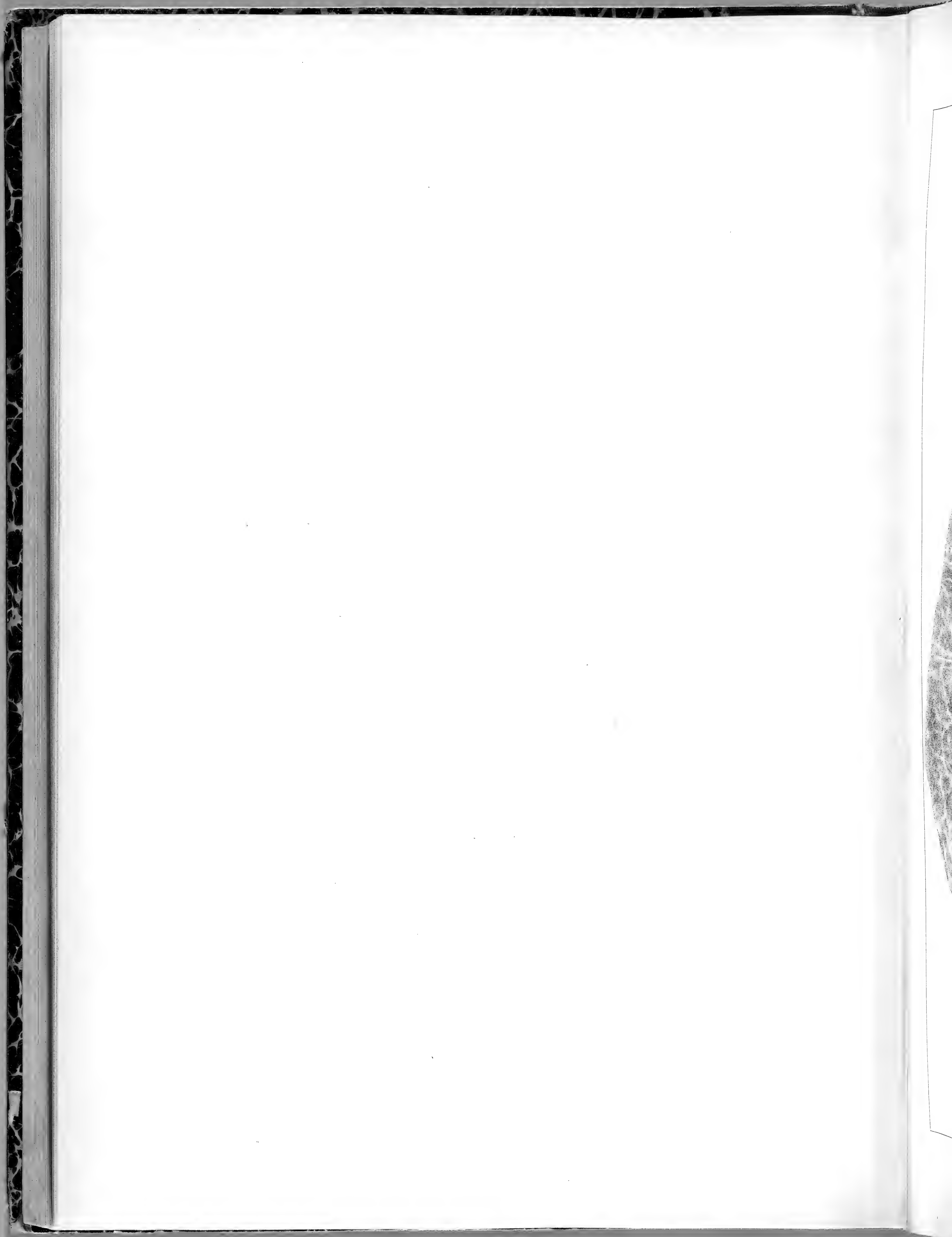


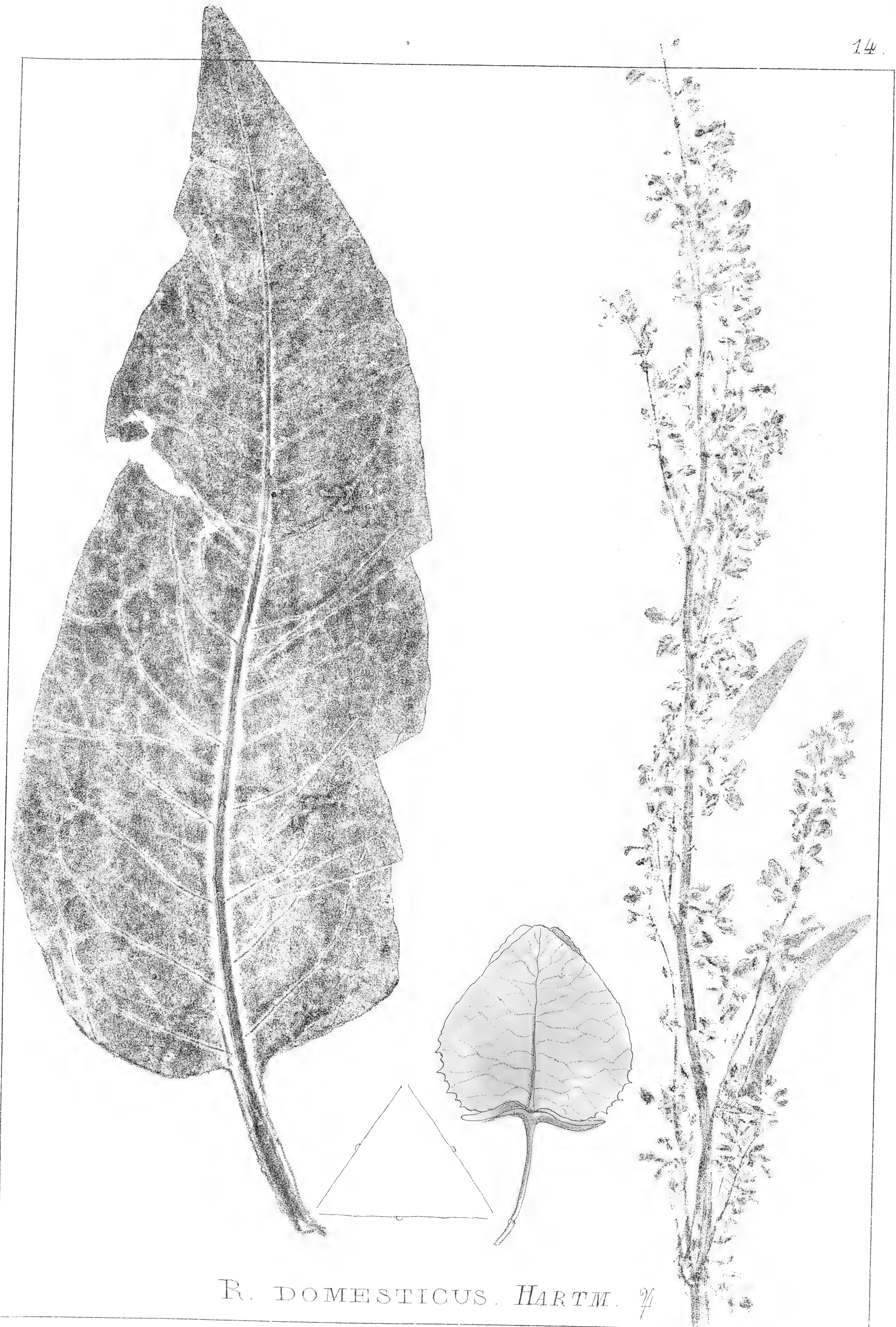
R. HYDROLAPATHUM: HUDS. 2





R. PATIENTIA. L. 2

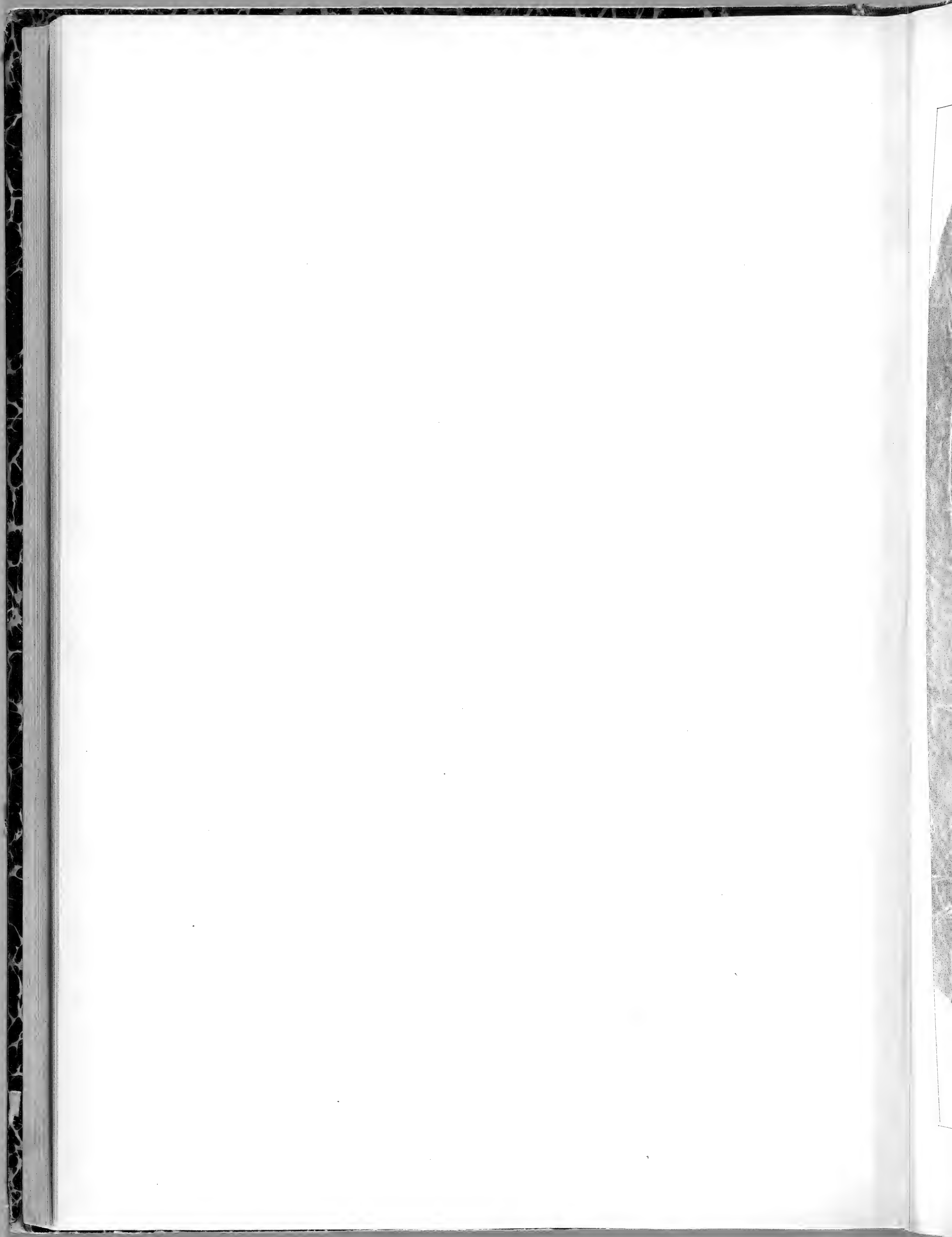




R. DOMESTICUS. HARTM. 7/







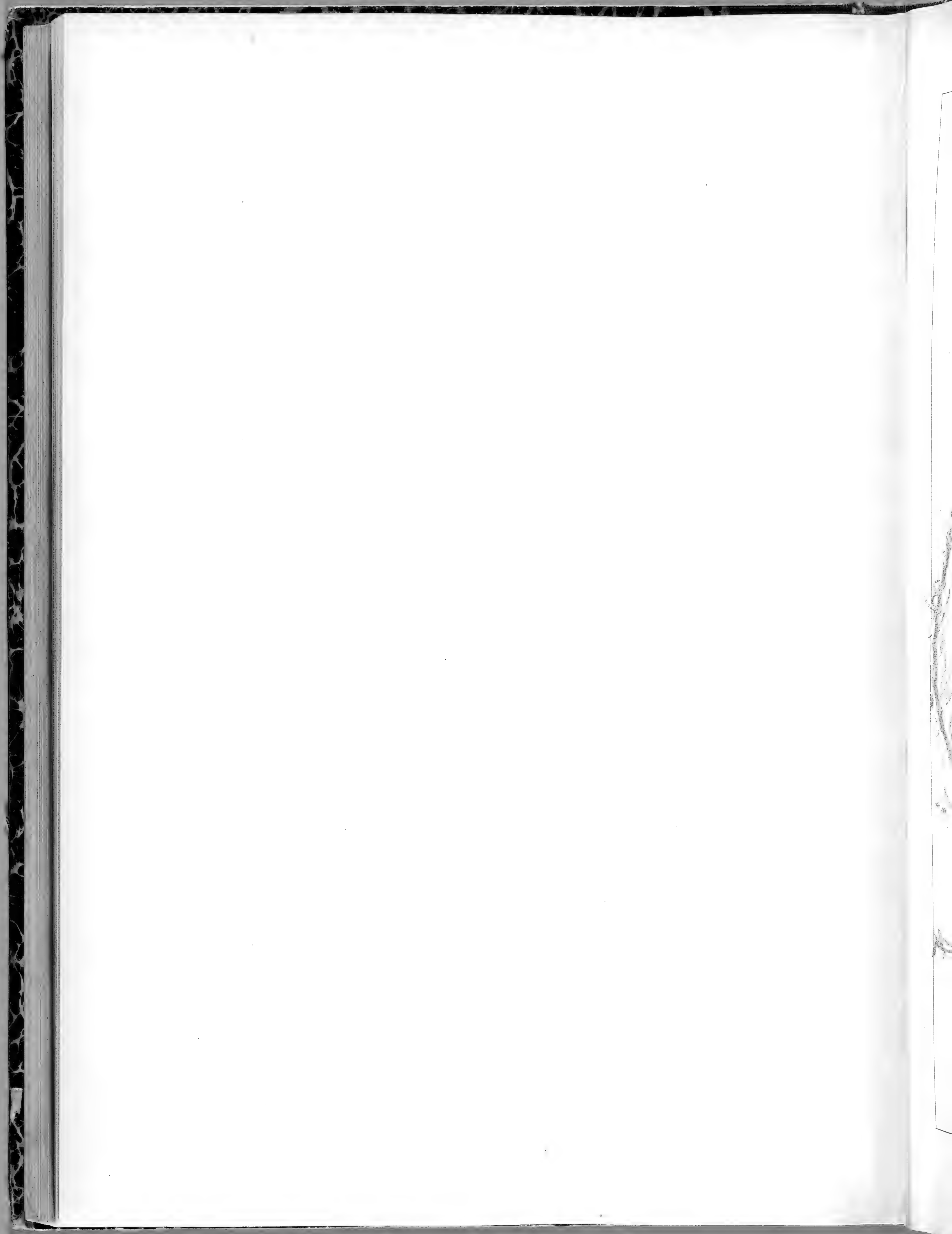


R. MAXIMUS. SCHREB.



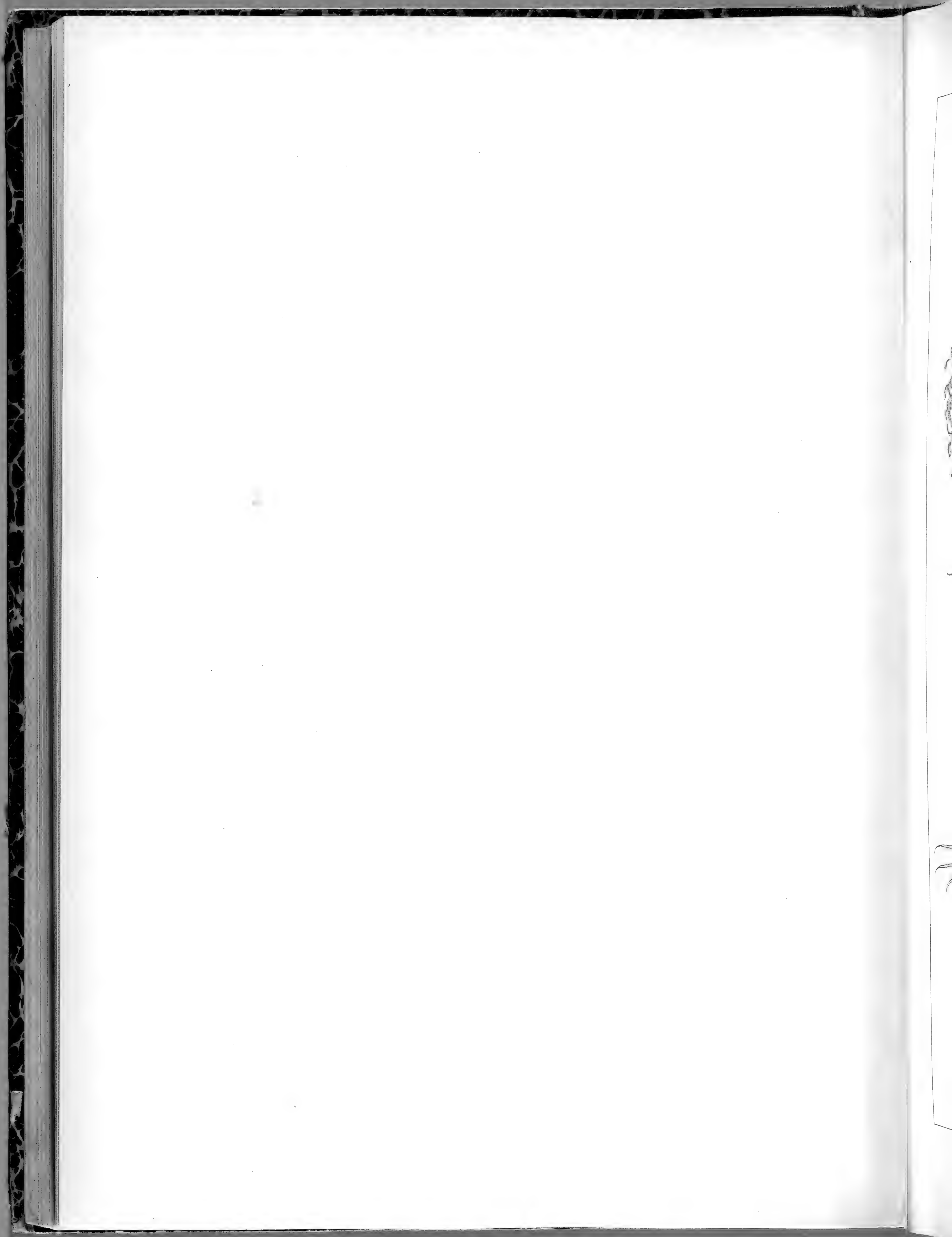


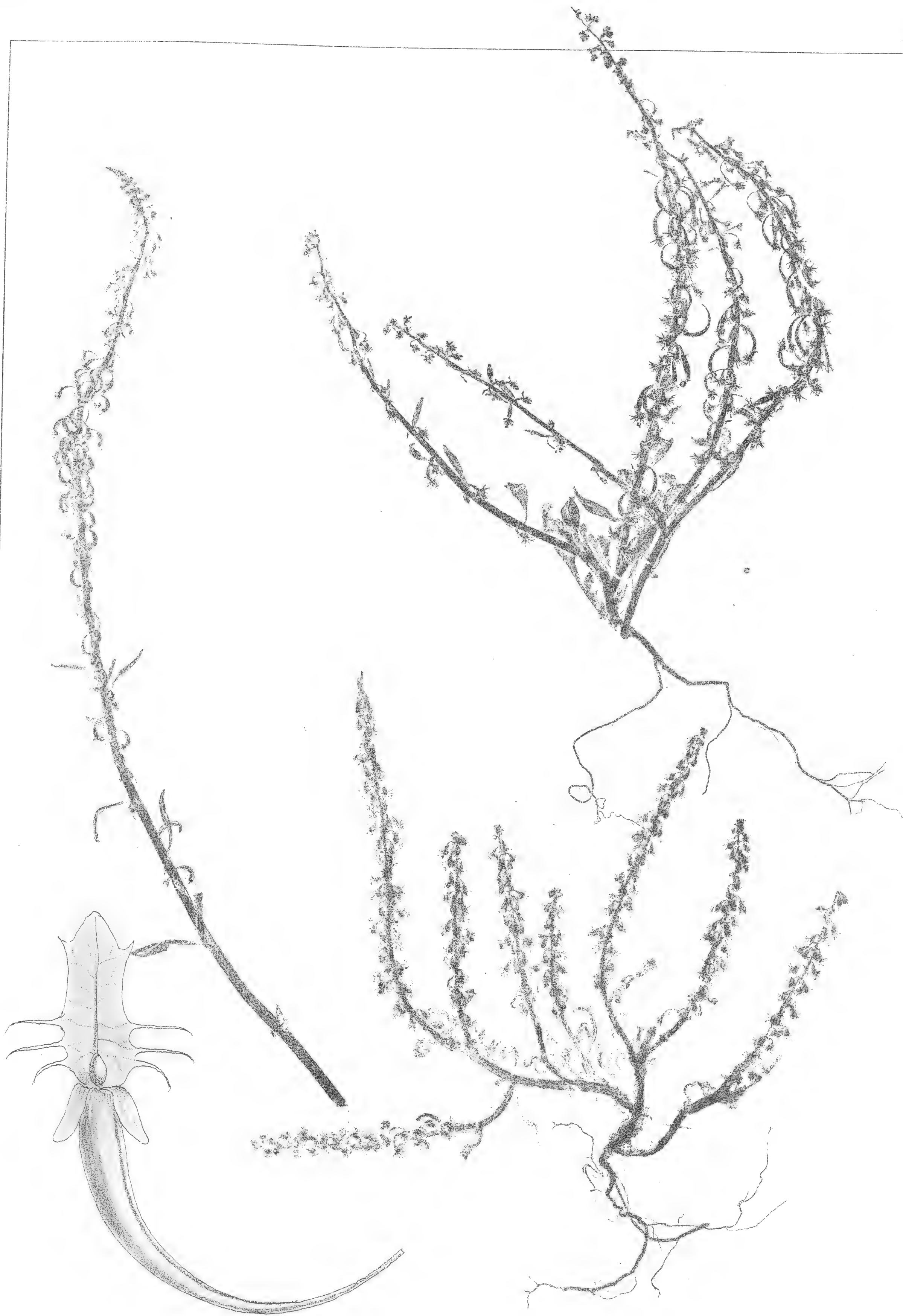
R. ALPINUS. L. 7



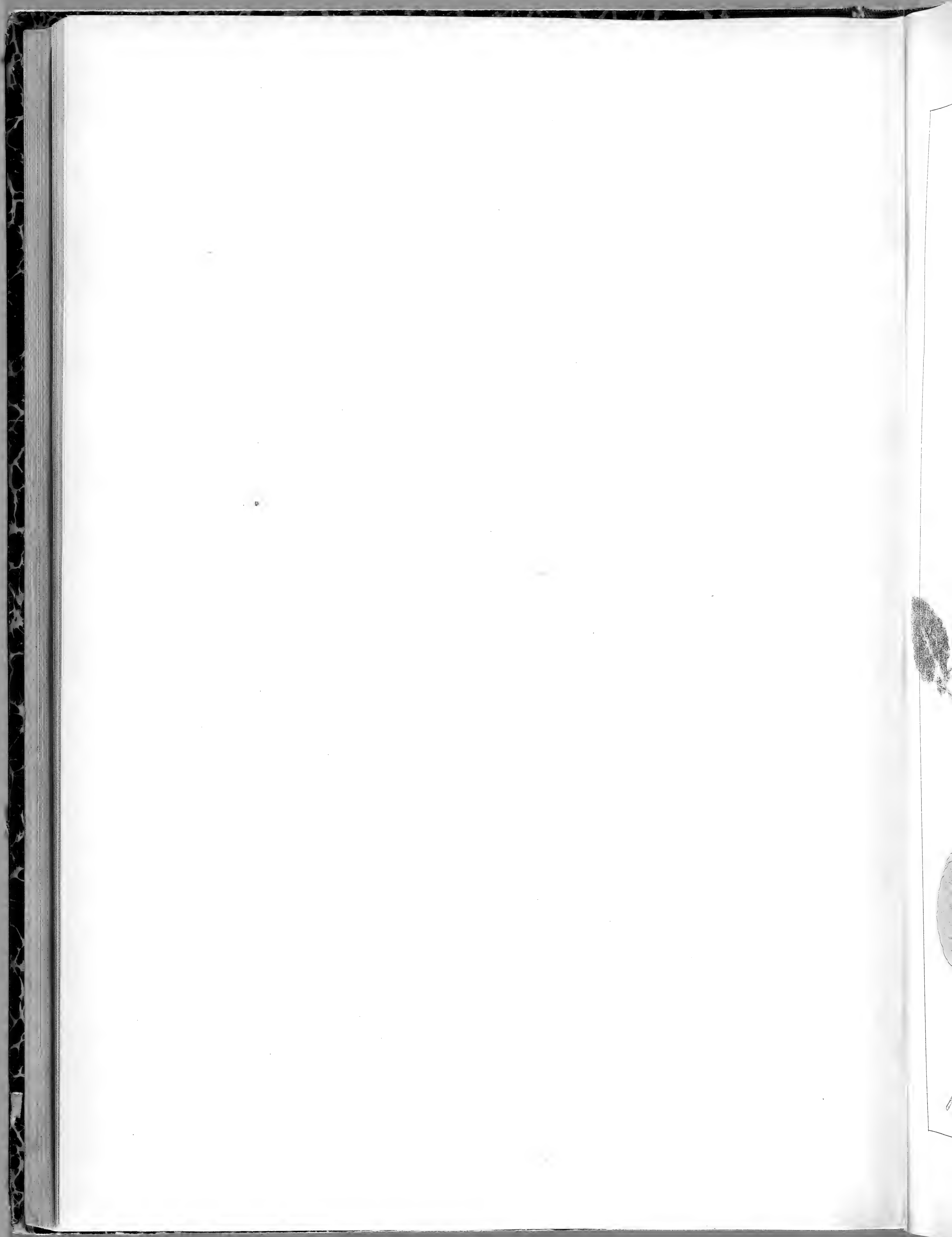


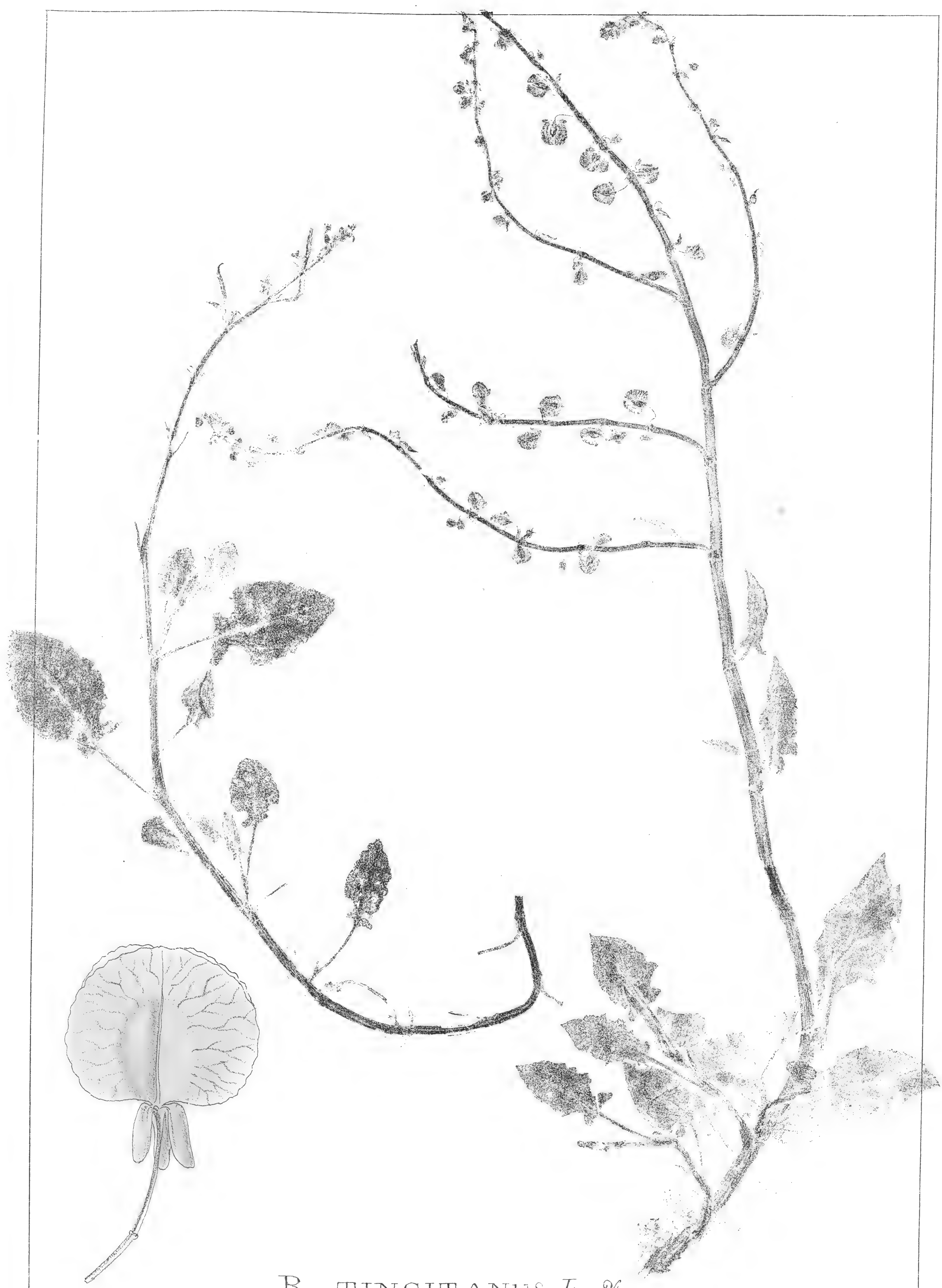
R. BUCEPHALOPHORUS. L. ①





R. BUCEPHALOPHORUS. L. Var. uncinata



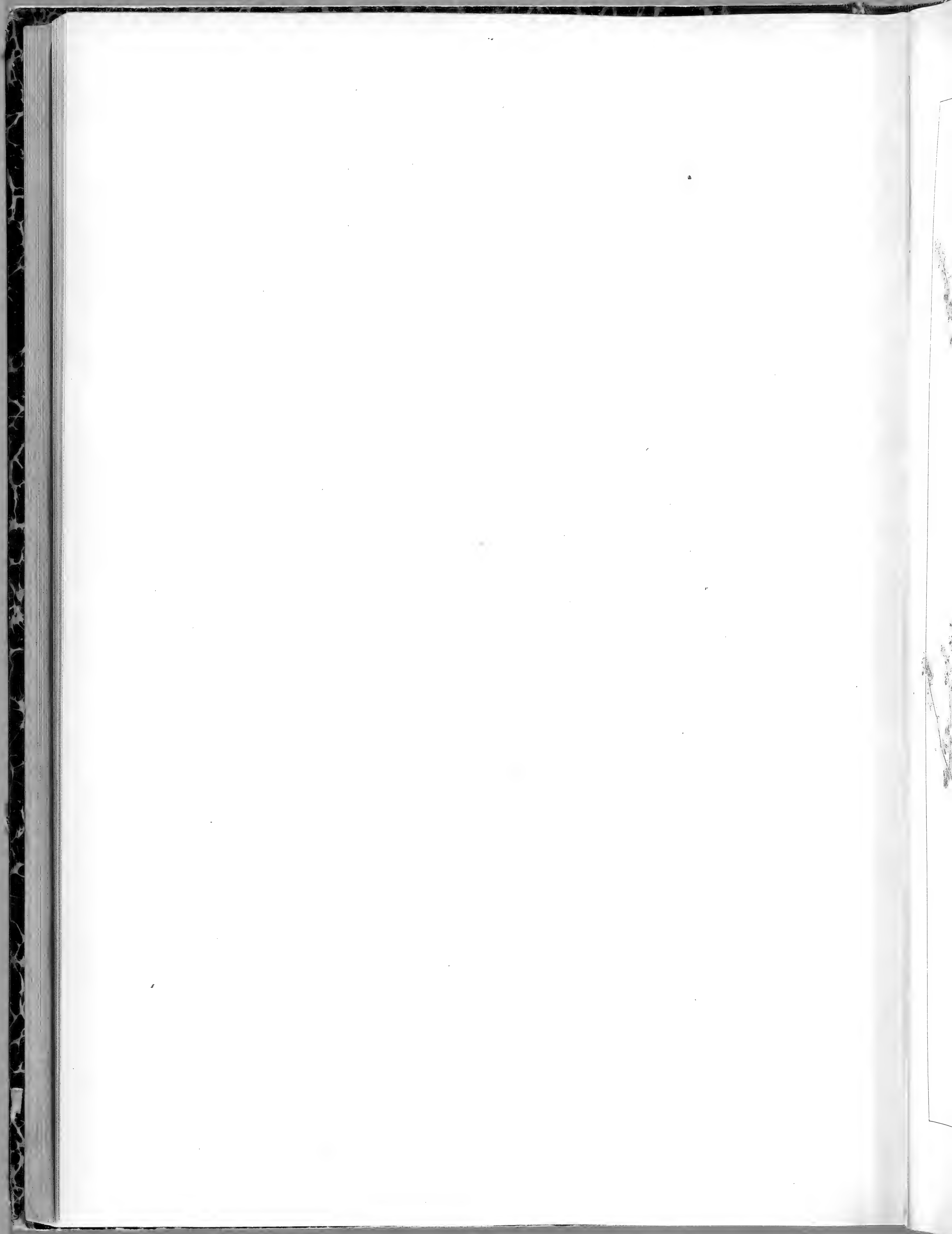


R. TINGITANUS L. ♀



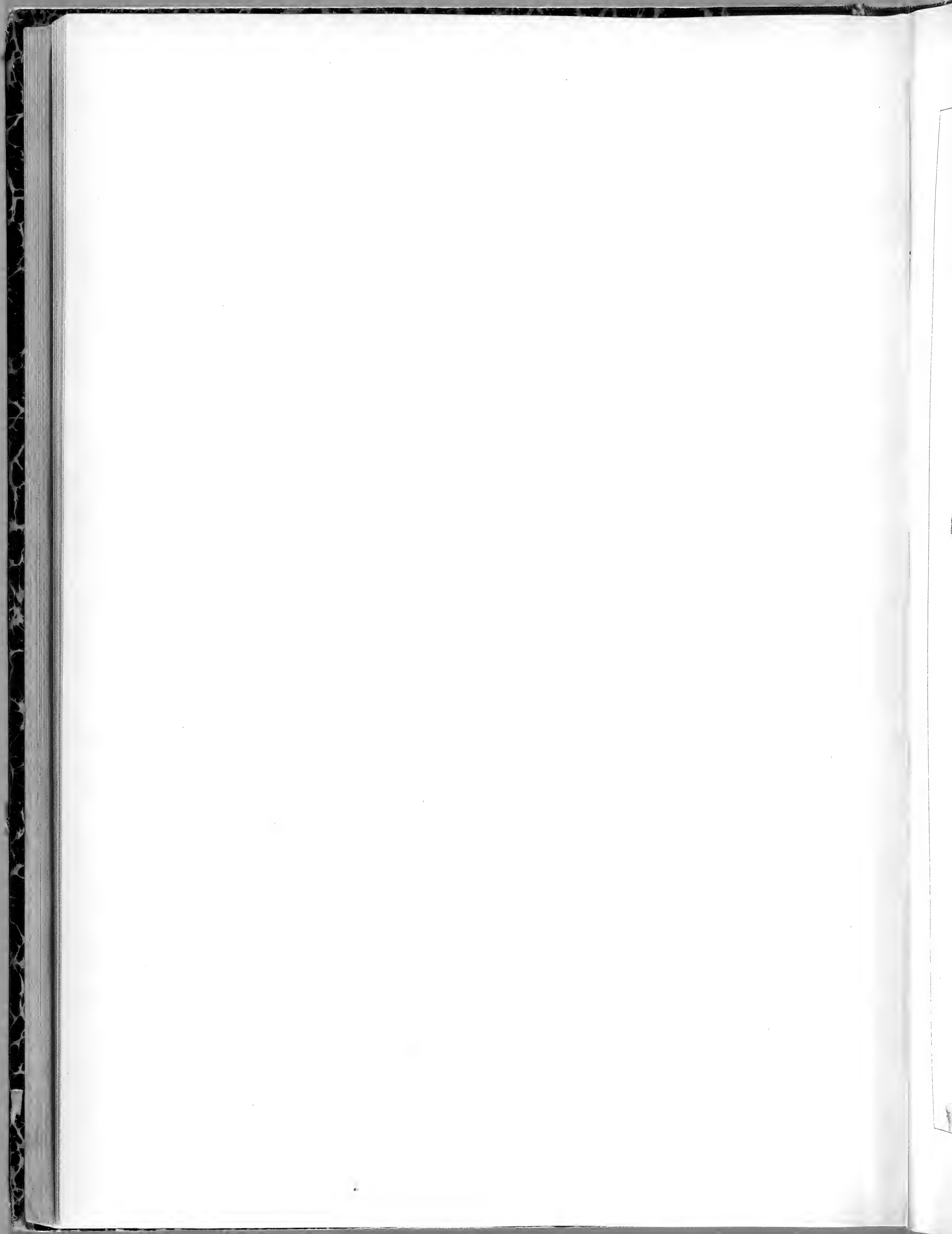


R. SCUTATUS . *L.* 24



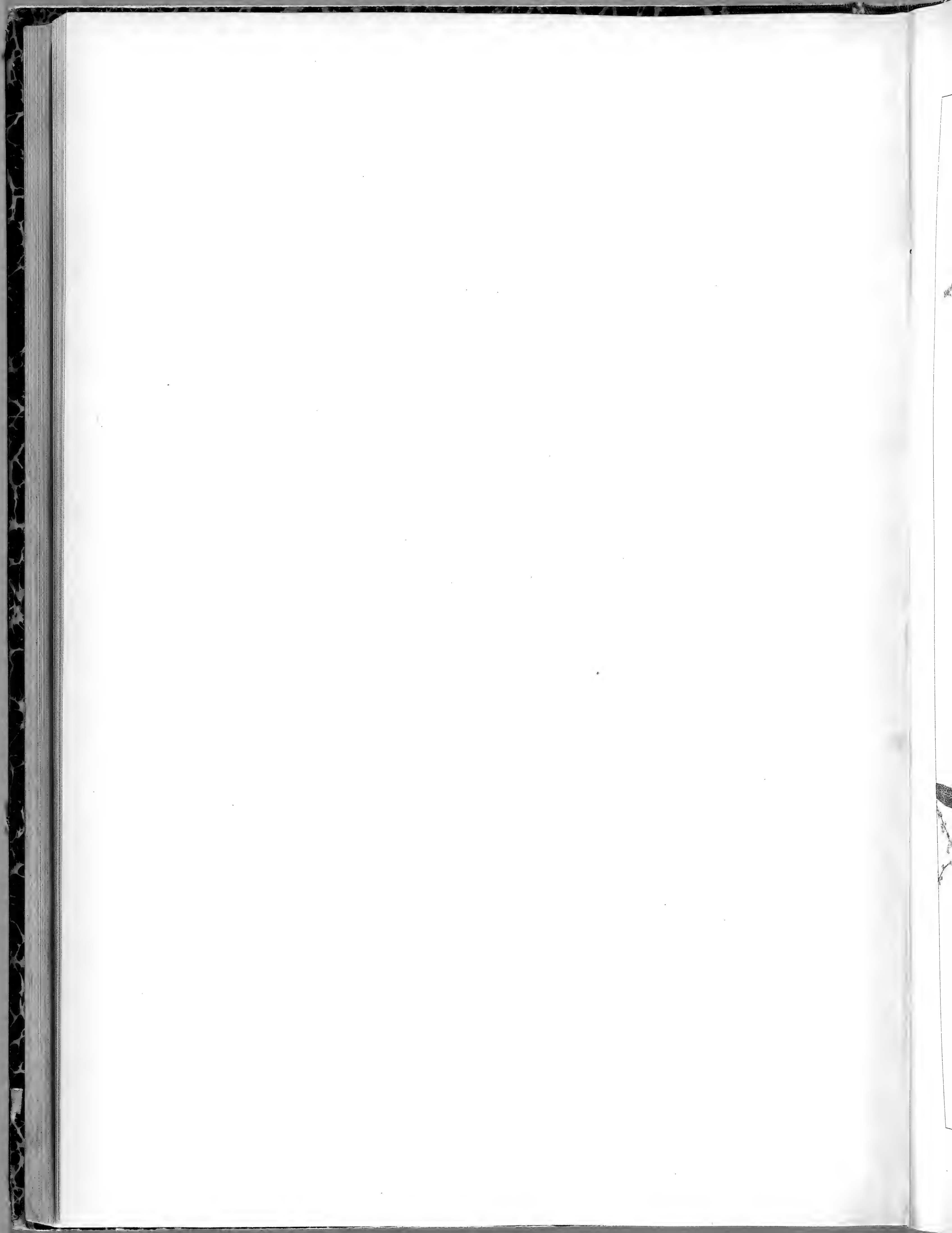


R. ARIFOLIUS . ALL. 2/





R. ARIFOLIUS. ALL. Var. dimorpha.

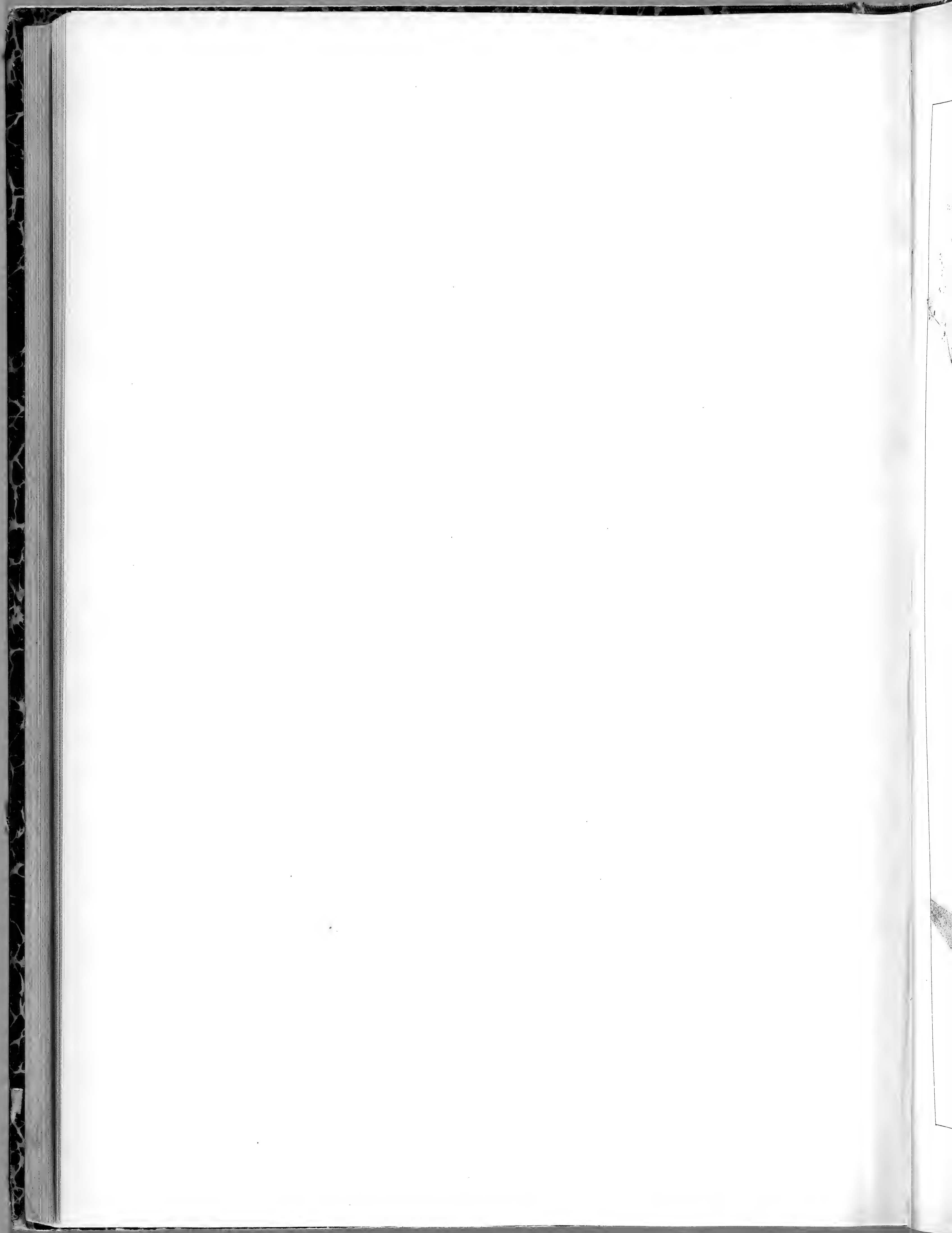


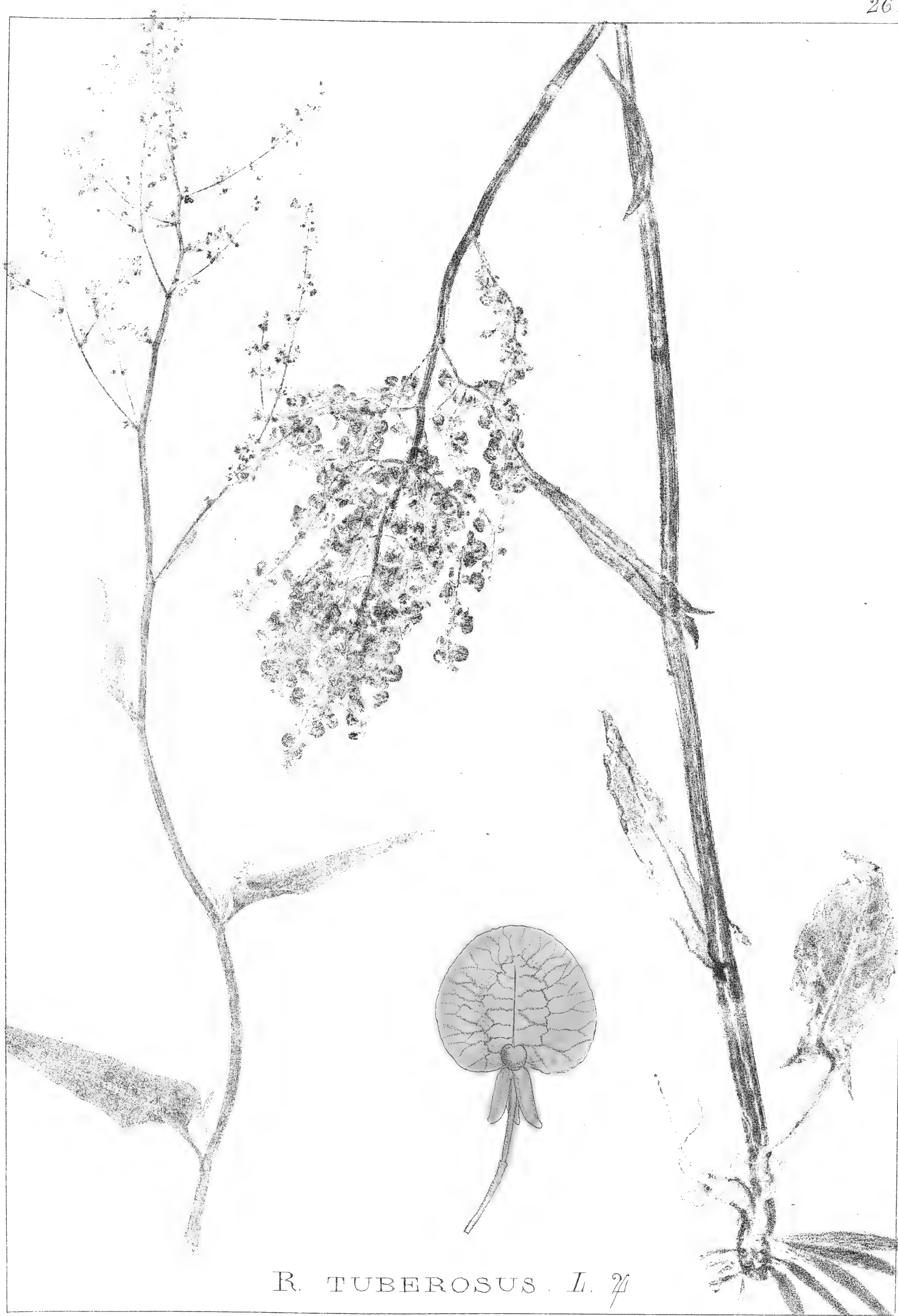


R. AMPLEXICAULIS. LAP. 27

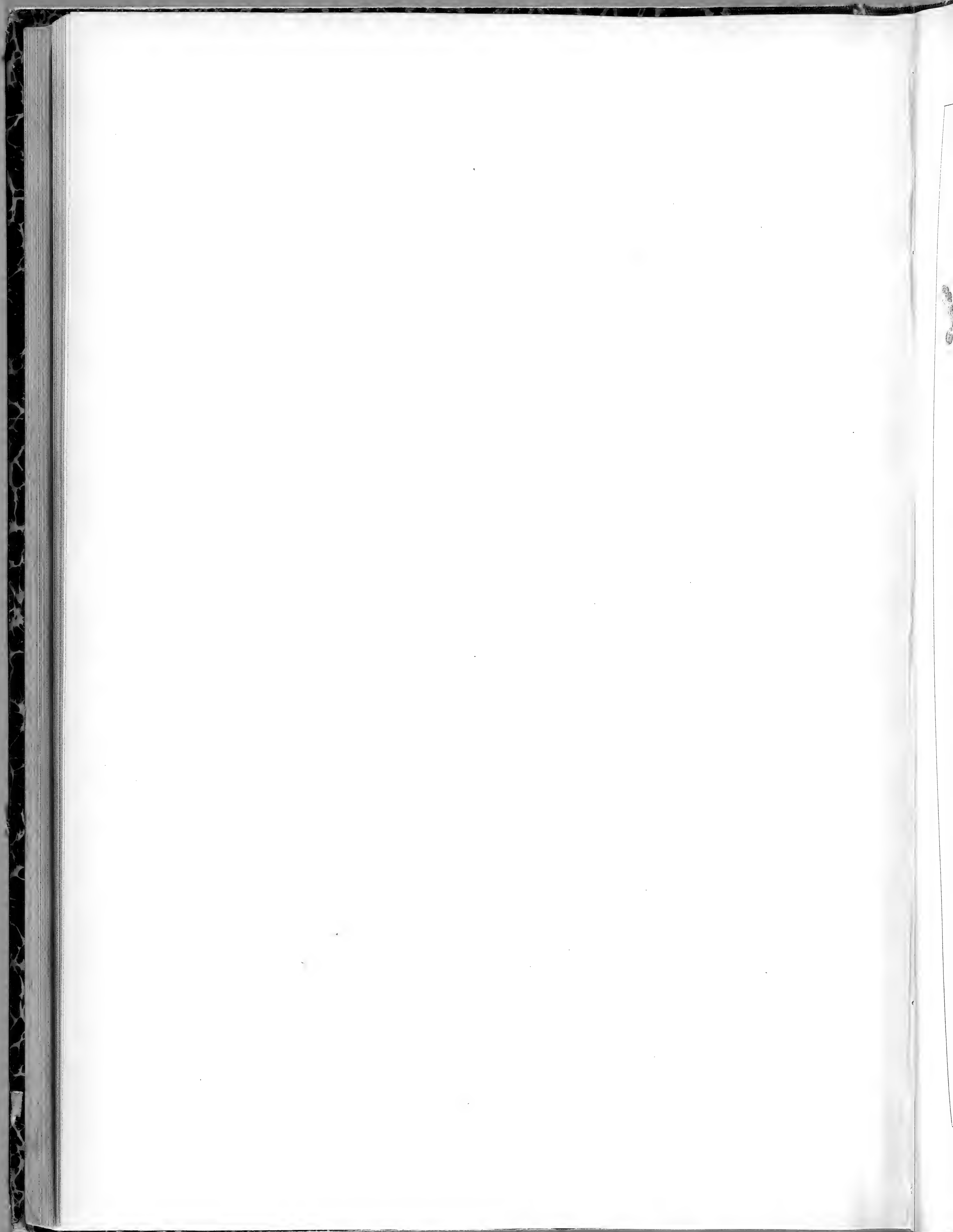






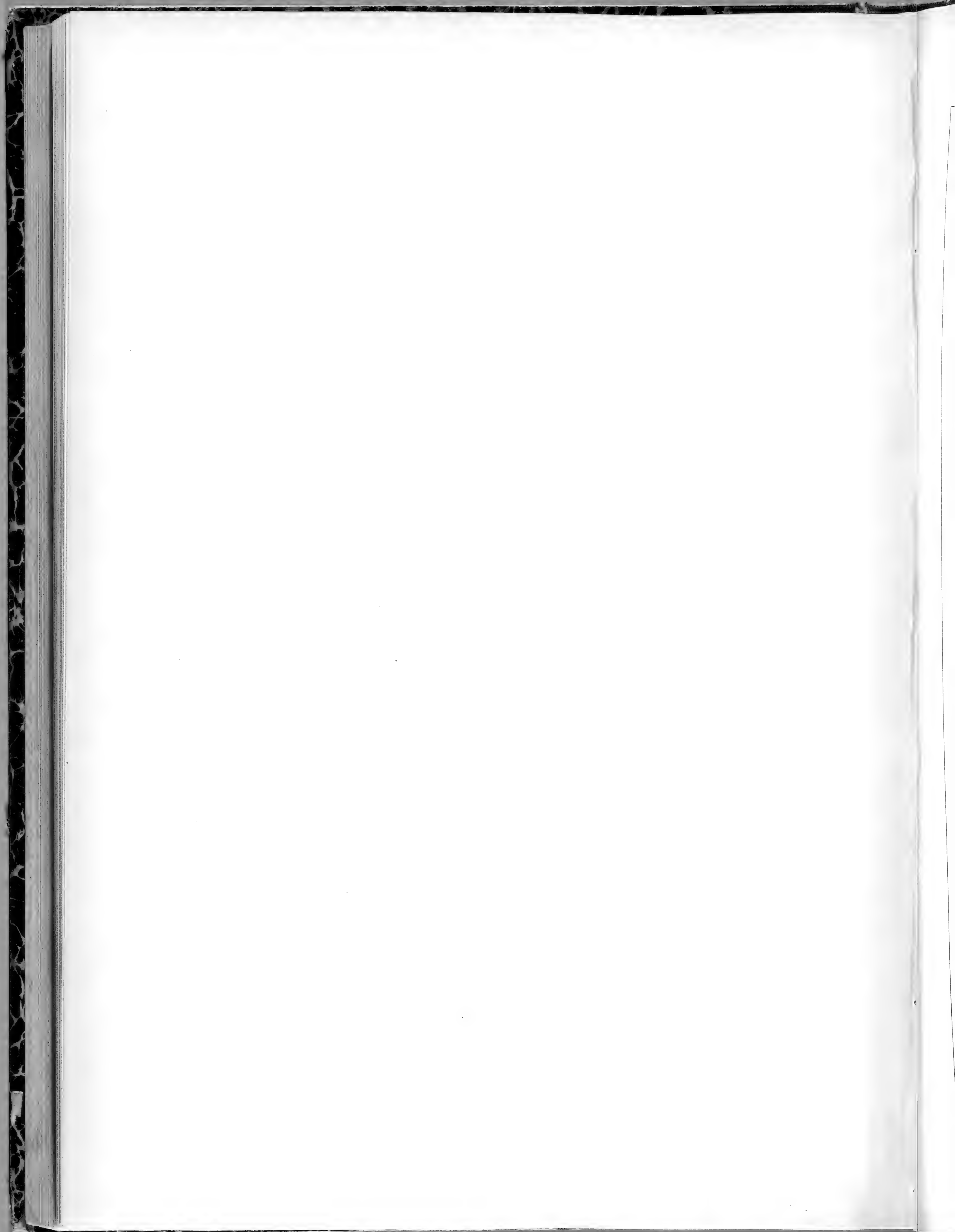


R. TUBEROSUS . L. ♀



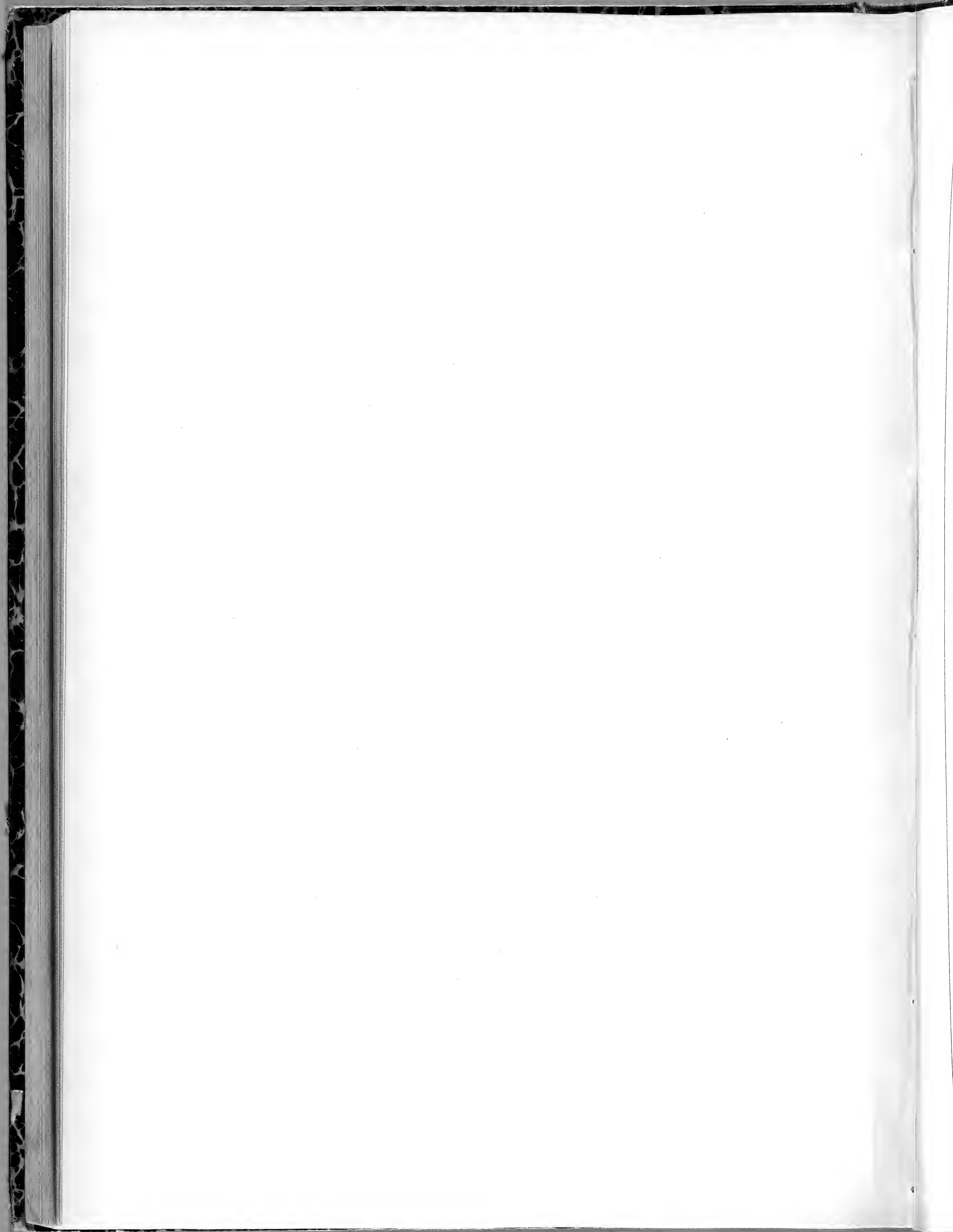


R. THYRSOIDES . DESF. ♀





R. THYRSOIDES . DESF. Var. fissca .



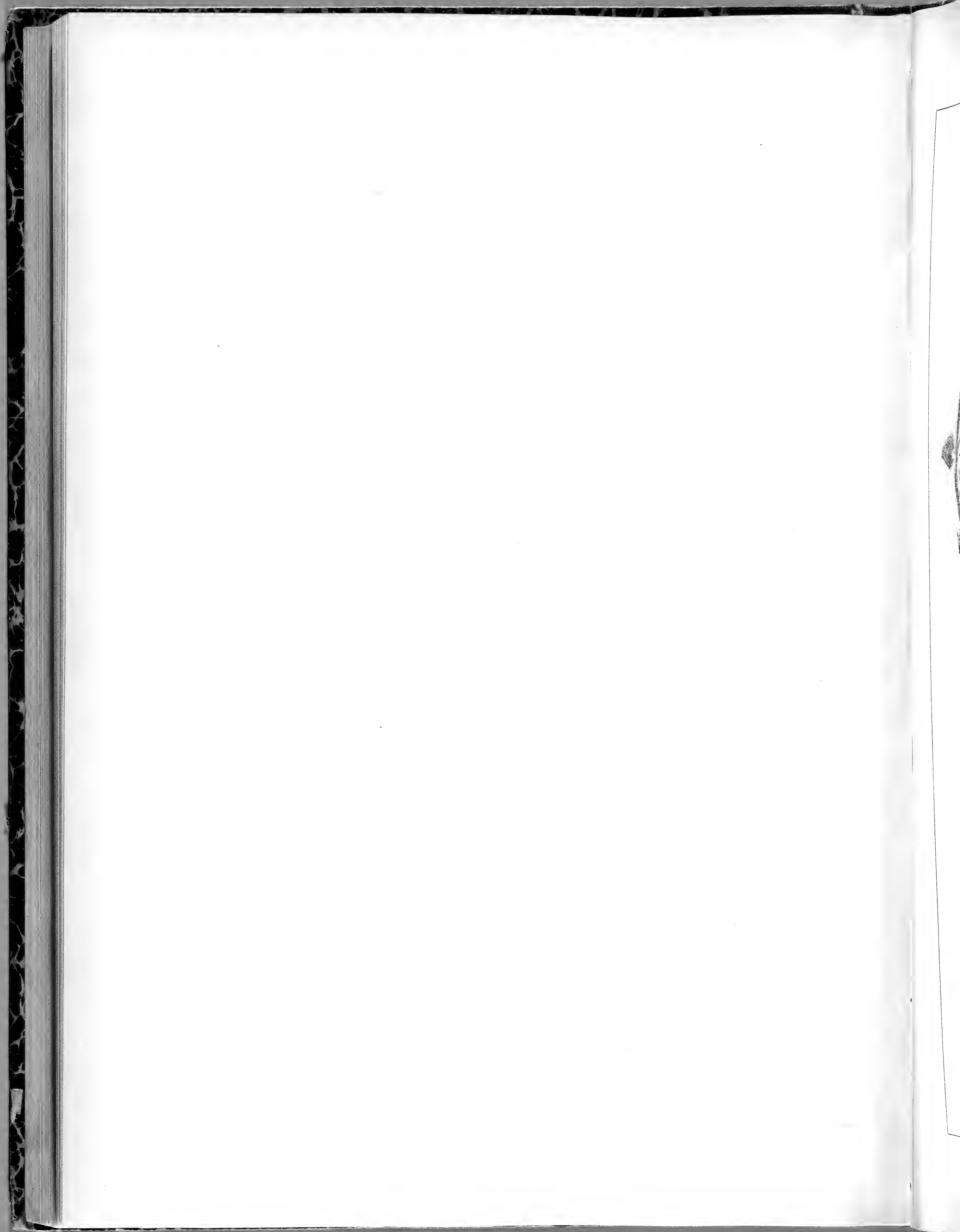


R. ACETOSELLA. L. ♀

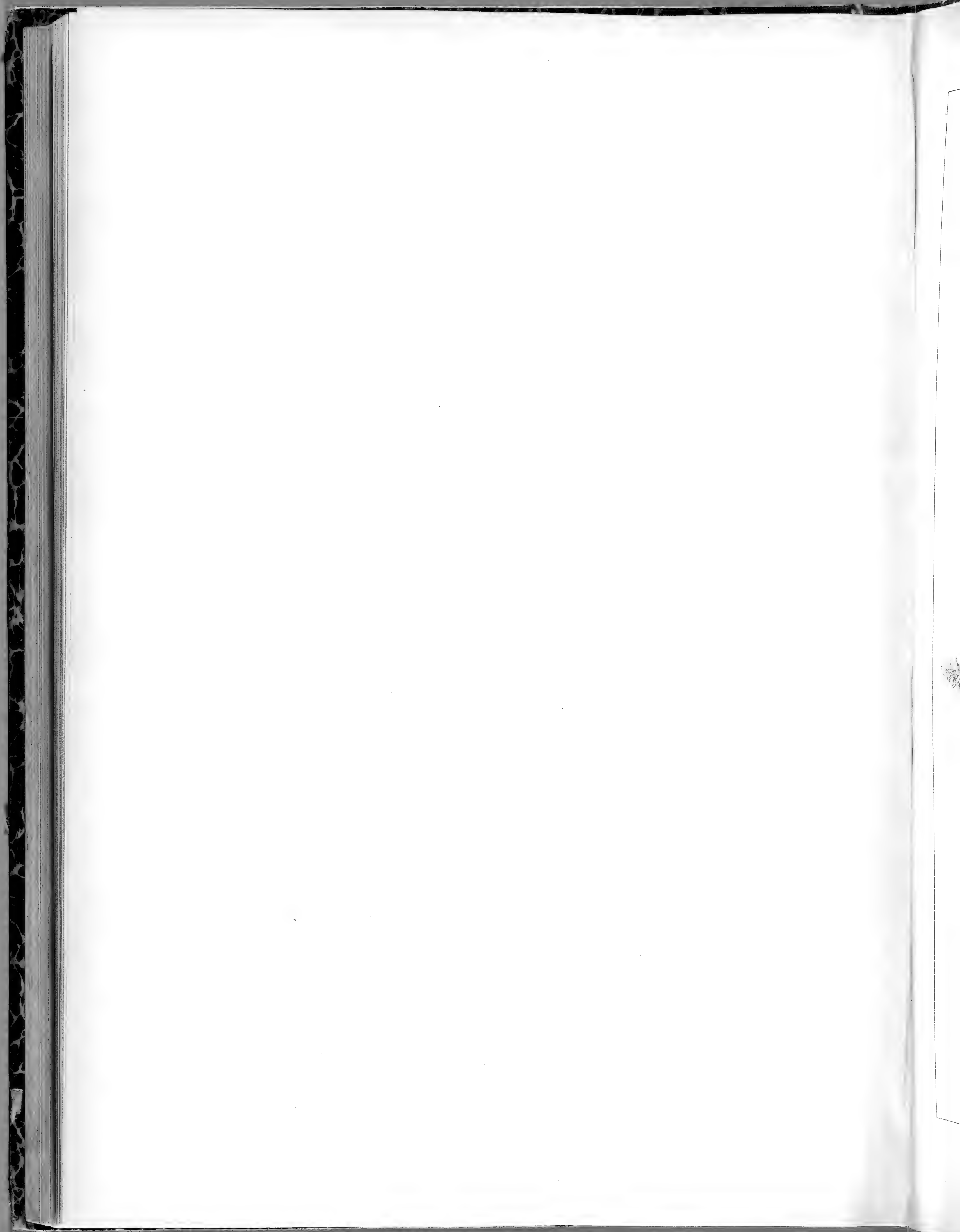




POLYGONUM BISTORTA. *L.* 2/

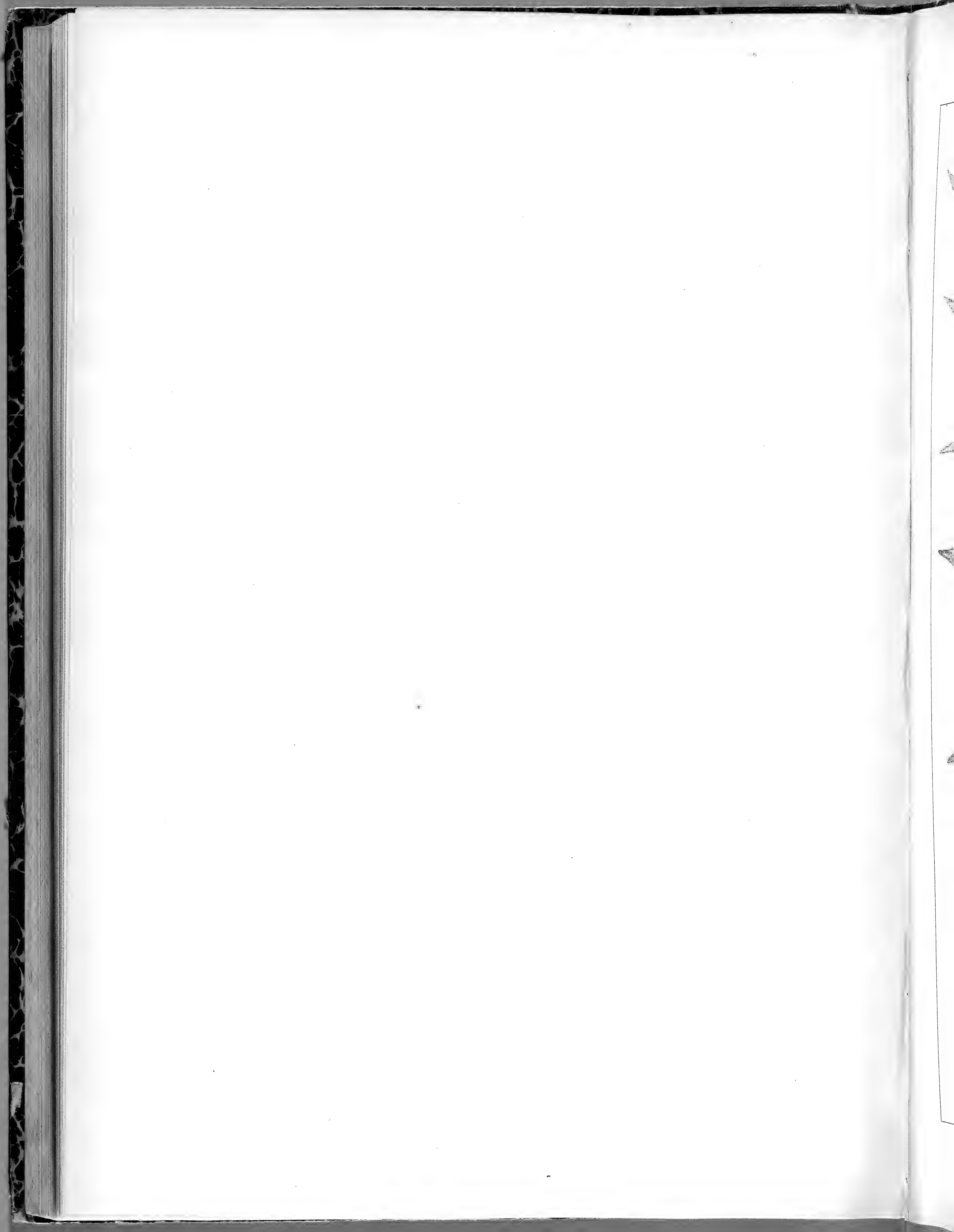






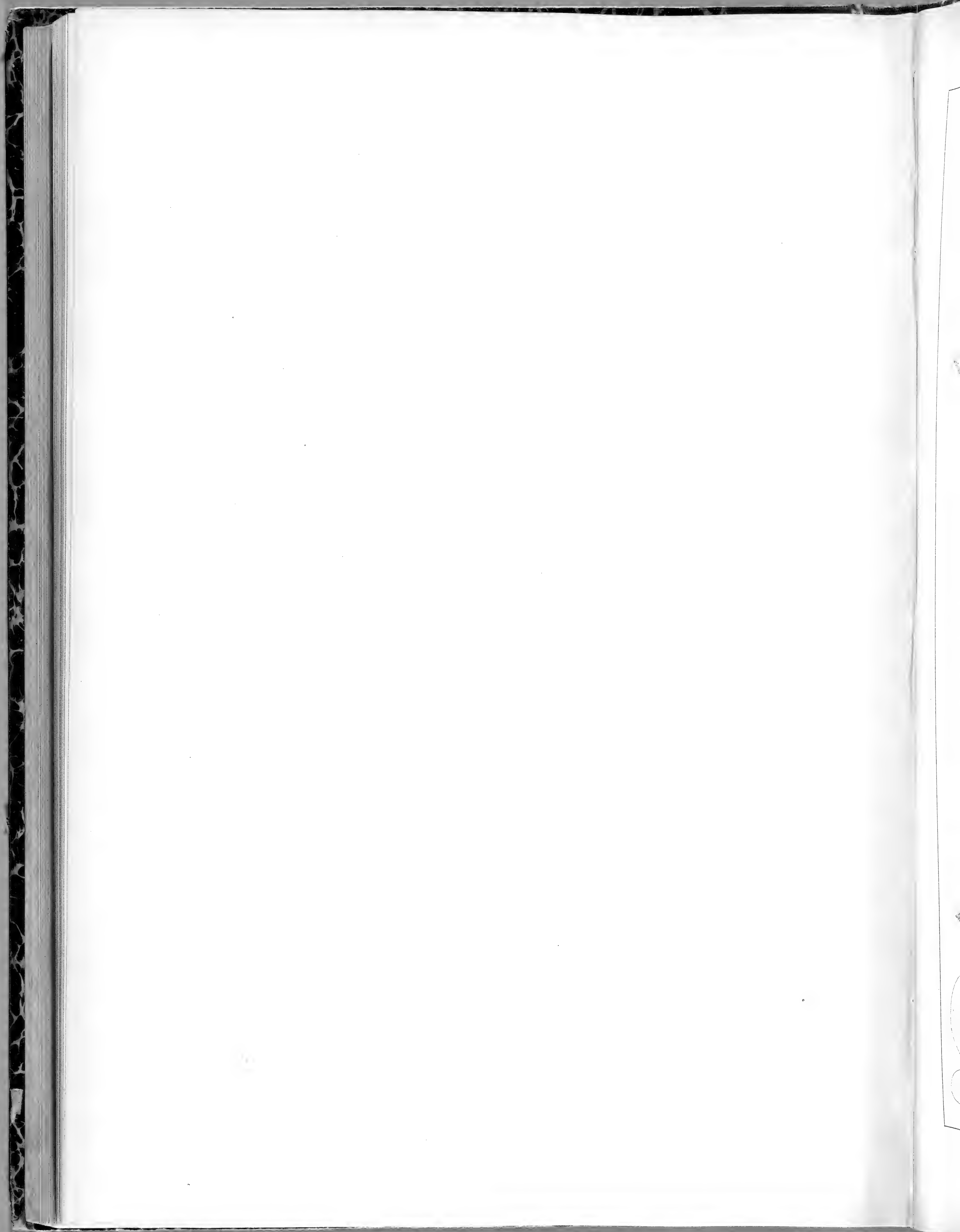


P. AMPHIBIUM. L. 2/



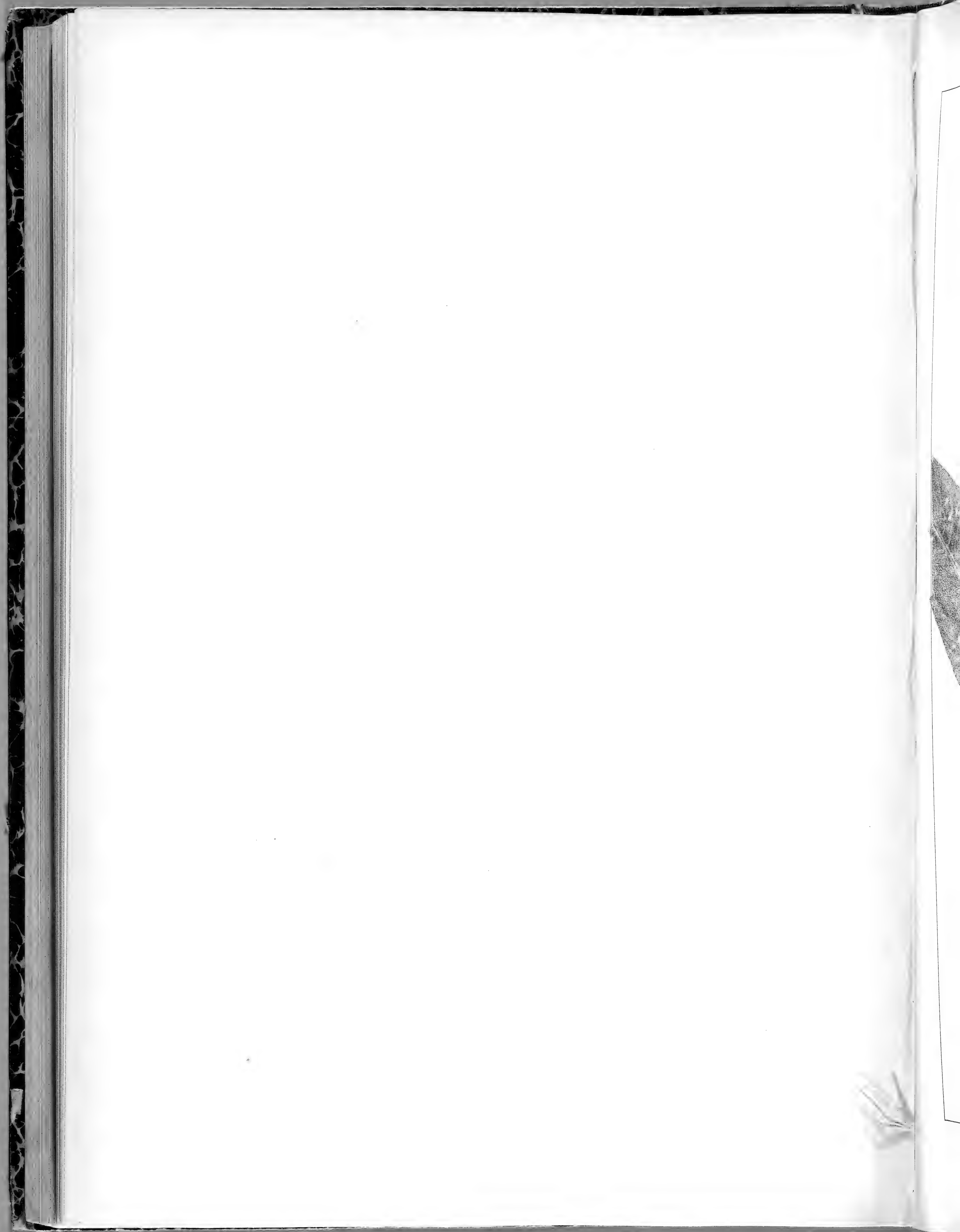


P. AMPHIBIUM. L. Var. terrestris.



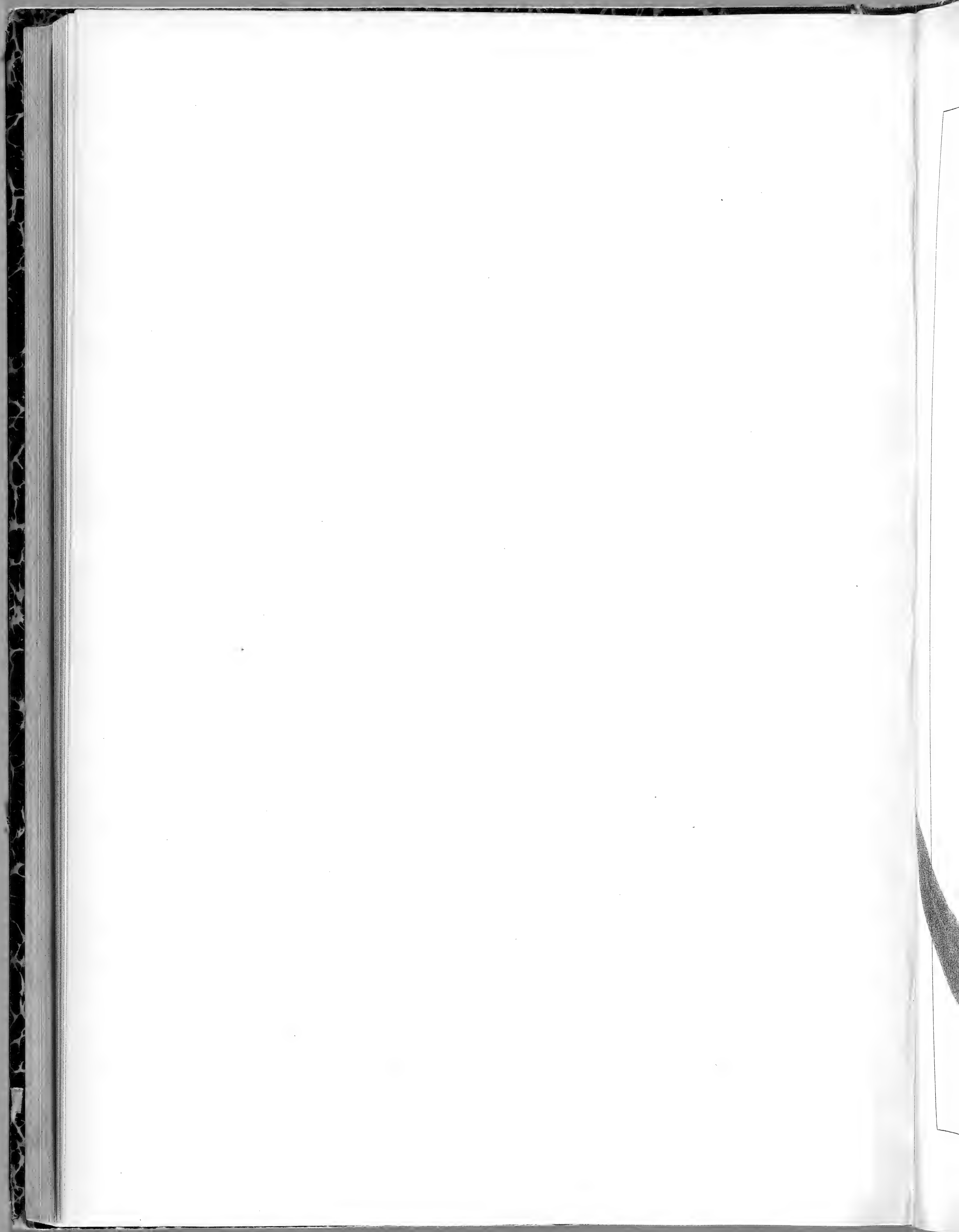


P. LAPATHIFOLIUM. L. ♀





P. LAPATHIFOLIUM. L. Var. virescens.



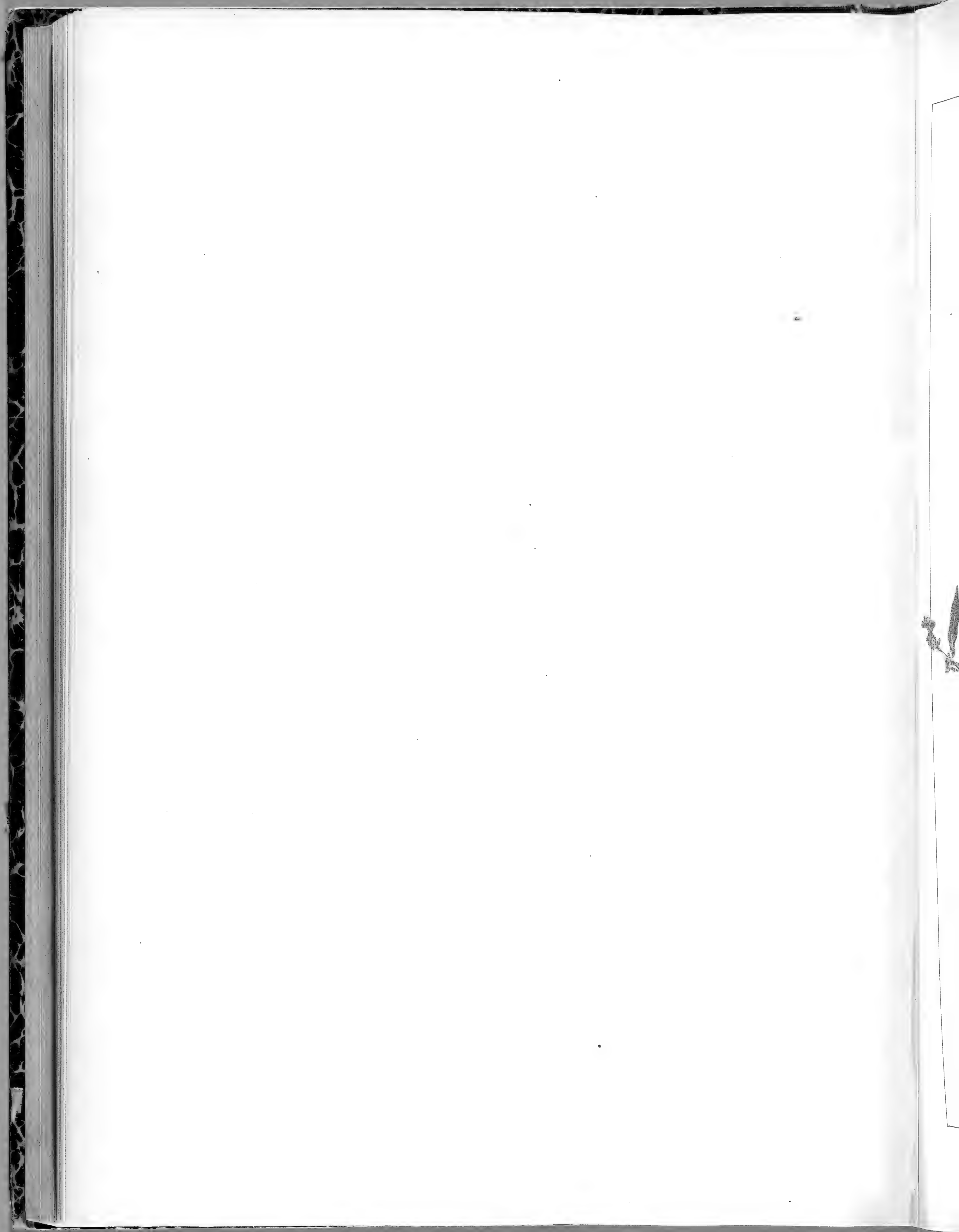


P. LAPATHIFOLIUM. L. *Var. nodosa*.



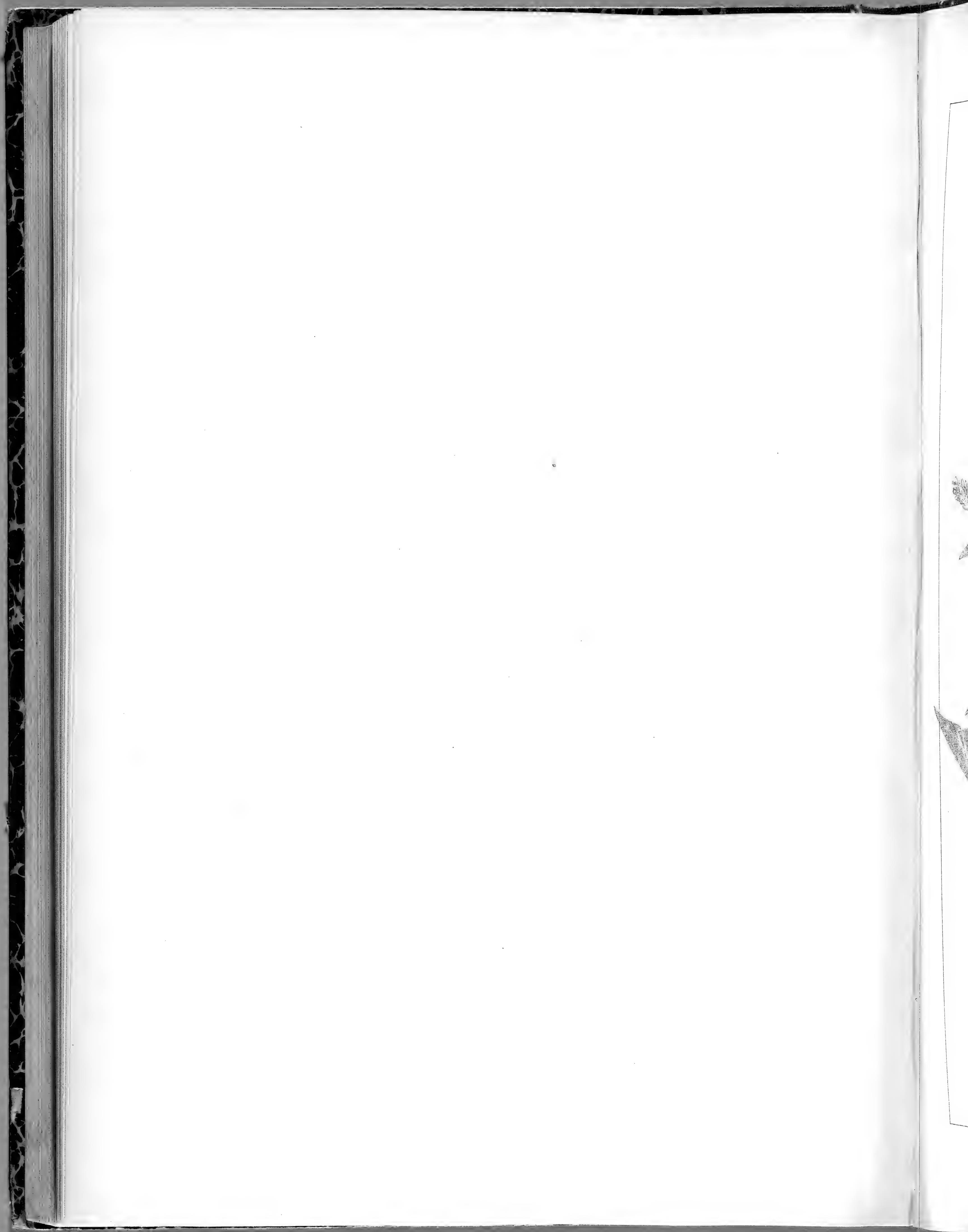


P. LAPATHIFOLIUM, L. Var. incana.



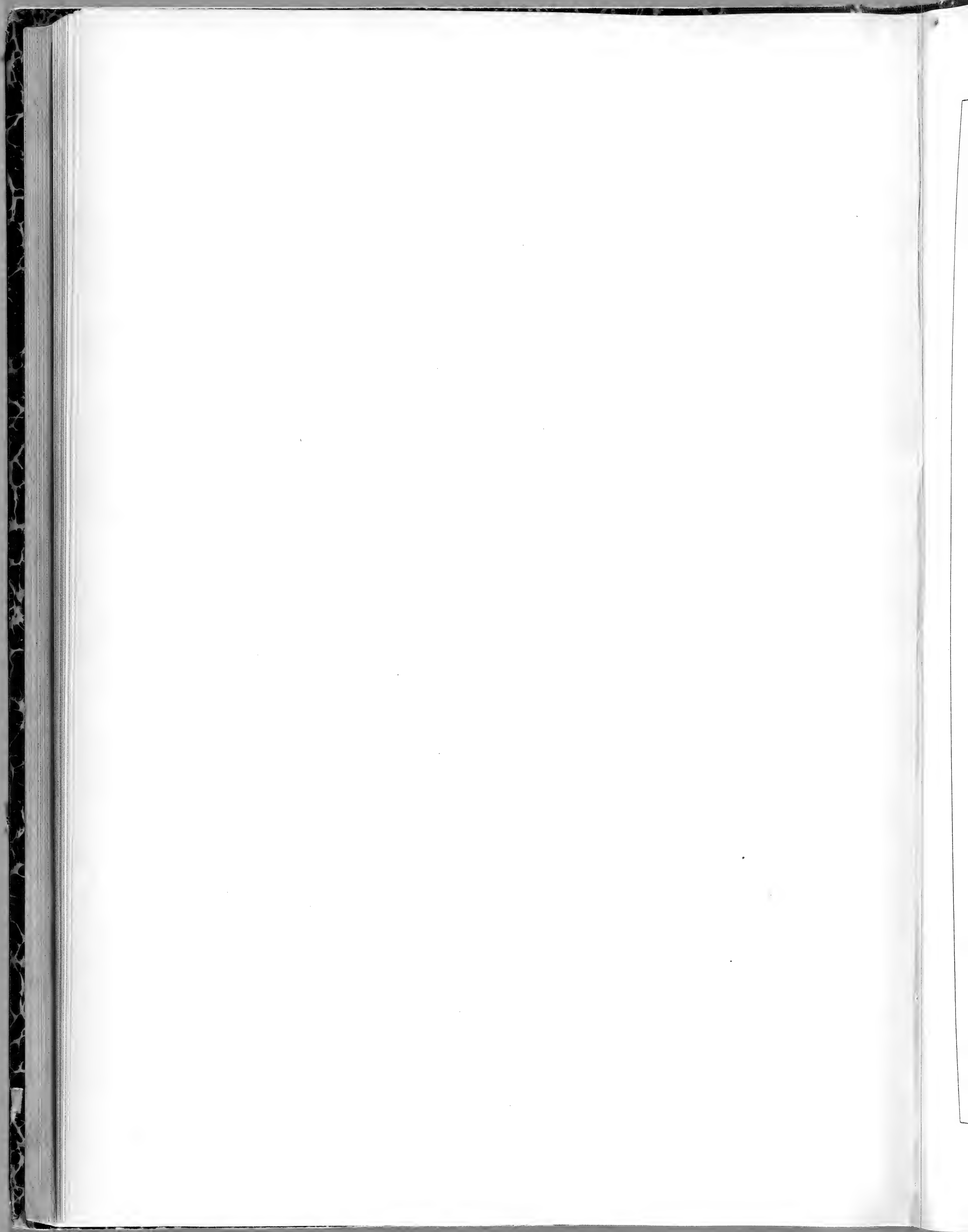


P. PERSICARIA. L. ①





P. PERSICARIA L. Var. elata.



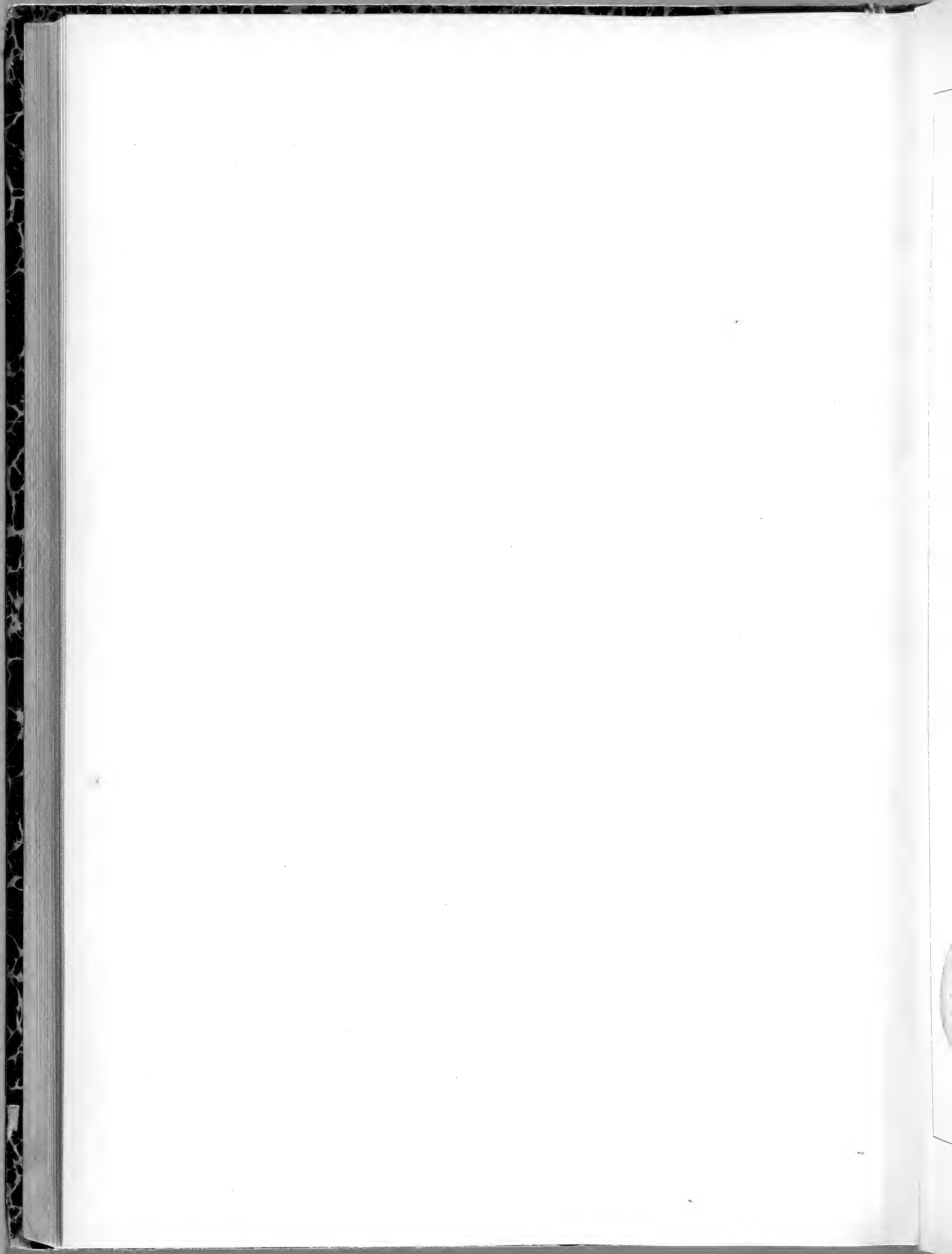


P. PERSICARIA. L. Var. incana.





P. SERRULATUM. LAG. ①





P. DUBIUM. STEIN. ①





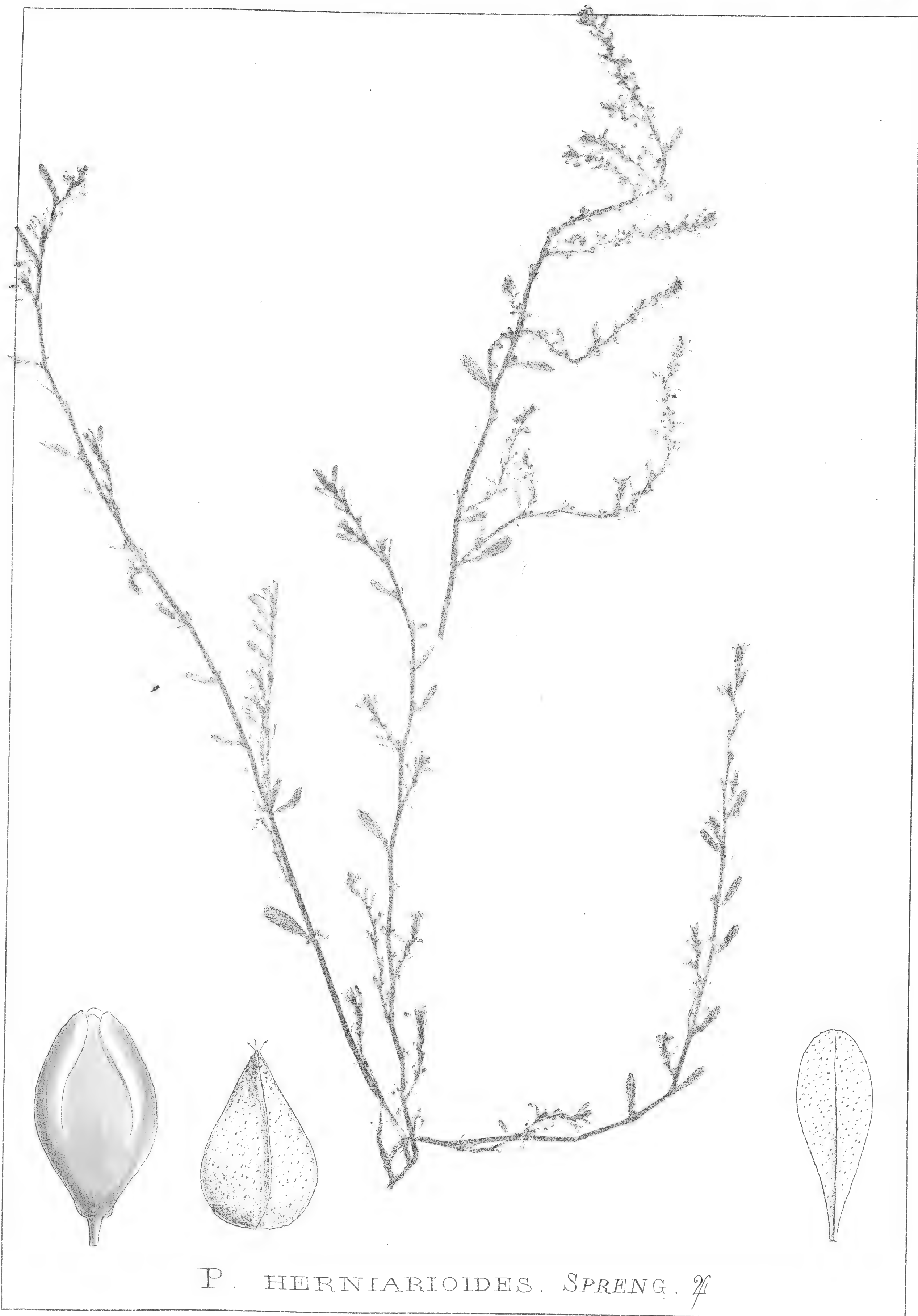
P. MINUS. HUDS. ①



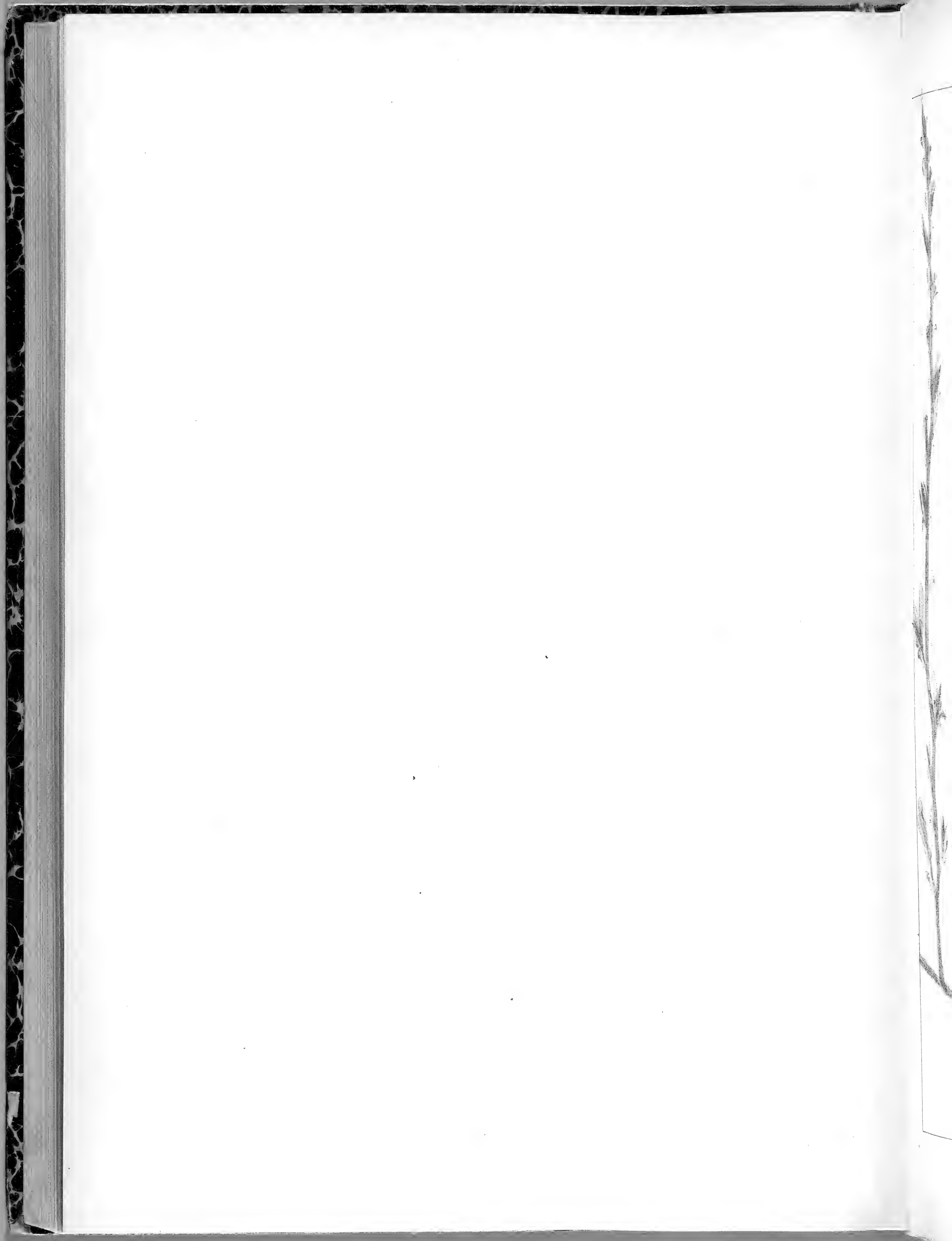


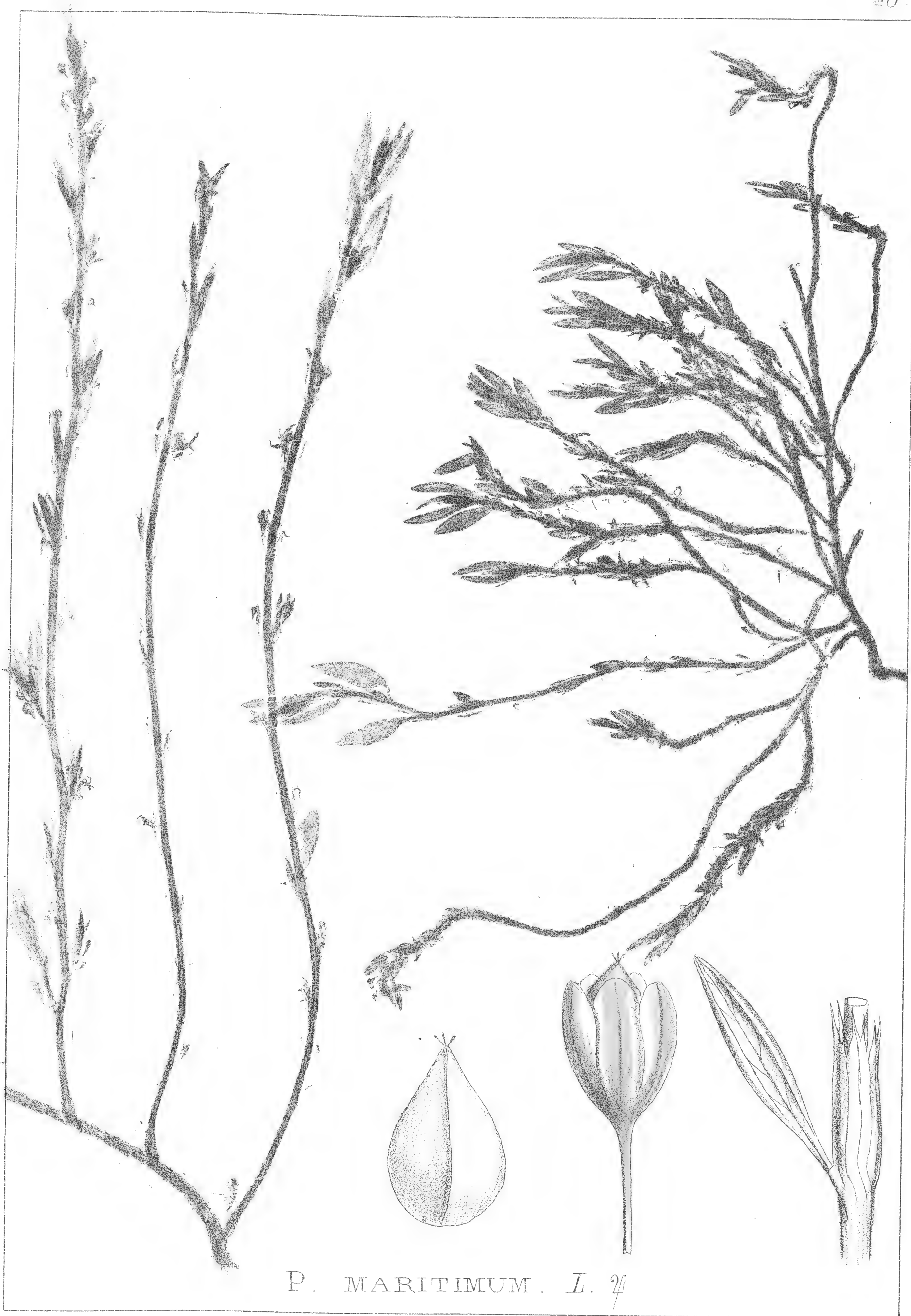
P. HYDROPIPER. L. ①



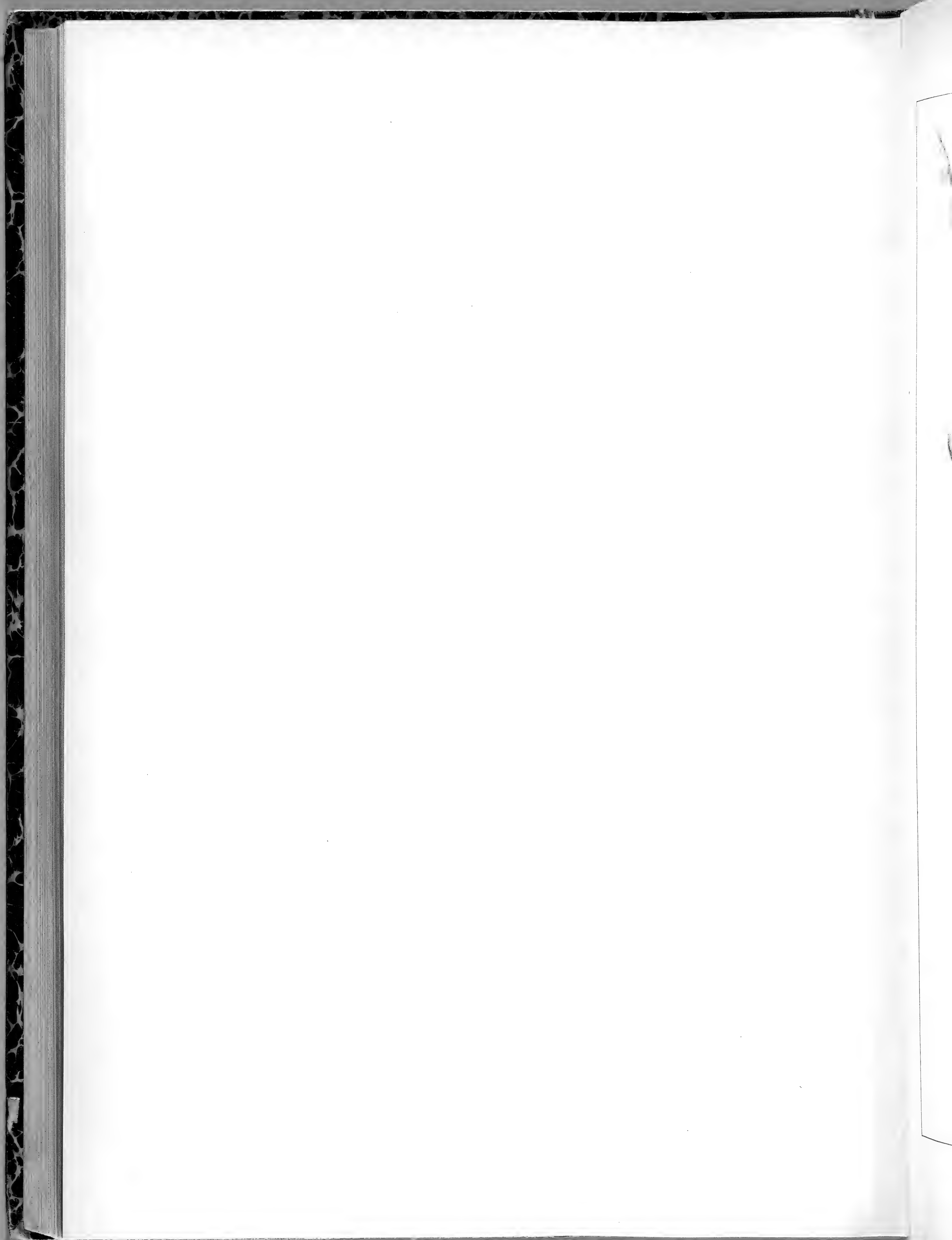


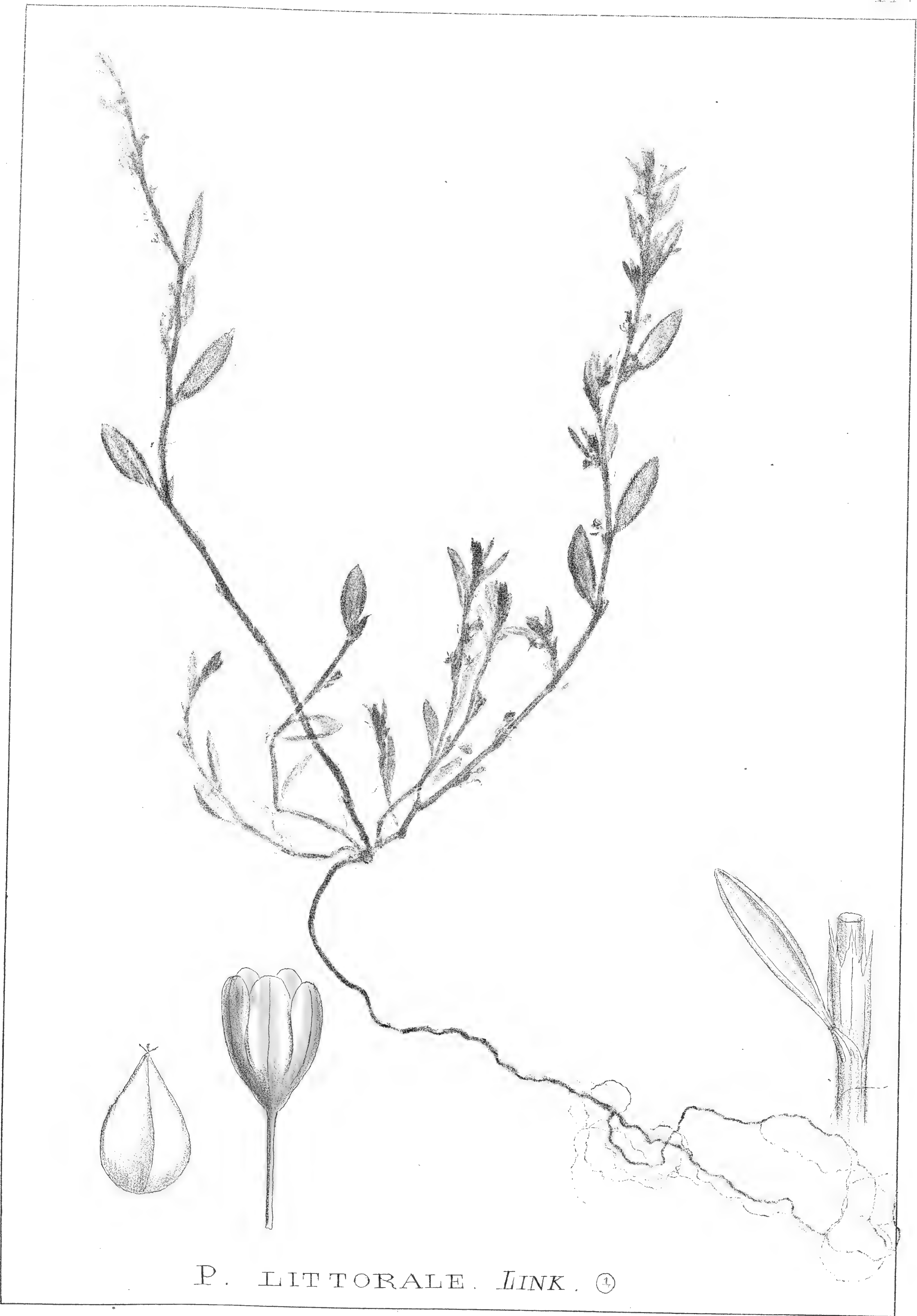
P. HERNIARIOIDES. SPRENG. 26



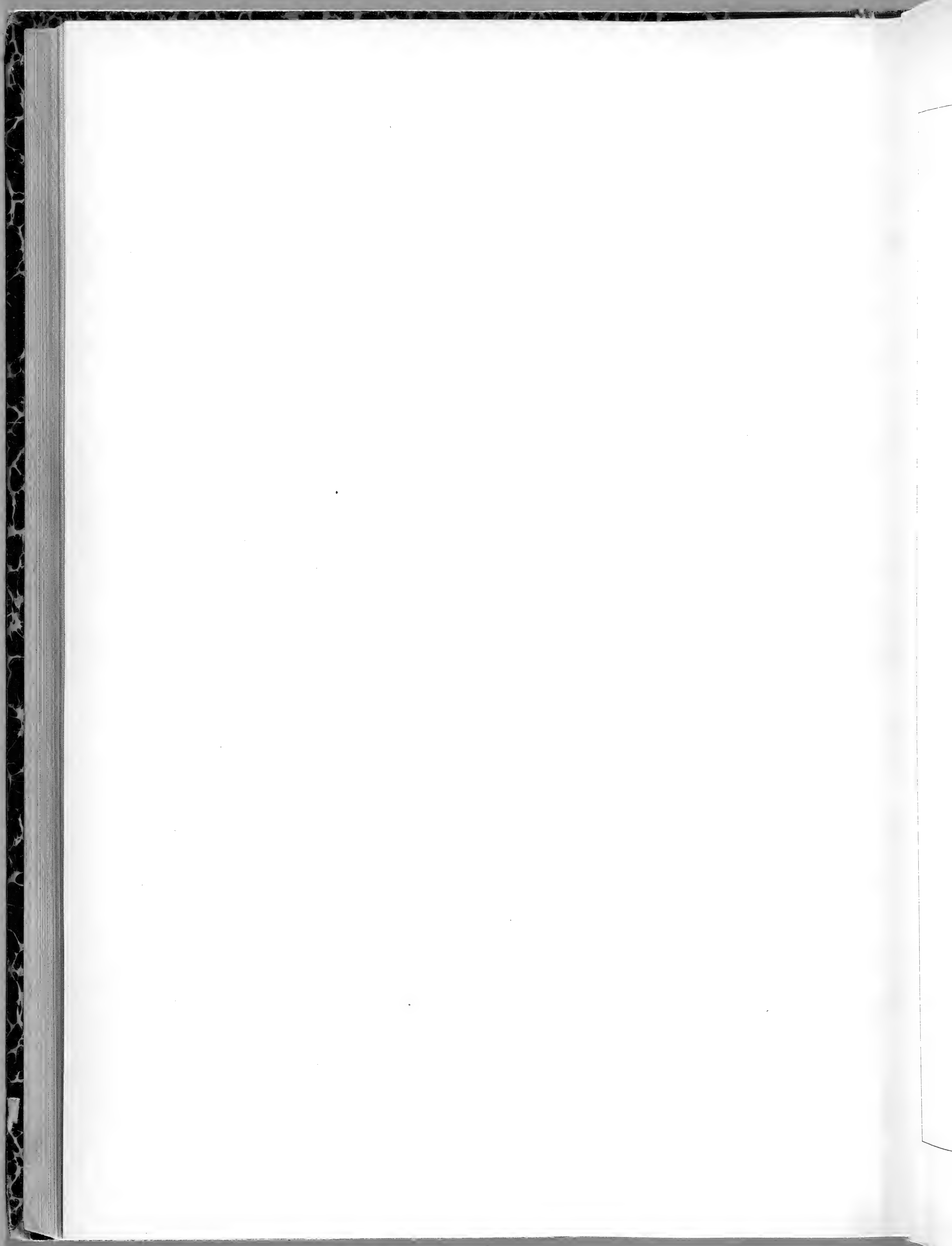


P. MARITIMUM. L. 2/



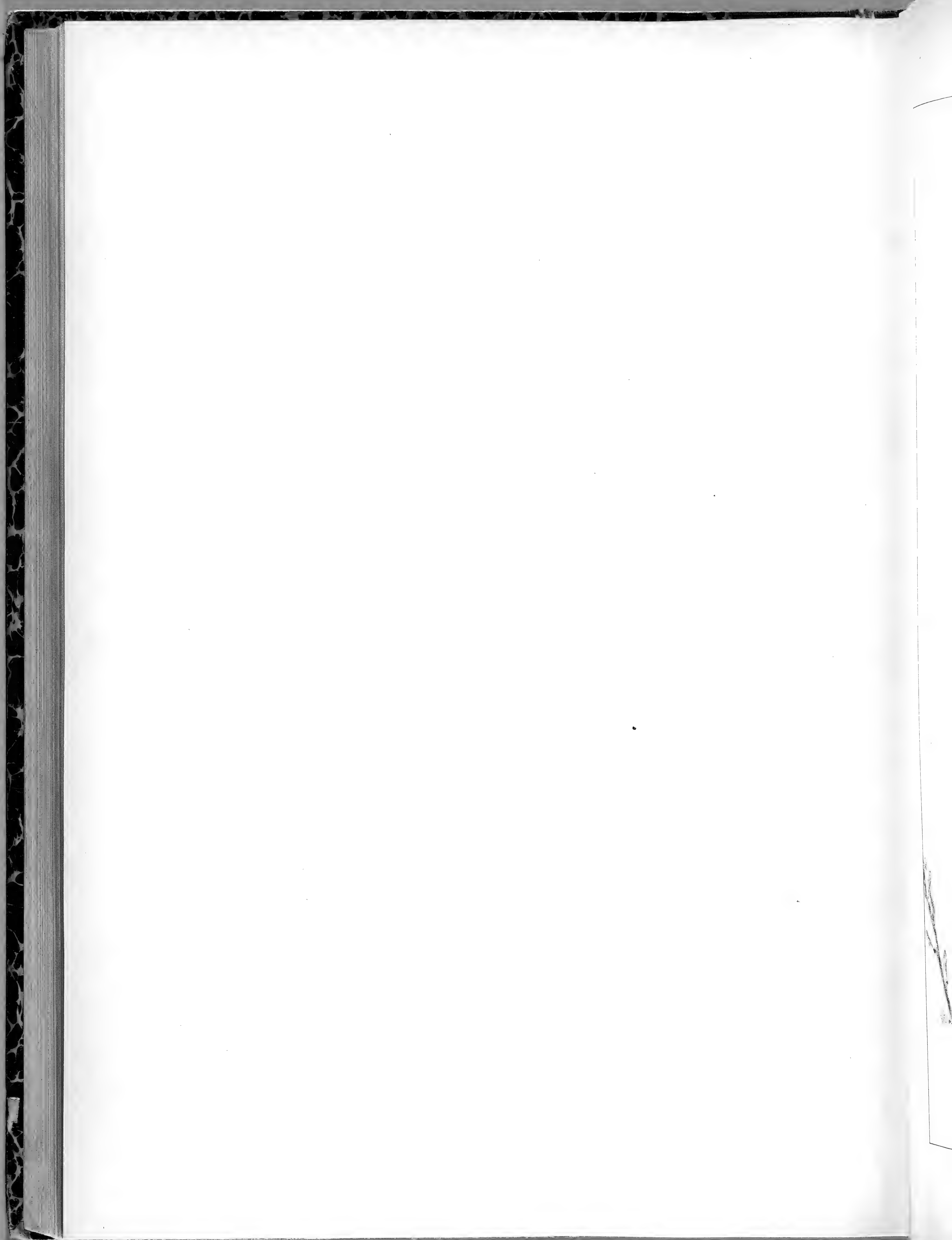


P. LITTORALE. LINK. ①





P. ROBERTI. *Lois.* ② 26



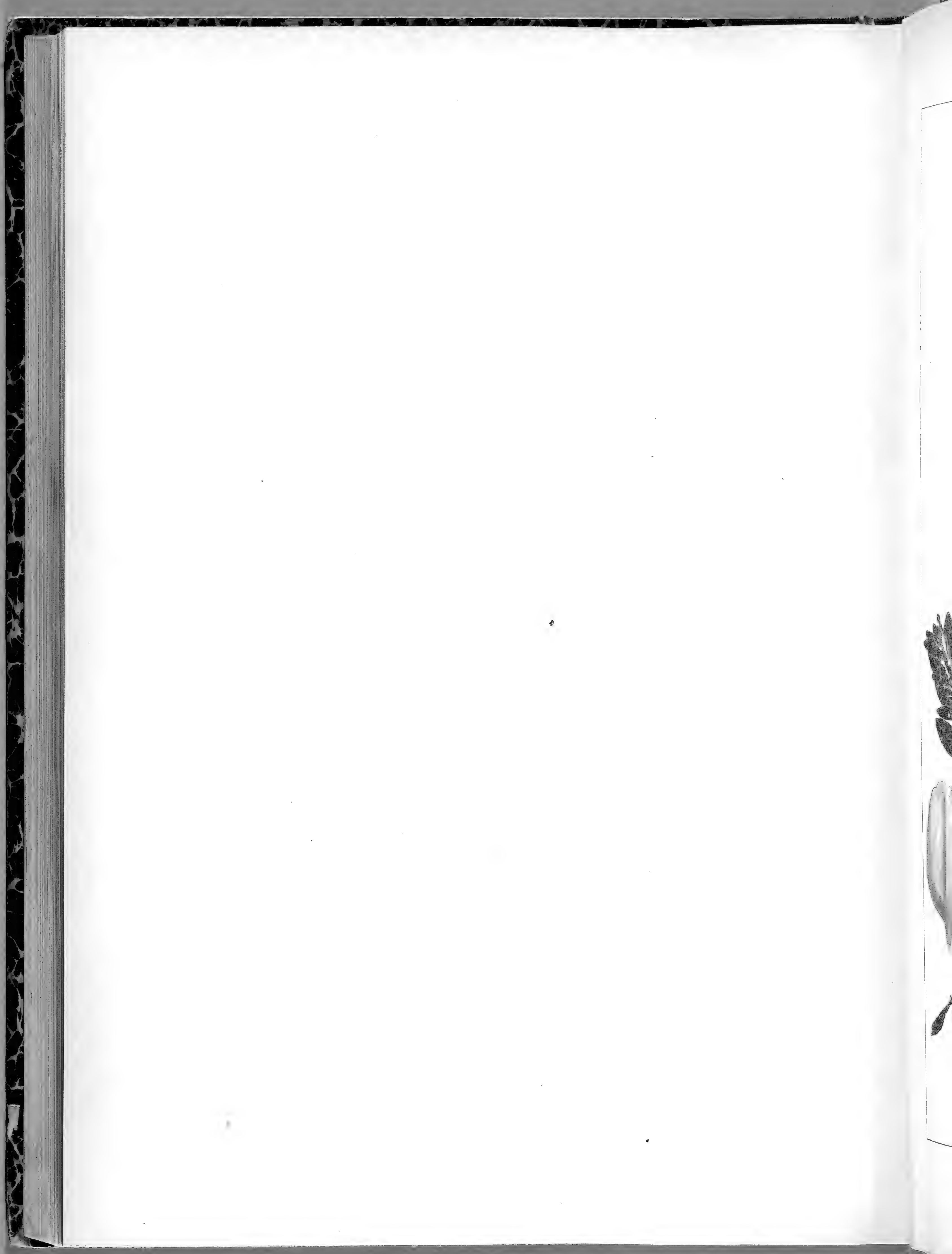


P. FLAGELLARE. BERT. 2



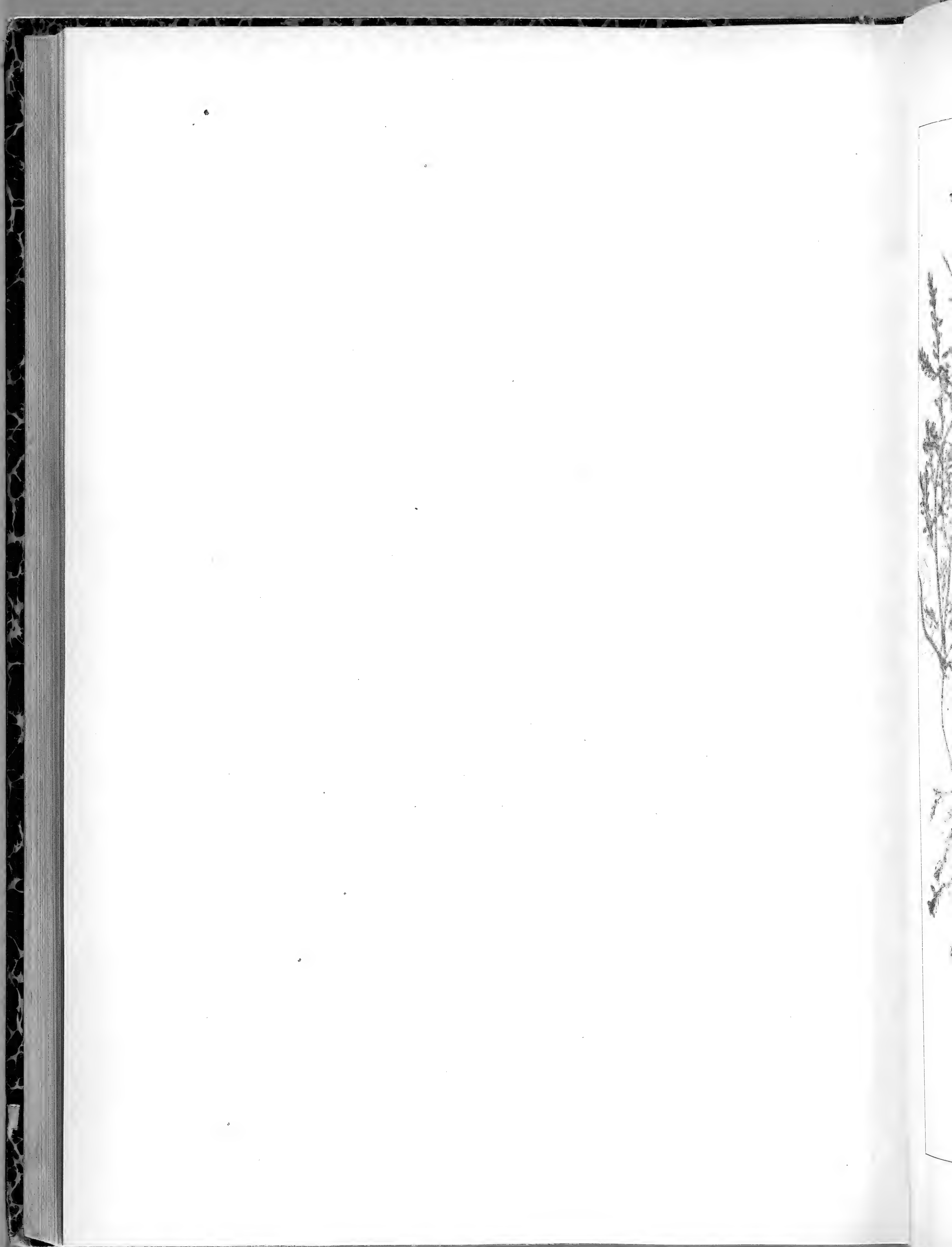


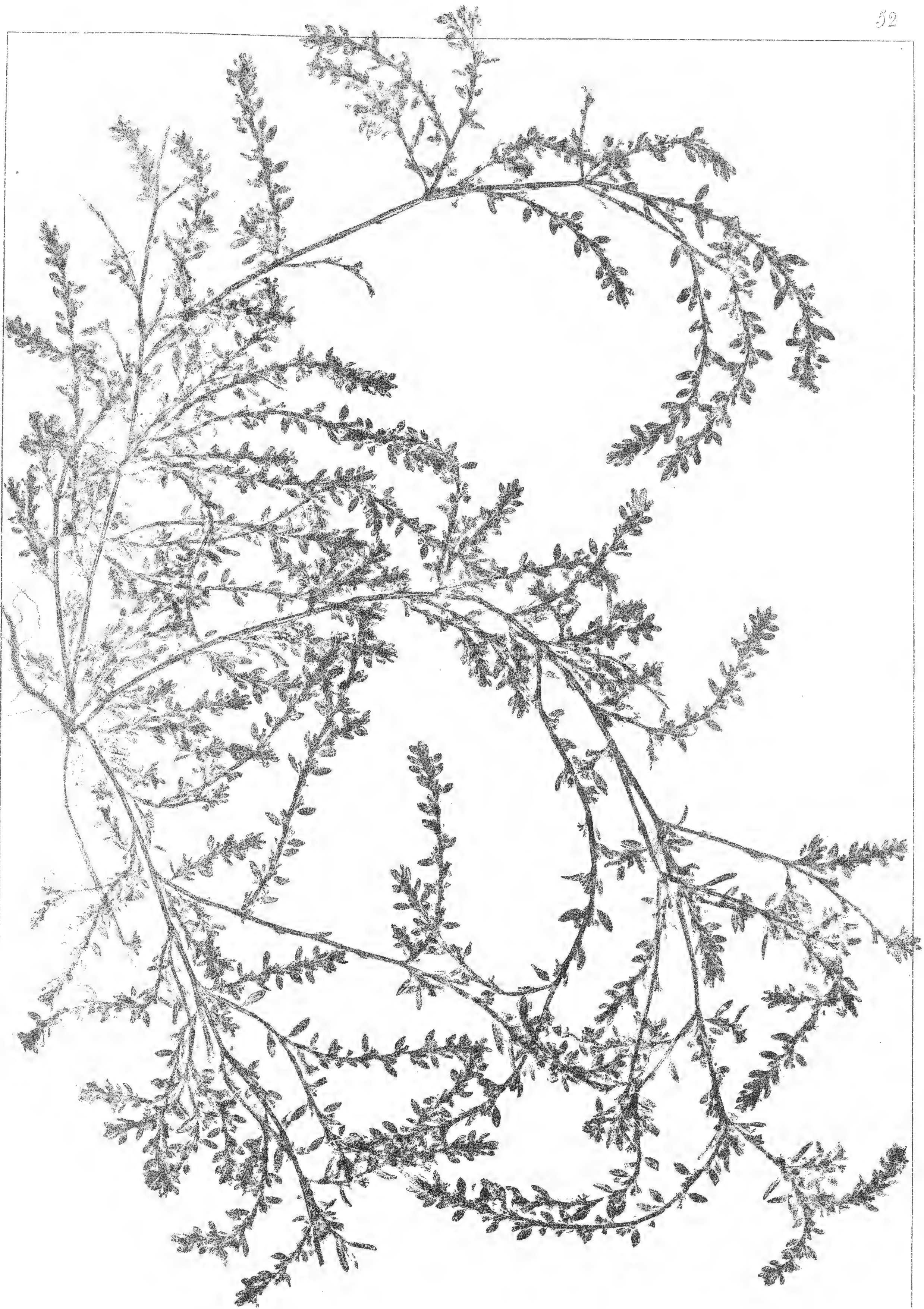
P. EQUISETIFORME. SIBTH. ♂



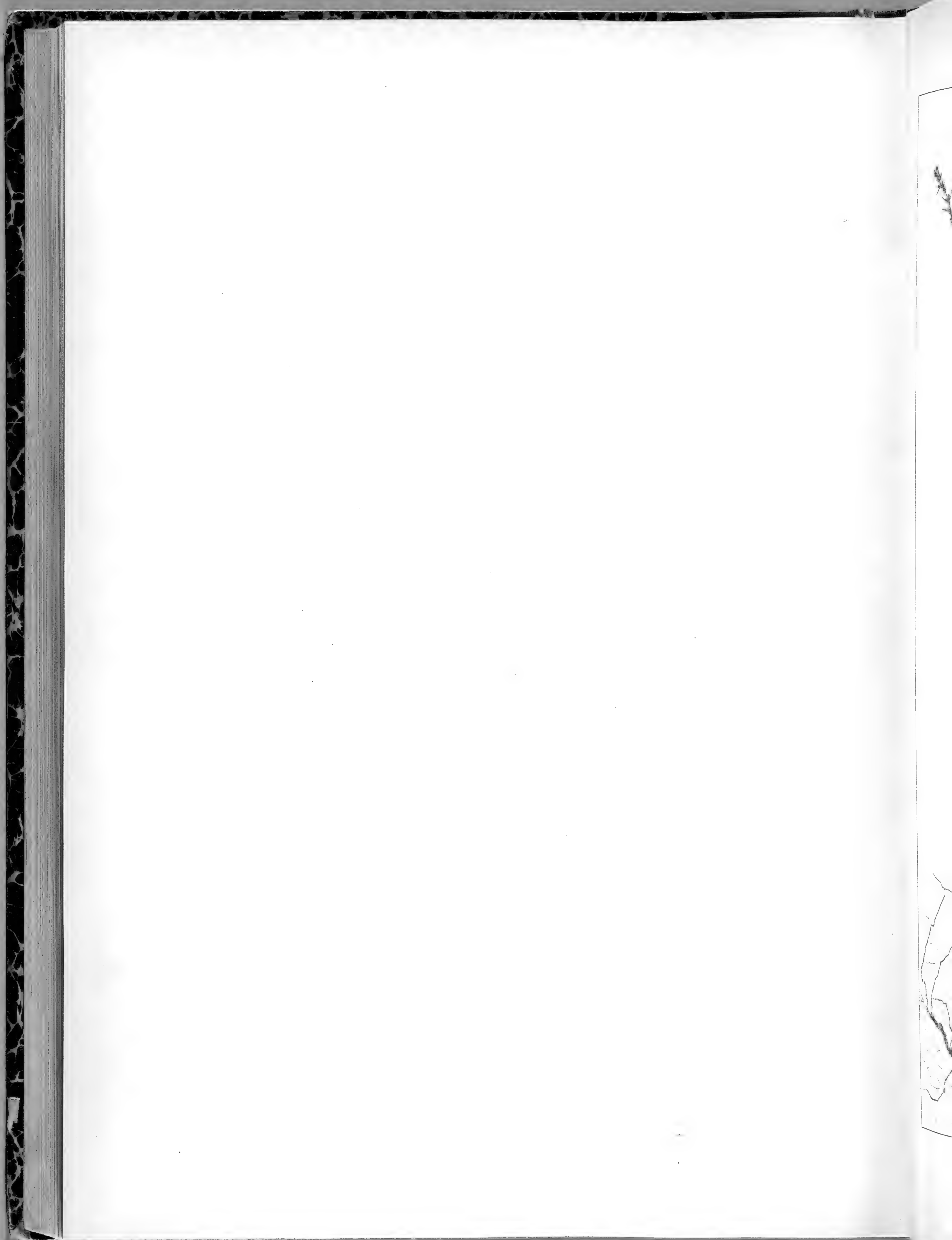


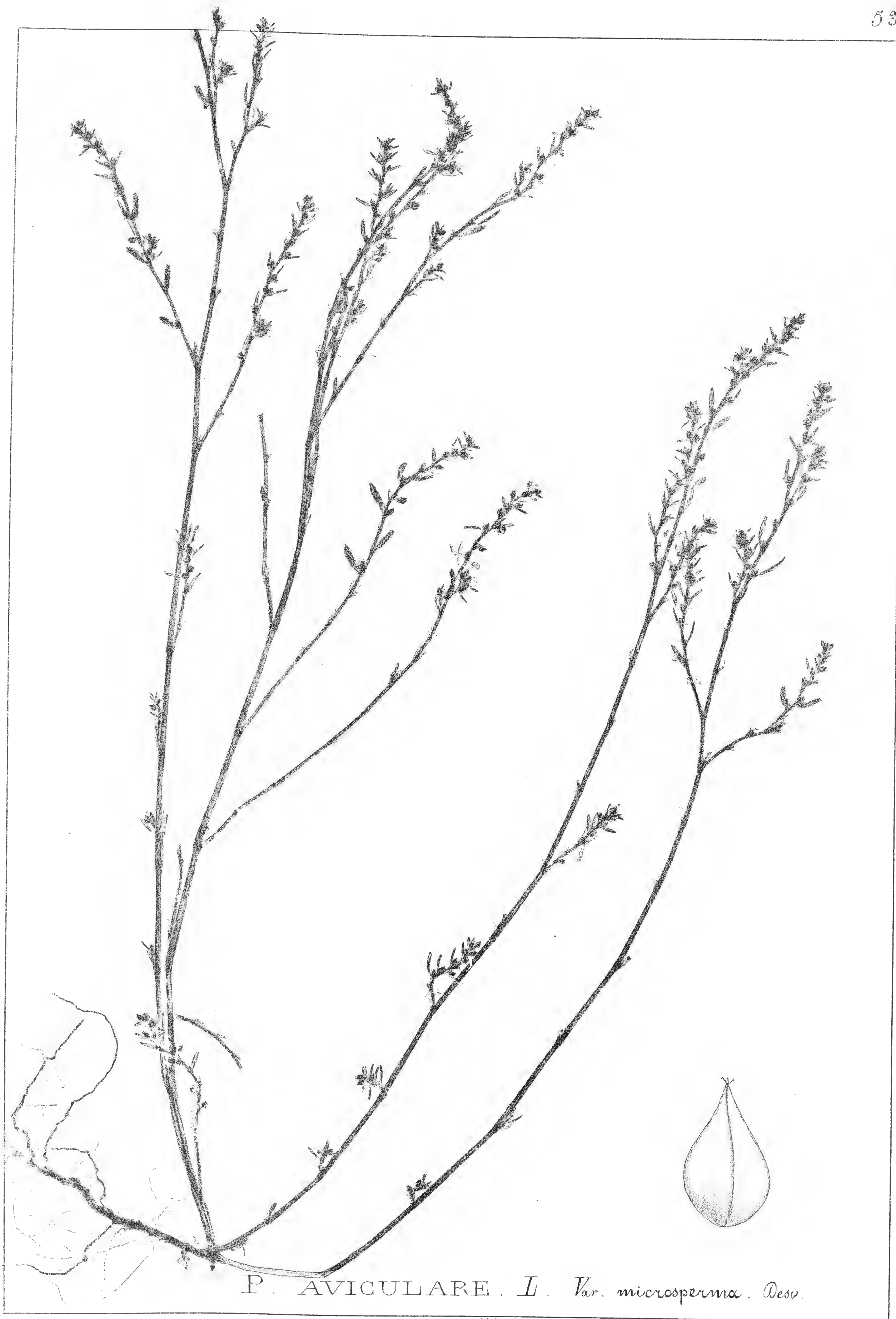
P. AVICULARE. *L.* ①



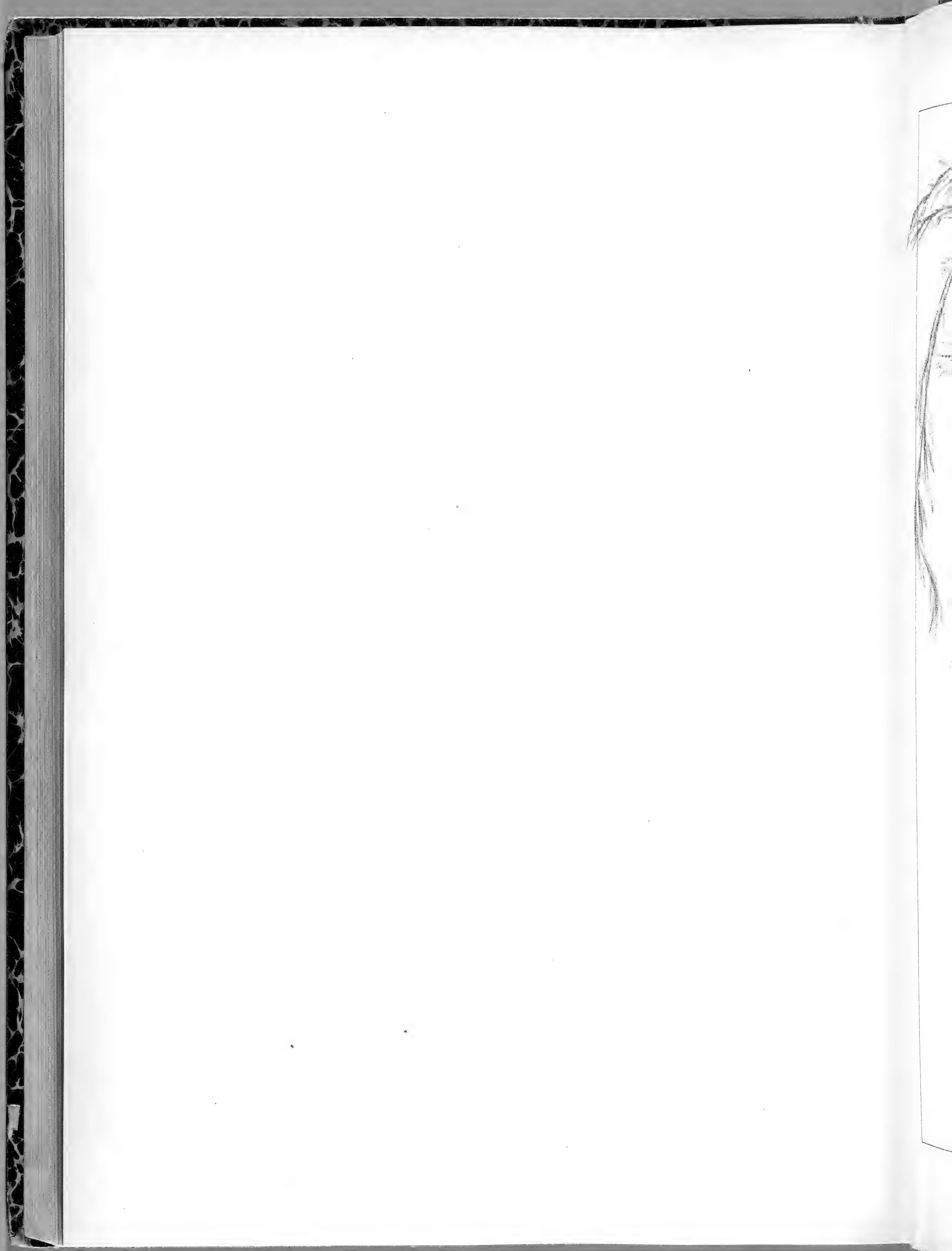


P. AVICULARE. L. (humifusum. Torr.)





P. AVICULARE. L. Var. microsperma. Desv.



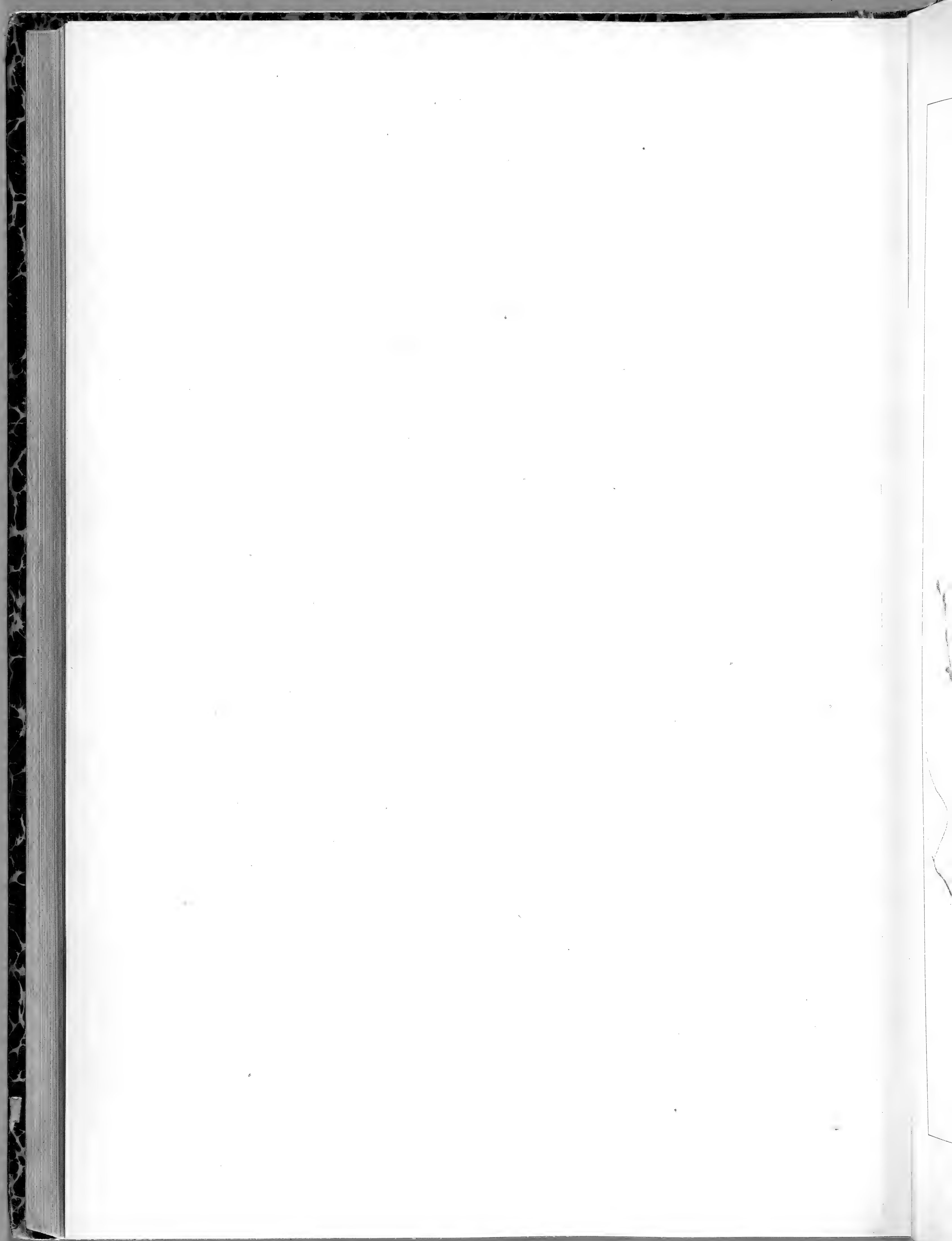


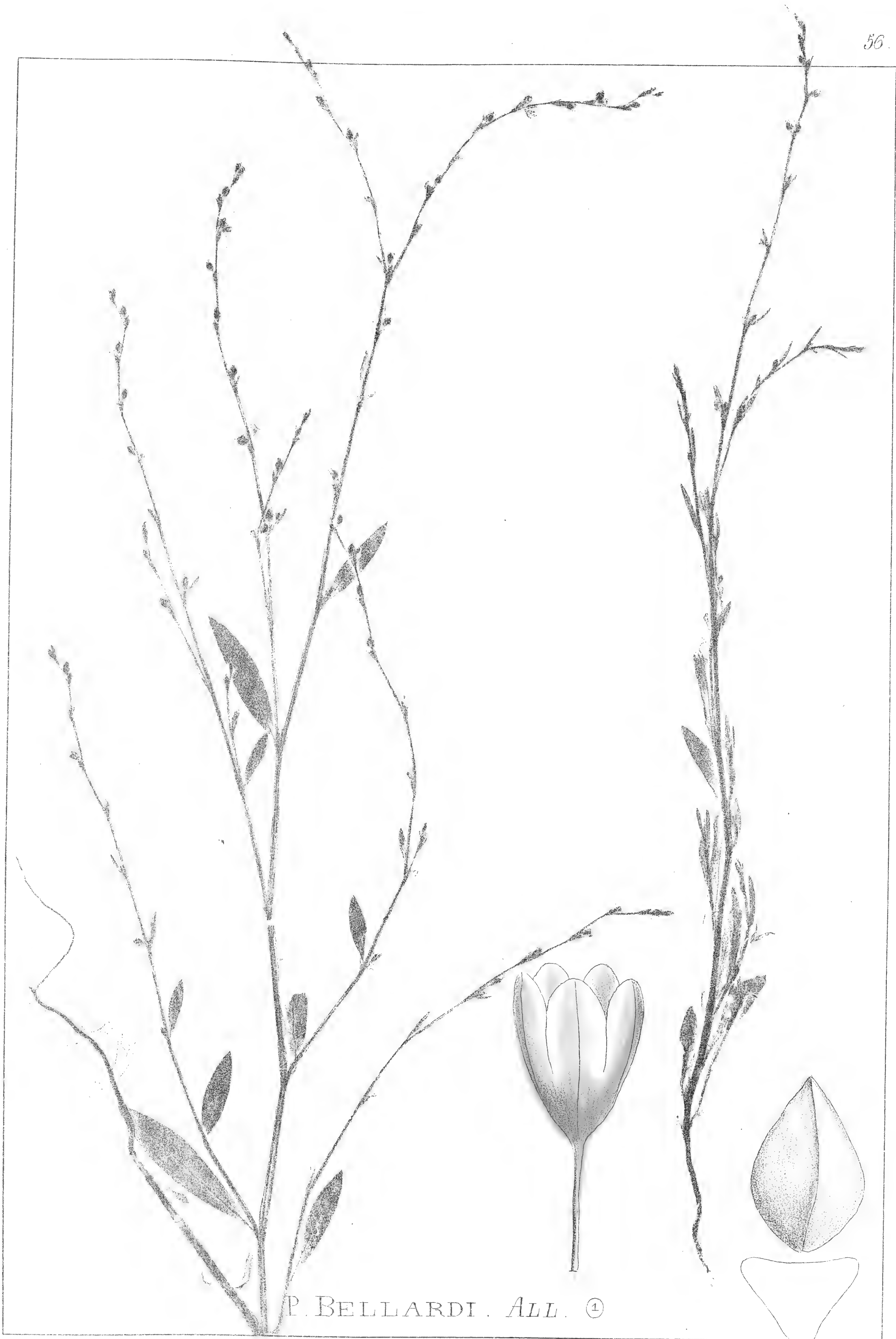
P. AVICULARE. L. (*P. polycnemiforme*. Ford.)

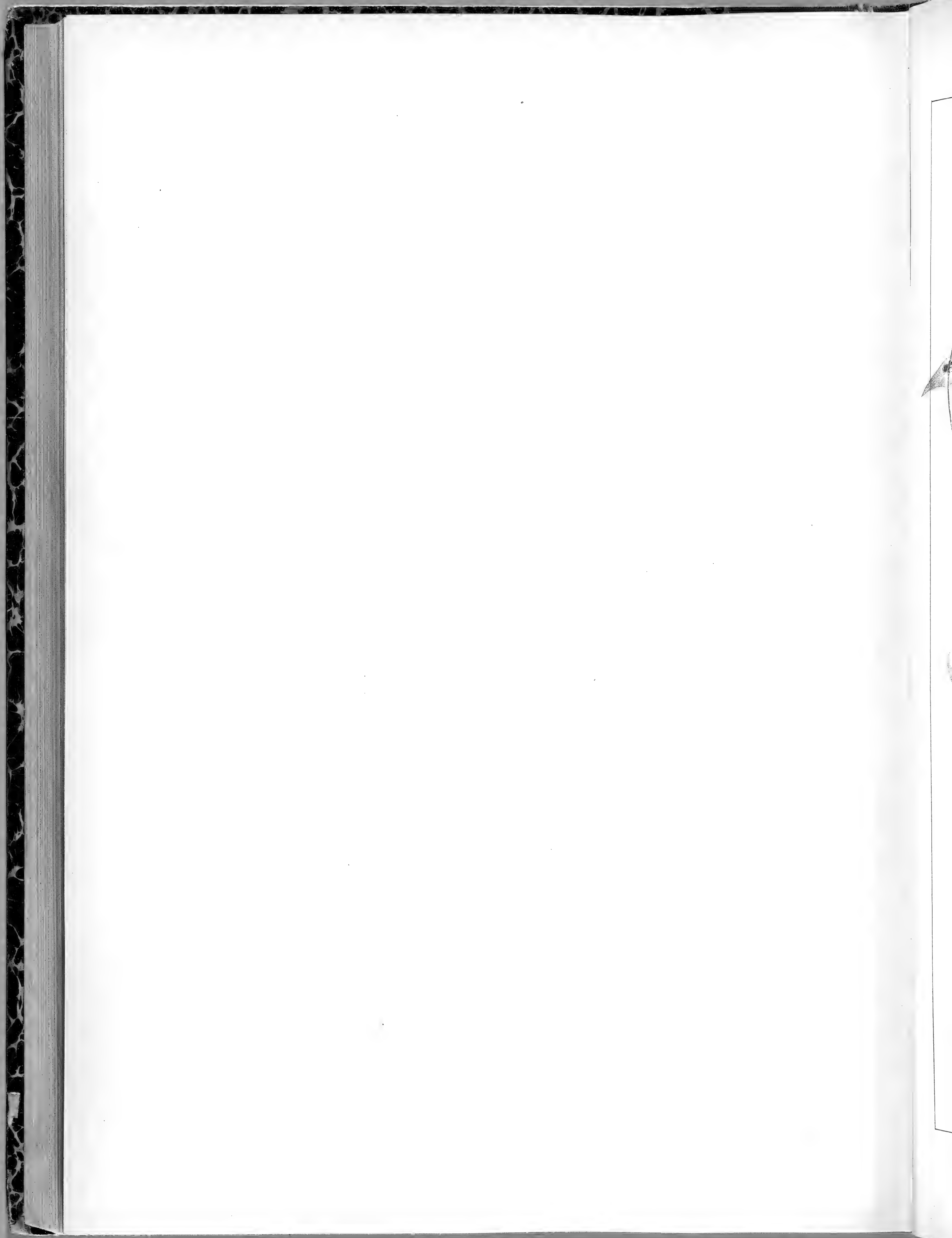




P. ARENARIUM, *W. K.* ①

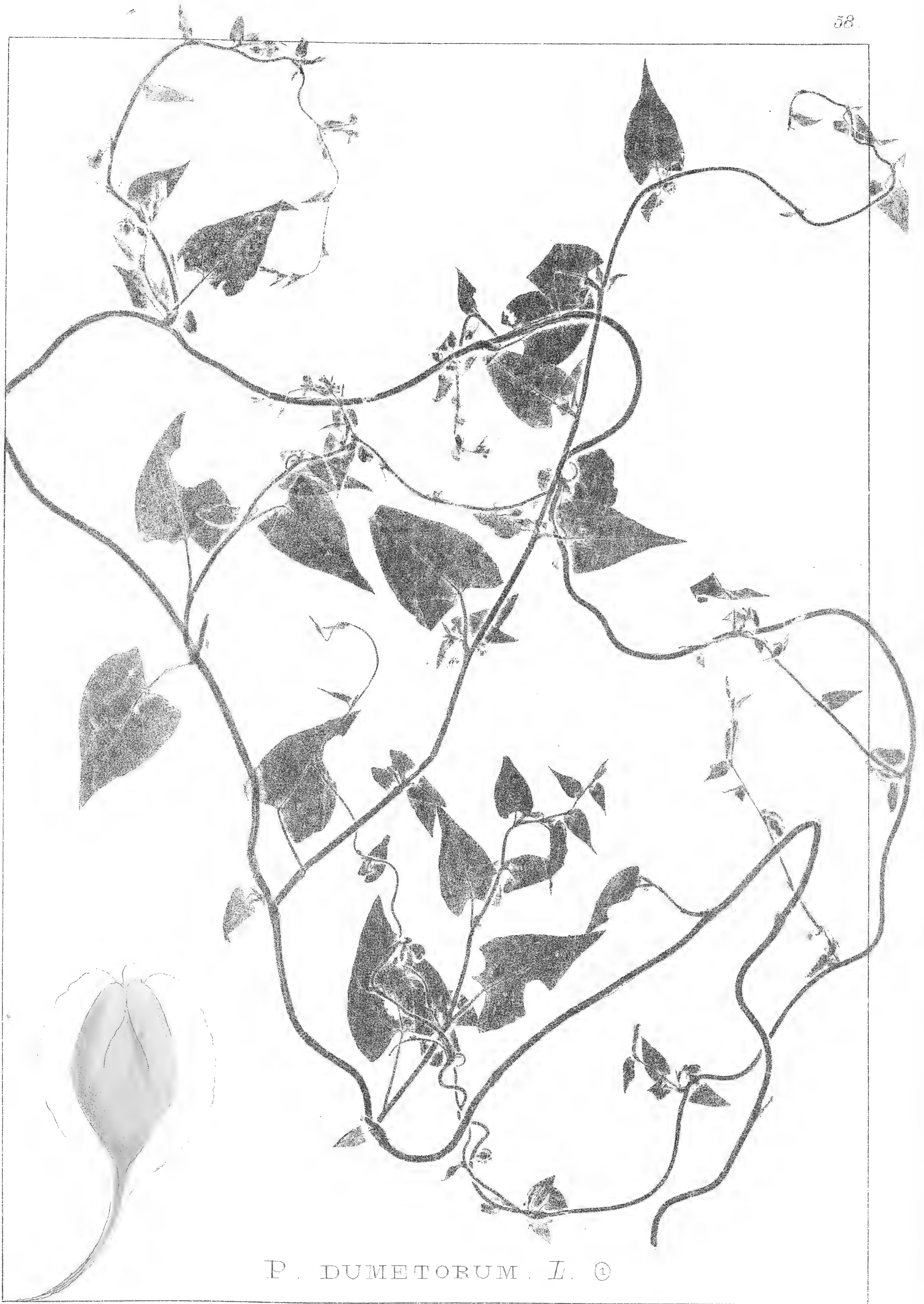












P. DUMETORUM. L. ①





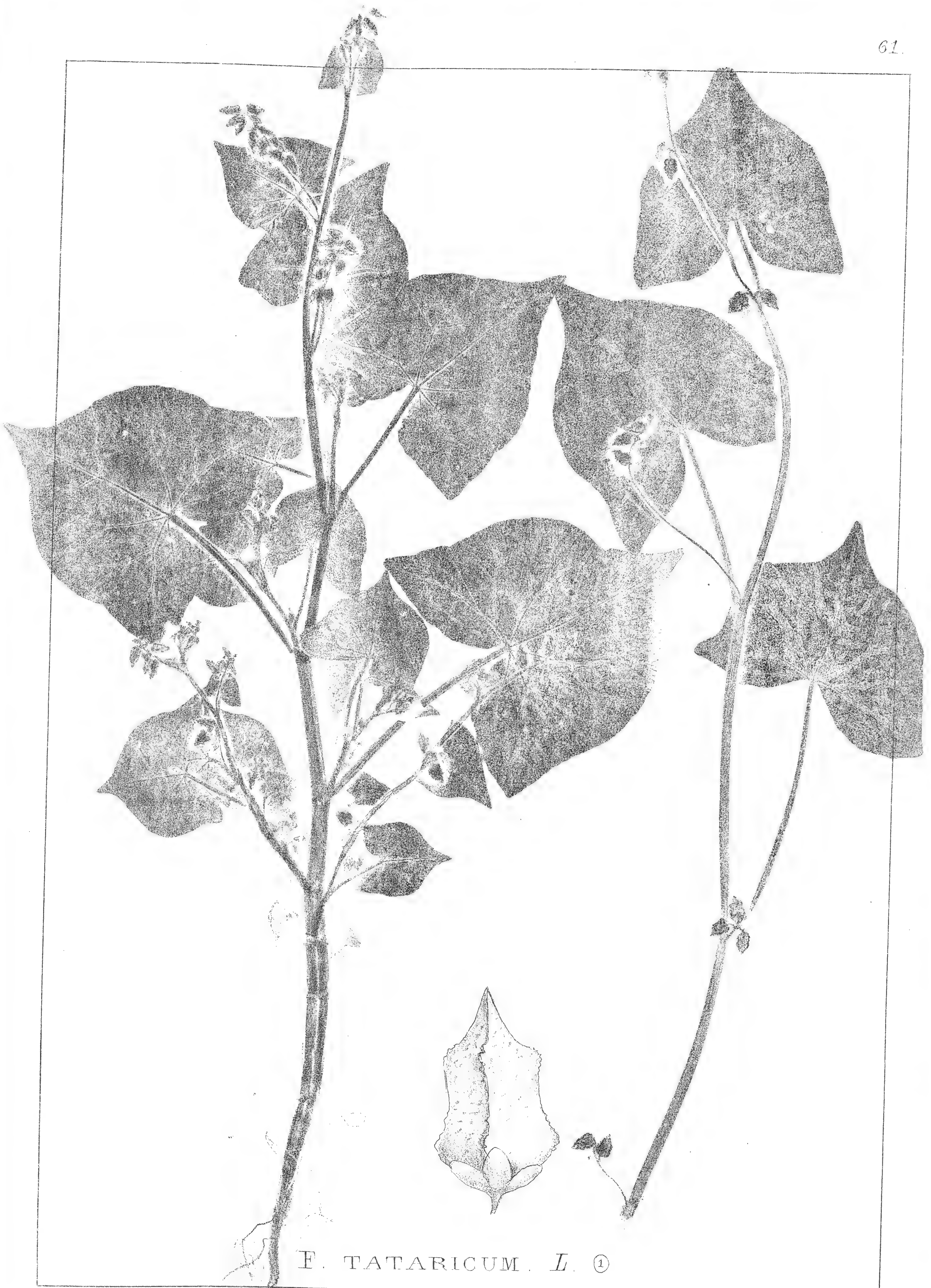
P. ALPINUM. ALL. 21





FAGOPYRUM ESCULENTUM. L. ①





F. TATARICUM. L. ①

Fleur
forme, &
Ovaire
Graine

1^{er} GENRE

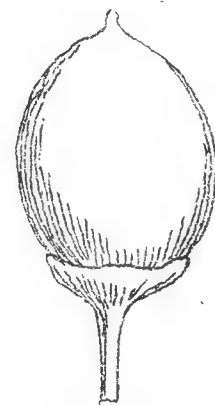
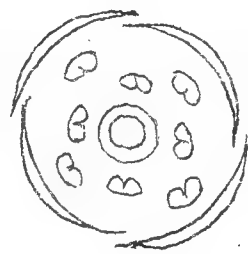
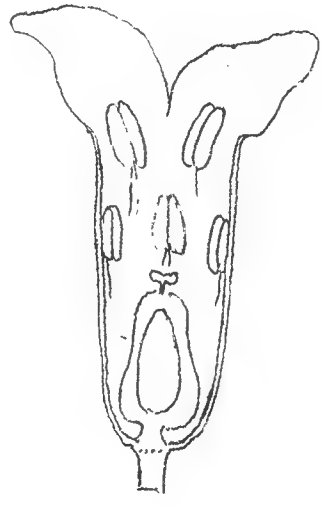
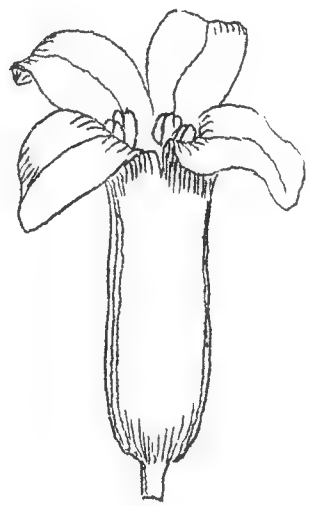
D. Meze
D. Laur
B. Phil

2^e GENRE

P. annu
P. Thyn
P. diole

101^e Famille. — DAPHNOÏDÉES.

Fleurs hermaphrodites, parfois dioïques, le plus souvent régulières. Péricorolle colorée, tubuleuse ou infundibuliforme, à 4-5 divisions égales. Etamines en égal nombre, adhérentes au tube et alternes, parfois en nombre double. Ovaire libre, uniloculaire; devenant un fruit indéhiscent, sec ou drupacé, monosperme ou rarement polysperme. Graine suspendue, à embryon droit, avec ou sans albumen.

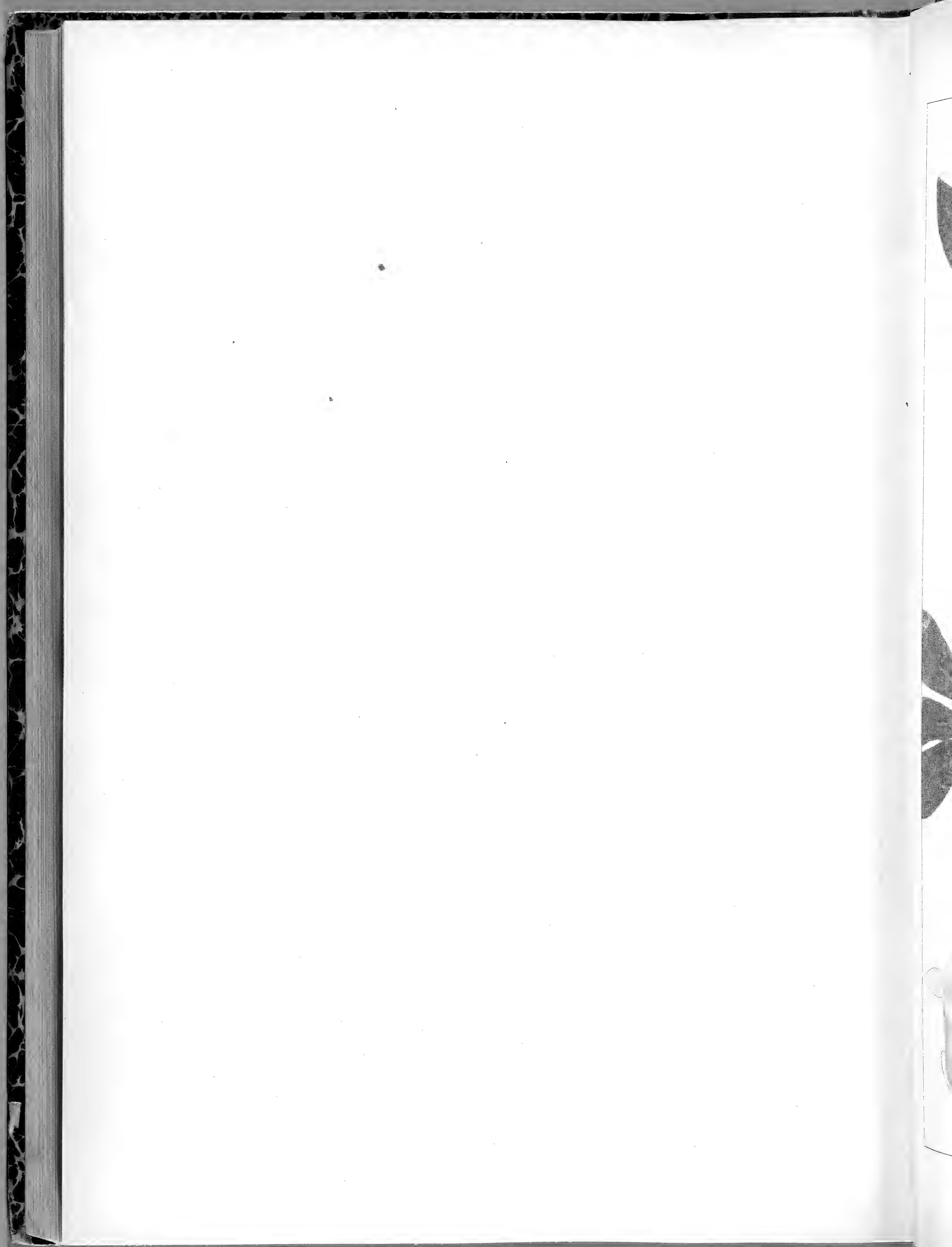


1^{er} GENRE — *Daphne*. L.

<i>D. Mezereum</i> . L.....	pl. 4.	<i>D. alpina</i> . L.....	pl. 4.	<i>D. Cneorum</i> . L.....	pl. 7.
<i>D. Laureola</i> . L.....	2.	<i>D. glandulosa</i> . Spr.....	5.	<i>D. Verloti</i> . G. G.....	8.
<i>D. Philippi</i> . G. G.....	3.	<i>D. striata</i> . Tratt.....	6.	<i>D. Gnidium</i> . L.....	9.

2^e GENRE. — *Passerina*. L.

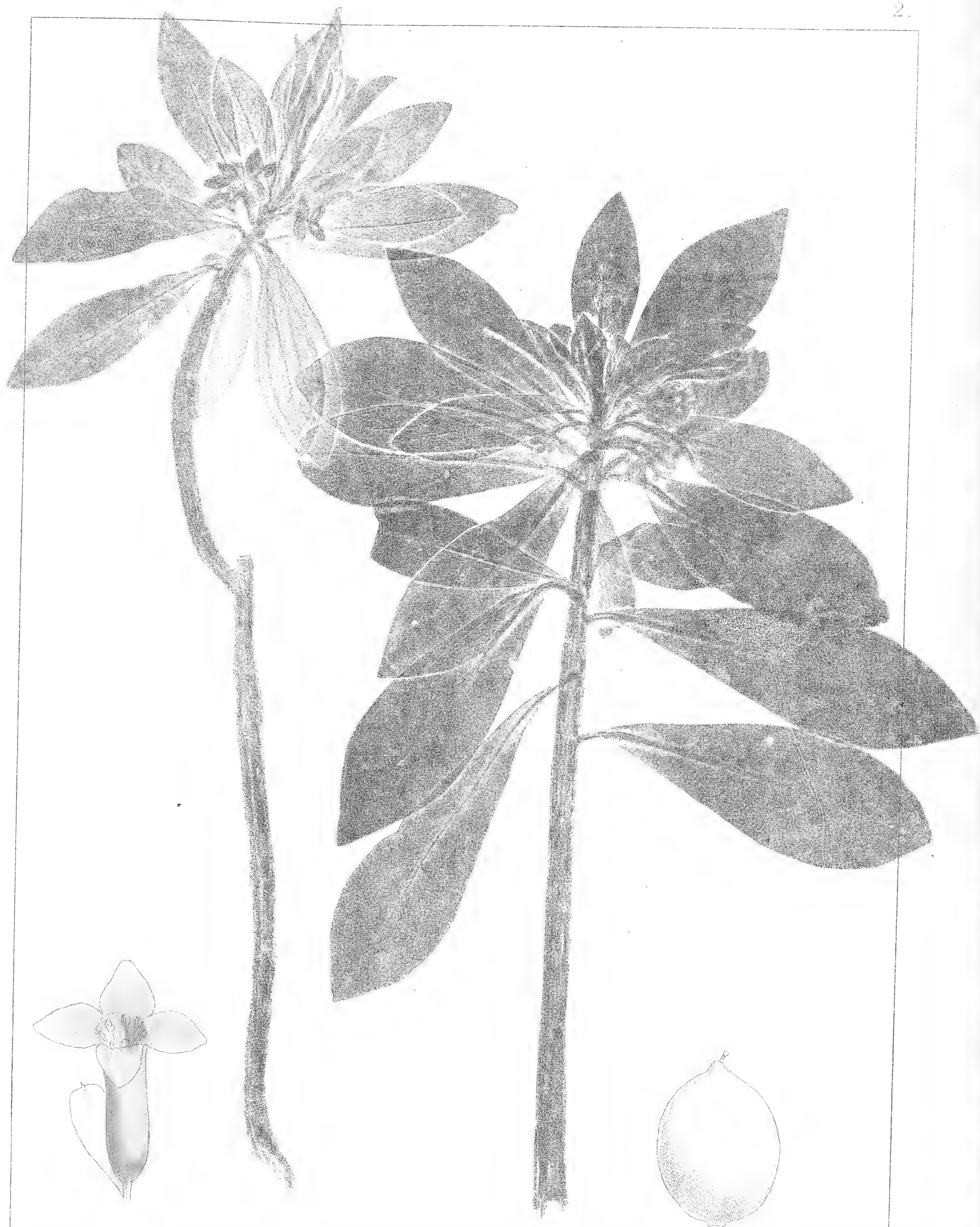
<i>P. annua</i> . Spr.....	pl. 10.	<i>P. calycina</i> . Lap.....	pl. 13.	<i>P. hirsuta</i> . L.....	pl. 17, 18.
<i>P. Thymelea</i> . D. C.....	11.	<i>P. tinctoria</i> . Pourr.....	14.		
<i>P. dioica</i> . Ram.....	12.	<i>P. Tarton-raira</i> . D. C.....	15, 16.		





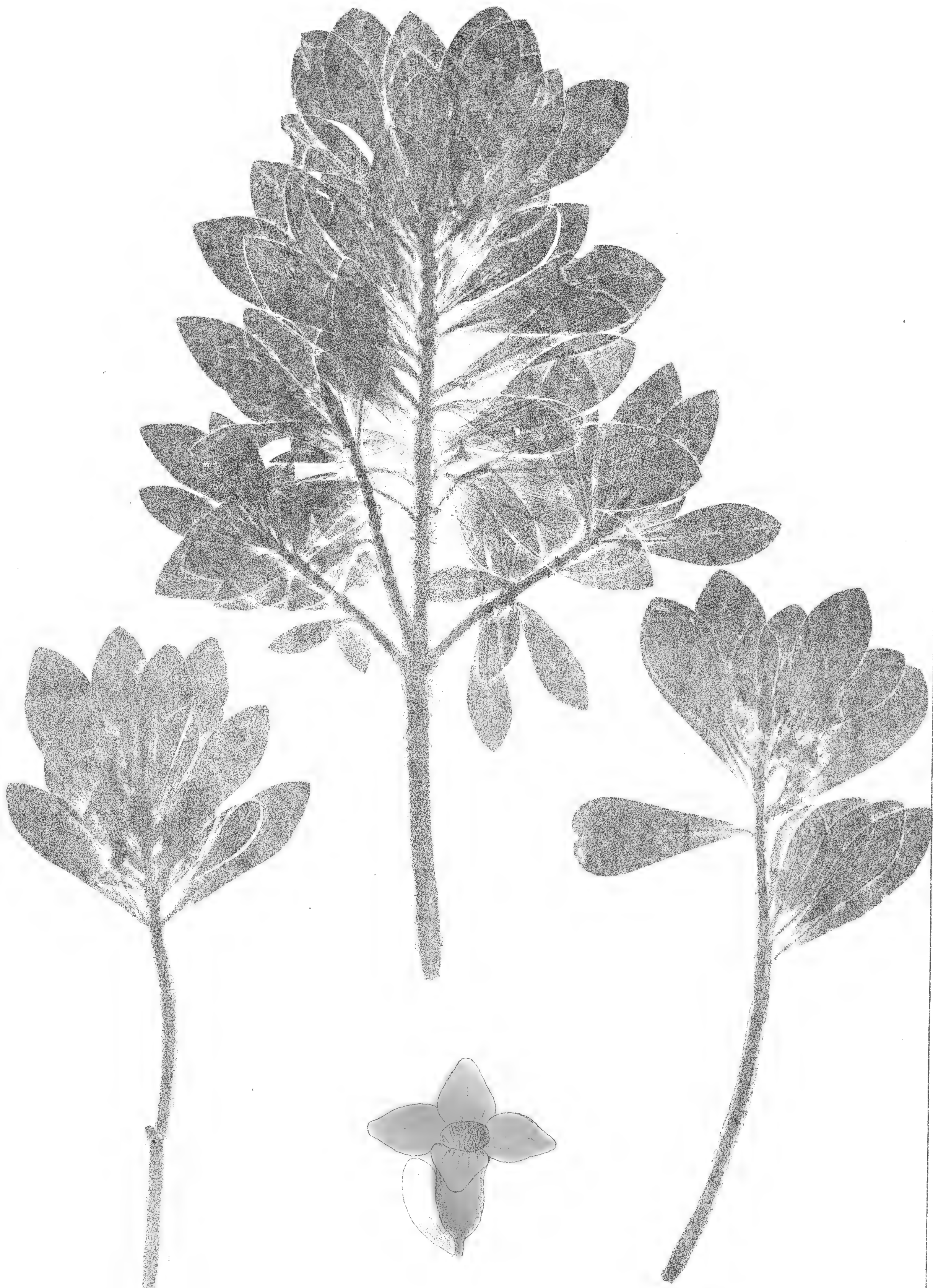
DAPHNE MEZEREUM. L. 5





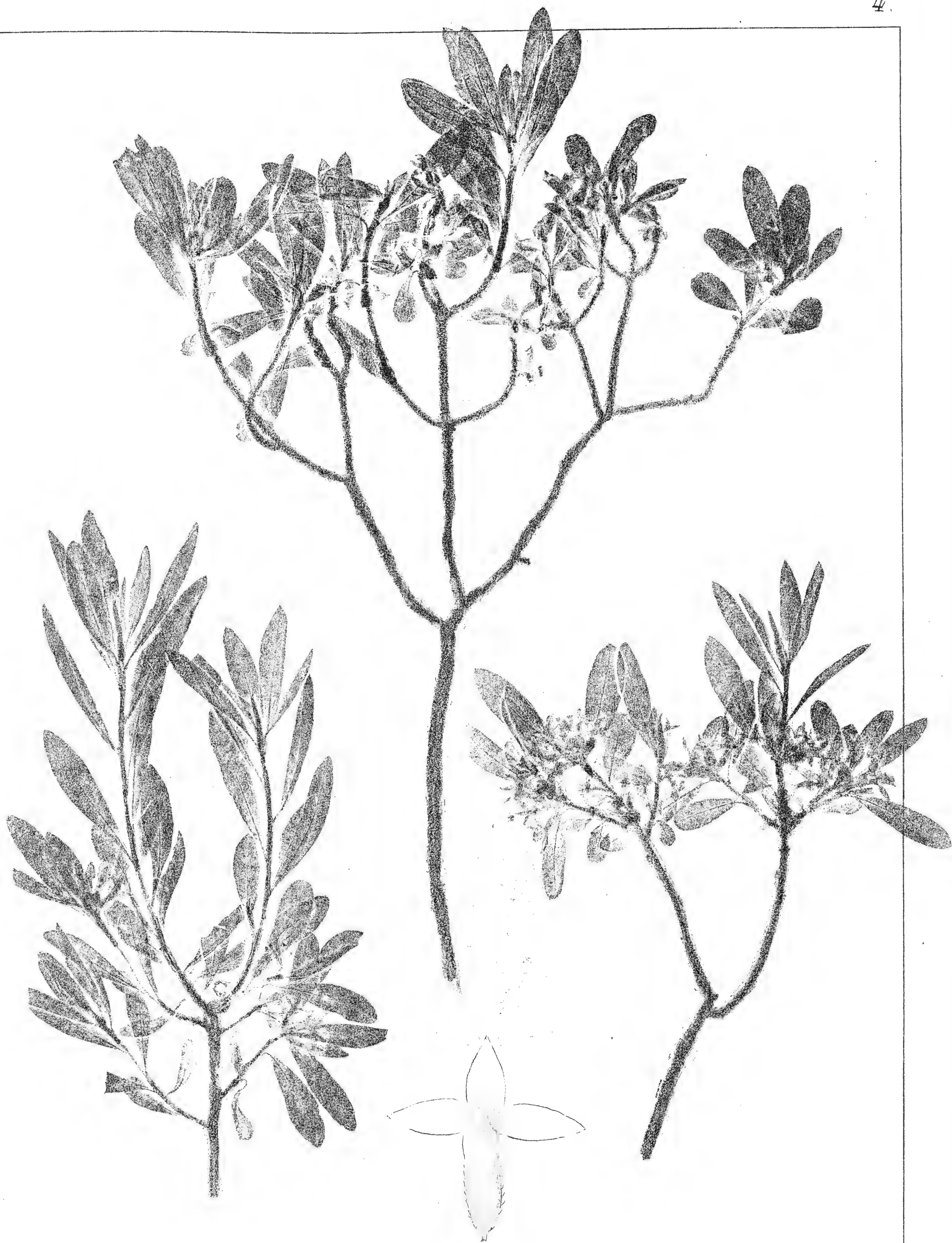
D. LAUREOLA. L. 3



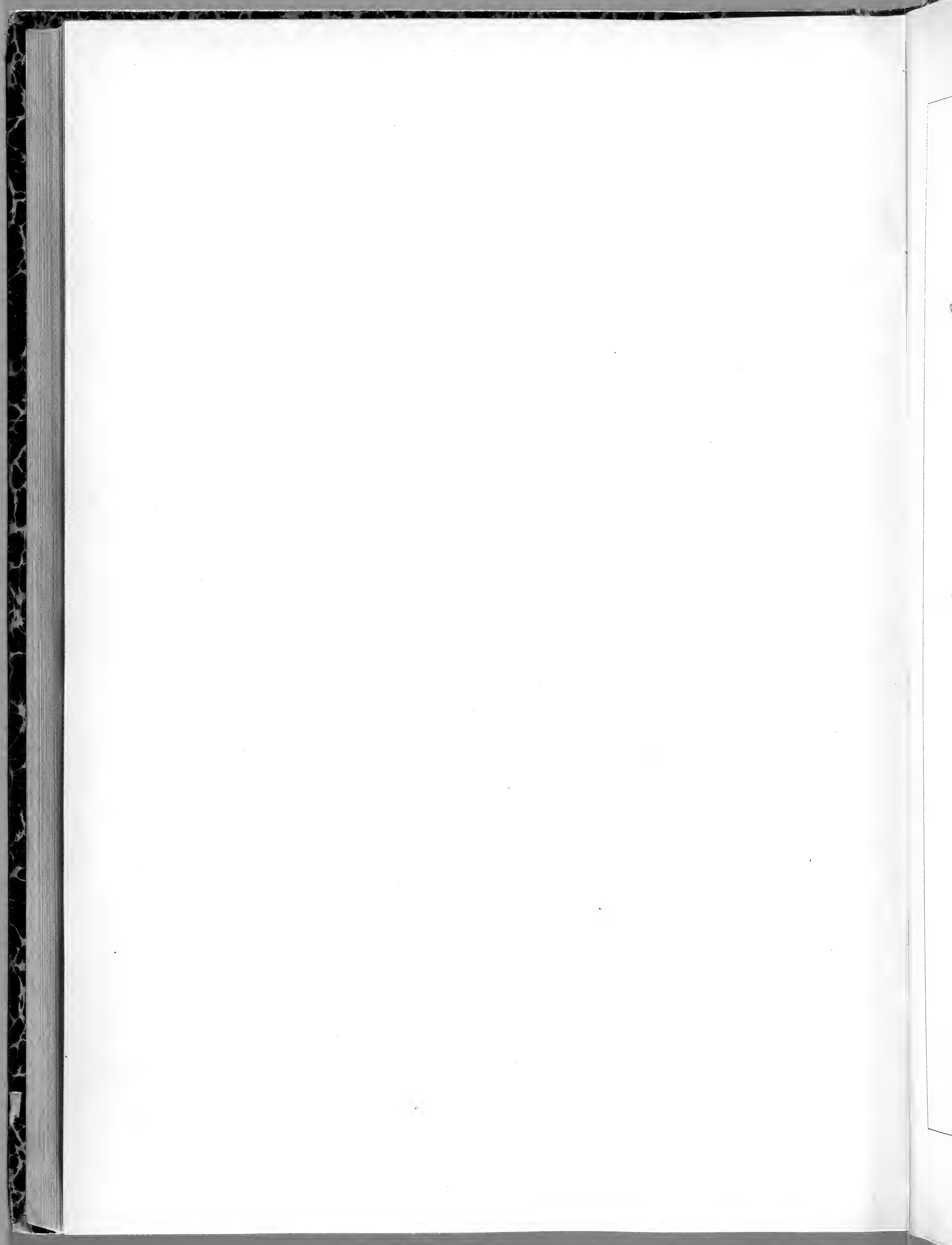


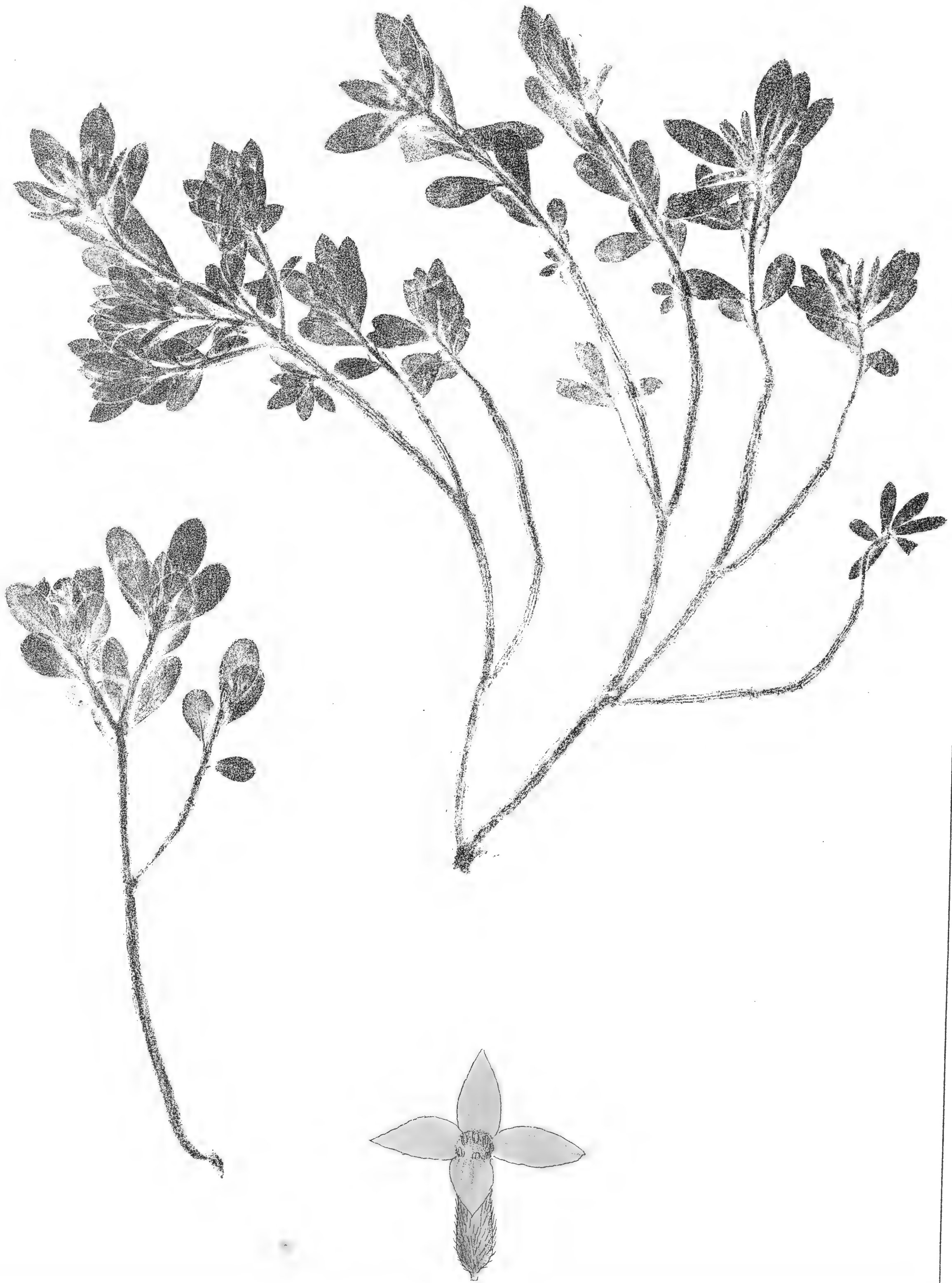
D. PHILIPPI. G. G. 5



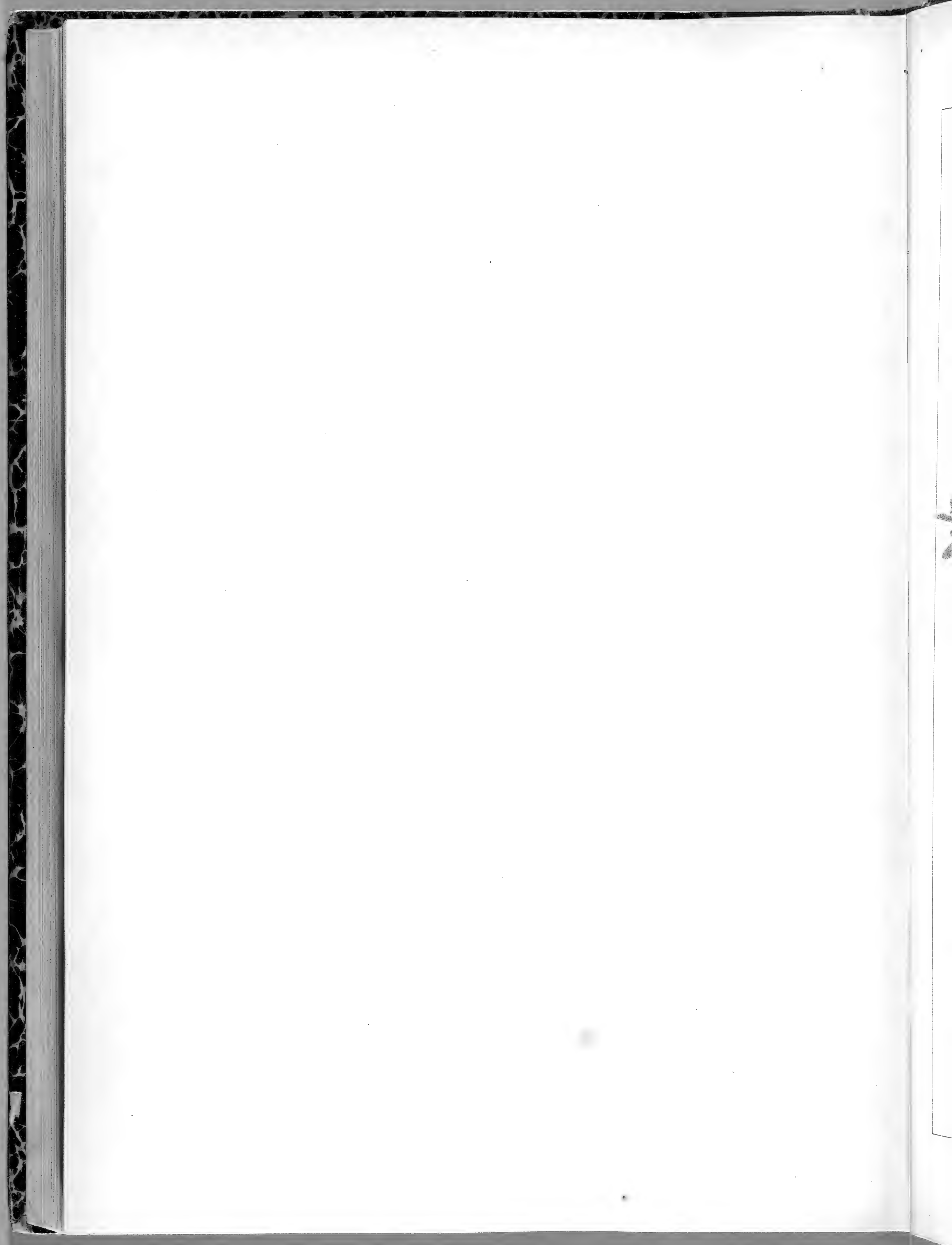


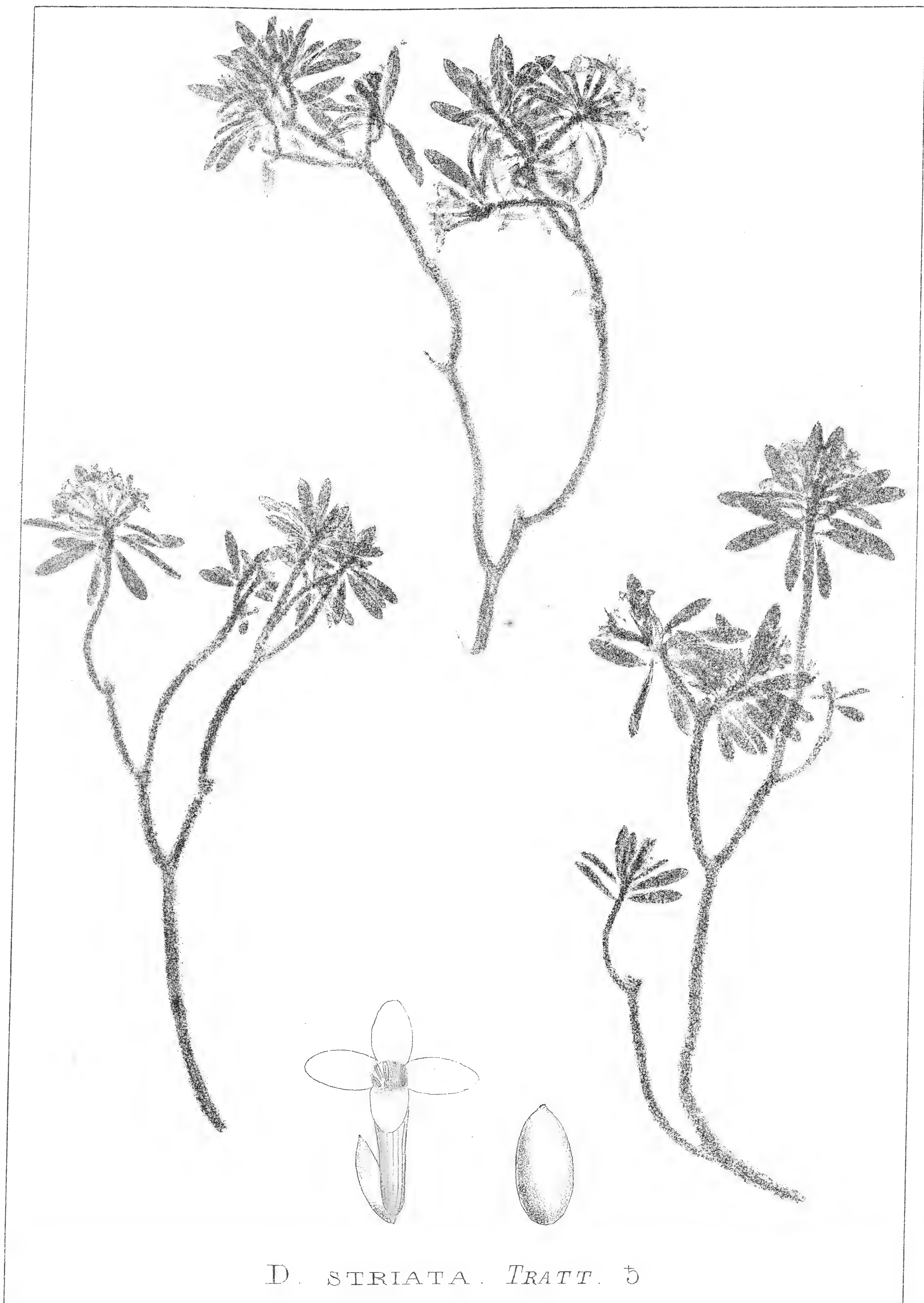
D. ALPINA. L. 5





D. GLANDULOSA. SPR. 5





D. STRIATA. TRATT. 5





D. CNEORUM L. 5



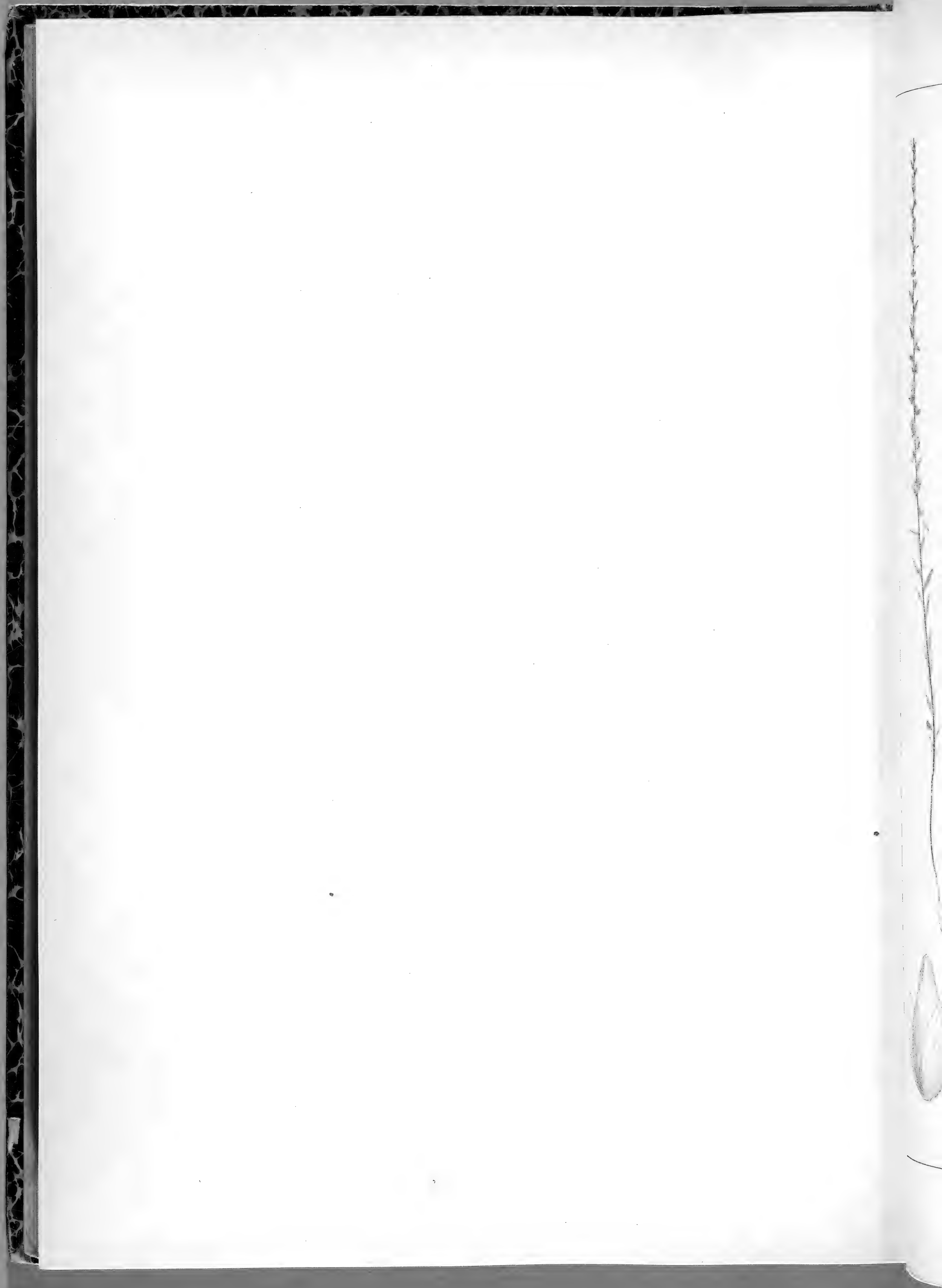


D. VERLOTI. G. G. 3





D. GNIDIUM. L. 5



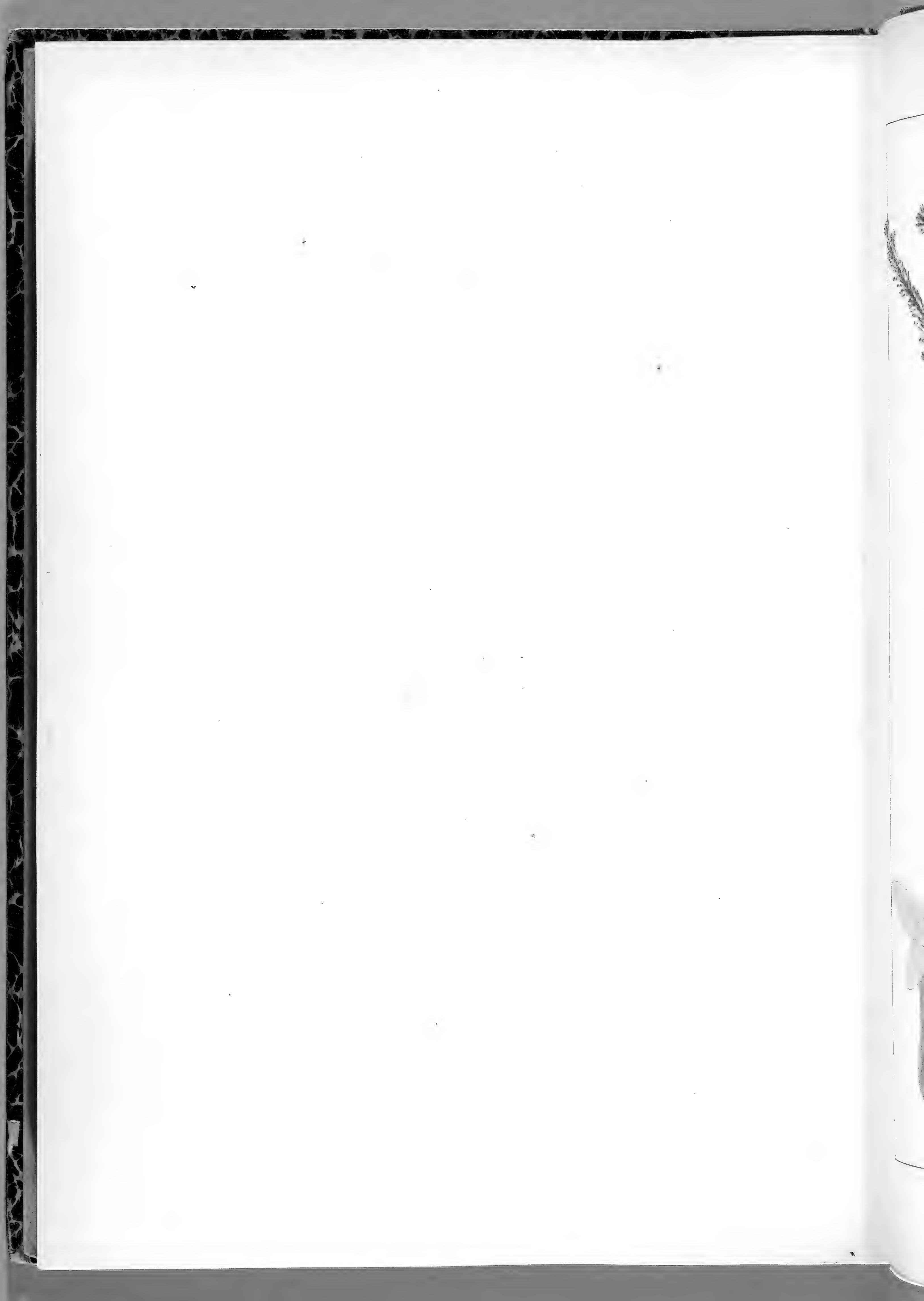


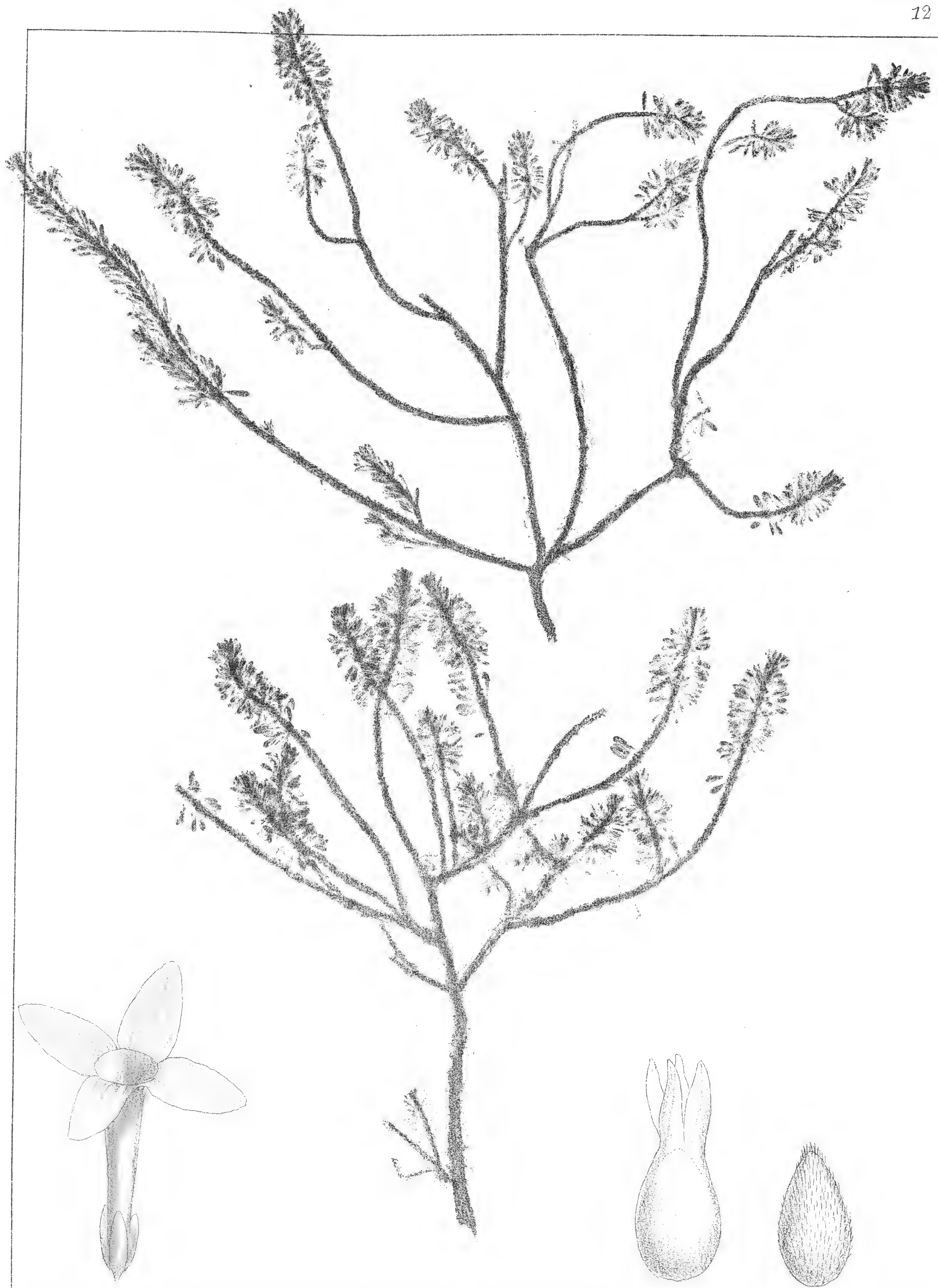
PASSERINA ANNUA. SPR. ④



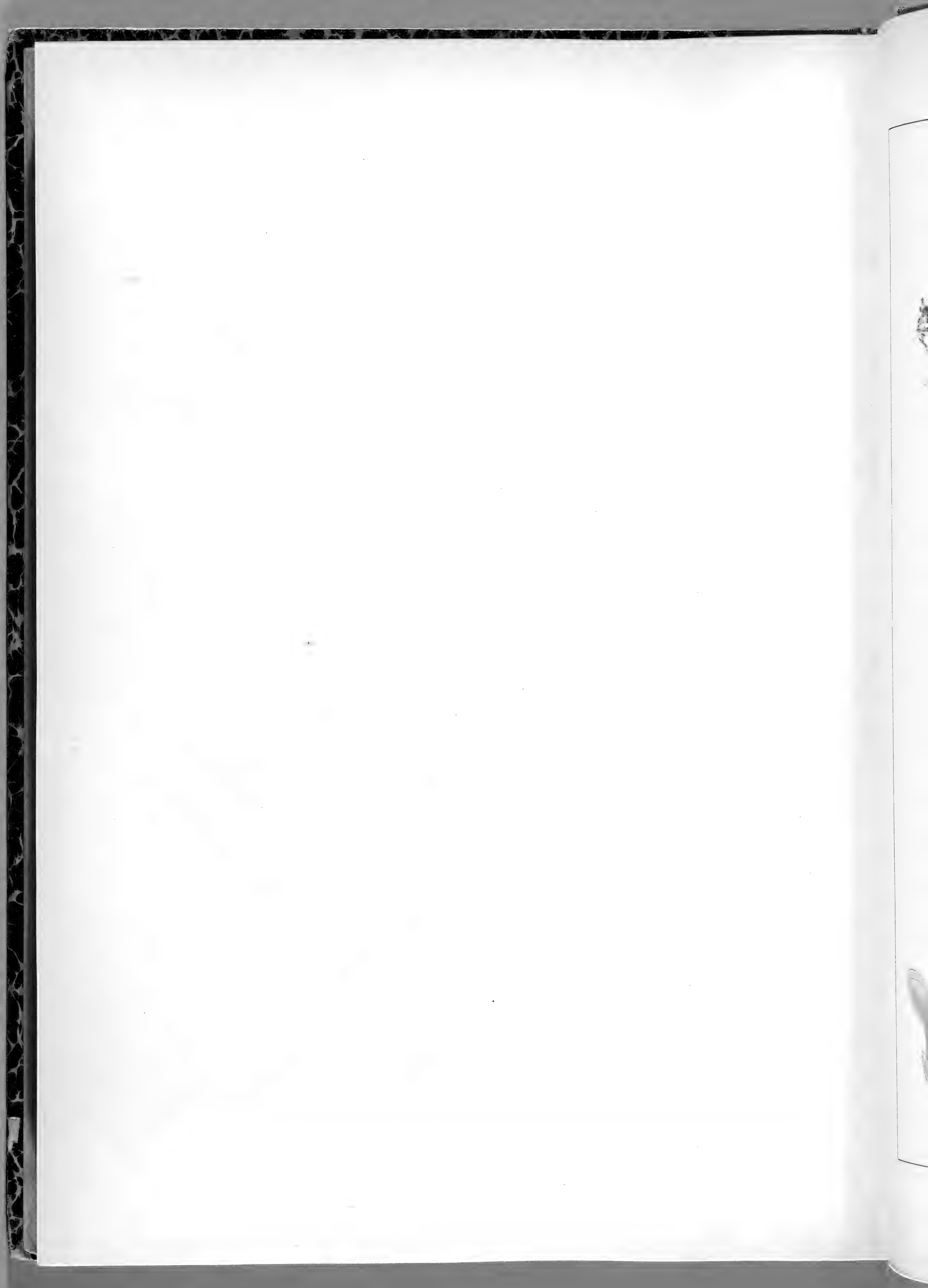


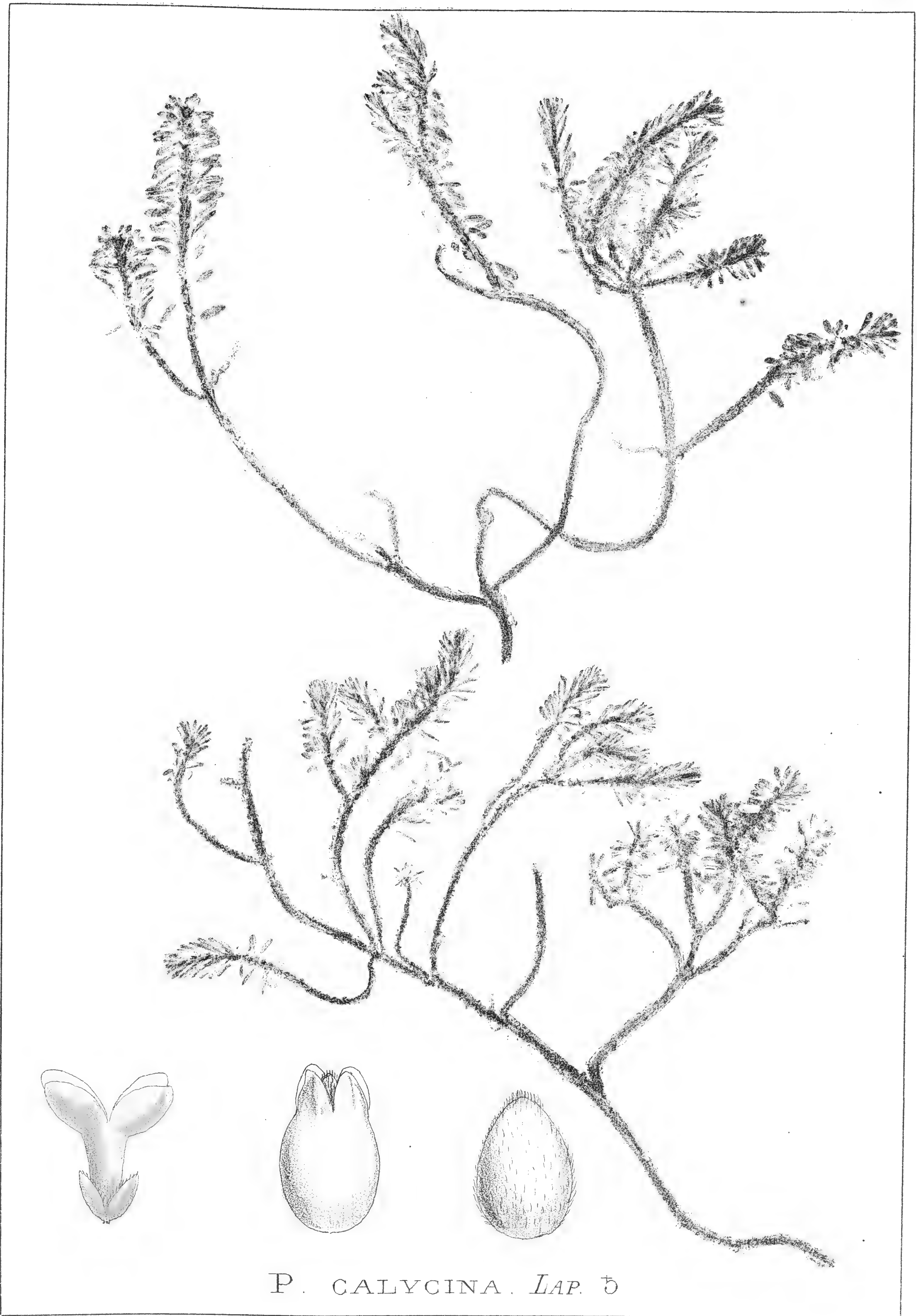
P. THYMELÆA. D. C. 5



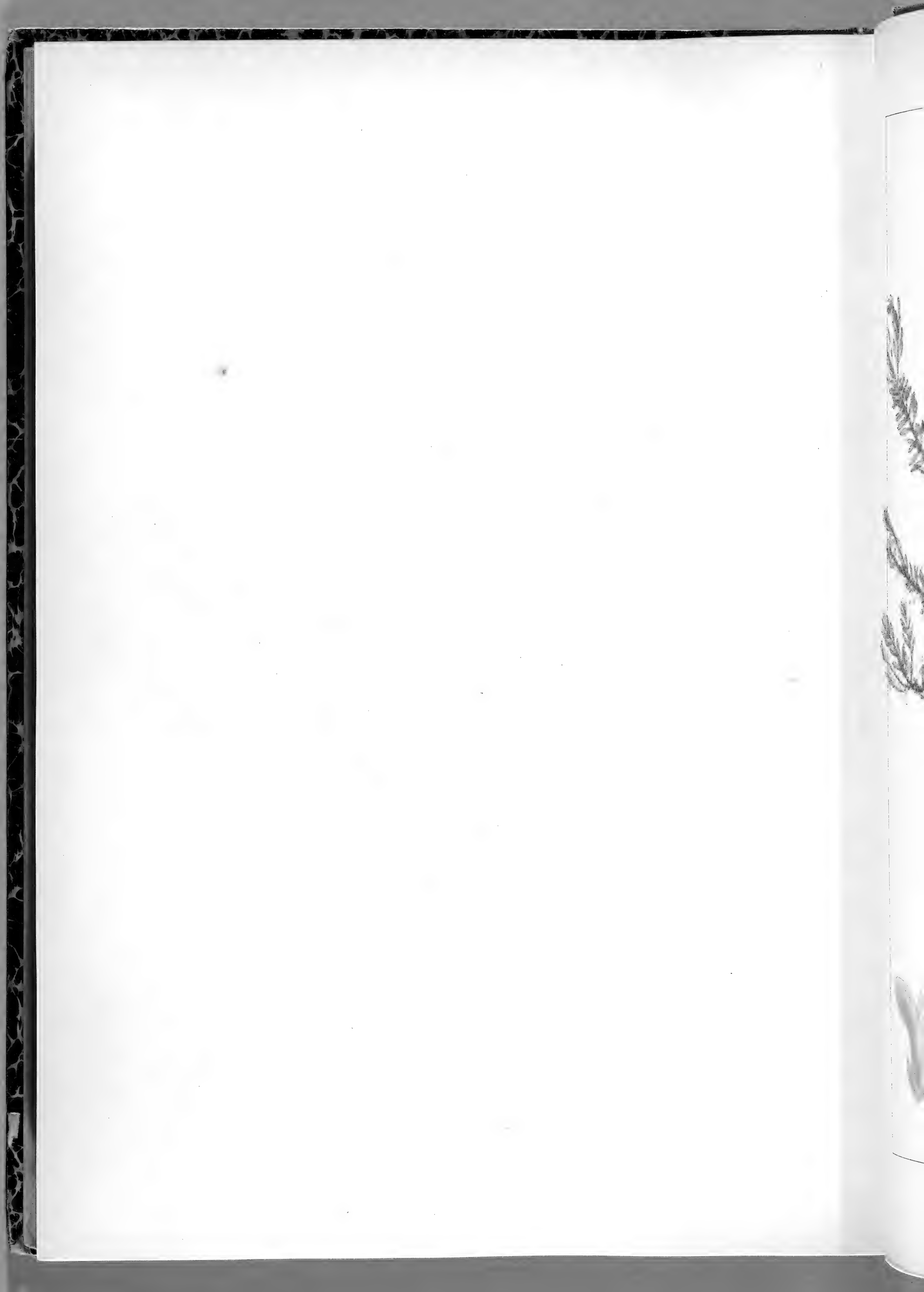


P. DIOICA. RAM. 5





P. CALYCINA. LAP. 5



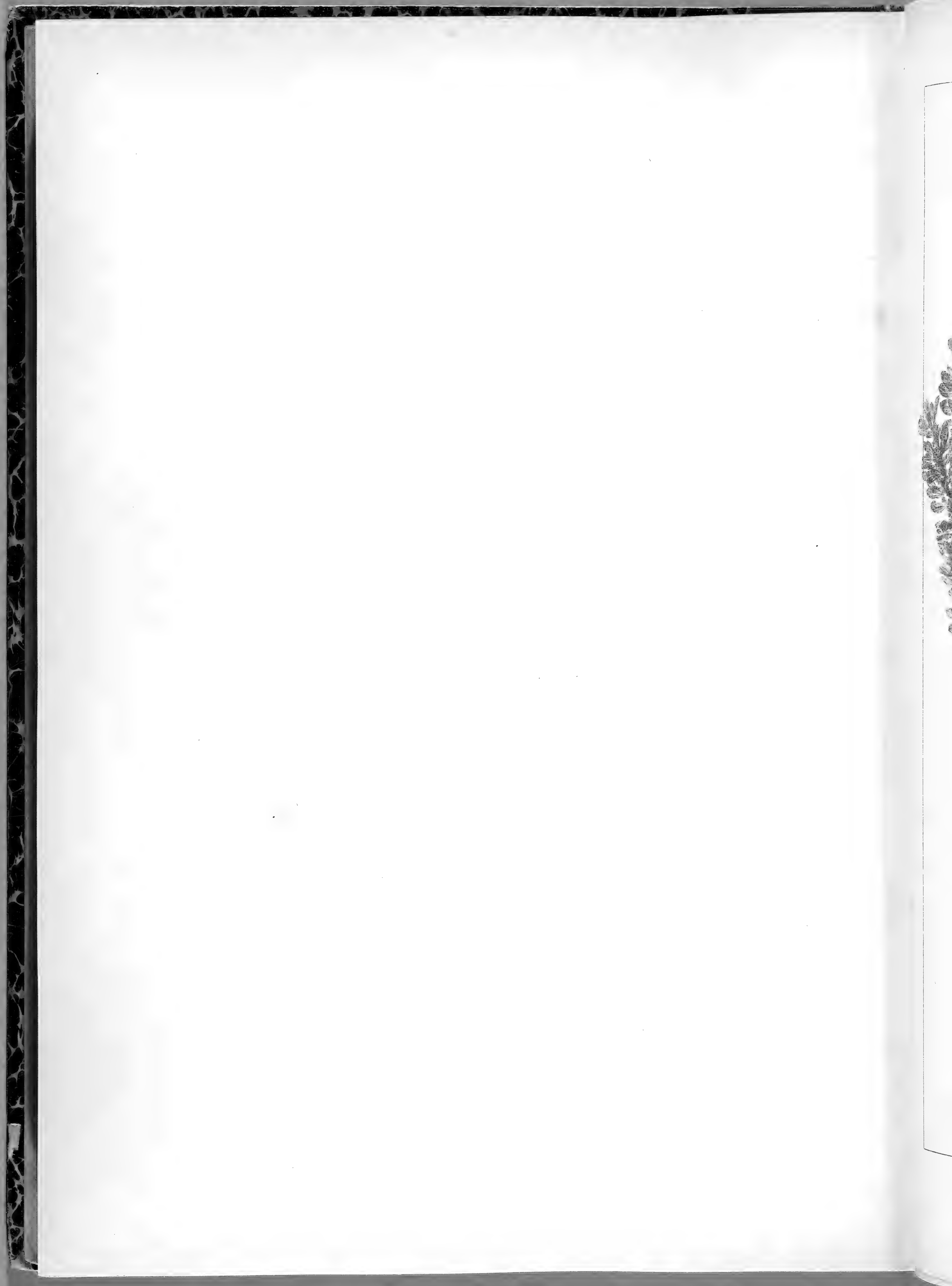


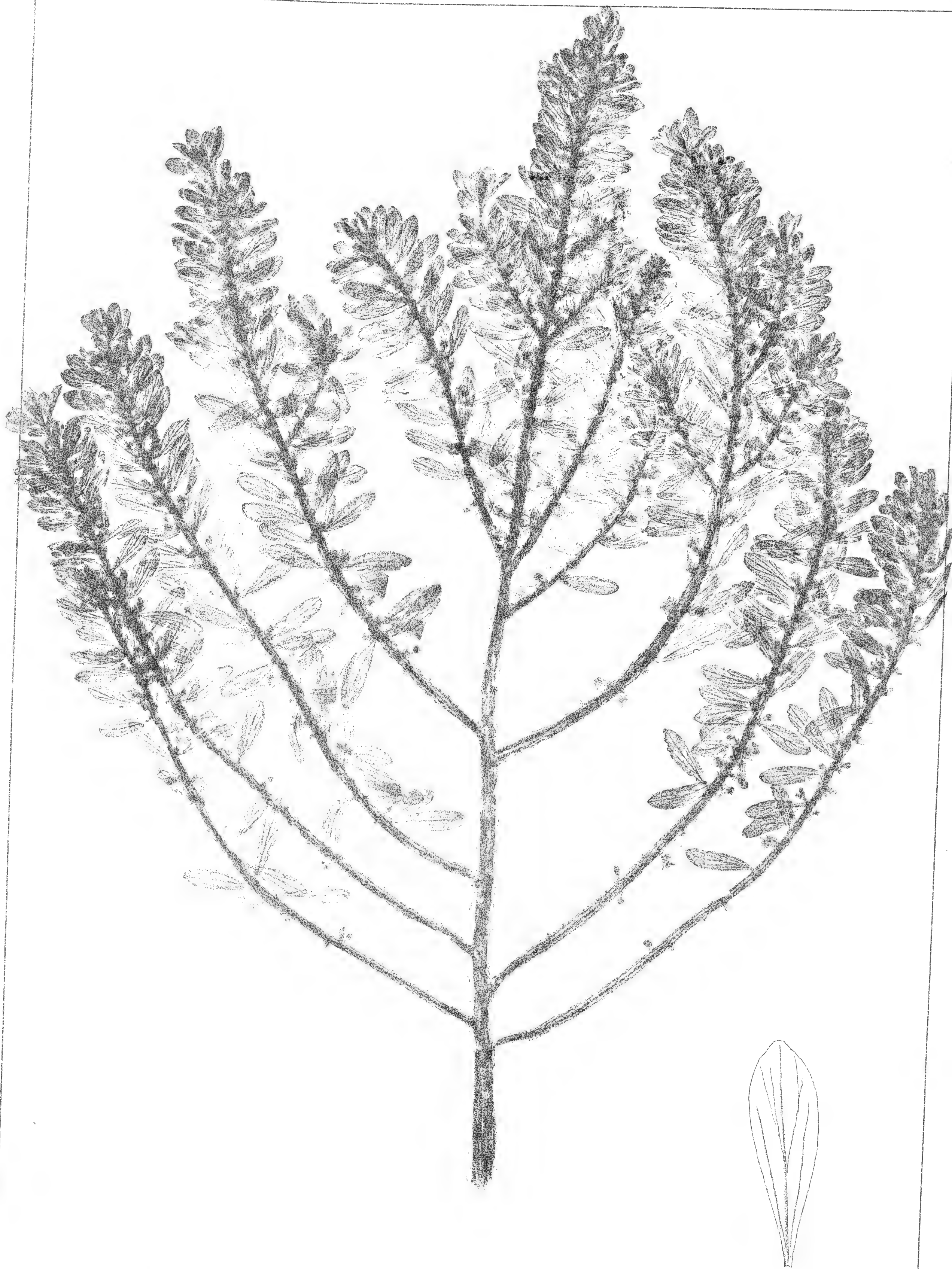
P. TINCTORIA. POURR. D





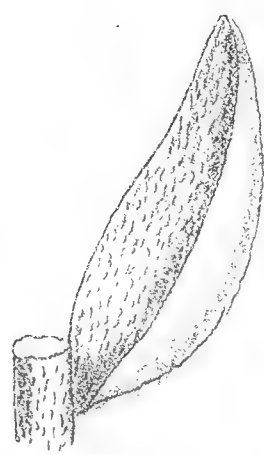
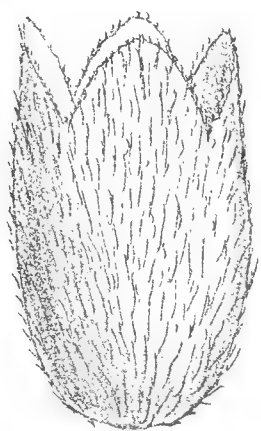
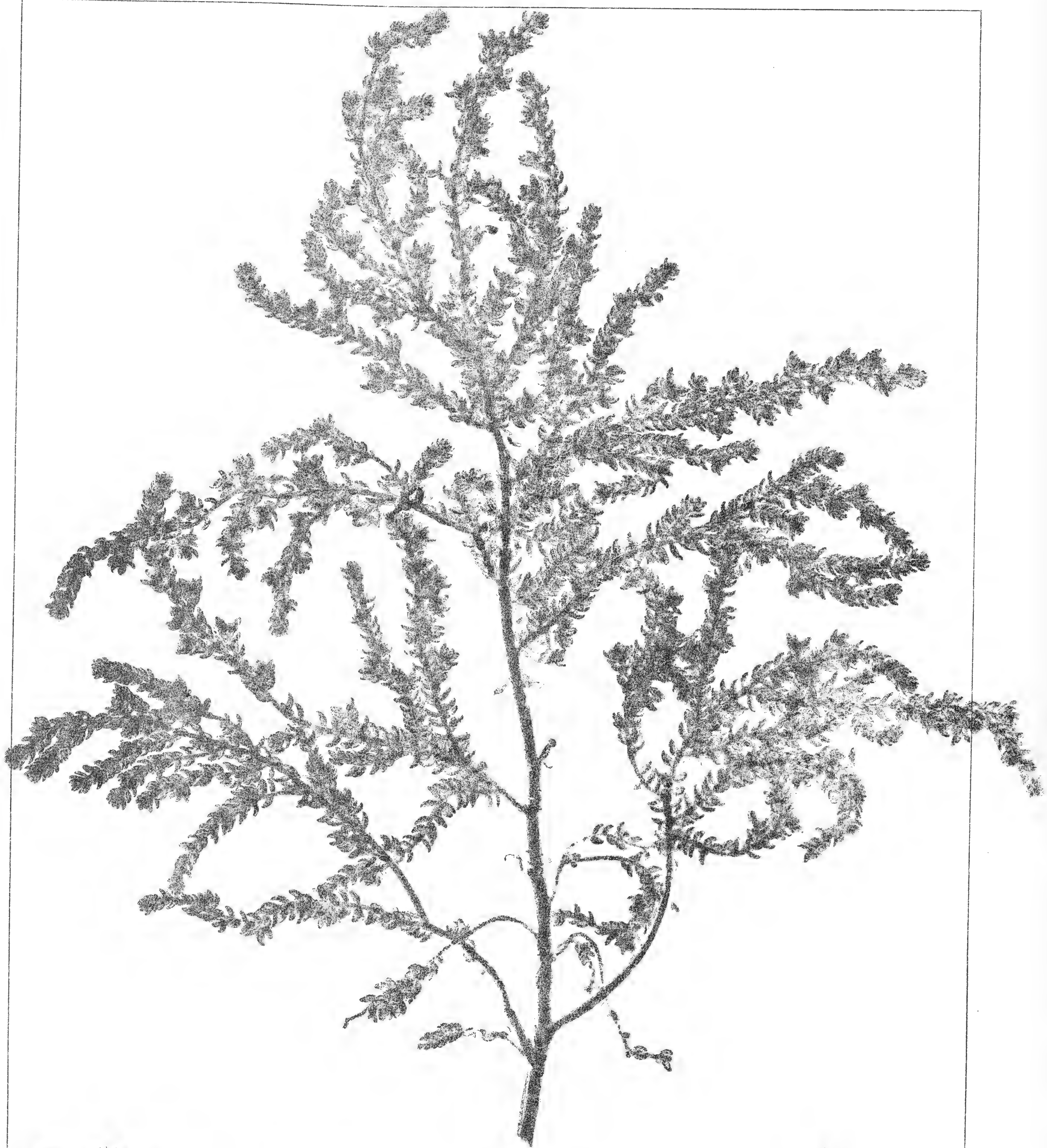
P. TARTONRAIRA. D. C. 5



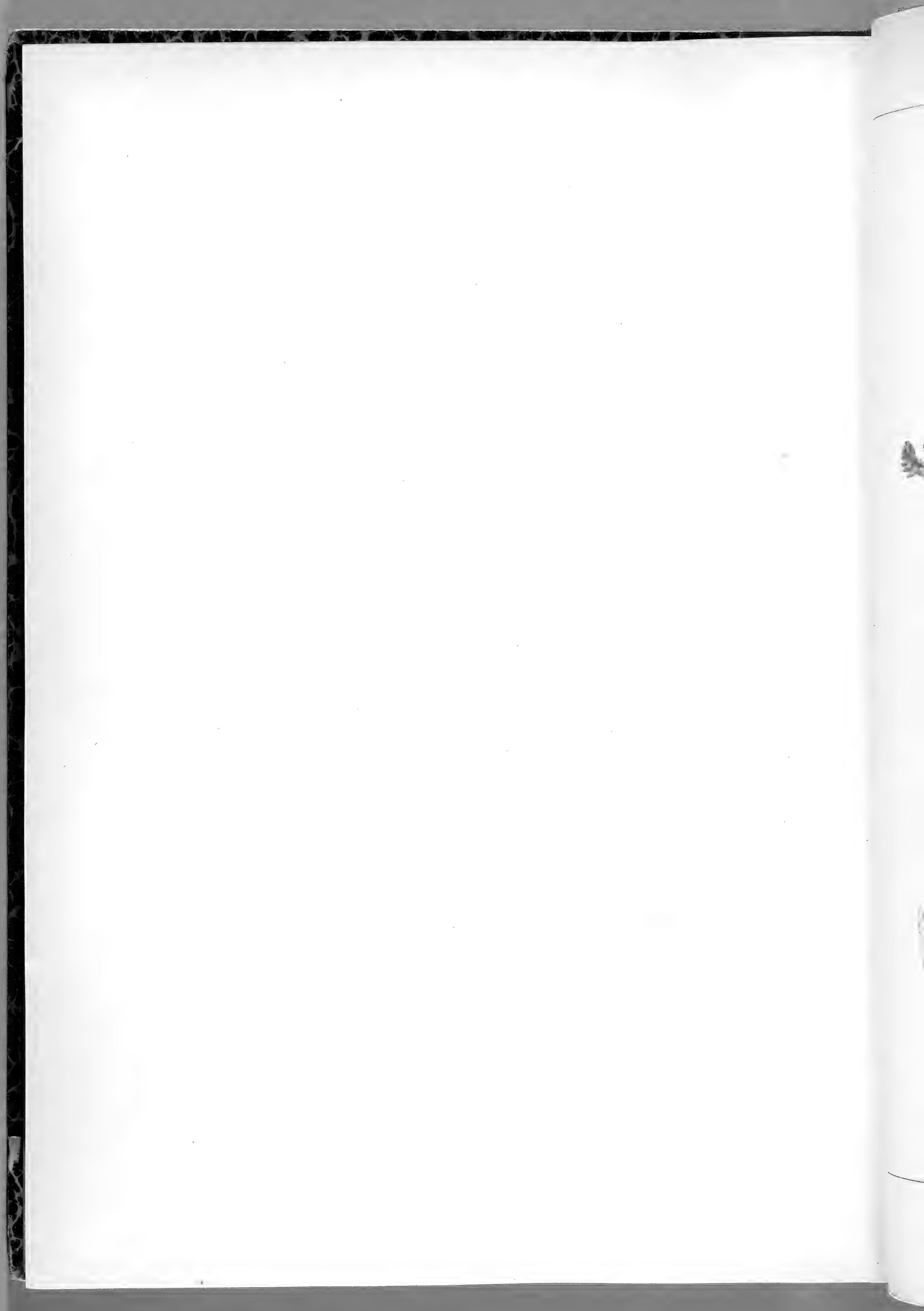


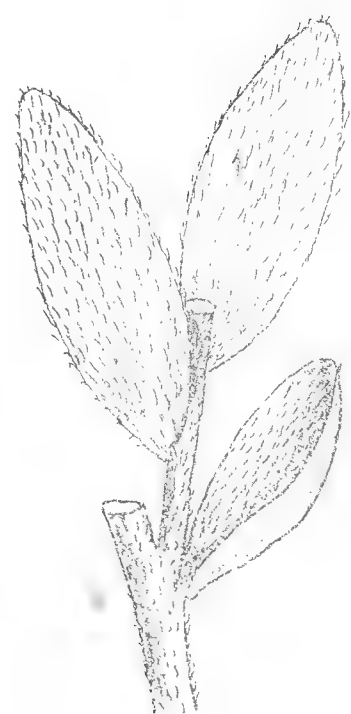
P. TARTON-RAIRA. D. C. Var. calvescens.





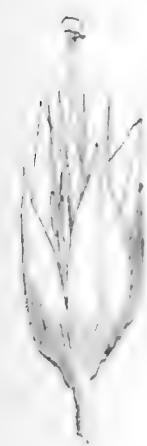
P. HIRSUTA. L. 5





P. HIRSUTA . L. Var. vestita .

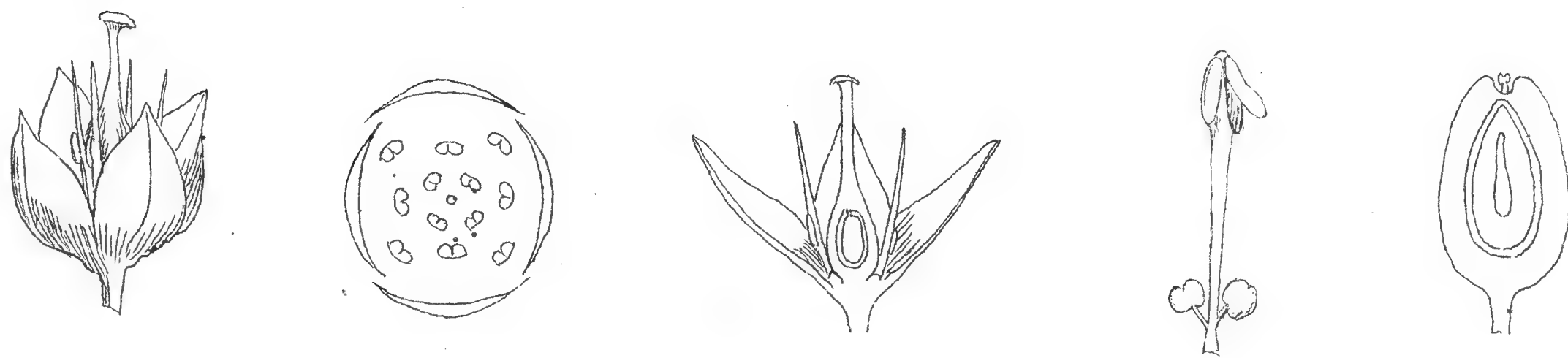
Pous ordinairement
un disque. Etam
un fruit bacciforme,



UNE UNIQUE. — I

102^e Famille. — LAURINÉES.

Fleurs ordinairement hermaphrodites, régulières. Péricarpe herbacé, à 4-6 divisions bisériées et soudées à la base par un disque. Etamines en égal nombre ou bien plus nombreuses, périgynes. Ovaire libre, uniloculaire, devenant un fruit bacciforme, monosperme. Graine renversée, à embryon droit, sans albumen.



GENRE UNIQUE. — *Laurus*. Tourn.

L. nobilis. L. pl. 1.





LAURUS NOBILIS . L. 5

Fleurs hermaphrodites,
nombre, pérygones
embryon droit, p.



1^{er} GENRE. — T.

T. alpinum. L.

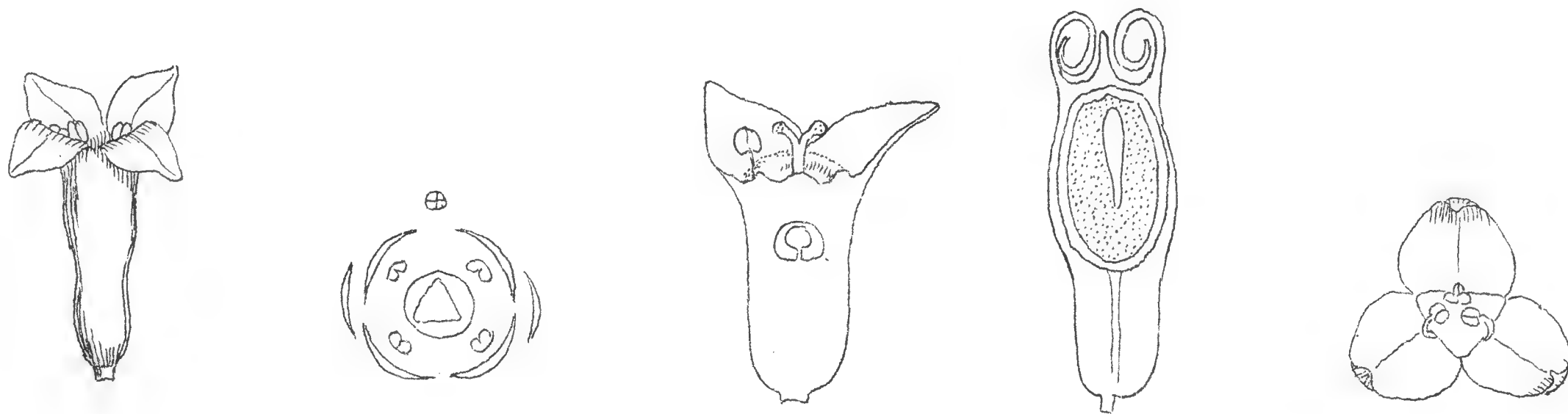
T. tenuifolium.

T. pratense. A.

2^e GENRE. -- O.

103^e Famille. — SANTALACÉES.

Fleurs hermaphrodites ou dioïques. Péricarpe tubuleux, adhérent à l'ovaire, à limbe 4-5-fide. Etamines en égal nombre, périgynes. Ovaire infère, uniloculaire, 2-4-ovulé, devenant un fruit sec ou drupacé. Graine renversée, à embryon droit, plongé au sommet d'un albumen charnu.

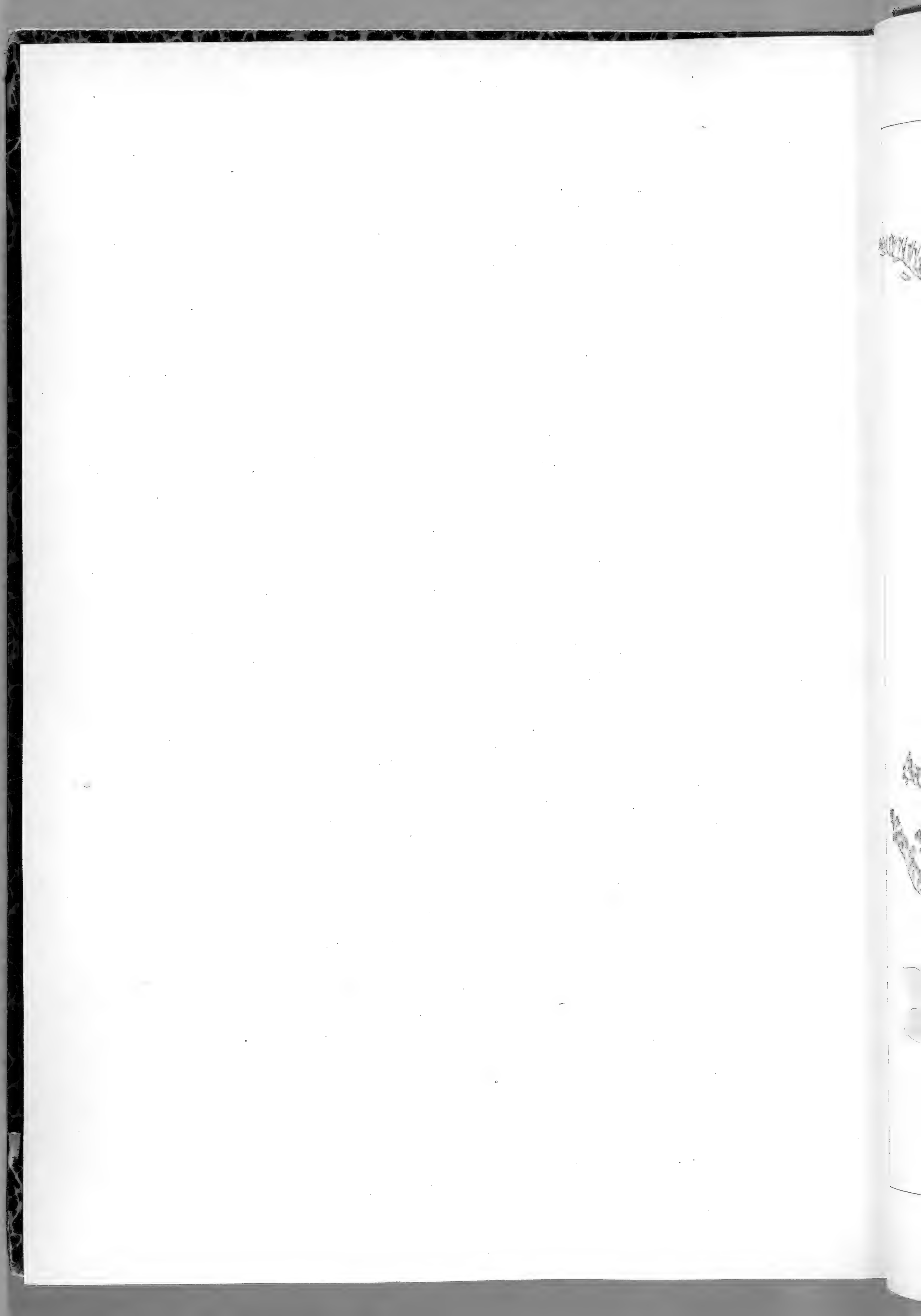


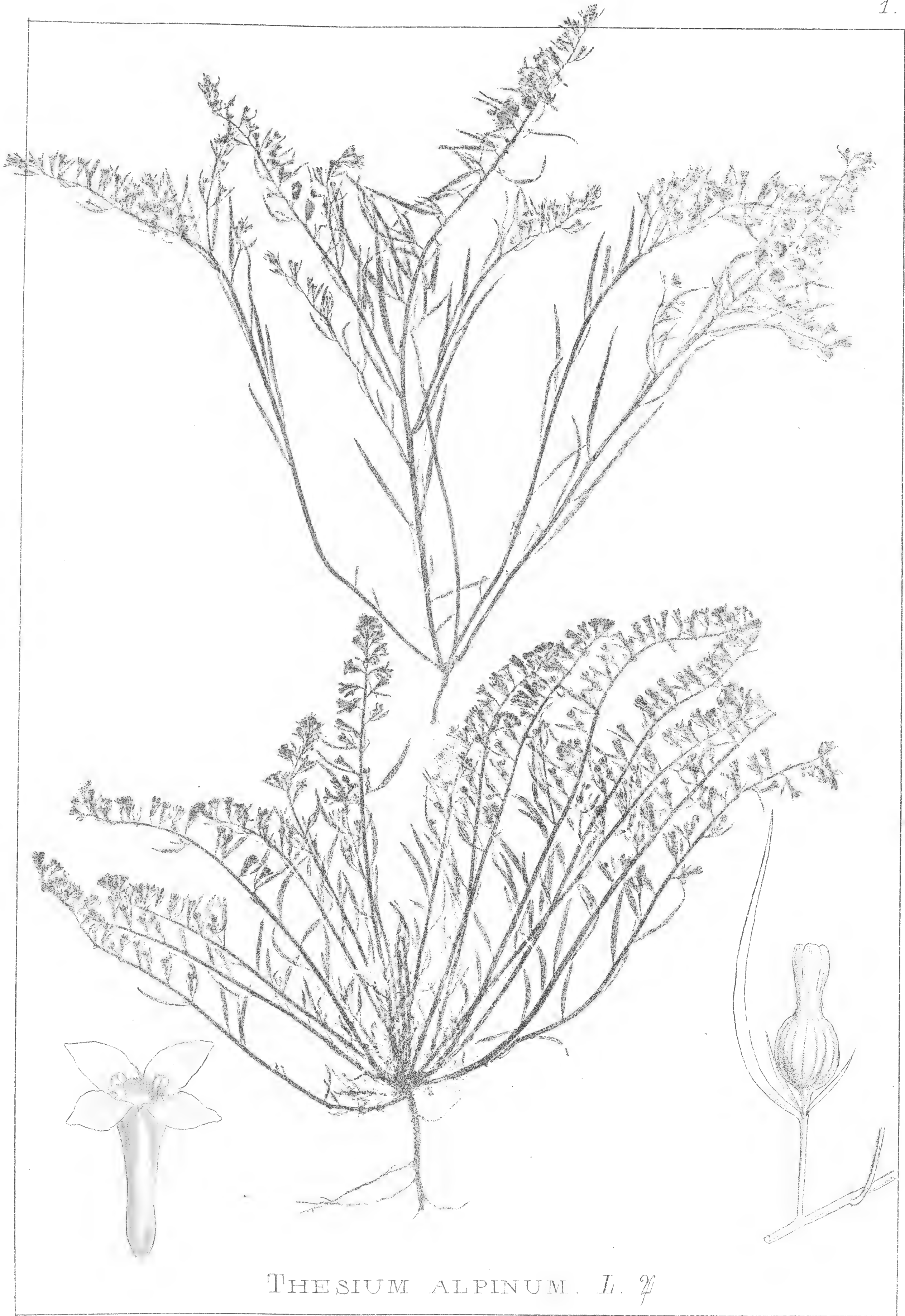
1^{er} GENRE. — *Thesium*. L.

<i>T. alpinum</i> . L.....	pl. 1.	<i>T. humifusum</i> . D. C.....	pl. 4.	<i>T. montanum</i> . Ehrh.....	pl. 7.
<i>T. tenuifolium</i> . Saut.....	2.	<i>T. divaricatum</i> . Ehrh.....	5.		
<i>T. pratense</i> . Ehrh.....	3.	<i>T. intermedium</i> . Ehrh.....	6.		

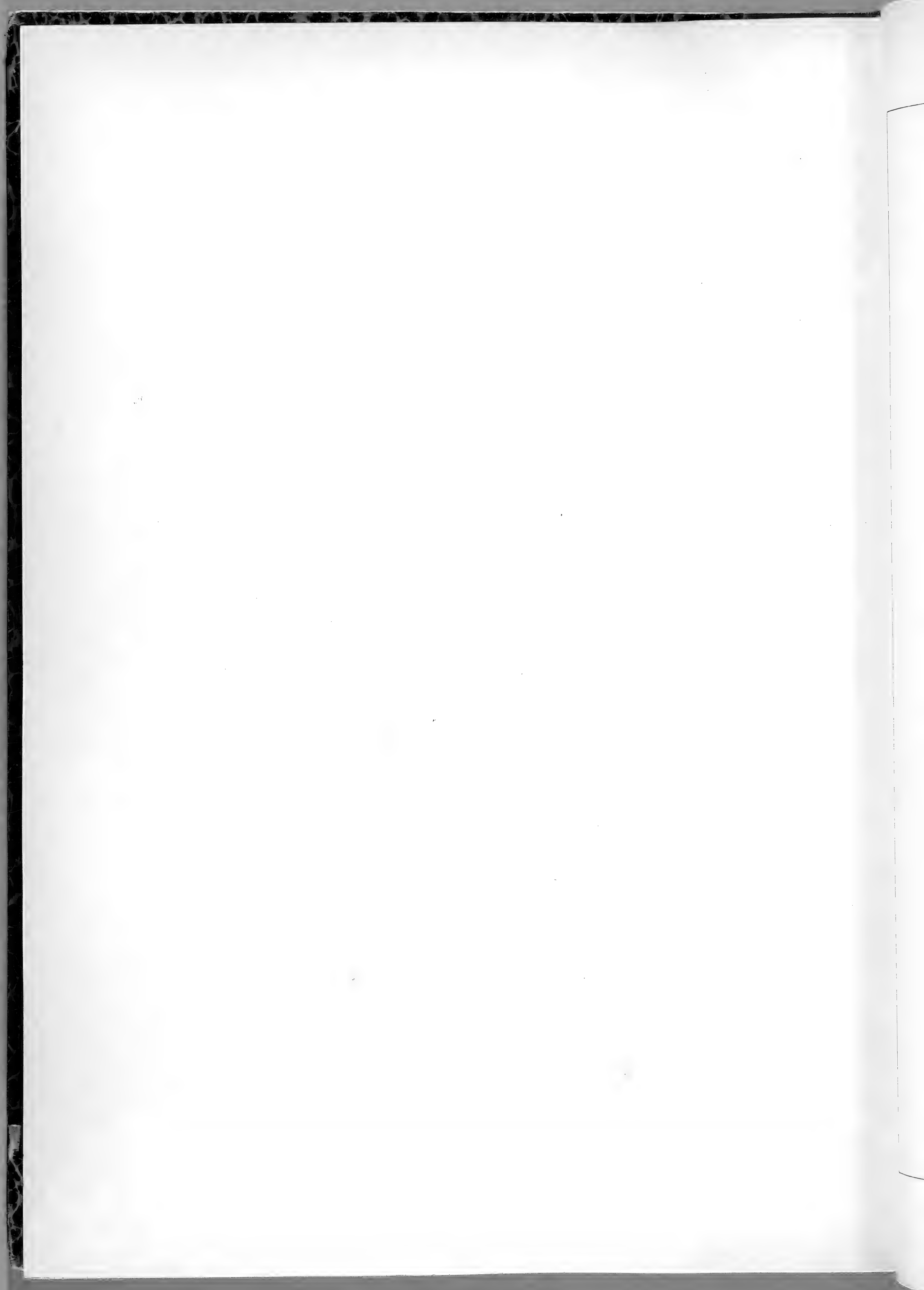
2^e GENRE. -- *Osyris*. L.

<i>O. alba</i> . L.....	pl. 8.
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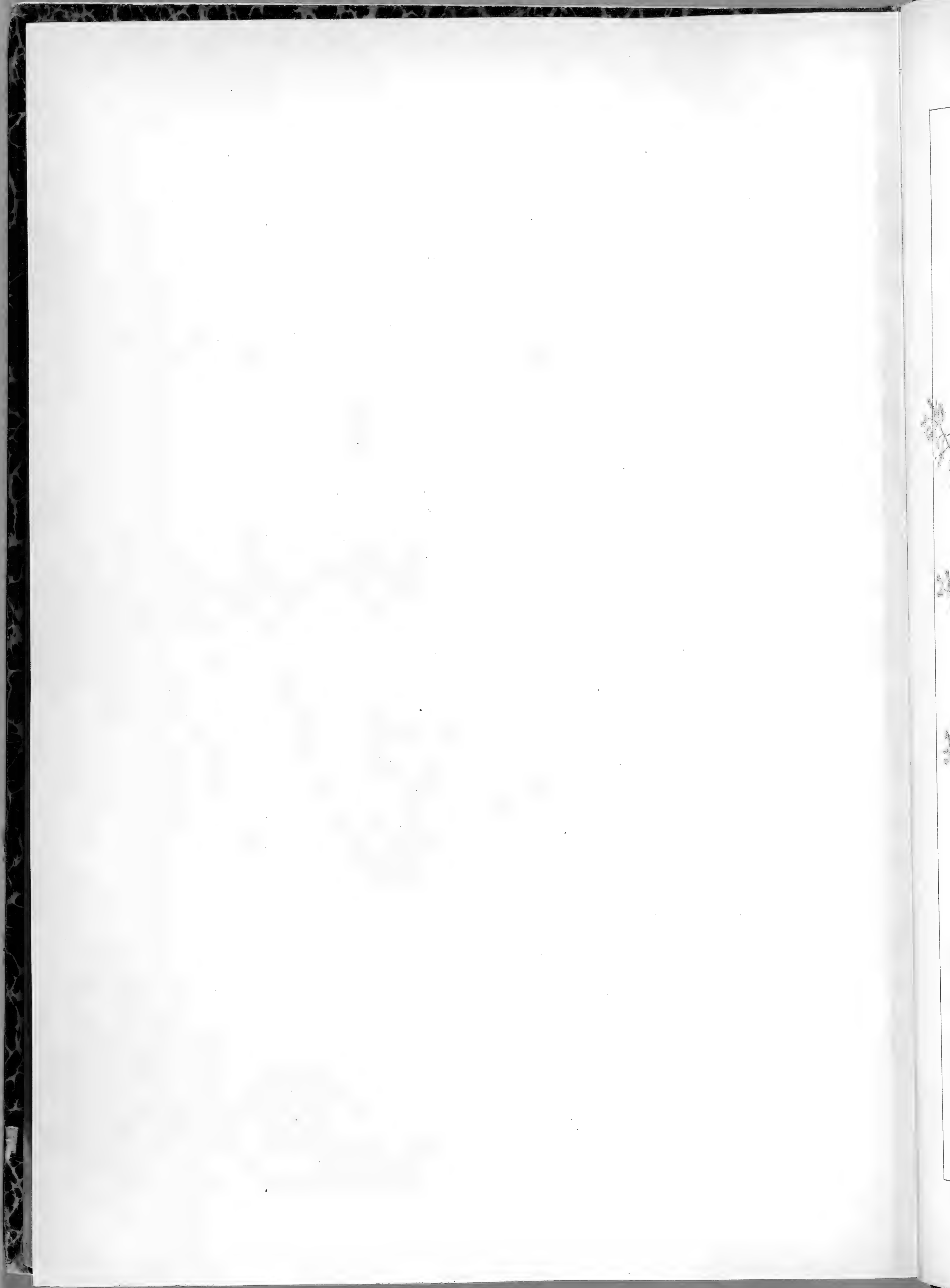


THESIIUM ALPINUM. L. 2





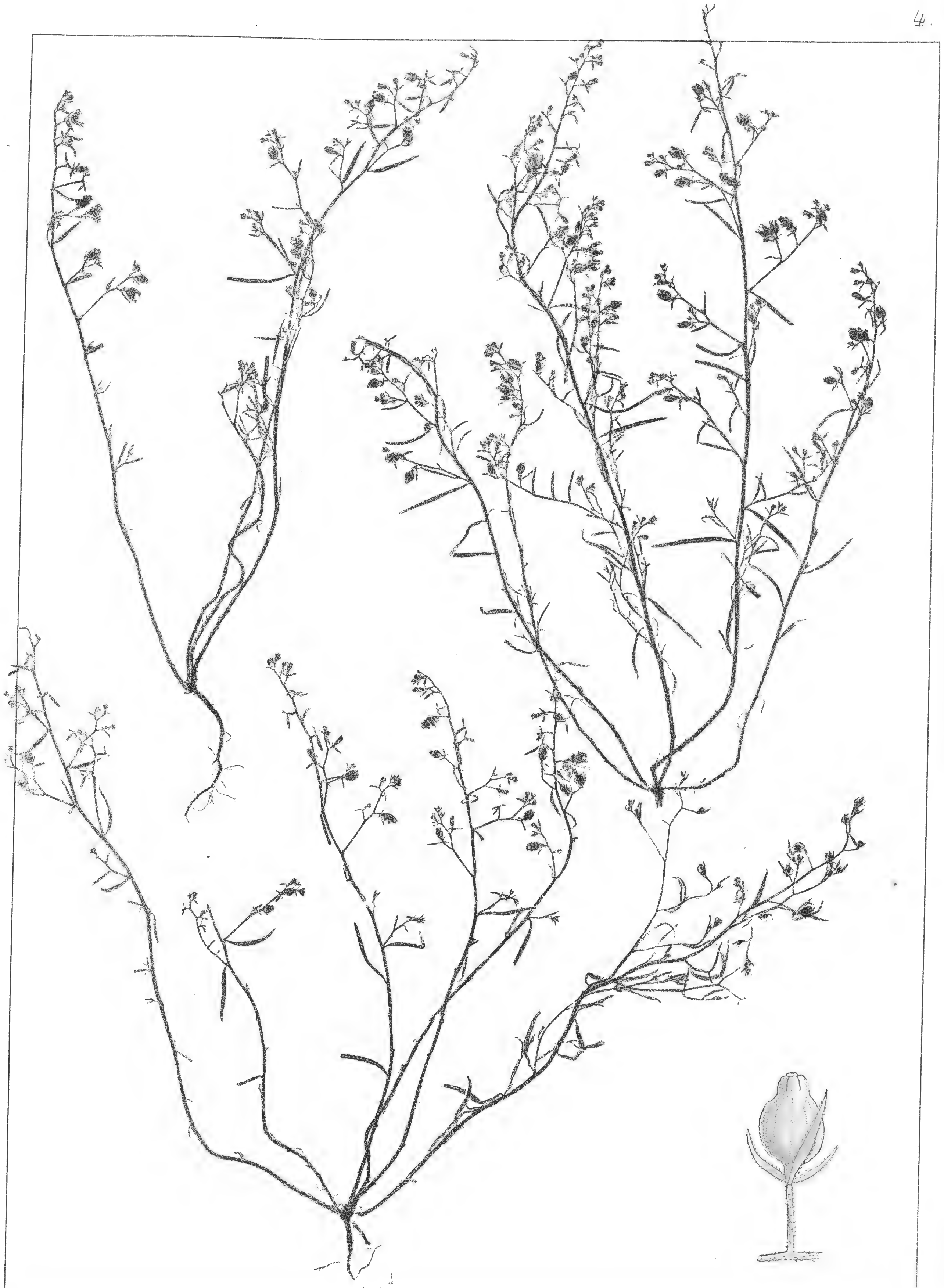
T. TENUIFOLIUM. SAUT. 2





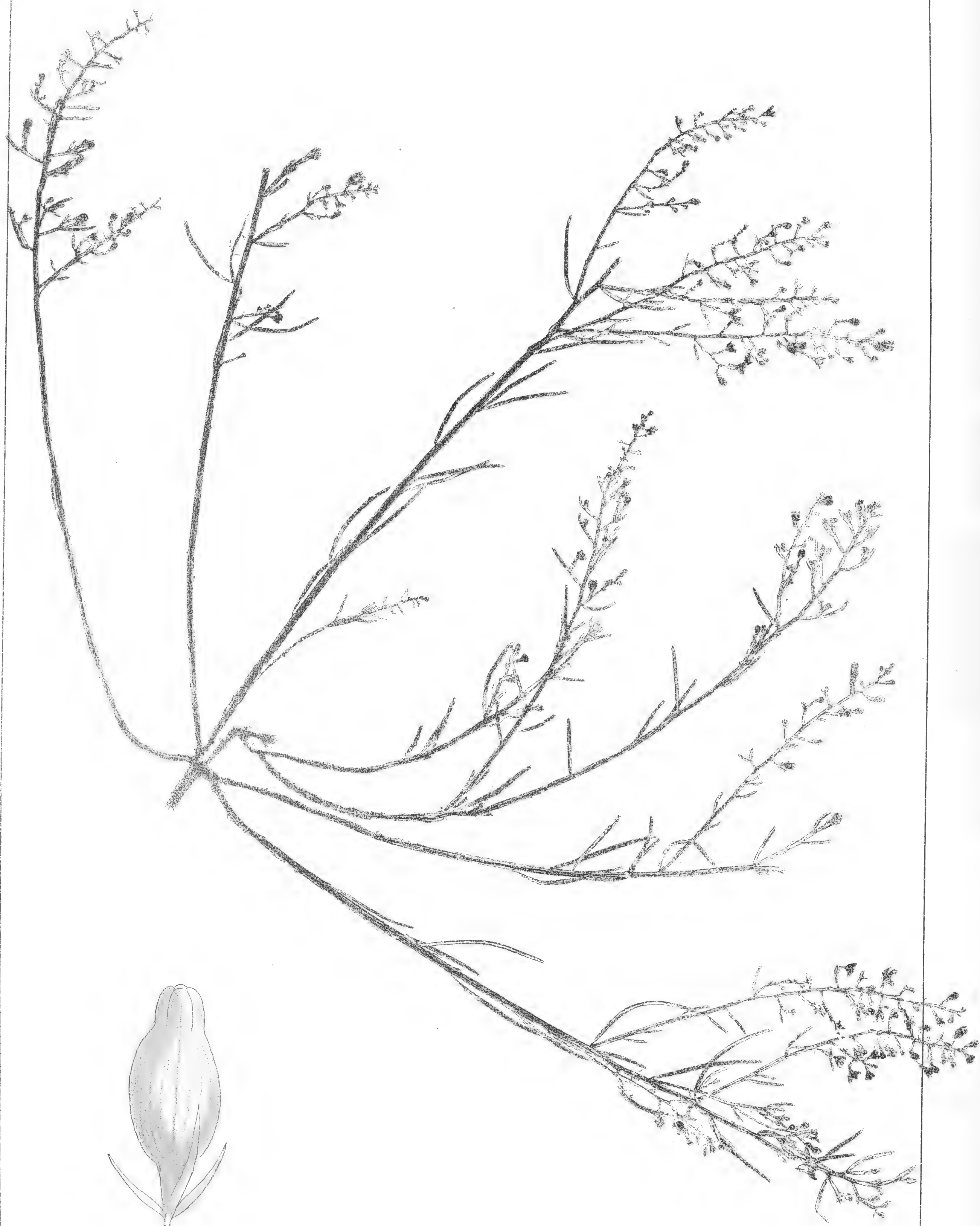
T. PRATENSE. EHRH. 2





T. HUMIFUSUM. D. C. 2





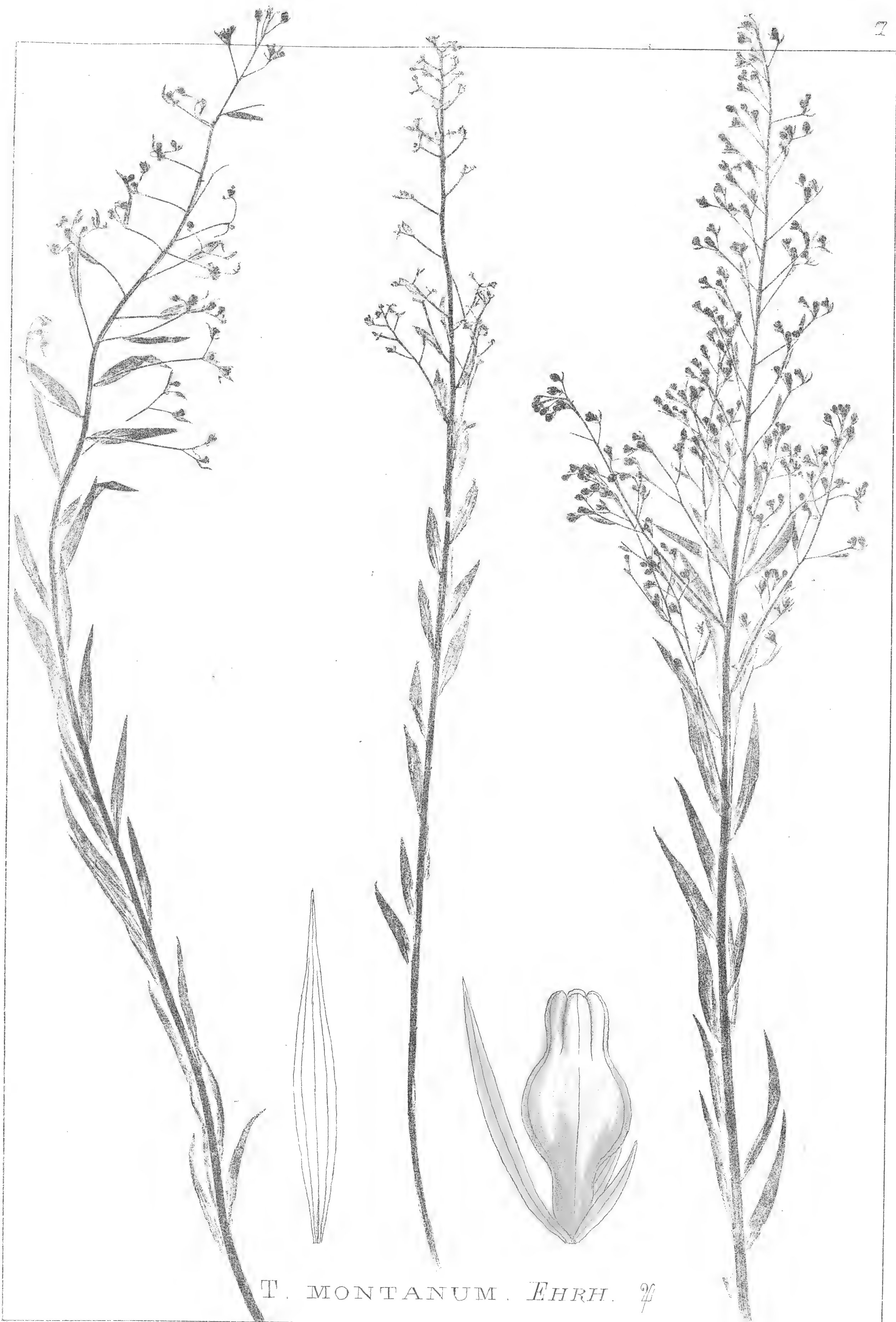
T. DIVARICATUM. JAN. 21



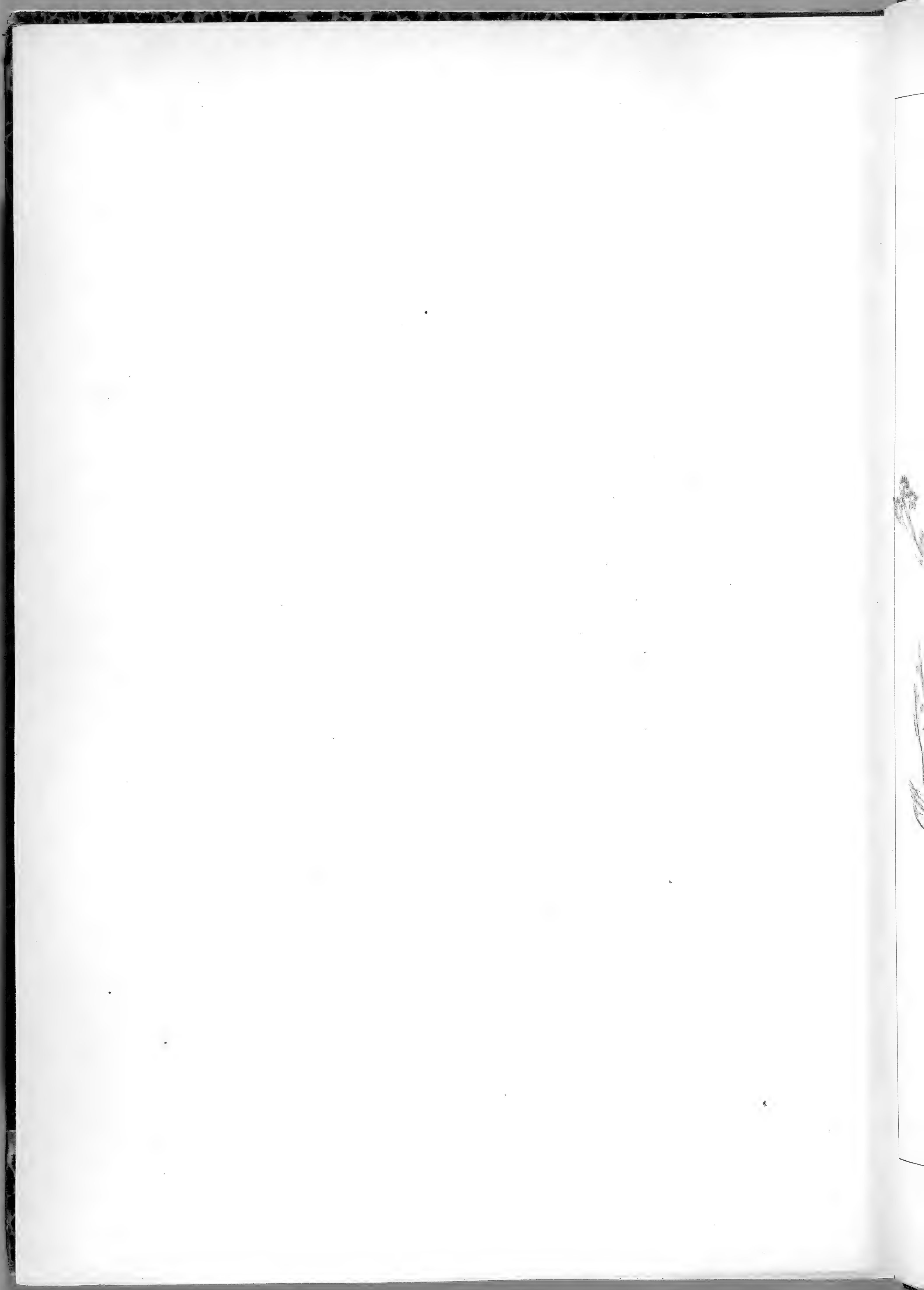


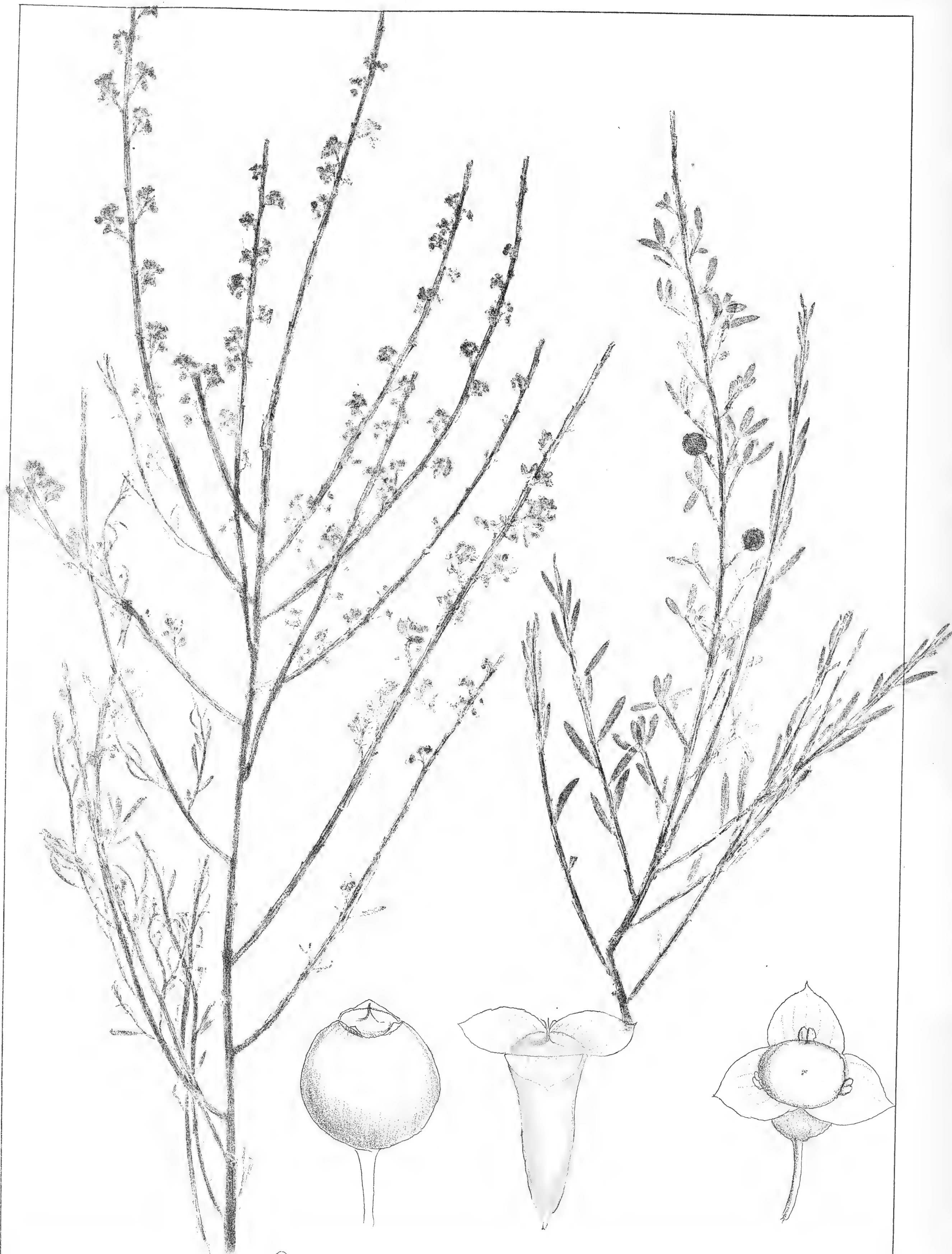
T. INTERMEDIUM. SCHRAD. 24





T. MONTANUM. EHRH. 2





OSYRIS ALBA. L. 5

